MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LAST EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

LAST EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, JULY 8, 1895. THREE CENTS.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Concern.

The BIG DULUTH

Established in 1881.

STORE OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

"Hot Stuff"

In luxurious thin clothing of every sort—Coats, Coats and Vests; Coats to wear with Duck Pants; very light weight black and blue serges and dressy flannels—whatever is going in next-to-no-weight fabrics. Late as it is, we are buying more clay se[rge] suits. Filling up sizes. The summer [is] young yet and pales daily. We hav[e] good ones at **Ten Dollars**

A gathering of Summer Furnishing [G]oods that keep our men in this department on the [j]ump. Flannel and Negligee Outing Shir[ts] made of

Cool Stuff

That makes life a comfort. A great line at **$1.00,** never sold better ones at $1.50. Belts, all sorts, **25c to $1,** You get double value. Neckwear at **25c,** silk and luxurious and good as you'd get elsewhere at 50 cents.

Get your money back here when you want it.

Williamson & Mendenhall

125 AND 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

SLATER & LOEB

Will retire from the Shoe business on Aug. 1. Their entire stock of

$25,000 worth of Shoes

Must be sold this month regardless of cost. This stock is all new goods bought of the best manufacturers on earth for this season's trade and consists of

Men's, Women's and Children's Fine Footwear

Cost will cut no figure in the sale of these goods. They have got to be sold and the purchaser will make the price.

SLATER & LOEB

111 West Superior St.

Store open until 9o 'clock every night during this sale.

Furniture!

There's But One Way

To get a correct idea of the completeness of our stock and of the dollar-saving economies we offer you, and that is by inspecting the goods. Our talk won't give you an idea, nor will anyone else's. Come and see for yourself and be convinced. Special sale of Sideboards for this week.

Bayha & Co.,

24-26 East Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

DEADLY

Storm King's Awful Work in Several of Southwestern States.

Over Forty Lives Known to Have Been Lost in Floods.

Fields Swept Clean, Houses Blown to Pieces and Ruin Everywhere.

Kansas City, July 8.—Reports of storms during the past three days come from a large territory, and show that the water washed from the Rocky mountains to the Iowa line. Last night the worst blow came. Reports of loss of life and destruction of property came with every telegram, and the downpour, first regarded as a blessing, ended in destruction. Fields of grain that promised the most bountiful yield in many years were swept bare of vegetation. In several instances the seas of rain were abetted in their work of devastation by tornadoes. It is too early yet to sum up the loss, but the total is appalling, and those to whom the angry elements spared life have little left to sustain it. The stories of storm are so similar that a statistical summary is all there is left to tell.

The storm focus embraced an area of 200 square miles, with the southwestern corner of Missouri as the center. The greatest loss of life is reported from Winona, Mo., where eleven corpses have been found, with as many more lost. At Baxter Springs, in Southwestern Kansas, five were killed and eleven seriously injured by a cyclone that accompanied the storm. One person was drowned at Columbus and two at Ottawa, Kan. At Van Buren, Ark., a mother and her babe were drowned.

A family of five were encamped on the bank of Fish Creek, in the Indian Territory. Nothing of them nor their belongings has been found, except a part of their wagon on a pile of drift wood. At Thomasville, Mo., where the rainfall was four inches in one hour, five persons were lost. Unconfirmed reports are received of the loss of life as follows: Three at Fayettville, Ark.; one at Paula, Kan.; one at Richards, Kan.; and six of a hunting party in the Indian Territory.

This gives a known and probable loss of forty-three lives. This total will be increased when the receding water permits a thorough search. The loss of property can be placed in the millions. Dwellings, fences and farm buildings were carried off and highway and railroad bridges swept away. Thirty of the eighty buildings in Winona were demolished. A church and warehouse went down at Baxter Springs. Six bridges went out in Russell county, Kan. About Jefferson City, Mo., many square miles of growing grain was destroyed. Traffic on the Fort Scott & Memphis railroad is temporarily suspended. Reports of damage to property other than above noted come from five points in Kansas, six in Arkansas, and two in Indian Territory. The storm spent itself in Illinois, and proved a blessing to crops there.

The greatest burden of the loss falls upon the farmers, as the season is too far spent to plant new crops, and suffering must surely follow in the storm's wake. The country's grain has been cleaned out. Details of individual suffering and experiences would fill volumes and recall the horrors of the Johnstown disaster.

WINONA'S FATE.

Awful Destruction in the Little Missouri Town.

Springfield, Mo., July 8.—The reports of the flood and disaster at Winona, Mo., published heretofore are now known to have told only part of the horrors of the disaster. Owing to the fact that Winona is in a mountainous region, almost inaccessible by wagon, and that the railway is washed away, news of the flood is hard to obtain. Connections will be established this afternoon by running a train on either end of the Current river on the Memphis road, but it will be several days before the gap can be closed up in the road, as the grading has been washed out for a long distance. Several officials of the railway and other parties of this city left for Winona on a special train this morning to render all assistance possible to the flood sufferers.

The bodies of Rev. G. W. Duncan and daughter Mattie, and Miss Norma Vincent were found about noon yesterday under a pile of driftwood about a mile below Winona. Also the body of an unknown man who was stopping at one of the hotels.

A terrible stench arises from the mass of horses, hogs and cattle drowned. It is charged that some of the visitors, men and women, are stripping the dead and appropriating everything of value. For several miles below Winona may be seen wagons and household goods of all kinds and dead animals scattered in all directions. Over 200 people were searching yesterday for dead bodies. The body of George Evans' daughter was found this forenoon. The body of Lloyd Wright's daughter is still missing. Late news from Thomasville, Oregon county, shows that while great damage was done, there was no loss of life.

RAIN IN TORRENTS.

Independence, Kan., July 8.—A severe wind and rain storm visited this section last night. The wind blew a gale and the rain fell in torrents. The streams are rising rapidly. The wind blew down many trees and outbuildings. No damage was done to crops so far as reported. At Neosha severe damage was done.

CYCLONE AT CHICKASAW.

St. Louis, Mo., July 8.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Fort Worth, Texas, says: A report was received here today of a cyclone which struck Chickasaw, I. T., last night about 9 o'clock. Several buildings were blown down, among which was the Rock Island freight depot and a large grist mill near by. The storm passed Hennesey, doing much damage. Nobody was killed so far as known.

OKLAHOMA'S DELUGE.

Guthrie, Okla., July 8.—A terrific hail and wind storm prevailed here last night. Hail fell as large as hen's eggs, doing an immense amount of damage to crops and breaking hundreds of windows. In one township there was a waterspout and a number of bridges were washed away and other damage done.

MISSOURI CROPS RUINED.

Nevada, Mo., July 8.—The heaviest rainfall in this section for many years has fallen here for the past several days. The Marmaton river has overflowed thousands of acres of growing crops, badly damaging them. Corn is uninjured.

DAKOTA GRAIN SPOILED.

Minneapolis, July 8.—Specials to the Journal from Cando and Forman, N. D., report heavy hail storms yesterday afternoon. The former was two miles wide and twenty miles long. The latter laid low 1000 acres of grain.

ON THE JAMES RIVER.

Springfield, Mo., July 8.—A severe electrical and rain storm swept along the James river and as far south as Chariton county last night. Live stock was killed and crops badly damaged. At Sparta three houses were destroyed.

G. A. R. FUNERALS.

Archbishop Kain Makes a Ruling Regarding Them.

St. Louis, July 8.—Archbishop Kain has made a decision that removes the ban placed by some priests on Grand Army funerals. Under his ruling members of the G. A. R. attending funerals may enter the church wearing their uniforms and insignia, and may conduct funerals in accordance with their ritual in Catholic cemeteries. Controversies on this subject have been frequent within the past few years, and many a cortege has found its progress abruptly blocked by some priest who would not allow the procession to enter the church or cemetery wearing the uniform and insignia of the order, claiming that it would be an infraction of the rules and principles of the Catholic church.

The question assumed such proportions that some of the head officers and members of the Grand Army decided that an understanding between the church and the order should be reached, that the veterans might know how to govern themselves. The decision of the archbishop resulted.

TROOPS FOR CUBA.

Sixty Thousand Fresh Spanish Troops to Arrive.

Havana, July 8.—Gens. Salcideo and Besan, while out scouting in the fields near Yataras, had a skirmish with the insurgents, who left ten dead upon the field. On the side of the troops two soldiers were killed and six wounded. Gen. Navarro has had an engagement with the Sousea band of insurgents at Rotija, Santiago De Cuba. The insurgents lost two killed, left two wounded and the Spanish troops captured two prisoners.

Capt. Gen. Martinez De Campos has issued a proclamation saying that all insurgents captured with arms in their possession will hereafter be summarily tried by court martial and shot. Those who conspire against the integrity of the national government will be sent to African penitentiaries and those who surrender will be released. At Macagua, near Mantanzas, an insurgent band consisting of about thirty men has plundered and burned three stores.

During the month of October and the early part of November additional reinforcements to the number of 60,000 troops will be sent from Spain to Cuba. All the steamers of the different Spanish lines will be chartered by the government in order to send the troops here.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

Five Injured on an Electric Line in Chicago.

Chicago, July 8.—Five men were badly injured and several others bruised today by a wreck on the Paulina street electric car line. The car was running at a high rate of speed when near Taylor street it jumped the track and dashed into the curb, breaking the motor car to splinters. The badly injured are: John Scasanka, laborer, both legs broken, internally injured; Robert Stokes, clerk, arm broken and head cut; Andrew Gerking, mechanic, internally injured; William Ballhar, motorman, arm injured and head cut; Frank J. Palera, laborer, cut about head and shoulders.

Several other passengers were cut and bruised, but their wounds were not serious. The injured were removed to hospitals and their homes, and traffic on the line was not delayed, as the wreck ran clear of the track. The accident is supposed to have been caused by an obstruction on the rails.

CASTILLO'S ADMISSION.

Paris, July 8.—The Galois today publishes an interview with the Spanish premier, Senor Canovas Del Castillo, in which the latter is quoted as saying that the climate of Cuba prevented decisive operations against the insurgents for the present. The premier added that the rebellion was entirely the work of foreign adventurers but he was glad to say that the insurgent supplies of arms and ammunition, coming chiefly from the United States and neighboring countries had diminished, owing to the correct and energetic action of the United States government.

LOTS OF IDLE MEN.

Cleveland, July 8.—About 1500 striking workmen were in the vicinity of the American Wire company's works this morning at 7 o'clock. The company posted notices that the plant would be started today. A large detail of police was on hand, but there was no trouble of any kind. Not a man applied for work, and the starting of the works was postponed. No attempt was made to resume work at the Baackes Wire Nail company's works. Nearly 3000 men are idle on account of the strike.

WILL START NEXT MONDAY.

Glasgow, July 8.—The Valkyrie III was towed to Meadowside this morning in order to be docked and fitted out for the voyage to New York. Capt. Cranfield, her commander, says he hopes to be ready to start on July 15.

HEARING

Duluth & Iron Range Land Grant Forfeiture to Come Up Soon.

A Decision Either Way Will be Followed by an Appeal.

Washington Land Officials Still Appear to be Quite Excited.

St. Paul, July 8.—The hearing before the attorney general on the question as to whether the land grant of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad has been forfeited or not, did not take place this morning, because Mr. Chandler, the attorney for the road, was unable to be here. It will take place the latter part of this week in all probability. The chances are that the matter will reach the courts which ever side wins in the hearing.

If the state wins, there is little doubt that the company will take the case into court, and if the company wins there is a strong probability that the auditor will send the matter to the courts by refusing to issue the certificates. Such a refusal would undoubtedly be followed by a writ of mandamus to compel the auditor to issue the certificates and the courts would then have a chance to decide the matter. The Washington land officials and some of the correspondents still appear to be much agitated for fear the state of Minnesota will secure these and other swamp lands within the state under the old arrangement by which they were to be selected from the field notes of the surveyors, and they are doing their best to besmirch Auditor Dunn.

They still persist in the statement that the Duluth & Winnipeg road has secured a lot of those swamp lands, and that the latest claim is that the lands were granted by the legislature in 1887, and the correspondent asks where Dunn was at that time. No question regarding the grant came up in 1887. The incident to which the correspondent probably refers occurred in the legislature of 1889. That was after the grant of the Duluth & Iron Range had been declared forfeited, and the Duluth & Winnipeg people went before the legislature and tried to have the forfeited lands transferred to them. They have never at any time claimed a grant of their own. There was a hard fight in the legislature, and the bill for the transfer finally went through the house, but was killed in the senate.

Auditor Dunn was then a member of the house and was one of about twenty members who voted against the bill. He also worked against its final passage in the senate. This incident, Auditor Dunn claims, is in his favor, as showing that the grant of the Duluth & Iron Range road had been actually forfeited, and that they are not now entitled to any lands. Deputy Auditor Iverson left for Washington last evening to assist in straightening out land matters.

TEACHERS IN DENVER.

Eleven Thousand Already in the City of the Plains.

Denver, July 8.—During the past hours there has been a great rush of incoming delegates and visitors to the National Educational association convention. It was estimated that 11,000 visitors had arrived at noon today and that the total number will exceed 14,000. The regular trains have been heavily loaded and a dozen special trains have arrived since last night.

The National Council of Educating continued its session this forenoon. President Rounds announced the following committee to formulate a plan of carrying into effect the suggestions on Dr. Sabin's paper on "Ungraded Schools," read on Saturday: B. A. Hinsdale, Michigan; D. L. Kiehl, Minnesota; J. R. President, Mississippi; George H. Brown, Illinois, and Earl Barnes, California.

The report of the committee on pedagogies was given by Dr. B. A. Hinsdale, of Michigan, the subject being "The laws of mental congruity and mental energy applied to some pedagogical problems." The doctor showed that the rules of teaching and the arrangement of studies should conform to the peculiar conditions of the pupils' mind, so that mental power be used to the best advantage and mental fatigue avoided.

A KENTUCKY TRAGEDY.

Owensville, Ky., July 8.—John D. Young, Jr., son of ex-Congressman John D. Young, in an altercation with his cousin, Pliny Fassett, Saturday night, cut Fassett's throat, resulting in his death. Young was arrested. The tragedy has caused great excitement, owing to the prominence of all the parties concerned.

SIX MONTHS FOR CONTEMPT.

Chicago, July 8.—Mrs. Lizzie Cottier, of Washington, was today sentenced to six months in jail for contempt of court in refusing to disclose the whereabouts of her daughter Florence. Mrs. Cottier is the Washington stenographer who in 1893, after placing her daughter in Huntington, told the Buffalo police that the child had been drowned.

CORNELL'S CREW.

They Row Well Despite Reports to the Contrary.

Henley on Thames, July 8.—The Henley regatta begins tomorrow. Cornell at 3:30 p. m. of that day will meet the famous Leander boat club crew, probably the strongest on the river. Charles E. Courtney, when he arrived at the boat house this morning, looked very glum, and said: "I do not know whether the Cornell crew will be able to row tomorrow. The fact is we have two sick men—Hager and Fennell—who ought not to row in their present condition. But if our boys are fit, I should feel very confident that there is not a crew on the river equal to them. They have been steadily improving in practice, and are making faster time at each trial. If the invalids are not better tomorrow, we shall have to put in substitutes or scratch. If I had the thing to do again, I would request permission to bring twenty men here and keep two crews in training.

Courtney does not share the suspicions of C. S. Francis, the trustee of Cornell university, who accompanied the Cornell crew to England, regarding unfairness in the drawing of lots for heats, which resulted in pitting Cornell against the Leander crew. Commenting on the drawing, Courtney remarked: "It is true that the affair was managed differently than at home. Here there is one man who draws the names from a hat and then tears them up. None of the others see them. But this man was an old Leander Boat club man, of the highest repute, and if he desired to favor his club he would have given them a bye."

Courtney seems to be over anxious about the result, and has been working very hard and there is reason to believe Cornell's prospects are much better than he imagines, and there was no sign of discouragement among them when the boys arrived at the boat house at 10 o'clock. It is true that some of them looked pale, but they were all in the best of spirits, and Fennell and Hager were as lively as any of them. The boys launched their boats shortly after 10 o'clock and rowed at half speed down the course. All the other crews were out and it was admitted on all sides that none of them approached Cornell's form or appeared row as easily. The members of the Leander crew have an undeniable hang in each stroke.

A number of the English coaches were grouped with Courtney on the river bank, while the crews were practicing, and one of them said: "Well, Courtney, your boys certainly row in the best form and in better style than any of the crews on the river. We give them four out of six points. The principal fault in our mind is in the shortness of their stroke, but their blade work and the use of their hands could not be better."

Courtney admits that the stroke of the Cornell boys is not so long as he would like, and he says it is simply because Hall will not reach as far as Courtney wants. On arriving at the starting point, after the practice, the Cornell boys paddled back to their boat house in the best form.

SECRETARY'S DECISION.

The State's Appeal on the Davis Cash Entry.

Washington, July 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Secretary Smith on Saturday decided the appeal of the state of Minnesota to suspend the cancellation of certain school lists pending a decision on the rights of the parties claiming eighty acres in the Duluth district embraced in list No. 2 already approved and directed to be patented to the state for which a cash entry of Charles H. Davis had been allowed by local officers. The secretary directs that the state be allowed thirty days to give a quit claim deed to the land selected by Davis, and select in lieu thereof eighty acres out of the lists held for cancellation.

The seretary also denied the motion for a review filed by the defendant in the case of Peter M. D. Boschenbossell versus Charles D. Campbell, from the Duluth district.

BANKS WILL CONSOLIDATE.

Tacoma, Wash., July 8.—It was announced today that the Citizens' and Pacific National banks, two of the strongest banks in Tacoma, will be consolidated as soon as the legal requirements can be completed. Their combined capital of $300,000 will be increased to $500,000. The primary object is to enable them to do a business on a larger scale.

BOUGHT ANOTHER STEAMER.

Tacoma, Wash., July 8.—The Northern Pacific Steamship company has purchased the big freight steamer Eikdale to add to its Tacoma-Oriental line, making six steamships it now has on the route. The Eikdale left Yokohama July with 4000 tons of freight for Tacoma. The Strath Nevis arrived today with nearly 6000 tons. Two sailing vessels of the line are on the way from Japan, each bringing a cargo of 4000 tons. It is expected this will be the busiest shipping season Tacoma ever saw.

MORE EXTENSIONS ASKED.

Washington, July 8.—The Louisville, New Albany & Chicago and the Pittsburg, Shenago & Lake Railroad companies have petitioned the interstate commerce commission for an extension of time in which to comply with the act of March 2, 1894, providing for the compulsory equipment of freight cars with grab irons, handholds and standard draw bars. The former asks an extension until January, 1896, and the latter until Oct. 1, 1895. The roads composing the Atlantic Coast line system have also petitioned the interstate commerce commission for an indefinite extension of time in which to equip with grab irons and handholds. The commission has set July 22, as the day for hearing the petitions.

MISSOURI EARTHQUAKES.

Springfield, Mo., July 8.—Two distinct earthquake shocks were felt here last evening. The first at 7:30, and the other a minute later. The duration of the first vibration was five seconds, and the second two. No damage was done, and the quakes were over before the people realized they were experiencing an earthquake.

BRIGHT

John Tod, the Cleveland Iron Man, Says Business is Active.

Encouraging Prospects of a Good Year in the Iron Trade.

Prices Following a Natural Course and No Decline is Anticipated.

John Tod, a well known Cleveland mine owner and ore buyer, arrived today from the East on his way to visit the mining properties on the Mesaba range in which he is interested. He expresses himself very freely as being decidedly pleased with the renewal of activity in the iron ore market, and anticipates a very active year in the iron industries.

"I do not know that there is much that I can say in regard to iron," said Mr. Tod, "except that the market is decidedly active, and prospects of a good year are bright. There is an immense consumption of iron going on in the East, but I do not think that it equals the present production of ore, and the result will probably be that all the mines that are now working cannot keep on operating at the present rate, or else that the demand for ore will be supplied and the mines will begin to stock pile again.

"Stocks at the furnaces were about all used up and so when the furnaces resumed operations there was a heavy demand for ore. There is not, I think, much more profit to the producer in the advanced price of ore than there was at the old figure, for much of the advance goes to pay the increase in wages at the mines. When you come to figure this, together with the increased cost of transportation there is little left to the mine owner of the advance which he gets for his ore."

"Is there not a feeling in the East that the market is rather being overdone in the matter of prices, and that they are being pushed up faster than the demand for ore would warrant?"

"No, I think there is no such feeling. Everything indicates that prices are following a natural course, and there is no reason to anticipate a decline."

In relation to the Mesaba ores, Mr. Tod said: "The prejudice which has existed against them among furnace men seems to be dying out. They are being quite generally used this year, and the results attained have been very satisfactory. Furnacemen have adapted their furnaces to those ores and are having no trouble with them. There is always the same difficulty experienced in introducing a new ore. It was the same with the Gogebic ores when they were put on the market. I think, however, that the Mesaba ores are well enough established now to assure a strong and continuing demand for them, and from present market conditions the indications are that the mines on this range will be kept active throughout the season." Mr. Tod will leave today or tomorrow for Biwabik.

FOSTER IN WASHINGTON.

New York, July 8.—Ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster arrived in Washington this morning from China, where he has taken a conspicuous part in the diplomatic branch of the China-Japan conflict. He is in vigorous health. Mr. Foster would not consent to an interview until he rested and examined his baggage. He brings a fund of information on the status of the Japanese-Chinese struggle and the details of the peace negotiations in which he took a personal part.

FIRE AT CORNWALL, ONT.

Cornwall, Ont., July 8.—About fifty houses have been destroyed by fire at Lornville, a suburb of this place, and 800 people rendered homeless. Great distress prevails. One child was burned to death as far as known. A high wind was blowing and the flames communicated rapidly with houses which were of wood and in two hours the whole district was a smouldering mass of ruins.

WILL EMPLOY NEGROES.

Sharon, Pa., July 8.—The Sharon Iron company will make an effort to break the strike at their plant by employing colored workmen. Twenty have already arrived and 150 more are expected today. Trouble may result as the old men threaten to prevent the colored men from working. The men struck for an advance in wages. The plant employes about 1000 men when in full operation.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS MEET.

Pittsburg, July 8.—The annual meeting of the National Window Glass association convened here today. The convention will be in session for a week or ten days and the proceedings are secret. It is not likely that anything of importance will be reached before Wednesday.

MISS GRAY'S DISTINCTION.

Guthrie, Okla., July 8.—Miss Celine Gray, of this city, has the honor of being the first woman appointed as United States court commissioner. In business circles it is known that Miss Gray is in every way capable.

QUEEN HAS SIGNED IT.

London, July 8.—The queen this afternoon signed the proclamation dissolving parliament and the order to issue writs for the general elections.

TAKE none of the pretended substitutes for Royal Baking Powder. Royal only is Absolutely Pure.

ROWING

Preparing for the National Contest at Saratoga Lake Next Week.

All the Amateur Cracks of the Country Will be Present.

A Beautiful Course and One Well Sheltered From Wind.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 8.—All the arrangements are completed for the holding of the twenty-third annual regatta of the national association of amateur oarsmen at Saratoga lake, July 17 and 18. The list of entries is the largest in years and the regatta promises to bring together all the amateur cracks of the country. The importance of the association's meetings have grown rapidly in the past few years and where there were only ninety clubs last year included in its membership there are now 125.

The race course is beautifully located about four miles from Saratoga, and is surrounded by high bluffs which form a natural grand stand for an uninterrupted view of the course. The lake itself is about nine miles long and three miles across at its widest part. The course is situated at the extreme northen end, and is well sheltered from wind. It is one and a half miles long, all races being rowed three miles with a turn, so that spectators may see both start and finish and it is not necessary to use steamboats, which might interfere with the races.

The program for the coming event is: Intermediate and senior double scull race; senior pair oared; intermediate and single sculls; senior, intermediate and senior four-oared shells; intermediate and senior eight-oared shells. The challenge cups and plates of the National association reward the winners in the four largest events, and every winning oarsman and sculler will receive a gold medal and a handsome silk banner for his club. An additional prize of considerable value goes to the crew finishing first in the senior eight-oared race. It is a challenge cup presented by Col. Hilton. It is known as the Woodland park cup. The regatta committee consists of Dr. Conrad Behrens, of Philadelphia, chairman; James R. Doyle, of Boston; R. H. Pelton, of Brooklyn; W. C. Juppe, of Detroit, Mich.; Fred R. Fortmyer, of Newark, N. J.

For two years Secretary Fortmyer has been trying to get the Amateur Rowing association, of London, Eng., to send a crew to this country, but while in a measure success has attended his efforts, it is not probable that they will come this year. The executive board of the association will meet here on the evening of July 15, and will have before them several amateurs whose standing in the association is a matter of doubt, or against whom complaints have been made. The same evening the regatta committee will meet and participants in the next day's events will draw for positions. At the same time officers of the course and referee will be selected.

LIQUOR REGULATIONS.

French Chamber Considering Important Legislation.

New York, July 8.—A special to the World from Paris says the regulation of the liquor traffic is the burning question of the hour. The parliament has been discussing for weeks a proposition to establish a state monopoly in alcohol, and to exempt from the present taxes such hygienic drinks as wine, beer and cider. The chamber of deputies had accepted both in spite of the opposition of the government and of the distillers, but a bill embodying the second proposition seemed to be in a fair way to be defeated, owing to the ministry's objections, when after the closing debate, to the surprise of everybody, a bill abolishing taxes on drinks containing less than 15 per cent of alcohol passed by a large majority.

The measure doubles the alcohol tax in order to balance the budget, until the organization of a state monopoly. An amendment was unanimously carried to prohibit the manufacture or sale of spirituous liquors, declared by the academy of medicine to be dangerous. This provision involves the suppression of absinthe bitters, "pick me ups," and many kinds of liquors. The bill probably will pass the senate with slight modifications.

What Shall I Do?

Is the earnest, almost agonizing cry of weak, tired, nervous women, and crowded, overworked, struggling men. Slight difficulties, ordinary cares, household work or daily labor, magnify themselves into seemingly impassable mountains.

This is simply because the nerves are weak, the bodily organs debilitated, and they do not

Take

proper nourishment. Feed the nerves, organs and tissues on rich red blood, and how soon the glow of health comes to the pale cheeks, firmness to the unsteady hand, and strength to the faltering limb.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood and is thus the best friend to unfortunate humanity. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's. All druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

BULGARIA PEACEFUL.

A Deputation Cordially Received by Prince Lobanoff.

New York, July 8.—A special to the Herald from St. Petersburg says a Bulgarian deputation has been received by Prince Lobanoff, minister of foreign affairs, but the audience was not of a political character. The delegates themselves admit, in an interview with members of the St. Petersburg press, that the chief object of their visit was to lay a wreath on the coffin of the late czar, and therefore was not a political mission.

All they desire is to dissipate the misunderstanding between Russia and Bulgaria and re-establish the good relations which were spoiled by the Bulgarians having accepted mistatements regarding Russia's intentions propagated by the enemies of that country. It looks forward to an early cessation of what is an insignificant insurrection, but which has been purposely exaggerated by professional alarmists.

MADAGASCAR'S TRIALS.

A Settlement by Arbitration Has Been Asked For.

Washington, July 8.—Documents received here by public men and many members of congress indicate that pressure will probably be brought to bear to induce the United States to interfere to settle by arbitration the dispute between France and Madagascar. The papers show that they have been forwarded out of the country, under cover, to secure their delivery in America, though at the risk of much time.

They are printed arguments intended to show that the United States and Great Britain should interfere jointly, but that if Great Britain declined to participate, then that this country should act independently in the matter. The argument proceeds upon the ground that the question involved is the right of France to exercise a protectorate over Madagascar.

TO FREE VENEZUELA.

New York, July 8.—A special to the World from Caracas says: The news that Gen. Y'Barra, leader of the young Venezuelans, and the noted chief of the Liberals, has been in Mexico City in their interests. Gen. Y'Barra was supposed to be directing a revolutionary movement, but President Crespo's friends assert that he has ordered a truce until Venezuela shall have regained her territory now in English hands. Y'Barra is said to have objected his friends to remain passive and allow Crespo to finish his term, and they have written that everything must give way in the face of the supreme importance of the English question and that he has no other ambition now than to free his country.

INFERNAL MACHINE.

A Minister Said to Have Sent One to a Woman.

Tacoma, Wash., July 8.—Mrs. Mattie Chambers, of Centralia, has received an infernal machine. Her father says the box containing the machine was addressed to her by the Rev. B. F. Fuller, a Christian church minister, who was jilted by Mrs. Chambers about a year ago and was last heard of at Raleigh, N. C. A year ago Fuller promised to go away and not press his suit longer, but later, when he learned the rumor connecting Mrs. Chambers' name with William Hale, of Centralia, he wrote her several letters objecting to Hale's attentions.

No attention was paid to his missives and then the infernal machine arrived. It consisted of a box made to hold a physician's thermometer, with a piece of sandpaper under the lid. A fulminating cap, a parlor match and a bit of rubber band were so arranged as to ignite the match and cap and cause a large dynamite bomb just beneath the cover to explode when the lid was withdrawn.

The country postmaster's curiosity probably saved the woman's life, as he pried open the box when he saw the end of sandpaper protrude through a break in the package. The postal authorities are investigating with a view of arresting the sender of the machine.

MACEO'S WHEREABOUTS.

New York, July 8.—A special to the Herald from Santiago, Cuba, says Gen. Antonio Maceo is now, according to reports from Spanish sources, hemmed in between Elcoba and Reminguas, threatened on the one side by the forces of the Spanish Gen. Gasco and on the other by the Spanish columns of Navarrou.

PERUVIAN ELECTION FIGHT.

New York, July 8.—A special to the Herald from Lima, Peru, says: During the elections in the town of Chorilla, nine miles from here, there ws a sharp fight between the supports of Arana and those of Billinghurst, candidate for vice president. Several persons were killed and wounded.

PERUVIAN GOLD MINES.

New York, July 8.—A special from Colon, Colombia, to the World says Peruvian gold is attracting Australian miners, who propose settling in Peru. The Chilian Times vehemently opposes the contemplated purchase of the property nd assets of the Peruvian corporation by the French.

EXPELLED THE FOREIGNERS.

New York, July 8.—A special to the World from San Salvador says a sort of armed peace prevails. Troops patrol the streets and surround all the public buildings. There have been a number of street fights in which some of the police were whipped. Three or four foreigners are said to have been expelled from the country.

MANAGER GOODWIN DEAD.

New York, July 8.—Charles Goodwin, once a prominent manager, is dead. He had been manager of many companies and was for several years treasurer of the California theater, San Francisco, of which his uncle, Thomas McGuire, was lessee.

Now see that your blood is pure. Good health follows the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla which is the one great blood purifier. 7

BIG WIND

It Does Death and Damage in and About Chicago.

Windy City Confirms its Claim to its Familiar Sobriquet.

Death in Lake Geneva and Storm Reports From Other Places.

Chicago, July 8.—This city was visited yesterday at 6 o'clock by the most sudden and furious rain and wind storm known here for years. The disturbance came without warning from the northwest, and left a scene of damage, death and desolation in its wake. Sail boats were capsized, houses blown down, signs and awnings scattered, shade trees destroyed and several people injured.

August Bedlow, a towerman at the Pan Handle signal station at Ada street was in his tower when it was blown down and was fatally injured. John Ross, who was in a small boat near the outer breakwater was capsized and drowned, and a small unknown yacht is reported as having sunk out in the lake with three people on board.

All excursion steamers reached the city in safety, and later reports from suburban places noted the arrival there of missing boats with their occupants.

On State street many thousands of dollars' worth of plate glass was destroyed, almost every window in Rothschilds' big department store being smashed and many people were more or less injured by flying debris. The damage to telegraph and telephone wires was very great, many poles being blown down and communication with Milwaukee being interrupted.

The failure of the telegraph wires between Milwaukee and Chicago had the effect of developing quickly a method of transmitting the press matter by wire that is new in the West. Typewriter operators with telephone receivers at their ears were seated in the newspaper offices at Milwaukee, and the news was talked to them from Chicago at the rate of eighty words a minute. The operator at Chicago, experienced the novelty of distinguishing plainly over the wire instead of the accustomed "Morse" of his own sounder, the click of the typewriters at Milwaukee, eighty-five miles away.

SIX DROWNED AT LAKE GENEVA.

Lake Geneva, Wis., July 8.—A heavy storm passed over here yesterday afternoon about 4:30 which unroofed buildings and demoralized shade trees. The hail broke a large amount of glass and ruined corn, oats and what little fruit there was on the trees. The steam launch Dispatch was chartered just before the storm by a party consisting of Father Hogan and Miss Hogan, of Harvard, Ill., and a man thought to be Dr. Franz, assistant superintendent of the Elgin, Ill., insane asylum, wife and child. The boat was in charge of John Preston, a reliable young man. They were caught by the storm and the boat was swamped and all on board were drowned. The body of Miss Hogan was found floating near Kayes Park last evening.

TOLD AT MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, July 8.—As a result of last night's storm the only reliable means of quick communication this morning is the long distance telephone. The Western Union lines, as well as those of the Postal and Chicago and Milwaukee Telegraph companys, were prostrated to such an extent that aside from the telephone railroad trains were the best substitute available to move the large accumulation of commercial messages and press dispatches. From about 6 p. m. Sunday all through the night and well into Monday, the telegraph officials seemed helpless to straighten the confusion and wreck.

So apparently inextricable was the tangle that matter offered to the Western Union at outside points for Milwaukee and other points north was returned to the senders, owing to the prostration of the wires. The situation was a forcible reminder of the results of the great blizzard in New York in which Roscoe Conklin lost his life and in which the telegraph companies were brought to a standstill, electric communication being left to the long distance telephone.

STORM ELSEWHERE.

Savannah, Ill., July 8.—Yesterday's storm here almost reached the proportions of a hurricane. A number of trees and small buildings were blown down. At Peoria several buildings were unroofed, one three-story frame block completely destroyed and much damage done to trees, awnings and windows. Many boating parties were on the lake, but so far as known all succeeded in reaching places of safety.

Delavan, Wis., July 8.—The most destructive rain and wind storm that ever visited this locality came yesterday afternoon. The wind blew down houses and barns, uprooted trees and plowed up corn fields. On the south shore of Delavan lake the devastation was greatest. A portion of the Mettowo hotel was blown off and great trees were broken like pipestems. The wind was accompanied by a deluge of rain and great hailstones that broke windows and leveled the fields of grain. The roads and fields are strewn with debris of trees, fences and buildings.

Oshkosh, Wis., July 8.—The most severe hail storm in years occurred last evening. Skylights were broken and much damage must have been done to crops. The thermometer dropped 25 degrees in ten minutes.

Chetopka, Kan., July 8.—Last evening a tornado swept over this region doing considerable damage to growing crops. It also did great damage to many buildings tearing down awnings, porches and outbuildings.

SHORT AND NEWSY.

A gasoline stove at Chicago exploded yesterday and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gunnwald were burned to death and the house burned to the ground. Mrs. Geyer, mother of Mrs. Gunnwald, was burned slightly.

A third girl has been born to the family of President Cleveland. The interesting event happened at Gray Gables, Buzzard's Bay, last evening. All concerned are doing well.

The steamer Washtena, which was reported wrecked in the Straits of Magellan, arrived safely at San Francisco yesterday.

Another "dry" Sunday nominally prevailed in New York, but people who were well known could get all the "eye-openers" they wanted.

Maceo, with a small force of insurgents was attacked near Puerto Principe the other day by 1250 Spaniards. The wily insurgent, by a series of brilliant moves, captured the government cannon and put the Spaniards to flight after killing a large number.

At St. Paul, Minn., J. H. Herman has deposited $500 to bind a match between Tommy Dixon, the Western champion, and George Dixon, the world's featherweight champion, the contest to take place the same week as the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. Assurances have been already received that the fight will take place.

Robert Brown, a colored barber, at Calamus, Iowa, in a fit of jealous rage, shot his wife, a white woman, yesterday. He then shot himself in the head, expiring immediately. The woman will die. They had been married only a few months.

Paul Merritt, the well-known English dramatist, is dead.

A lumber yard fire at Scotia, Cal., caused a loss of $500,000. A number of buildings were destroyed.

Ex-Governor Stevenson, of Idaho, committed suicide, by the laudanum route, at Paraiso Springs, Cal. He was afflicted with sciatica and in a helpless condition.

Editor Frank N. Pixley, of the San Francisco Argonaut, is thought to be dying in that city. His wife also is very ill. They are both pioneers of the state.

Jimmy Needham defeated Tom Casey in three rounds yesterday, for $500, on a barge at St. Louis, on the Mississippi river.

Baseball Yesterday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Baltimore, 3.
At Chicago—Chicago, 9; Cleveland, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 21; Minneapolis, 12.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 9; Terre Haute, 2.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; Detroit, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Baltimore	54	33	21
Boston	55	33	22
Pittsburg	63	37	26
Chicago	67	39	28
Cleveland	64	36	28
Cincinnati	60	34	26
Philadelphia	57	32	25
Brooklyn	58	32	26
New York	58	28	30
Washington	57	23	34
St. Louis	63	21	42
Louisville	58	9	49

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Indianapolis	56	36	20
St. Paul	57	31	26
Detroit	59	31	28
Milwaukee	59	31	28
Kansas City	58	30	28
Minneapolis	57	27	30
Terre Haute	57	25	32
Grand Rapids	59	24	35

PETOSKEY, MICH., AND RETURN $17.05.

Via D., S. S. & A. Ry. Tickets on sale July 8 to 17. Good for return until Aug. 15. Ticket office 426 Spalding House block.

ONLY absolutely pure grape cream of tartar is used in Royal Baking Powder. Unlike other powders, Royal leaves no acid or alkali in the food.

Ladies....

Every tenth one is yours for nothing.

Wait and See! Look for It!

The Only Remedy in the World that Refunds Purchase Price if it Fails to Cure the Tobacco Habit in 4 to 10 Days is

Narcoti-Cure

It Cures While You Continue the Use of Tobacco.

The greatest discovery of the age!

A certain, pleasant, permanent cure.

A lifetime's suffering ended for $5.00.

Why smoke and spit your life away? Why suffer from dyspepsia, heartburn and drains on your vital forces?

Stop using tobacco, but stop the right way! Drive the nicotine from your system by the use of this wonderful remedy!

Narcoti-Cure is warranted to remove all desire for tobacco in every form, including Cigar, Cigarette and Pipe smoking, Chewing and snuff taking.

Use all the tobacco you want while under treatment, and in from four to ten days your "hankering" and "craving" will disappear—the weed won't taste good. Then throw away tobacco forever.

Narcoti-Cure is entirely vegetable and free from injurious ingredients. It never fails to give tone and new vigor to the weakest constitution.

Remember Narcoti-Cure doesn't deprive you of tobacco while effecting a cure; doesn't ask you to buy several bottles to be entitled to a guarantee; doesn't require months to treatment, and, finally, doesn't enable you to stop togacco only to find yourself a slave to the habit of tablet chewing.

With Narcoti-Cure, when you are through with tobacco you are through with the remedy. One bottle cures.

Send for book of prominent testimonies like the following:

Huntington, Mass., March 18, 1895. The Narcoti Chemical Co., Springfield, Mass.

Gentlemen:—I have used tobacco for over twenty-five years, chewing and smoking every day from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., stopping only for meals.

On Monday, February 4, I called at your office in Springfield and bought a bottle of the Cure, which I used as directed, and on the tenth day the desire for tobacco had left me and it has not returned. I did not lose a meal while taking the Cure. My appetite has improved and I consider Narcoti-Cure a grand thing.

Very respectfully, CHAS. I. LINCOLN.

Mr Frank H. Morton, of Chicopee Falls, Mass., late inspector of public buildings for Massachusetts, says:

I used tobacco for twenty-five years and was a confirmed smoker. In just eight days' treatment with Narcoti-Cure I was through with tobacco; in fact the desire for tobacco vanished like a dream.

Very respectfully, FRANK H. MORTON.

If your druggist is unable to give full particulars about Narcoti-Cure, send to us for Book of Particulars free, or send $5.00 for bottle by mail.

THE NARCOTI CHEMICAL CO, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date of September 14th, 1889, made by Lottie E. Hicken and William A. Hicken, her husband, mortgagors, to the Minnesota Loan & Trust Co., a corporation, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota, September 23rd, 1889, and on that day duly recorded in Book 37 of mortgages, on page 372, which said mortgage was afterwards duly assigned by the said Minnesota Loan & Trust Co. to Sarah R. Flagg, by an instrument in writing, bearing date of October 29th, 1889, and filed for record in the office of said register of deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota, November 4th, 1889, and on that day duly recorded in Book 32 of mortgages, on page 176, upon which mortgage there is now due and payable the sum of four thousand two hundred twenty-two and 62-100 ($4222.62) dollars.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale therein contained, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, to be made by the sheriff of the said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on Tuesday, August 6th, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which will then be due upon the said mortgage, with costs and disbursements of sale, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated to be paid in case of a foreclosure of the said mortgage. The premises described in the said mortgage and so to be sold are all those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot one hundred nineteen (119), in block thirty-five (35), of Duluth Proper, Third Division; and all that part of lot one hundred seventeen (117), in block thirty-five (35), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, that lies within seventy-five (75) feet of the northwesterly line of West Third street, Duluth, Minnesota.

Dated June 21st, 1895.

SARAH R. FLAGG, Assignee of Mortgage,
STRINGER & SEYMOUR, Attorneys for Assignee, National German American Bank bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

June 24, July 1-8-15-22-29, Aug 5.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred fifty-eight and 38-100 dollars which amount is claimed to due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale made and delivered by Thomas Hare, William Hare and Elizabeth Hare, mortgagors, to Clara E. Grove, mortgagee, bearing date the 8th day of February, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of February, 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 67 of mortgages on page 235.

And whereas, said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured thereby or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lot number ten in block number eighteen in Carlton Place Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 14th day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated July 1st, 1895.

CLARA E. GROVE, Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY, Attorenys for said Mortgagee. Duluth, Minn.

July1-8-15-22-29-Aug-5.

U. S. COMMISSION OF FISH AND FISHeries, Washington, D. C., July 1, 1895. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of July 20, 1895, for furnishing to the U. S. fish commission station at Lester Park, Duluth, Minn., 75 gross tons (2240 lbs.), more or less, of free burning, white ash, anthracite egg coal, free from dirt, slate and other impurities; the coal to be delivered as required in carload lots of about 25 tons at the Lester Park siding of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad. M. McDonald, Commissioner.

July-3-5-6-8.

CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT —OF— ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION —OF— DULUTH IMPERIAL MILL COMPANY, —AND— AFFIDAVIT OF President and Secretary.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

We, B. C. Church and W. B. Sheardown, do hereby certify that we are respectively president and secretary of Duluth Imperial Mill company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota and that, at the annual meeting of the stockholders of said corporation, held at the office of said company, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1895, at two o'clock p. m., and at an adjourned session of said annual meeting, held at said office at two o'clock p. m., on Monday, the 29th day of April, A. D. 1895, Articles V, VI, IX and X of the articles of incorporation of said corporation were amended so as to read as follows, respectively:

Article V.

The amount of capital stock of this corporation shall be one million five hundred thousand dollars ($1,500,000.00), of which five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000.00) shall be held as treasury stock and be issued and sold at such time, in such amounts and at such price as the board of directors by resolution shall direct.

ARTICLE VI.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time be subject is the sum of six hundred thousand dollars ($600,000.00).

ARTICLE IX.

The president, vice president and treasurer shall be elected by the directors from their own number. The secretary may be chosen from the stockholders. The secretary and manager shall be elected by the board of directors. The offices of president and manager may be filled by one and the same person, in the discretion of the board of directors.

ARTICLE X.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be divided into fifteen thousand (15,000) shares, of the par value of one hundred dollars each.

We do further certify that each of the foregoing amended articles of incorporation was adopted at said annual meeting by a majority vote in number and amount of all the shareholders and shares of the said corporation.

In witness whereof we have subscribed this certificate and caused the corporate seal of said corporation to be hereto affixed this 7th day of May, A. D. 1895.

B. C. CHURCH, President.
W. B. SHEARDOWN, Secretary.
(Corporate Seal.)

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

B. C. Church and W. B. Sheardown, being each duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says, that the said B. C. Church is the president and the said W. B. Sheardown is the secretary of the above named Duluth Imperial Mill company, and that the matters stated in the foregoing certificate are true of his own knowledge.

B. C. CHURCH.
W. B. SHEARDOWN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 7th day of May, A. D. 1895.

GEO. W. BOYDEN, Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book N. 2 of incorporations on page 131-133.

ALBERT BERG, Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS. State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record May 25, 1895, at 10:50 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book M of miscellaneous, page 166.

P. J. BORGSTROM, Register of Deeds. By B. O. LOE, Deputy.

MEN BE MANLY

We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. Use it and pay if satisfied. Address VON MOHL CO. 39 B, Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles E. Dickerman, Plaintiff, vs. J. W. Bull and H. B. Bull, his wife, and William E. Richardson and Kay S. Richardson, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the County of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein; together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, June 15th, 1895.

R. R. BRIGGS, Plaintiff's Attorney.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles E. Dickerman, Plaintiff, vs. J. W. Bull and H. B. Bull, his wife, and William E. Richardson and Kay S. Richardson, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of said action is to obtain a judgment of said court adjudging the title to the lands hereinafter described in said plaintiff as against any claim, right, title, interest or lien which said defendants or either of them have or claim to have in and to said property and lands and for such other and further relief as to said court may seem just and proper, and for judgment for his costs and disbursements.

The premises affected by said action are situated in the County of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and are described as follows: Lots number five (5) and six (6), in block number four (4), lots number one (1) two (2) fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) in block number five (5), lots one (1) and two (2) and all that part of lots nine (9) ten (10) and eleven (11) lying east of Woodland avenue in block number ten (10), lots one (1) two (2) three (3) and four (4) in block number (11), lots one (1) two (2) eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block number thirteen (13), lots number thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in block number fourteen (14) and all that part of lots two (2) and three (3) four (4) five (5) and six (6) in said block fourteen (14) lying within fifty feet of the south line of East Lawn division of Duluth, lots number one (1) two (2) three (3) four (4) thirteen (13) fourteen (14) and fifteen (15) in block number fifteen (15), lot number seven (7) in block number sixteen (16), lots number one (1) thirteen (13) fourteen and fifteen in block number nineteen (19), lots number six (6), eleven (11) twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in block number twenty-two (22), lots number fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) in block number twenty-four (24), lot number fifteen (15) in block number twenty-five (25), lots number four (4) five (5) six (6) seven (7) and eight (8) in block number twenty-seven (27), lots number seven (7), eight (8) and fifteen (15) in block number twenty-eight (28), lots number three (3) and eleven (11) in block number twenty-nine (29) and block number thirty (30). All of the above described lots and blocks lying and being in Highland Park addition to Duluth, according to a map or plat thereof now on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, state of Minnesota.

Also lots number one (1) two (2) four (4) five (5) and eight (8) in block number one (1), lots number seven (7) eight (8) and nine (9) in block number two (2), lots number three (3) and four (4) in block number three, lots number one (1) two (2) three (3) four (4) five (5) eleven (11) twelve (12) thirteen (13) seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) in block number five (5), lots number one (1) and two (2) in block number six (6) lots number two (2) three (3) eight (8) nine (9) and ten (10) in block number seven (7), lots number one (1) two (2) five (5) six (6) ten (10) and eleven (11) in block number eight (8), lots number one (1) two (2) three (3) four (4) five (5) and six (6) in block number nine (9), lots number three (3) six (6) seven (7) nine (9) and ten (10) in block number ten (10), lots number seven (7) eight (8) nine (9) ten (10) in block number eleven (11), lots number three (3) four (4) seven (7) and eight (8) in block number twelve (12), lots number three (3) five (5) eight (8) and nine (9) in block number thirteen (13), lots number two (2) three (3) and four (4) in block number fourteen (14), lots number one (1) four (4) five (5) six (6) seven (7) eight (8) and nine (9) in block number fifteen (15), lots number three (3) and four (4) in block number sixteen (16), lots two (2) and three (3) in block number seventeen (17), lots number two (2) three (3) ten (10) eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block number eighteen (18), lots number one (1) two (2) five (5) six (6) nine (9) ten (10) thirteen (13) fourteen (14) seventeen (17) eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) in block number nineteen (19), lots number one (1) two (2) three (3) four (4) five (5) and six (6) in block number twenty (20), lots number one (1) two (2) three (3) five (5) and six (6) in block number twenty-one (21), lots number four (4) five (5) six (6) seven (7) thirteen (13) fourteen (14) and fifteen (15) in block number twenty-two (22), lots number three (3) four (4) eight (8) nine (9) and ten (10) in block number twenty-three (23), lots number one (1) two (2) five (5) six (6) seven (7) and eight (8) in block number twenty-four (24), lots number four (4) five (5) six (6) seven (7) twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in block number twenty-five (25), lots number four (4) five (5) and six (6) in block number twenty-six (26), lots number one (1) two (2) three (3) four (4) six (6) seven (7) ten (10) eleven (11) twelve (12) sixteen (16) seventeen (17) eighteen (18) in block number twenty-seven (27), lots number three (3) four (4) eight (8) nine (9) eleven (11) twelve (12) thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in block number twenty-eight (28), lots number four (4) five (5) eight (8) nine (9) ten (10) fourteen (14) fifteen (15) sixteen (16) and seventeen (17) in block number twenty-nine (29), lots number three (3) four (4) and five (5) in block number thirty (30), lots number one (1) and two (2) in block number thirty-one (31), lots number one (1) two (2) three (3) and four (4) in block number thirty-two (32), lots number three (3) four (4) seven (7) and eight (8) in block number thirty-three (33), lot number three (3) in block number thirty-five (35), lot number one (1), in block number thirty-six (36), lot number one (1) in block number thirty seven (37) lots number four (4) five (5) six (6) in block number thirty-seven (37), all in East Lawn division of Duluth, according to the map or plat now on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, state of Minnesota.

Dated June 15th, 1895.

R. R. BRIGGS, Plaintiff's Attorney. Duluth, Minn.

Note—The defendants Richardson disclaim any interest in the lands described in above notice.

June 17, 24, July 1, 8, 15, 22, 29.

PILES! PILES! PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c and $1.00 per box.

WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Props. Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold on a Guarantee by the White Swan Drug Store.

BURNED

Jennie Nellis Met With a Serious Accident While Cleaning Gloves.

Gasoline Took Fire and Her Hands Were Burned Very Severely.

Concert Tomorrow Afternoon and Evening at the Great Eastern Hall.

Jennie Nellis met with an unfortunate accident at the Bay View house on Central avenue Saturday afternoon. She had finished cleaning some gloves with gasoline and threw a rag saturated with the liquid into the stove. The flames followed the gasoline back to her hands which were also covered with it and severely burned them both. Two of the fingers on her right hand were burned to the bone and for a time she suffered terrible agony. Dr. Graham was summoned and her sufferings relieved as soon as possible.

CONCERT TOMORROW.

A concert will be given tomorrow afternoon and evening at Great Eastern hall by a choir composed of about thirty young girls under the direction of Mrs. N. C. Kingsbury. The children have been training for some time and are said to be prepared to give a pleasing entertainment. The program is as follows:

Chorus—"We Welcome Thee.....
G. A. Veazle.
Violin solo—"Faust".....
Miss Alice Fiske.
Solo and chorus—"Who Was It?....
Lulu Bodilly.
Vocal solo—"Red Riding Hood"....
Mabel Hettrick.
Recitation—"Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe.....
Mamie Kurtz.
Chorus—"Happy Little Darlings, We".....
Children.
Chorus—"Humpty Dumpty".....
Choir.
Vocal solo—"There, Little Girl, Don't Cry".....
Miss Sadie Prescott.
Recitation.....
Miss Lella Sparks.
Chorus—"Good Night".....
All.

ODD FELLOWS' INSTALLATION.

The Odd Fellows will install officers tomorrow evening. All Odd Fellows and their families are invited to be present. A banquet will be served and a general social enjoyed after the formal services. Last Saturday evening the Rebeccas installed officers. A number of visitors were present from the order at Duluth.

THE SCHOOL ELECTION.

Arvin Bagley and Dr. Rockwell both announce that they are not candidates for positions on the school board and do not wish to have their names mentioned in connection with the election. Other names spoken of are J. Allyn Scott and G. J. Mallory. So far J. R. Brearly seems to be the leading candidate in popular favor.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Insure your property with G. E. Hall.

Dr. Keney, dentist, over Mfr's bank.

John Lindball, from Marquette, Mich., has arrived to open a private school in connection with the Swedish Baptist chruch. The school will be held in a private house on Sixtieth avenue.

Dr. Forbes will give an address at White Bear on Wednesday at the laying of the corner stone of a new school building.

It is expected that the Ironton Steel plant will start up tomorrow. The Duluth Manufacturing company will also start a gang of men on some orders lately received.

Miss Hulda Neuman has returned from a three week's visit to Antigo, Wis.

J. M. Martin is back from a business trip to St. Paul.

L. S. Neuman left yesterday for West Baden, Ind.

M. Lynch, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Charles Gagnon, left on Saturday for Cincinnati.

Mrs. M. Maihann, of Ishpeming, is visiting the family of Charles Kauppl.

N. E. Rieland, heater at the car works, left yesterday to accept a position with the Standard Steel and Iron company, of Chicago.

Born to James Denyes and wife, a daughter.

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Inquire at Central drug store, West Duluth.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed n my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

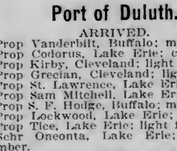
Sold by all druggists, 75c.

OUR EXTENSIVE LINE

Of $10 business suits can not be surpassed. Be sure to see them. Prices marked in plain figures.

C. W. Ericson,
219 West Superior street.

There is not one Tobacco Chewer in a



100

who does not enjoy
LORILLARD'S
CLIMAX PLUG.



ASSIST NATURE a little now and then, with a gentle, cleansing laxative, thereby removing offending matter from the stomach and bowels, and toning up and invigorating the liver and quickening its tardy action, and you thereby remove the cause of a multitude of distressing diseases, such as headaches, indigestion, biliousness, skin diseases, boils, carbuncles, piles, fistulas and maladies too numerous to mention.

If people would pay more attention to properly regulating the action of their bowels, they would have less frequent occasion to call for their doctor's services to subdue attacks of dangerous diseases.

That, of all known agents to accomplish this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are unequalled, is proven by the fact that once used, they are always in favor. Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and regular, not to further constipate, as is the case with other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habitual constipation, piles and indigestion.

A SCHOONER CAPSIZED.

All the Crew Saved in a Lifeboat.

Washington, July 8.—A telegram from Michigan City, Indiana, says: The schooner May Brown capsized near the life saving station at 8 o'clock last night, the crew of eight persons being saved in the lifeboat.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: City of London, 9 last night; Pope, 10; Yuma, 10:30; Republic, 5:30 a. m.; Monohansett, 6:30; Josephine, Parker, Elphicke, S. India, Saginaw Valley, City of Duluth, 9. Down: Folson, Mitchell, Nelson, 11:30 last night; Northern Light, 1:30 a. m.; Chili, 5; Merida, 5:10; M. T. Greene, 6; Schuck, Sagamore, 7; Pathfinder, Peerless, 9; Ira Owen, Athabasca, 10.

Up yesterday: Cleveland and consorts, 10 a. m.; Choctaw, Joliet, 11; Spokane, LaSalle, 1 p. m.; H. Chisholm and consorts, 2; Tower, Pease and consorts, 3; Arabia, C. B. Lockwood, 4; Tampa, 5; Selwyn Eddy, 6; North West, 6:30; Tecumseh and consorts, Tacoma, Rhodes, 8; Mariska and consort, 9. Down: Onoko, Forest City and consort, 10:30 a. m.; Caledonia, H. B. Tuttle and consorts, 12; Hayward and consorts, 1:30 p. m.; Roby, 2:30; Curry, 3:30; German, 5:30; American, 7:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., July 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Rochester, 10:20 last night; Flint, Iron Age and consort, 10:40; Spinner, Godfrey, Paige, Preston and consort, midnight; Langell and consorts, 1 a. m.; Briton, 1:20; Cadillac, 3; Sauber, 3:30; Servia and consort, J. Farwell, Rutter, Centurion, 4:30; Gilchrist and consorts, 4:40.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., July 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Columbia and consort, midnight; Trevor and consorts, 3:50; Saxon, 4:30; Frontenac, 4:50; Naples, 5:15; Genoa, 6; Wade, 6:30; Gladstone, 9:40; Africa and consorts, 10.

MARINE NOTES.

Clearances: Schuck, 1800 tons ore, Erie; Grecian, 2200 tons ore, Buffalo; Kirby, 2250 tons ore, Buffalo; Stevens, 6000 barrels flour and 1,248,000 shingles, Buffalo; Kalkaska, 750,000 feet lumber, Cleveland; Bulgaria, 2000 tons ore, Buffalo; John Owen, 2200 tons ore, Buffalo; J. H. Owen, 2000 tons ore, Buffalo; Ida Keith, 600,000 feet lumber, Tonawanda; J. W. Moore, 2250 tons ore, South Chicago; S. C. Hall, 500,000 feet lumber, Tonawanda; John Craig, 1900 tons ore, Buffalo; J. T. Case, 1250 tons ore, Buffalo; Grampian, 1000 tons ore, Buffalo; Porter, 40,000 bushels wheat, Milwaukee; 107, 2300 tons ore, Buffalo; 118, 2400 tons ore, Buffalo; Roman, 2250 tons ore, Buffalo.

The Two Harbors Iron News says: Capt. Malcolm McEachern, who for several years has been in charge of the tug Ella G. Stone, at this port, resigned last week. He has accepted a position with the Inman line at Duluth. The captain had become to be regarded as a fixture here, and his friends regret his departure.

Port of Duluth.

ARRIVED.

Prop Vanderbilt, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Codorus, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Kirby, Cleveland; light for ore.
Prop Grecian, Cleveland; light for ore.
Prop St. Lawrence, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Sam Mitchell, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop S. F. Hodge, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Lockwood, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Tice, Lake Erie; light for lumber.
Schr Oneonta, Lake Erie; light for lumber.
Schr Jennis, Lake Erie; light for lumber.
Prop Vulcan, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Harper, Lake Erie; coal.
Schr Eddy, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Queen of the West, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Osceola, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Mather, Cleveland; light for ore.
Barge 107, Cleveland; light for ore.
Barge 118, Cleveland; light for ore.
Prop Avon, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Winslow, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Bleiman, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Doty, Lake Erie; light for ore.
Schr Olive Jeanette, Lake Erie; light for ore.
Prop Jay Gould, Chicago; passengers and merchandise.
Prop Panther, Lake Erie; coal.
Schr Massasoit, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Northern Wave, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Kearsarge, Lake Erie; coal.

DEPARTED.

Schr Grampian, Lake Erie; ore.
Schr Chili, Lake Ehie; ore.
Prop City of Cleveland, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Aberdeen, Lake Erie; ore.
Schr J. I. Case, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop I. H. Owen, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Northern Light, Buffalo; flour.
Prop Iosco, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop John Craig, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop J. W. Morse, South Chicago; ore.
Prop S. C. Hale, Tonawanda; lumber.
Schr Keith, Tonawanda; lumber.
Schr Nellie Mason, Tonawanda; lumber.
Prop Minch, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Cranage, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Miles, Montreal; flour.
Prop Grecian, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Kirby, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Mahoning, Buffalo; flour.
Prop Roman, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Mohegan, Lake Erie; lumber.
Schr Mingoe, Lake Erie; lumber.
Prop Osceola, Buffalo; flour.
Prop Fred Kelley, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Prop Hodge, Buffalo; flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Moville—Arrived: Steamer Vancouver, Montreal for Liverpool.

Liverpool—Arrived: Anglomain, Boston.

EXCURSION TO FOND DU LAC.

Pilgrim Congregational church excursion to Fond du Lac tomorrow on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue at 10 a. m. sharp.

IRON MOULDERS CONVENE.

Chicago, July 8.—Delegates from all parts of the country gathered here today in attendance upon the convention of the Iron Moulders' International union, the first national gathering of the organization held for four years. The wage question was expected to take a secondary place in the deliberations, most of the time having been assigned to the discussion of practical details of the trade.

SLUMPED

Wheat Took a Big Tumble Owing to Bearish Reports Today.

Large Shipments from Russia, Argentine and India Were the Cause.

Decline on the Duluth Board Nearly Three and a Half Cents.

Wheat opened weak today under the influence of large foreign shipments and lower cables, and kept growing weaker all morning, while after noon the bottom appears to have dropped out of the market. One of the bearish features which contributed to the weakness, which kept increasing all forenoon, was the estimate of 100 cars of wheat for tomorrow's receipts at Chicago. The new wheat is evidently about to move and without some export business the visible supply is not likely to keep decreasing much longer. The decrease for last week was 1,120,000 bus. The total visible is now 40,309,000 bus, compared with 61,400,000 bus a year ago and 81,819,000 bus two years ago. The amount of wheat on ocean passage decreased 1,120,000 bus during the week, but the fact that Russia was reported to have shipped 4,500,000 bus last week, Argentine nearly 1,000,000 bus and India 1,240,000 bus swept all other existing conditions out of sight and lent assistance to the bears. The clearances from the Atlantic ports and New Orleans were insignificant, since last reported, amounting to only 42,423 bus of wheat and 13,300 barrels of flour. The market toward the end gave no evidence of the existence of apprehension regarding the effect of the frost predicted for the Northwest.

There was free selling of September wheat at the decline on the Duluth board. September opened ½c lower at 69c declined to 68¾c, reacted to 69c and then sold down to 67¾c. It steadied a little and rallied to 68c, but at noon it had touched 67¾c, and at 1 o'clock sold at 68¾c. The last trade reported was at 66c. The close was 3½ lower than September for cash, 3¾c lower for September and 3¾c lower for December. Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard, cash, 68½c; July, 68¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 68c; July, 68¾c; September, 69¾c; December, 67¾c. No. 2 northern, cash, 64¼c. No. 3, 60¼c. Rejected, 58¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 68¾c; No. 1 northern, 67¾c. Rye, 50c. No. 2 oats, 26½c; No. 3 oats, 26c.

Car inspection today—Wheat, 70; oats, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 61,655 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 266,617 bus; oats, 9233 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, July 8.—Hogs, receipts, 25,000; official receipts yesterday, 7251; shipments yesterday, 6563; left over, 4000. Market generally active. Early advance lost. Light, $4.85@5.25; mixed, $4.85@5.35; heavy, $4.75@5.40; rough, $4.75@4.85. Cattle, receipts, 13,000, including 3500 Texans. Market slow and steady. Texas steers, $2.80@3.45. Sheep, receipts, 3000. Market stronger to 10c higher. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 3850; shipments, 561. Sheep, official, 5817; shipments, none. Estimated hogs tomorrow, 18,000.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, July 8.—4:15 p. m.—Wheat, spot quiet, demand poor. No. 1 red winter, 4s 5¾d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 10d; No. 1 California, 5s 1½d. Futures dull and unchanged, declined and closed easy with all positions 1d lower. Business about equally distributed; July, 5s 3d; August, 5s 3½d; September, 5s 3¼d; November, 5s 5¾d; December, 5s 7¾d. Corn, spot firm; American mixed new, 4s 3d. Futures opened dull and unchanged. Closed dull with near and distant positions ¼d lower. Business heaviest on early positions. July, 4s 2d; August, 4s 1½d; September, 4s 1¼d; October, 4s 1¾d; November, 4s 2d; December 4s 2¼d. Flour firm, demand poor; St. Louis fancy winter, 7s 6d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 8.—Money on call easy 1@2% per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83¾@4.84 for demand and $4.83½@4.83 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.83@4.90¼ and $4.90@4½. Commercial bills $4.88. Silver certificates 67¼@6½. no sales.

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Of grain in store at Duluth for the week ended Saturday, July 5, 1895:

	Bushels.
Wheat.	
No. 1 hard	5,707,515
No. 1 northern	1,087,676
No. 2 northern	353,530
No. 3 spring	133,118
No grade	6,644
Rejected	41,373
Special bin	244,027
Total	7,579,899
Decrease during week	1,090,149
Stock car ago	4,725,790
Decrease year ago	525,734
Oats in store	206,854
Barley in store	935

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, July 8.—Wheat, July, 66¾c; August, 67¾c; September, 67¾c; December, 69¾c. Corn, July, 42¾c; September, 42¾c; December, 35½c; May, 35¾c. Oats, July, 23¾c; September, 22¾c; May, 26¾c. Pork, July, $11.85; September, $14.00. Lard, July, $6.40; September, $5.52. Ribs, July, $6.22; September, $6.35; October, $6.32. Cash: Wheat, 66¾c; corn, 42½c; oats, 23¾c; pork, $11.45; lard, $6.40; ribs, $6.22. Whisky on the basis of $1.25 for high wines. Rye, cash, 50c; October, 52½c. Barley, September, 50c. Flax, cash, $1.36; September, $1.27½; October, $1.25. Timothy, cash, $5.80.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, July 8.—Wheat was very weak. Close: July, 66c; September, 64¾c; December, 66c. On track, No. 1 hard, 67½c; No. 1 northern, 66¾c; No. 2 northern, 65¾c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 397 Board of Trade.

There was no rally today in wheat. The market simply slid down in the absence of buyers. There is nobody apparently disposed to buy wheat; everybody seems discouraged on the bull side. The European shipments continue large if ythe reports be true, and the Russian shipment particularly so. During the last six weeks these shipments from sources other than the United States have been remarkably large and they seem to be taking all the courage out of our traders. Until a change of a decided character comes, the trade will probably continue indisposed to make any particular venture. So far as this country's prospects are concerned there is no change for the better in the harvest results but the trade is looking for values not here now but in the European markets and those are discouraging enough today. That a radical change will come sometime is not questioned, but in the meanwhile the bull has no company whatever.

Corn slumped and the market had no friends apparently. In all positions, old crop options as well as new crop options, selling is universal. Oats share the same character, everything weak.

Provisions have naturally sympathized with the grain markets today but the slight decline in view of the great weakness in grain indicates anything but weakness in provisions and we advise buying them.

Puts, September wheat, 66c.
Calls, September wheat, 68⅞c.
Clrls, September wheat, 67⅝c.
Puts, September corn, 42⅛c.
Calls, September corn, 43⅛c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	23	23⅞	22¾	22¾
Atchison	9⅞	9⅞	0⅞	9⅞
Sugar Trust	113	114	112¾	112¾
Canada Southern				
C., B & Q.	86	86⅝	85⅜	86⅛
St. Paul	68⅜	69⅜	68⅜	69
Chicago	59⅝	59⅞	58⅜	59
Del., Lack. & W.	161¾	162⅞	161⅜	162¼
General Electric	36⅝	37⅛	36⅜	37⅛
Erie				
Reading	19¼	19⅝	18⅜	19⅛
Louis. & Nash.	59	59⅝	59	59
Manhattan				
Missouri Pacific	32¾	32⅞	32¾	32½
New England	52½	55⅛	52½	55
Chicago & Nor'w'n	99¾	99⅝	99¾	99¼
Nor'n Pacific pr'fd	17½	18⅛	17½	18
Rock Island	72⅝	72⅞	72¼	72½
Union Pacific	13½	13¾	13⅛	13¾
Western Union	91⅝	91⅞	91⅝	91⅞
C., C., C. & Indiana				
Lake Shore	147	147	147	147

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 8.—Wheat, July, 70⅝c; August, 71⅝c asked; September, 71⅝c asked; October, 72¼c. Corn, September, 47½c asked. Oats, 26⅜c bid.

J. C. TURNER & CO.
Northwestern Mining and Milling Exchange.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND STOCK BROKERS.
Hotel St. Louis, 324 W Sup St, Duluth

HER SAVINGS STOLEN.

Mrs. Charles Wren Says She Has Lost $100.

Mrs. Charles J. Wren, who lives at 6 East First street, was robbed of about $100 Saturday evening and reported her loss to the police today.

Mrs. Wren has no faith in banks, which are national institutions, and cherishes an ardent horror of peculating cashiers. So in order that her little savings should be absolutely safe, she put them in a little china pot which she kept locked up in her trunk. The key was always hung on a nail on the wall directly over the baby's shoes.

Now Charles is a thrifty man and disposes each week of a portion of his earnings by handing it over to his better half to have and to hold. Last Saturday afternoon Mrs. Wren went down to meet her husband and obtain from him the usual deposit. When she returned the china pot lay shattered on the floor with its doubly precious contents gone. The trunk, which has a peculiar lock, had evidently been opened with the key, which was found to be missing.

Mrs. Wren is not sure how much she had saved, but thinks it was in the neighborhood of $100. The robbery was evidently committed by someone who knew the house and came there with a design on the hoard, for there were no signs of anything else having been disturbed.

For Rent....

An 8-room Modern House—All Conveniences, nicest location in the City, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to
Wm. E. LUCAS,
Exchange Building.

THE COUNCIL MEETING.

Tonight's Meeting Promises to be of Interest.

A number of important matters will come up for consideration at the council meeting tonight and the session promises to be an exciting one. The board of public works will send in plans and estimates for the construction of the new viaduct over the St. Paul & Duluth, Northern Pacific and Transit company's tracks at Garfield avenue. They will recommend Superior street as the starting point. The question of having a steam ferry on the canal will also come up and in all probability will go through. The charge will be 25c per day for the steam service while the row boat contract which was recommended by the transportation committee but tabled by the council was for $174 per month. This is $125 less than has been paid.

The underground telephone will come up for its final reading. The sentiment of the council appears to be opposed to its passage in its present form. In case the special water-works committee hears this afternoon from the Duluth Gas and water company and West Duluth Water company, as is expected, the matter of securing city control will also be discussed. If the figures are sufficiently low the committee will recommend their acceptance and that another election be held.

GOING TO THE EAST.

List of People Departing on the North West.

The North West passed the Sault at 6:30 last night, and in spite of a strong head wind she passed Two Harbors at 3 o'clock and arrived in Duluth shortly after 4 o'clock. Among those who were booked for passage down the lakes were the following:

To Buffalo—Mr. and Mrs. U. T. Persons, Mrs. Alice McCarthy, Mrs. Anna Rauscoup, Mrs. S. Friedland, James Beralzhum and party, Miss Carr, Miss Pilsbury, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Pearly, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Jones, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. C. L. Spencer, Miss B. M. Clough, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Du Four, Racine, Wis.; O. Meyer, New Brunswick, N. J.; Miss M. E. Buckingham, Gardiner; W. G. Benner, Grand Forks, N. D.; Miss L. Rich, Buffalo; Mrs. F. R. and Marie B. Douglas, St. Paul; Newton Owens, Chillicothe, Mo.; E. Slummer, New York; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Crandall, Merriam Park, Minn.; Mr. and Mrs. D. McLeod, Eau Claire; Dr. F. F. Laird, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hanway, New York; Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Walton, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Nutt, Miss Nutt, Burtis Nutt, Brooklyn; G. S. Josselyn, Fredonia, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Pomeroy, Miss Hillis, Troy, Pa.; M. Samuelson, New York.

To Mackinaw Island—O. J. Brown, Red Wing, Minn.; A. S. Friend, Chicago; L. W. Shattuck, Champaign, Ill.; L. Williams, New York; Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Noyes, Miss Noyes, Master D. R. Noyes, St. Paul.

To the Sault—Charles Atkins, Duluth.

To Cleveland—Dr. and Miss Shepard, Elgin, Ill.; Mrs. F. M. and Miss Cora McLeland, Utica, Pa.

To Detroit—W. S. Henderson, R. S. Pyke, Duluth; Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Barnes, New York.

A EUSTIS INTERVIEW.

In Which the Ambassador is Alleged to Have Said Much.

Paris, July 8.—The Figaro publishes an interview with the United States ambassador to France, Hon. James B. Eustis, in which he is reported as saying that nothing has yet been decided as to his candidacy for the nomination for the presidency of the United States. Respecting the Japanese-Chinese war, Mr. Eustis is quoted as remarking that he regretted that the Japanese had not taken Pekin. The story of a secret treaty had between the Japanese and the United States is absolutely untrue. "We have no treaty with Japan," he continued, "other than the arrangement modifying former treaties and events, and even this does not come into force for five years. Besides this, the United States adhered before everything to the principle of no intervention in European or Asiatic affairs."

With reference to the movement in Canada to separate the Dominion from Great Britain, Mr. Eustis said it rested entirely with the United States as to whether Canada should or should not be taken into the confederation of the states. The people of the United States preferred to leave the question rest, while at the same time saying to Great Britain, "No nonsense, or we will annex Canada."

Regarding the insurrection in Cuba, Mr. Eustis is reported as having admitted that American sympathies favored the insurgents, who found in the United States, unknown to the government of that country, assistance of all kinds. In conclusion, he is quoted as saying: "If the insurgents can maintain the struggle for a year, I am not sure that Spain will not have uselessly spent her money on costly expeditions."

ARGUMENT POSTPONED.

Jersey City, N. J., July 8.—The argument on the motion for a preliminary examination of George J. Gould in the suit of Zella Nicholas Rhuman, to recover a $40,000 check was postponed by Judge Lippincott in the Hudson county court today. Counsel for Gould states that he understood the argument was to go down for tomorrow and Judge Lippincott thereupon adjourned the case until that time.

EXCURSION TO FOND DU LAC.

Pilgrim Congregational church excursion to Fond du Lac tomorrow on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue at 10 a. m. sharp.

A Popular Want is—Not to Want.
Herald Wants are popular you will find;
They make your wants no wants that is why
Herald Wants are the popular kind.

ONE CENT A WORD!

It Costs Nothing
To advertise
For a position
In The
Evening Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE!

WANTED—Situation as clerk in grocery store or delivery man. Can furnish best of city references. Address F 8, Herald.

WANTED—Situation wanted by a young man, age 20, speaks Finnish language, also have experience as traveling salesman. D 7, Herald.

WOMAN wants sewing or housework. Apply 23 Second avenue east.

YOUNG married man of good habits wishes the janitorship of a block. Can furnish good city references. Address E. O. Porter, 120 East Superior street.

WANTED—By a competent girl, light housework. Address 1109 East Third street.

SITUATION wanted by a dressmaker to sew in family or take work home. Call 720 East Fourth street.

GOOD boy of 17 wants work of some kind now, must have it. Can furnish good references. Address R. F., 512 West Third street.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class French hotel and restaurant cook, and wife. Best of recommendations. Room 520, Stenson block.

WANTED—Anyone wishing someone to care for child or baby, call at Thirty-sixth avenue east, two blocks toward the lake from street car track. Wages expected, $12 per month. Mrs. Simmons.

WANTED—Washing to take home or will go out by the day. Work done cheap and satisfactory. Call or address 309 East First street, basement.

WANTED—To go out washing and ironing or will take work home. Will also do scrubbing and cleaning offices. Call at 330 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED—To do sewing or light housework in exchange for room and board for a short time. Address F 7, care Herald.

TO EMPLOYERS—If you are in need of honest, reliable young men they can always be found with first-class references by applying to the general secretary, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—House cleaning, or stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

COLLECTORS and solicitors, two good references and small bond required. Apply room 403 Chamber of Commerce building.

WANTED—Men and women to take advantage of an exceptional opportunity to make money, and a chance to build up a good business. Address A. D. Rand, McNally & Co., 168 Adams street, Chicago.

LOST.

LOST—On Pavilion, July 4, a lady's gold watch and chain. Finder will please leave same with C. A. Johnson, 409 Palladio building.

LOST—Small bunch of keys, between Torrey building and Northern Steamship docks. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning to Herald.

We move everything and anything and almost everybody.
Trunks to any part of the city 25 cents.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY
Telephone 492, Office 210 W. Superior St.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M., Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, July 15th, 1895. Work, Third degree. W. E. Covey, W. M. Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month. Next meeting July 8th, 1895, at 8 p. m. Work, First degree. A. R. McDonald, Act. W. M.; H. C. Hanford, secretry.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1895. W. B. Patton, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1895. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

UNION EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.—Ladies wanting help and good girls wanting places please call at 112 West Superior street. Mrs. Fogleson.

LADIES—Can always find good girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Seibold's, 225 East Superior street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FIRST-CLASS board and rooms at the Clifton. Lowest rates to steady boarders.

NICELY furnished rooms. Lowell block.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath. 129 West Fourth street.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms at 206 West Superior street, Graff block. For gentlemen only. Apply room 4.

FURNISHED rooms. 617 East Third street.

WELL furnished rooms, modern conveniences; fine view. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—Floor room in O'Brien & Knowlton block, for storage or manufacturing purposes, hall 50 by 90. Fred Knowlton.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—On Aug. 1, well-located 8-room house, steam heated, all conveniences. Also houses in all parts of the city. W. M. Prindle & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS houses and flats to rent in all parts of the city. R. P. and J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FURNISHED 6-room house, upper side of London road to rent for summer. Address J. D., 8 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House in rear of 1020 East Fourth street, $5 per month, water included. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—House No. 118 East Third street for rent. J. C. Hessian, 604 Palladio.

FOR RENT—An 8-room modern house, all conveniences, nicest location in the city, handy to business, no street cars. Will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to William E. Lucas, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

FOR RENT—We have houses in desirable locations to rent. Duluth Trust company, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

PLEASANT 5-room flat. Inquire 211 West Fifth street.

THREE room flat, $5.50. Inquire at 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—Flat, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—To rent house, seven or eight rooms between Sixth avenue west and Third avenue east. Jamison Bros., rental agency, Torrey building.

WANTED—Two rooms furnished or unfurnished. Central. Address G 10, Herald.

ROOMS for rent. 222 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Consolidated stock. Three hundred shares, also a small lot at $16. W. Kaiser, 408 Palladio building.

TYPEWRITERS for sale and rent. Stenographers assisted to positions without charge. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 323 West Superior street. E. H. Bochner, manager.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand), are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by Return Mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Climax Building and Loan association will be held at the office of the secretary at 8 o'clock p. m., July 22, 1895, in the Hunter block, Duluth, Minn., to elect a president, vice president and five directors for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business which may come before the meeting. Chan Smith, secretary.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO EXCHANGE—Two modern houses, eight rooms, all conveniences nicest location in city, handy to business, no street cars. Will exchange for unimproved property in East End or other good location. Address, with full particulars, A 101, Herald office.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

MARKERS and sorters, also bookkeeper wanted at Troy Steam Laundry, 510-512-514 East Superior street.

WANTED—First-class shirt maker. Address H. B. O. care Evening Herald.

WANTER—Competent girl for general housework. Two in family. Inquire at 119 West Michigan street.

WANTED—Girl to do diningroom and chamber work. Call or address 313 West Second street.

YOUNG girl to take care of baby. Inquire 118 East Superior street.

GIRL wanted for general housework in small family. Apply at 506 East First street.

WANTED—Two cooks, ladies preferred, and two dining room girls. Inquire at Mesaba house, Proctorknott.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Must be competent and well recommended. Apply 1422 East Second street.

WANTED, girl for general housework in small family; Irish or German preferred. Address D 4, Herald office.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FINANCIAL.

LOANS on furniture, diamonds, horses. Notes, time checks bought. 715 Torrey building.

MONEY—On hand for mortgages of any size, also houses and stores for sale. William E. Lucas, 1 Exchange building.

MONEY—To loan on diamonds, watches, etc. Low rates. 430 Chamber of Commerce.

MONEY—To loan, any amount. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY—Loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc., Standard Loan office, 324 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

Have your Gasoline Stoves Repaired by an expert before the rush comes. Linings for different ranges on hand. AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 118 East Superior Street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED—Twelve boarders for the summer. Pleasantest location in Duluth. The best of everything in market at proportionate prices. A 114, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—Superfluous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 307 Masonic Temple, Duluth, Minn.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—The only fireproof storage in Duluth is that of the Duluth Van company, with offices at 210 West Superior street. Storage rooms, Michigan street floor Torrey building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR G. ANFIN, clairvoyant, can be consulted at 2 West Second street, for one week.

LAST week's stay. Dr. Harvey, trance medium and clairvoyant. 614 West First street. Open evenings.

MEDIUM—Mme. Sandell gives advice on all business or love affairs without asking any questions; $500 challenge to any medium that excels her. 602 West First street, upstairs.

MRS. LAMONT, clairvoyant, don't fail to visit this most wonderful phenomenon; she tells you your whole life, gives names in full; no matter what trouble you may have with yourself or others she can help you out of your difficulties; to appreciate, you must consult her; open Sundays. 521 West First street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

DYE WORKS—Northwestern Dye Works, No. 112 and 732 West Superior street. Ladies' and gents' clothing cleaned

EVENING HERALD

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau Duluth, Minn., July 8.—The area of low pressure over Manitoba Saturday morning has moved southeast to the Upper Lake region and is now central in Upper Michigan. It has been attended with severe storms in the South and West quadrants. This morning the barometric gradients are sharpest in Minnesota.

An area of high pressure which extends from Canada southward to New Mexico and Texas is advancing eastward, attended with fair weather and temperature conditions dangerously close to frost.

Showers have occurred in the central valleys, the Upper Lake region and the Red River valley, with the heaviest rainfalls at Cincinnati and Chicago.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 60; maximum yesterday, 78; minimum yesterday, 61; rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today, .18 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 7 p. m. tomorrow: Showers, followed tonight and Tuesday by fair; decidedly cooler tonight; continued cool Tuesday; severe northwest gales today; fresh northwest winds Tuesday.

Storm northwest signals are displayed at Duluth and Two Harbors.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 8.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Fair and cooler tonight; Tuesday fair with probably cooler in east portion; fresh to brisk northwest winds. Minnesota: Fair tonight with cooler in extreme east portion; probably light frosts tonight; Tuesday fair with warmer in west portion; northwest winds.

Upper lakes: Fresh southwest winds will prevail today on Lakes Michigan and Huron, northwest on Lake Superior; probably some scattered thunder storms this afternoon and tonight, becoming brisk northwesterly throughout this section Tuesday. Depth of water over miter sill in St. Mary's ship canal 14 feet 2 inches and the forecast is that it will remain stationary during the next twenty-four hours.

The storm which was central in the extreme Northwest Saturday morning has turned eastward and now its center covers Northern Minnesota. Since Saturday morning showers have been prevalent in nearly all sections of the country, the rainfall being heaviest over Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Iowa. The high pressure area now covers the Northwestern states. Cooler weather prevails throughout the Central and Western portions of the country and light frosts are probable tonight in the Northwest.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

There were not many important changes in the statement of the New York Associated banks, for the week ended Saturday last. A favorable symptom was the decrease of $2,052,225 in the reserve, but the Financier says it is to be doubted whether the reduction in that item, if figured on the actual condition of the banks at the close of the week, would balance with the other totals. The statement, being made up on the "average" system, does not always furnish an accurate illustration of the banks' condition. Loans have fallen off compared with former weeks, but the increase has not stopped, as is shown by the expansion of $162,400 reported for the past five business days. The total decrease in cash holdings was $2,193,000, of which $734,900 was specie, and $1,458,100 legal tenders. The interior receipts continue heavy, but the banks report a demand for discounts from Southern banks and from other sections which, under present circumstances, is a most gratifying sign.

The Financier states that the money market during the week was rather more attractive than usual, the early contraction forcing rates considerably over 2 per cent, but this proved only temporary. It demonstrated one thing, however, that is worth recording, and that is that it would not require a great change in present conditions to put the market on a permanently higher basis. While no prediction can be made as to the possibility of such a change, it should not be forgotten that the revival in activity, as shown by the revival of industries throughout the country, the higher rate of wages and the thousand and one other circumstances tending to prove that the depression in business is over, are factors that are influencing a better money market.

Prices in the stock market have risen to a pitch that surprises even the most sanguine. Henry Clews' weekly financial review says that "bull" operators have made extraordinary profits. Among conservative speculators there is a feeling that prices are now, as a rule, up to what the immediate facts of the situation warrant. It is conceded that the general drift of the conditions that control values suggests the expectation of a further advance when the harvest has been gathered and its beneficial after-effects upon trade begin to appear. But between now and then there is an interval of some weeks, during which possibly no influential developments may be forthcoming.

But while immediate conditions, says Mr. Clews, seem to favor a temporary lull in the larger speculative operations, it is not impossible that events near at hand may revive the buying movement sooner than is now anticipated. The reconstruction proceedings in the bankrupt railroads are now making rapid progress, and announcements may be forthcoming at any moment which would create a new excitement and bring into the market a mass of stocks that have been tied up pending these readjustments. Moreover, the corn crop has possibilities of proving a very important element in the value of the stocks of roads serving the great corn belt. Should that crop maintain its present promise to the end of the season, it will prove a very valuable help towards the more complete revival of business throughout the country.

THE COMING WHEAT CROP.

All reports unite in declaring that the Northwest will produce immense crops this year. The wheat crop promises to be exceptionally large and of very fine quality. This is the outlook at the present time, and it is hardly likely that any change in the weather can so affect the crop as to work any serious injury. Such authorities as Col. Rogers, secretary of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce, estimate the wheat acreage for the three Northwestern states as follows: Minnesota, 3,000,000; North Dakota, 3,000,000; South Dakota, 2,400,000; total, 8,400,000 acres.

While the outlook in the Northwest is for a very large crop, there are indications that the winter wheat section will only have about half a crop. Reports from the six leading winter wheat states, namely, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Missouri and Kansas, show a little less than a half crop as compared with last year. This is taken from 2600 individual reports from farmers and grain men all over these states gathered by C. A. King & Co., a leading grain house of Toledo, Ohio. The reports give these six states something like the following production: Ohio, 25,000,000 bushels; Indiana, 20,000,000; Illinois, 16,000,000; Michigan, 14,000,000; Missouri, 15,000,000; Kansas, 10,000,000, making a total of 100,000,000 bushels in the states that usually produce two-thirds of the winter wheat of the country. Supposing that the other winter wheat states produce 100,000,000 bushels more, which is probably a liberal estimate, there is a total winter wheat crop of about 200,000,000 bushels.

The United States produces annually 100,000,000 to 250,000,000 bushels more wheat than is required for home consumption. The total amount necessary for home requirements is 370,000,000 bushels. While no state in the Union, says the Minneapolis Tribune, exceeds Minnesota in the volume of the crop of wheat produced, and North Dakota is a close second, with South Dakota a good third (running about neck and neck with Ohio), not more than a third of the wheat produced in the country is from this section. The larger portion of this grain is the winter wheat grown in the tier of states running west from Pennsylvania and including Texas and Kansas, but excluding Iowa and Nebraska.

The acreage in the winter section last year was about 23,200,000, in the spring wheat section 11,570,000. The crop, according to the government's figures, was 326,000,000 bushels for the winter wheat and 133,800,000 bushels for the spring wheat sections, making a total of about 460,000,000 bushels for the entire country. These figures are at least 10 per cent below what experience has since shown to be the actual production, so that they should be changed to indicate a crop of at least 510,000,000 bushels for 1894. The visible supply and wheat in farmers' hands left over from the previous year amounted to 60,000,000 bushels, so that last year there were about 200,000,000 bushels available for export. Now the visible supply is down to about 44,000,000 bushels. As the price of wheat is regulated by the amount available for sale in the foreign markets, the outlook for higher prices is very bright. Competition in the Liverpool market has been reduced by the failure of the crop in Argentine and by other shortages, and with a smaller amount available for export from this country, it is altogether probable that a material advance in the price of wheat will be made in the near future.

THE TWO EXTREMES.

The hopes and fears of the two extremes in England on the money question are represented by a letter written to the Cleveland World by W. H. Grenfell, chairman of the general council of the Bimetallic league, and the probably at the present time the most active bimetallist in the United Kingdom, and by a recent interview in New York with J. Biddulph Martin, the well known English banker and gold monometallist. Mr. Grenfell's letter conveys the impression that the outlook for an international conference in England is brighter now than ever before, and as it was written before the recent change in the British government, the favorable conditions which it mentions may be properly regarded as having largely increased.

Mr. Grenfell says the telegrams sent to the London press from this country seem purposely misleading; any pronouncement against free silver is taken as a pronouncement against international bimetallism. "I think," adds Mr. Grenfell, "we must have a change of government before so very long, and if the Unionists come in, as it seems most probable that they will, I can not but think that the English government would meet the United States in a more than friendly spirit, and with the determination to secure a settlement of this all-important question. The elections which have lately taken place have been most favorable to us, and there is a general interest taken in the question throughout the country. The difficulty is that England has been on the single gold standard so long that people really think it dishonest to pay the their gold debts in silver, and they do not understand that money, whether they like it or not, is an international institution. I feel 'in my bones' that international bimetallism must come sooner or later, that it is theoretically sound, morally just, and practically feasible, and the only question is whether it is to be sooner or later. England, with her Indian empire and her great Eastern trade, suffers more from the present double standard than any other country, but she does not realize it yet; when she does, she will go straight for bimetallism, one standard founded on the two metals, linked together by a ratio."

In his interview in New York, Mr. Martin had this to say of the bimetallist movement: "Goschen is still on the fence. Bimetallists are very noisy and strong in their convictions. I therefore think it is time for monometallists to organize for defense. A change in the government may occur at any time. Leonard Courtney, who has lately become a convert, is very powerful, and with Balfour and Goschen we might find ourselves with bimetallists in the cabinet." For this reason, Mr. Martin says, the gold monometallists have been forced to organize. The fight is rapidly becoming a straight contest between bimetallism and gold monometallism.

A PREMATURE CAMPAIGN.

The Cloquet Pine Knot resents the opinion expressed by The Herald that it is inadviseable to hold a convention at this time to urge the adoption of the constitutional amendment regarding the taxation of railroad lands, and it affects to see some sinister motive in The Herald's attitude on the question. The Pine Knot's suspicions are without foundation. The Herald is anxious to see the constitutional amendment adopted at the polls and believes that a large majority of the votes will be cast in its favor. But it differs from the Cloquet paper as to the advisability of beginning a campaign in support of it a year and a half before election day.

It is right and proper that the people should be aroused to importance of the amendment, but it is altogether too early to start the campaign. The time to begin it is a year hence, and The Herald promises that it will not then be found lacking in energy in advocacy of the adoption of the amendment. In the meantime let the subject drop and give the people an opportunity to attend to their private business.

Retail cigar dealers, says the Chicago Record, charge lack of trade to the bicycle, on the theory that all the young men are saving their cigar money to buy wheels. Directors of transportation lines point to the shrinking revenues and gasp: "Bicycles did it." Vessel agents peer down into cargoless holds and cry out: "Bicycles have banished horses, and without horses there is no corn to be carried." Theatrical managers gaze blankly at rows of empty seats and abuse the bicycle craze. And now Coney Island is in danger of going to the bad because the discriminating young man and his best girl on Manhattan island would rather wheel through Central park than swelter on the hot beach. It is probable also that bicycles are cutting down the profits of liquor saloons very materially.

In an article on the proposed Hudson Bay railroad and the traffic which it would secure from other roads, the St. Paul Pioneer Press says: "No city in the United States would directly feel the effects of the new route more than Duluth." It might throw some light upon the question if the Pioneer Press would explain in what way it thinks Duluth would be affected. As no traffic between the Eastern and Western states would go via Hudson Bay, and as the completion of a deep waterway to the sea will place Duluth on an equality with the Hudson Bay route, so far as foreign trade is concerned, there does not appear to be any reason to apprehend any injury to this city's commerce by the construction of the new road.

There is nothing slow about Philadelphia, despite statements to the contrary. A town where ordinary women get away with two quarts of whisky can justly claim to be somewhere in the procession. That is the average capacity of Marion M. Davis, as sworn to by numerous witnesses who appeared against her in a Philadelphia police court the other day for securing board and whisky under false pretenses. One man testified that she drank two pints and a quart in one afternoon and evening, and maintained this average during the several days she was at his house awaiting remittances from wealthy relatives.

The end of the world announced by the German weather profit, Dr. Falb, to take place in 1896, has been postponed by the doctor, owing to unexpected obstacles, until Nov. 13, 1899, between 2 and 4 o'clock in the morning. In this announcement Falb agrees with Brother Philippe Ollvarius, of the Citeux Cloister in France. According to a manuscript written in 1544, left by the monk, the city of Paris is to be destroyed in 1896 and the end of the world is to take place in 1899.

Pension Commissioner Lochren, in an interview at Minneapolis on Saturday, expressed the belief that there is nothing in the report of President Cleveland wanting a third term. He thinks that David B. Hill is the logical candidate of the Democracy.

The Chicago Mail says: Leaders in both parties must explain what they mean by "bimetallism" or go out of business. It is a question of the gold standard as against a double standard, and simply calling one's self a bimetallist does not mean the double standard.

The Hill-Adams plan of reorganizing the Northern Pacific by practically consolidating it with the Great Northern is dead. This is a result that should not be regretted.

It is to be hoped that the new weather forecaster, who comes from Chicago, will not furnish the whole country with Chicago weather.

The Pullman company has made an advance of 10 per cent in the wages of its employes. Times certainly must be improving.

A Daily Hint from L'art de la Mode.



Carriage costume of reseda wool, the skirt trimmed with points of ecru lace; yoke of lace, with drapery of the wool; the back is full. Seven yards double-width material.

THE MASSES WITH HIM.

Anoka Herald: Mr. Towne is all right with the masses, but he don't stand in with the bosses. This will make it hard for him to secure a renomination but easy for a re-election.

BIMETALLISM WILL WIN.

Montevideo Leader: A great effort has been made by certain so-called leaders of the Republican party in Minnesota to commit the party in this state to the hard money side of the question. To that end the Pioneer Press and Minneapolis Tribune have been whipping the fellows in, or trying to do so, for weeks and months, and to that end a feed was arranged at St. Paul a week or so ago, when such great lights as Merriam, Nelson and Davis and others were called on as a "steering committee" to keep us poor devils in line with the Cleveland-Sherman-Rothschilds wing of the Republican party. Now we hate to be steered, even by our friends and especially when we don't feel like going that way. It is all very well to talk about fighting the common enemy, and winning a glorious victory, but we don't happen to be a Cleveland Republican, nor a Wall street Republican, nor a British Republican, nor a monometallist Republican, nor do we propose to accept froth and foam and glittering generalities when plain words and square pledges are needed. If the Republican party will stand pat bimetallism—honest bimetallism—and facing that way work earnestly and honestly for that end, we are with them, but if the definition of bimetallism is to be changed to gold monometallism, with silver barred from its equal right with gold, as an absolute and ultimate measure of values, then please excuse us for waiting and watching awhile.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

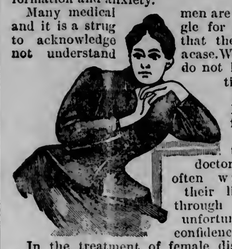
MANY WOMEN SUFFER

FROM LACK OF INFORMATION.

Doctors Are Too Reserved. A Woman Should Be Dealt With Openly.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Women are often allowed by their physicians to suffer much from lack of information and anxiety.



Many medical men are vain, and it is a struggle for them to acknowledge that they do not understand acase. Women do not investigate; they have faith in their doctor, and often wreck their lives through this unfortunate confidence.

In the treatment of female diseases men work from theory; and it is not to be expected that they can treat as intelligently those complaints from which they have never suffered, as a woman can who has made the organism and diseases of her sex a life study.

Women afflicted with female diseases are wise in communicating promptly with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Their distressed condition is due to womb trouble, and their symptoms tell the story.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one remedy that removes the cause, and restores health, courage, and happiness. The druggists sell more of it than all other female medicines. Why?



The following short letter speaks for itself. Mrs. Parker is a very young wife; only twenty-one years old. She was suffering untold misery when she wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. See the result.

Can evidence be stronger than this?

"I deem it my duty to announce the fact to all my fellow-sufferers of all female complaints that your Vegetable Compound has entirely cured me of all the pains and suffering I was enduring when I wrote you last May. I followed your advice to the letter, and the result is wonderful."—MRS. CHAS. PARKER, Little Falls, Minn. Any druggist has it.

Ladies....

Something for nothing is what you'll get— by waiting— and no mistake.

Look for It! Wait and Watch!

WILL REPRESENT THEIR WISHES. St. Cloud Journal-Press: A Washington correspondent of the St. Paul Dispatch is authority for the statement that Congressman Towne will have a fight on his hands for a renomination. We trust the Washington correspondent will not feel offended at the suggestion that the Republicans of the Sixth district are perfectly capable of attending to these little matters themselves. Mr. Towne will undoubtedly represent the wishes of his constituents, in which case his ability entitles him to several renominations and elections.

DECIDEDLY WIDE RANGE. St. Paul Globe: Rev. Wilkinson's book on Minnesota forest fires takes a wide range. It contains pictures of prominent people all the way from Sir Henry Irving and Sir Donald Smith to the baby Duluth Crocker.

WILL CONTEST SETTLED. San Francisco, July 8.—When Joshua Hendley, a pioneer manufacturer of mining machinery, died, he left a $500,000 estate to his nephew and nieces. His brother, Samuel Hendley, contested the will and there was a long-drawn-out battle in the probate court here. The matter has now been compromised. Samuel Hendley is to take $30,000 and will waive all claims to the estate. A number of the legatees live in the Eastern states.

NO CONTRABAND CARGO. Port Townsend, Wash., July 8.—The yacht Aggie, reported as leaving San Francisco laden with firearms for the Hawaiian revolutionists, has passed up the sound bound for Seattle. Capt. Harr denied all connection with the alleged filibustering expedition.

KEEP COOL!

By purchasing your lightweight underwear at popular prices, 25c, 50c, 75c per garment and upwards.

C. W. Ericson,
219 West Superior Street.

TO YOUNG WIVES

We Offer a Remedy Which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

ROBS CONFINEMENT OF ITS PAIN, HORROR AND RISK.

"My wife used only two bottles. She was easily and quickly relieved; is now doing splendidly.—

J. S. MORTON, Harlow, N. C.

Sent by express or mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



IN SUMMER

cooling drinks are necessary. They are the universal antidote for excessive warmth. Nothing is so popular with the fair sex in Duluth as our soda served in all the various flavors and with cream for only a nickel a glass. To have their attentions well received, young men should treat their sweethearts coolly, by inviting them to enjoy our soda, which is really the coolest and most delightful summer drink in Duluth, wholesome, healthful and invigorating. Soda heads the list of summer beverages, and the foaming stream from our fountain heads the list of all sodas.

Boyce's Drug Store

Hartman General Electric Co.

.....ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH

Electric Current

FOR—

ARC AND INCANDESCENT LIGHT AND MOTOR SERVICE.

GENERAL OFFICE:

Room 3 Exchange Building.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Arvin Bagley, Plaintiff,
vs.
William Stevens, as administrator of the estate of Sherman G. Huyck, deceased, Henry Schwaim and B. Magoffin, Jr. Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 29th day of June, 1895, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash on Monday, the 12th day of August, 1895 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows, towit:

All the right, title and interest of the estate of Sherman G. Huyck, deceased, by virtue of an executory contract of purchase, in and to lot seventeen (17), in block thirteen (13) in the village of Proctorknott, St. Louis County, Minnesota, and also the building licated upon the above described premises, said building and said interest in said lot to be sold separately.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD, Deputy.

Dated June 29, 1895.
JOEL J. SQUIER,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
July-1-8-15-22-29-Aug-5.

KEEP COOL! By purchasing your lightweight underwear at popular prices, 25c, 50c, 75c per garment and upwards.

C. W. Ericson,
219 West Superior Street.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special term, June 19th, 1895.

In the matter of the estate of Hiram C. Allard, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto M. M. Gasser, of said county.

It is Ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the twenty-seventh (27) day of January, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is Further Ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered Further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 19th day of June, A. D. 1895.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
July-1-8-15



MEMBERS OF THE

DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

	Capital	Surplus
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	200,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	27,000
State Bank of Duluth	83,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	50,000	-----

IF YOU WISH TO—

DRINK.....

A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing glass of Beer—call for

FITGER'S BEER

THE ★ PAVILION...

Week of July 7.

ATTRACTIONS BETTER THAN EVER.

The Great—the Only

BORANI BROS.,

The Indescribable and Immensely Funny

Disappearing Demons,

In wonderful situations and magical disappearances.

HILDA THOMAS,

The Queen of the Vaudevilles, assisted by

MR. FRANK BARRY.

THE MARVELOUS CHILD,

Gertie Cochran..

The Infant Prodigy and Phenomenon of Phenomena.

Though only 5 years old Answers correctly from memory over 4000 questions, historical and otherwise.

The World-Famous

Annabelle, ★

In Brilliant Specialties,

With the most wonderful effects electric lights can produce.

Great as the greatest—our own and only

Duluth City Band.

Always popular and always Welcome.

Daily performances at 3 and 8:30 p. m.

Admission—5c, 10c and 15c

GRAND MOONLIGHT EXCURSIONS.

Steamer LIBERTY will leave foot Fifth avenue west at 8 p.m. on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday evenings for trip around the horn. Fare 25 cents.

Music on Board. D. J. CLOW, Master.

THE LYCEUM.

L. N. Scott, Manager.

TONIGHT.

First Night of the—

Villars-Owen Co.

—IN—

"ROMEO and JULIET"

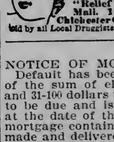
New Play Every Night for Two Weeks.

SEATS--50, 25 AND 15 CENTS.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.



SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in **Red** and *Gold* metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. **Take no other.** *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in *letter*, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*

Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred sixty-two and 21-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Duncan McKinley, Jr., and Alice McKinley, his wife, mortgagors, to William McKinley, mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of April, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 4th day of May, 1891, at 4:15 o'clock p. m., in Book 70 of mortgages on page 411, which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said William McKinley to the undersigned H. H. Seymour who is now the owner and holder thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the 5th day of May, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 24th day of June, 1895, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 108 of mortgages on page 278.

And whereas, said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured thereby or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises hereinafter described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

The east half of the northwest quarter of section number nine in township fifty-one, north of range twelve west, according to the government survey thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 14th day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated July 1st, 1895.

H. H. SEYMOUR,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
July-1-8-15-22-29-Aug-5.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 6th, 1895.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Hart, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Archibald Hart, of the county of Renfrew, province of Ontario, Canada, representing among other things that John W. Hart, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the second day of June, A. D. 1895, at said county of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the father of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to C. E. VanBergen, granted;

It is Ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Tuesday, the 30th day of July, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county of St. Louis.

Ordered Further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the sixth day of July, A. D. 1895.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
July-8-15-22.

See these tomorrow

Never mind our reasons for selling them so cheap. They're on sale and we know positively that they are unusually cheap, even for this season of cheap selling. Take advantage of the opportunity.

Wash Silks=

Genuine Japanese Silks. Silks which will wash. Silks that are 21 inches wide, silks which we've sold at 50c, and they were cheaper at that price than any of the other wash silks sold in town. We'll sell here tomorrow for

30 cents a yard.

Dress Goods= Half Price...

30 Pattern Dresses, the former price of which has been from $6 to $37, some of the finest French Silk and Wool Crepons in the assortment, will sell here tomorrow for

Half Price.

French Challies=

All wool 31 inches wide, the kind you can tie in a hard knot and still they won't show marks of crushing, they're worth 60c a yard and they will sell here tomorrow for

35 cents.

Colored Crepons=

By the yard. All we have left of those which sold for $1, $1.15 and $1.25—we still have Navy Blues, Browns, Tans, Greens, Cardinals—and they'll sell tomorrow for

75c a Yard.

Suitings=

All wool, 52 and 54 inches wide, Beige Mixtures and English Tweed effects, just the thing for traveling or outing suits, they're worth 75c a yard, but will sell here tomorrow for

45 cents.

Fancy Dress Goods=

Mixtures, little checks and hair-line stripes, worth 50c and 60c a yard, will sell here tomorrow for

35 cents.

Silberstein & Bondy

WIPED OUT

Warehouses on the Dock Front at Lake Avenue Totally Destroyed.

The Firemen by Hard Work Prevented the Flames From Spreading.

Loss Over Sixty-One Thousand Dollars, Covered by Insurance.

The Union Dock and Storage company's old warehouses on Lake avenue were wiped out by fire about midnight Saturday night and the loss will foot up to $61,500, most of which is covered by insurance. Thousands of people were attracted to the scene and watched the flames fanned by the strong lake breeze eat their way through the timbers. Nearly all the damage was done inside of an hour before the fire was gotten under control.

The fire was discovered by Officers Donovan and Brigham who saw a slight blaze on the roof of the Union Dock and Storage warehouse. An alarm was immediately turned in but before the engines arrived the structure was a mass of flames which crept up viciously and endangered the property on the opposite side of Lake avenue. Fire Company No. 1 was the first on the scene and all its efforts were directed toward preventing the fire from crossing the street and in this it was successful. Then the flames leaped across the railroad tracks and soon the other warehouse of the old Union Dock and Storage company, which was occupied by the Western Transit company, was blazing fiercely.

GOOD WORK BY FIREMEN.

The entire fire department was on the scene and every man was at work. For a time it seemed as though the entire slip must go. The fire tug Dudley and an engine sent copious streams of water from the rear of the building while in front on Lake avenue two more engines were playing on the flames. In just three-quarters of an hour from the arrival of the department the fire was under control. The merchandise stored in the warehouses burned like a quantity of tinder and lighted up the entire harbor.

The loss as nearly as can be computed until the books are gone over will amount to about $61,500 divided as follows: William Dunn, of Chicago, warehouse buildings, $10,000; Franklin Refining company, 2000 barrels of sugar, $35,000; Western Transit company, merchandise in transit, $6500; Eckert-Williams company, $5000, and J. J. Hartley & Co., on bran and flour, $5000.

The insurance on the property destroyed will foot up to $66,250, and most of the loss was fully insured. William Dunn on the building had $4250 placed through Mendenhall & Hoopes, of which the British-American Insurance company carried $3000, Detroit Insurance company $750 and the Queen Insurance company $500. The Franklin Refining company's goods were fully insured in the East, while the $6500 loss of the Western Transit company is covered by $20,000 worth of insurance, $10,000 of which was placed through J. A. Stephenson & Co. and the remainder by Moon & Stark. J. J. Hartley carried $3000 worth of insurance and the Eckert-Williams company $4000 on their fixtures and stock which were a total loss.

THE CAUSE A MYSTERY.

The scene of the fire was visited by throngs of people yesterday and shortly before noon an engine arrived and soaked some baled hay in which traces of fire still lingered. Early in the morning the denizens of the neighborhood carried off nearly everything they could lay their hands upon, and it became necessary to put a cordon of police on guard. Chief Black came down yesterday morning and made a thorough search for the cause. He is completely mystified, but says it is highly probable that a spark from some fireworks dropped on the roof and in this way the fire originated. It is said the celebration of the Fourth in the locality was continued until Saturday night.

The chief at first was inclined to blame the fire-tug for not arriving promptly. Investigation showed, however, that while the call was sent in and received all right, there was nothing to indicate the location of the fire, and the night manager of the Inman company found out only by ascending the lookout.

In the morning paper Chief Black is credited with stating that ex-Assistant Chief Jackson was instructed last spring to mail the tug people a card showing the location of the alarm box on the water front, and that box No. 14, the one from which the alarm was turned in, proved to be missing from the list. Mr. Jackson says that this is not correct. He never prepared such a list, but it was prepared by Chief Black who instructed him (Jackson) to mail it. He did so, and if box 14 is not on the list the omission is due to Chief Black's mistake.

KNOCKED INTO THE WATER.

There were a number of interesting incidents during the fire. Arthur Edner, a fireman, was working on the fire from the dock side when a door on the Transet company's warehouse came hustling through the air from the effects of an explosion and knocked him into the water. He came up instantly minus helmet and axe and resumed work. His bravery was cheered by the crowd.

Five horses were in J. J. Hartley's stable in the rear of the warehouse. The firemen chopped an exit in the side of the stables, but the flames spread so rapidly that the animals were all consumed amid the burning timbers in full view of the spectators.



ABSOLUTELY PURE
THE OLD RELIABLE
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE
Has stood the Test of Time
MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

It was awarded highest honors at the World's fair, Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

GREAT NORTHERN STUB.

Being Built on Soil and Not on Paper.

Preliminay arrangements for the construction of a Great Northern branch from Casselton to Hope, N. D., about nine miles, have been completed, and active work on the road begins immediately. Foley Bros. & Guthrie, of St. Paul, who secured the contract for this construction, have sublet everything to Caughan & Wiley, of Sauk Center and Mineapolis, and Mike Quigley, of St. Paul, who are now on the ground with a complete gang of men. This stub branch will be profitable to the Great Northern, and its construction is important now simply because of its being on soil instead of on paper.

The oft-promised construction of the Fosston extension of the Great Northern, says the St. Paul Pioneer Press, is again furnishing rumor with a mine of material, and, as evidence of the confidence of some people, two hotels and other buildings are being erected at Permidji, a point about thirty miles from Fosston, on a direct line between that place and Deer River, which seems to be enjoying a townsite boom. That the Fosston branch will be extended next season there seems to be little doubt, but Mr. Hill has repeatedly stated that no work will be begun on it this season.

NEW ROAD WANTED.

A petition for the opening and extension of the road from the Fayal to Ely lake is being circulated and numerously signed by citizens of Virginia, Eveleth and Iron Junction, to be presented to the county board at its next session.

BAPTIST HOME MISSIONS.

Miss Burdette, corresponding secretary of the Woman's Home Mission society, and a sister of Robert Burdette, the humorist, spoke at the First Baptist church yesterday on "Home Missions." She outlined the work and purpose of the society, and spoke of the work of its missionaries among the Kiowas of Oklahoma. In the evening, Rev. Leighton Williams, pastor of the Amity Baptist church, of New York city, spoke on sociological questions.

CHURCH DEDICATED.

The handsome new First Norwegian (Lutheran) church, completed on the site of the building which was burned last winter, was dedicated yesterday morning, Rev. G. Haynie, of Eau Claire, presiding. In the evening the church was packed, and addresses were delivered by Rev. T. Rasmusson, of Minneapolis, and Rev. M. Kuhns, pastor St. John's English Lutheran church in this city. Special musical services were also given.

FANCY SHIRTS.

Is what everybody wears this summer. We are loaded with them. Prices range at 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25.

C. W. Ericson,
219 West Superior Street.

The Ladies' union of the Pilgrim Congregational will give an excursion to Fond du Lac on the steamer Henrietta tomorrow. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue west at 10 o'clock a. m. sharp. Refreshments served on the boat.

THE SCHOOL BOARD.

Committee to Report on the Lester Park Building.

At the meeting of the board of education Saturday night the question of the opposition to the erection of the new school building at Lester Park was brought up by Mr. McDonald. He presented a resolution which read as follows:

Whereas, considerable opposition to the new school building at Lester Park has been manifested by people not conversant with the facts, or the needs, of that locality, which is in the nature of a criticism on the actions of this board.

"Resolved, that a special committee of four be appointed to investigate this matter and prepare for publication and submit to the board at its next meeting a report embodying the following particulars: Condition of the present school building; its value, state of repair, warmth, ventilation, capacity, sewerage, etc. The present site, its value and adaptability as a school site, cost of improving, etc. Needs of the locality as to room, giving number of pupils for all grades, and such other suggestions as the committee may deem meet. The new or proposed site, its advantages over the present, if any. Let the fact be stated by the committee that there is money on hand, in the building fund, sufficient to defray all the cost of building, and that such money cannot legally be used for other purposes, and that the proposed building can be erected and completed without increasing the taxes 1 cent."

The resolution was unanimously adopted, and Messrs. Luther, McDonald Paine and Pryor appointed on the committee.

The committee appointed to consider the building plans reported and were requested to get a builder's estimate as to the cost. Arrangements were made for the purchase of a number of books to form the nucleus of school libraries, and a set of relief maps for the study of geography was ordered. The polling places for the school election, July 20, were designated and a list of 200 inspectors appointed. A request of the Duluth Cycle club for the use of the old East Duluth building as a club room was granted, and the meeting adjourned.

MESABA IRON MINES.

Four Hundred Men Working at the Franklin.

A trip to the Franklin on Wednesday morning, says the Virginia Enterprise, found everything running smoothly, though some temporary delay had been encountered in obtaining cars. Some 400 men are employed at this property, and ore from the shaft and stockpile is going forth at the rate of about 100 cars per day. A new shaft will be sunk the coming fall and winter and the Franklin will be in much better condition for shipments in '96 than heretofore.

At the Ohio two shovels are busily engaged in stripping and good headway is being made. Capt. Arthur Stevens, who is now in charge of the property, expects to begin shipping ore from both ends of the property by Aug. 1. This will add a new gem to the Virginia group of shippers.

The Adams, near Eveleth, is among the latest mines to enter the shipping list, and is now sending out 2000 tons or more per day. A large area has been stripped and a double track shaft sunk 125 feet, equipped with two mammoth 6-ton skips. The mine is being wrought by the milling process.

The Norman, which ceased shipments and practically closed down some three weeks ago, resumed operations last Monday with a small force. This mine has heretofore been worked on the milling process, but from now on it will be worked underground, where a better grade of ore is found.

The Bessemer will enter the shipping list this week as soon as track-laying is complete. The new shaft house is now ready and equipped with two 2-ton skips, a good plant of machinery being in position on the property. The ore at this property is of an excellent grade and will find ready sales in the markets. The mine will be under the supervision of Capt. John C. Harris, of the Franklin.

The Oliver and Lone Jack properties suffered some delay last week from shortage of cars.

It won the highest award and gold medal at the California Midwinter fair, Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

HUNTING FOR ORE.

Capt. J. G. Cohoe, chief explorer for the Consolidated Iron mines, is doing some exploration work in section 24-58-19, says the Hibbing News. When asked if the indications there were not favorable for the discovery of a profitable mine the captain replied that he had failed to note anything particularly favorable in that direction as yet. The captain added that thus far it had been mere guess work with him in this locality, as there are no surface indications or formations to follow. He says there is a heavy glacial deposit here nearly 100 feet in thickness and very hard. What there is below this deposit is yet unknown.

DROWNED IN THE NEMADJI.

On Saturday night Frank, the 12-year-old son of Under Sheriff Frank L. Wilcox, was drowned in the Nemadji river near South Superior. About 6:30 in the evening, in company with a number of boys, he started to take a bath in the river. They kept near the shore for some time, but young Wilcox got beyond his depth and sunk. He was not seen again. The current is quite swift at this point, and it is supposed he was carried down around the point.

THE FIGHT WAS STOPPED.

At the conclusion of the regular performance Saturday night at the Parlor theater Jerry Murley and George Briscoe came together in a hot go. It was advertised to last fifteen rounds, but Murley, who had all the best of it, pounded Briscoe so severely that Capt. Thomson stopped the fight in the thirteenth round.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

AT THE PAVILION.

Bewitching Danseuse Annabelle and Other Attractions.

Bright-eyed, bewitching Annabelle was very much in evidence last night at the Pavilion with her startling dances with electrical effects. Her work was liberally applauded and would have been encored a half dozen times if the young lady had not been too tired to respond. Then the Borani Brothers were very good in their original acrobatic acts and mysterious disappearances. Miss Hilda Thomas and Frank Barry are both clever vaudeville people and met with favor.

Little Gertie Cochran, the marvelous child who answers, according to her manager, over 4000 historical and other questions with absolute correctness, is a marvel of precocity. A large number of Biblical and geographical questions were put to her last night by the audience and never failed of a correct and prompt reply.

The house was packed clear to the brim and the delicious strains of music produced by the Duluth City band could hardly find room to vibrate.

AMUSEMENTS.

"ROMEO AND JULIET" TONIGHT.

The Villars-Owen company will open a two-weeks' popular price engagement at the Lyceum tonight in "Romeo and Juliet." The selection is an ambitious one for a first night, and the fact that the company bases the result of its opening night, which usually determines its patronage for the entire engagement, upon so strong a play, argues well for its ability.

The press notices of the company are favorable, and its engagement will undoubtedly be a successful one. N. S. Murphy, well known in Duluth as a pleasing singer and amateur actor, has been engaged by the company and will make his first appearance here.

THE ALHAMBRA VAUDEVILLES.

The Alhambra Vaudevilles gave a fairly good performance at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening. The attendance was not very large. Pete Baker, the German comedian, was pleasingly funny, and Bernard Dyllyn sang well, his smooth, powerful baritone proving to be a decidedly pleasing feature of the program. Howitz and Bowers did some excellent imitations of well-known actors, and Beebe's dogs gave an interesting and successful performance.

IMPEACHMENT PROCEEDINGS.

Saturday night the impeachment proceedings against Mayor Starkweather, of Superior, consisted principally of arguments between councilmen and attorneys, and the council chamber was packed with a crowd of sightseers. After much talk over various questions of more or less importance, a motion made by Alderman Rogers to the effect that the council had no juridiction was defeated by a vote of 10 to 8. The council adjourned until tonight, when testimony will probably be taken.

WORK IS PROGRESSING.

The Duluth and North Dakota Road is Going Ahead.

President Hines came in from Thief River Monday, says the Drayton, N. D., Echo. He had been on a trip to the Red Lake country in the interests of the road. He informs us that the company has decided to commence from Deer River and build west, and that the ties have been pulled out of the water and piled up on the bank near Red Lake to be used that end of the road. The people are greatly interested in the road over in that section. Thief River Falls people will bond their town for $6000 to aid in the construction of the road between that place and Warren. Grading will commence all along the line between the Red River and Thief River Falls next week.

All the grading is completed between Drayton and St. Thomas except about one and a half miles. Garnett Bros. commenced grading on their contract between St. Thomas and Canton this week. The kick in Lodema township is now off, and everything is moving along lovely. It will not be surprising if 200 miles of the roadbed are completed before the freeze up.

WHEN TRAVELING.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKS.

If you're going East or South send destination, your name and address, number of passengers and pieces of baggage, and date you wish to start to Dering, 248 South Clark street, Chicago. He will supply tickets and arrange to check baggage through to destination. You can go to the station with tickets and baggage checks in your pocket and sleeping car accommodations arranged for. He's reliable and represents a reliable route—the Pennsylvania, shortest from Chicago East and South.

WE recommend the Royal Baking Powder as superior to all others. It is indispensable for finest food.

—United Cooks and Pastry Cooks Asso'n of the United States.

Ladies....

One in ten,
whether ten cents
or a hundred dollars,
is yours for nothing.

Wait and See!
Look for It!



Gail Borden Eagle BRAND Condensed Milk HAS NO EQUAL

PIANO RECITAL CONCERTS BY THE DISTINGUISHED NEW YORK PIANIST.....

....MRS. WILLIAM HUNTER BROWN

—Pupil of Rafael Joseffy, assisted by Local Artists—

Congregational Church

WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 10, and TUESDAY EVENING, July 16.
Under auspices Duluth Union Y. P. S. C. E.
Admission, 50 Cents.

TODAY OPENING DAY

Of Another Week.

Important to consumers of merchandise. Notwithstanding the tendency in all values is upward, commodities in our line having already materially advanced, we shall continue to keep prices at their minimum. *Store open tonight until 9:30.*

If we could indicate in bold type the advantages offered by the

GREAT CLOSING OUT Sale

If it were possible to lay before the consumers of the head of the lakes the countless bargains, the astonishing values, included in the sacrifice, it is a sure thing that while this sale continues, we would have crowds of customers as eager to buy as we are to sell. We are compelled to have big selling the next few days. To have big sales we must have big bargains. The concessions, the prices, the advantages, all show you. Take advantage of these last few days of the greatest sale ever held in the Northwest.

THE JIG MAY SOON BE UP

And when it is, the grandest opportunity of your life to buy **DRY GOODS, Dress Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Ribbons, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furnishings, WORKINGMEN'S CLOTHING, Notions, etc.,** at and in many instances for less than wholesale prices, will be gone.

OPEN TONIGHT 'TIL 9:30.

DULUTH DRY GOODS

WHOLESALE **Company** RETAIL

222 and 224 West Superior Street.



DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS, The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILL ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., - Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold in Duluth by Smith & Smith, 101 West Superior Street.

Established 1869.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Real Estate,
HUNTER BLOCK.

Duluth Trust Co.,

Trust Co. Building.

Depository for Court and Trust Funds and General Deposits. Liberal interest paid on Balances and Certificates of Deposit.
Transacts a General Trust Business.
Loans money on bond and mortgage.
Takes entire charge of Real Estate.
Acts as Trustee, Registrar, Transfer Agent, Executor, Guardian, etc.
No mortgages or paper guaranteed.

FRANKLIN J. FULFORD, Pres't.
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't.
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y and Treas.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY,

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 53 River St., CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE BY

S. F. Boyce, Druggist
335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullom, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9.

Dr. Schiffman fills teeth without pain.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Choice fruit, Seecamp's opp. Y. M. C. A.

The ladies of the First Baptist church give an excursion next Wednesday to Fond du Lac on the steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves the foot of Fifth avenue west at 10 a. m., returning at 6 p. m. Tickets for adults, 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Everybody invited. Should the excursion have to be postponed on account of the weather, tickets will ge good for a later date.

Dr. Routh, of the board of health, requests all nurses willing to care for patients having contagious diseases to publish their names and address.

Mrs. C. P. Murphy, aged 26 years, died at Lakeside this morning of Bright's disease. The body was shipped this afternoon via the St. Paul & Duluth road to Greenleafton, Minn., where the interment will take place.

The June report of the Lake Superior Car Service association makes a good showing, nearly everything except coal having an increase over the same month last year. There was a gain of 50 per cent in brick, 75 per cent in wagons and wagon stock and 300 cars of wheat. The total number of cars handled was 10,681.

Yesterday afternoon the Orangemen of the city met in the First Methodist church to celebrate the day of William of Orange. An address was given by Dr. Forbes, in which he outlined and praised the principles of the society, and said that opposition would only result in strengthening its cause if it were right, and if it were not it would die of itself.

Saturday was the hottest day of the season, the thermometer registering 89 degrees at its highest point.

Bishop McGolrick will lecture on "Michael Angelo" tomorrow evening at the residence of G. G. Hartley, 1305 East Superior street.

A civil suit occupied the morning in the municipal court. One drunk was given $10 and costs and looked lonesome and dejected in his solitary prominence.

A party consisting of Mayor Lewis, W. E. Richardson, Mr. Patrick, Robert Fitzgerald, John Panton and Mr. Willsten made a flying trip to Grand Rapids, Minn., Saturday afternoon on the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in President Greatsinger's private car. They were entertained while there by Dr. Howes and Mr. Matthews and had an enjoyable time returning this morning.

The birth of a daughter to M. B. and Minnie Danielson, 1128 West Michigan street, was reported to the health department today.

The foreign will of Allen Wilson, formerly of Nashua, N. H., was admitted to probate by Judge Ayer this morning.

Robert Monk, who was held to the federal grand jury by Court Commissioner Griffin, of Detroit, appeared before Commissioner T. H. Pressnell today and was released on a bond for $500.

M'NEIL PLEADED GUILTY.

Humane Officer Henry Haskins' case against Gus Foundry and W. H. McNeil, of New Duluth, for selling cigarettes to minors came up this afternoon in the municipal court. McNeil pleaded guilty and was fined $2.50. Foundry entered a plea of not guilty and demanded a jury trial. His case is set for hearing Wednesday at 2 p. m.

THE COLD WAVE'S EXTENT.

Not Confined to Duluth But Covered Much Territory.

Reports from the weather bureau indicate that people who have complained today of the sudden changes of temperature in Duluth have been mistaken in their major premises. The cold wave was decidedly more than local. It extended from Canada to Mexico and from the Rocky mountains to the Ohio river. In some localities the cold was accompanied by severe storms, but in most places the weather was very similar to that in Duluth. All through the Southwestern part of Canada the temperature ranged from 50 to 54 degrees. In Bismarck, North Platte, Helena and other Western cities the thermometer registered from 48 to 54, the lower temperatures being farthest west. In Minnesota the range was from 56 to 60. In the Southern and more Easterly states affected by the cold wave from 66 to 74 was the variance.

This morning the high pressure area, which extended from Canada to New Mexico and Texas, was moving eastward with indications of fair weather, and it is anticipated that in many localities there will be frosts tonight. Northwesterly storm signals were ordered displayed at Duluth and Two Harbors. For Minnesota the predictions for today are for fair and cooler weather, especially in the extreme eastern portion, and probably frosts tonight. Tomorrow is slated to be warmer, with northwest winds.

RESERVE AGENT APPROVED.

Washington, July 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Comptroller Eckels has approved the Third National bank of New York as reserve agent for the Marine National bank of Duluth.

TROUBLE IS EXPECTED.

Welch, Va., July 8.—United States Marshal Gardiner, with all of his deputies, is in the Elkhorn coal field, looking after the Norfolk & Western interests. So far troops have not been ordered by Sheriff Edler, as no outbreak has been attempted by the strikers in Elkhorn, but riotous action on their part is looked for by noon.

PERSONAL.

A party of Cleveland people, consisting of Mrs. W. B. Chisholm and daughters Misses Josephine and Ruth, Messrs. Henry and Andre Chisholm, Clarence and Miss Grace Saunders and Miss Lila Babcock, came up the lakes on the Stephen Mitchell, arriving yesterday, and are spending a few days at the Spalding.

W. B. Leach, of Minneapolis, and W. H. Crandall, of St. Paul, insurance adjusters, are in the city in connection with the loss by the fire of Saturday night.

J. H. Hanway and wife, of New York, who came up on the North Land, will return to their home today on the North West.

L. D. Haupt and wife, of Louisberg, Pa., who have been in the city for several days, will be among the passengers down on the North West.

George S. Josselyn and wife, of Ferdona, N. Y., will go down the lakes on the North West.

J. E. York is expected to arrive in Duluth, on his return from England, tomorrow or the day following.

E. B. Hawkins, of Pittsburg, arrived today in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Myers and H. F. Williamson, Jr., are at Deerwood for a few days bass fishing.

B. J. Phillips, of Ottumwa, Ia., the leading merchant of that city, arrived in Duluth this morning for a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. A. W. Edwards and Miss Ella Jamieson, of Denver, are visiting in the city.

Capt. E. Morcom, of the Minnesota Iron company, is here from Tower.

F. E. Davis and A. Hilberry are here from Biwabik.

John Pengilly, manager of the Chandler mine at Ely, accompanied by his wife and daughter, is at the St. Louis.

Maj. Sears leaves for Marquette this afternoon.

F. E. Donavan returned yesterday from Mason City, Ill., where he was called by the illness of his father.

J. P. McDermott, of Ashland, spent Sunday with J. S. Holbrook, of this city.

W. H. Wardwell, of the Clyde Iron works, leaves today for Bangor, Me., called there by his mother's illness.

Mrs. B. C. McCrossan, of Sioux Falls, S. D., is visiting Mrs. J. W. Sheridan.

Alderman Ole returned this morning from a visit to Calumet, where Mrs. Ole is visiting.

Monroe Nichols and F. B. Daugherty left this afternoon to spend three weeks in West Baden, Ind.

Miss Florence M. Rackle, sister of Mrs. W. M. Burgess, of 1428 East Third street, arrived Friday on the North Land to spend the summer in Duluth.

MRS. SMITH'S BAIL.

She Will be Released on Bonds of $2000.

This afternoon Judge Lewis decided Mrs. Samuel D. Smith's application for bail, fixing it in the sum of $2000. The county attorney at the hearing Saturday asked for $2500. At 3 o'clock Mrs. Smith had not given bail, but she will probably be able to do so within a few days.

F. E. Stauff, as executor of the last will of S. M. Leidel, has sued E. A. Leidel to recover $12,959.85 which he is alleged to have held for the use of deceased and which he has refused to deliver to the plaintiff. O. W. Baldwin is his attorney.

Everett Totman, through J. L. Washburn, his attorney, has sued P. M. Graff and F. H. Frisbee to recover $2487.18 on a note made by the Iron Range Brewing company and endorsed by the defendants.

J. B. Cefalu & Bro. have sued the Fitzsimmons-Derrig company for $207.-20 alleged to be due on a car of bananas. Alford & Hunt are plaintiff's attorneys.

Judge Ensign this morning was hearing plaintiff's motion for a new trial in the case of Menece & Norris against the city, in which a verdict for $75 was found. The ground for the application is that an insufficient verdict was rendered under the influence of passion and prejudice.

This afternoon the case of the Biwabik-Bessemer Ore company against Fitzgerald & Fisk, to recover about $14,000 damages for alleged breach of a stripping contract, was set for trial before Judge Ensign.

Census Enumeration Notice.

The following precincts and wards have now been reported as completed, and all persons residing therein not enumerated will please notify the census committee at 618 Chamber of Commerce. In precincts that are not reported as completed it is presumed the enumerators have not had time to see every one, and people living in such precincts need not at this time report themselves. As fast as enumerators shall complete districts and wards a list of same will be published in the daily papers.

LIST OF PRECINCTS REPORTED AS COMPLETE TO DATE.

First, Second, Third and Fourth precincts of First ward.

First and Second precincts of Second ward.

First, Third and Fourth precincts of Third ward.

Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth precincts of Fourth ward.

First, Third and Fourth precincts of Fifth ward.

First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth precincts of Sixth ward.

First and Third precincts of Seventh ward.

Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Eighth precincts of Eighth ward.

NOTHING can be substituted for the ROYAL BAKING POWDER and give as good results. No other leavening agent will make such light, sweet, delicious, wholesome food.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR. BEST MADE. HIGHEST GRADE

REDUCED

Register Borgstrom Has Cut Down His Salary List For July.

Deficit of Over $150 is Reported For the Month of June.

The Auditor's Estimate of the County Appropriations For This Year.

That Register Borgstrom realizes the truth of The Herald's criticism of his office is shown by the fact that he has cut his salary list for July $115 below that of June, making the total $815 instead of $930. This has been done by letting out one employe and cutting several salaries.

In his report made to the county commissioners the month of June shows a deficit of $150.35. For salaries $930 was appropriated, while the receipts were $804.63. With the addition of $25 for incidental expenses, the above deficit is the result.

The clerk of the court reported a salary list of $520 and $814.32 turned over to the county. The superintendent of poor reported the expenditure of $2865.73 as follows: Provisions, $731.80; fuel, $22.50; clothing, $113.47; burials, $53.25; transportation, $494.48; poor farm, $827.58; hospitals, $420.75, divided as follows: St. Mary's, $153.43; St. Luke's, $196.65; Maternity, $70.67; miscellaneous expenses, $216.90.

The poor farm reported forty-two inmates June 1, admitted during the month, seven; discharged, fourteen; in the poor house July 1 thirty-five. The county physician reported nineteen in hospital June 1, thirty admitted during the month, twenty-three discharged four died, leaving twenty-two in hospital July 1. Thirty-five cases were investigated, fifty-four visits made to the hospitals, seven to the county jail, four to the poor house, thirty to private addresses and thirty-six office cases were attended to.

The superintendent of roads reported the expenditure of $6939.37 during June, as follows: Virginia and Evileth, $146.21, making $1877.07 up to July 1; Tower and Itasca, $257.18; Tischer road, $458.70, making $700.70 to July 1; Swan lake, $1345; Crane lake, $2257.50; bridge at midway road, $154.69; Howard and Gnesen, $571.30; Cloquet river, $286.37; Independence, $370.92; Rice lake, $773.80; Virginia and Mountain Iron, $316.09.

The county commissioners met this morning to consider bills, but there was not a quorum of the committee on claims and accounts present, so bills were expected to take up the entire afternoon. Tomorrow the appropriations for the coming year will be made, and the auditor has prepared an estimate based on the expenditures for last year.

In most cases the expenditures exceeded the appropriations last year, so this year's appropriations are to be made sufficiently large to make up the overdrafts. For instance, the county general fund was estimated at $80,156, and the actual amount spent was $132,-548.40. The largest individual difference was in the appropriation for jurors, in which $6000 was appropriated and $12,-189.99 was spent. The entire appropriation was $219,625 and the expenses were $276,133.96.

The estimate for this year, which has been prepared by the auditor, may be changed in some particulars by the board, but it will be substantially as follows, compared with the expenditures last year:

County revenue, general purposes—Last year, $80,156; this year, $111,330.

Support of poor—Last year, $50,000; this year, $56,100.

County special, road building and repair—Last year, $50,000; this year, $50,-000.

County road, bridge and bond interest and sinking fund—Last year, $12,000; this year, $12,000.

Bond interest, old bonds—Last year, $5469; this year, $5469.

County bond sinking fund, old bonds—Last year, $2000; this year, $2000.

Railroad bond interest and sinking fund—Last year, $20,000; this year, $20,-000.

Total—Last year, $219,625; this year, $257,079, a difference of $37,454 needed to make up overdrafts.

The county treasurer this morning footed up the tax collections for the past six months of 1895 and found them to be much in advance of those of the corresponding period of 1894. The actual figures are: 1894, $660,000; 1895, $863,199, a difference of $203,191 in favor of 1895.

A large part of the collections represent tax assignments to outside parties. A great deal of outside money was invested in that way this spring. Another feature is that a great part of these collections are for back taxes, for the taxes for the current year are a trifle behind those of the same time in 1894.

For ASHLAND, BAYFIELD and all intermediate points take STEAMER LIBERTY, Passengers and Freight. Fast, neat, cozy. Leave Culver's dock Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 9 a. m.

REAMER RELEASED.

Saturday afternoon C. O. Baldwin brought the case of Frank Reamar, who was arrested Friday on a charge of grand larceny, for which he was indicted by the November term grand jury, before Judge Ensign, claiming that as Reamer had been released on bail his rearrest was without warrant. Judge Ensign signed an order for his release.

The steamer Liberty will make regular trips during the summer, beginning tomorrow, between Duluth and Ashland, leaving Duluth on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 9 a. m. from Culver's dock.

The Ladies' guild, of St. Paul's church, will hold their annual sale of fancy work Wednesday, July 10, from 3 until 11 p. m., in the basement of the church. All are cordially invited to attend. Music and refreshments.

Grand excursion tonight st'm'r Liberty

The Great Eastern

Ours is a continual study—Study to please. We shall never outgrow our ambition.



It's....

No use trying to put it off Any longer—you must have

A Mackintosh.....

If there's anyone line we pride ourselves on, it's our Mackintoshes. While, of course, we keep Mackintoshes and Rain Coats to please every pocketbook, we have several styles of very superiorly Tailor-made Mackintoshes that are just a little finer in fabric, more perfect in style and finish than any other Mackintoshes to be found in this city. They are made up with and without Capes, and some in the Monmouth style—a coat without sleeves.

These Finer Mackintoshes range in prices from $15.00 to $25.00 and $30.00.

Umbrellas, $1.00 to $10.00.

N. B.—While for sunshine and warm weather we have Straw Hats and fine, cool, comfortable Furnishings.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

Ladies....

The tenth is yours for nothing, no matter what it is.

Wait for It! It's a Good Thing!

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue Already iced. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

SILVER and GOLD

NEW EDITION OF "CARGILL'S FREAKS IN FINANCE." DONNELLY'S NEW BOOK AND OTHER NEW WORKS AT

ALBERTSON'S. 330 Hotel St. Louis Blk.

DULUTH WON TWICE.

Grand Rapids Ball Team Defeated in Two Games.

The Grand Rapids men were considerably surprised at the manner in which the Duluth club defeated them in both games Saturday and Sunday. Saturday, though, Grand Rapids played a stiff game. Duluth gave them a complete shutout, the score being 11 to 0. Duluth played an almost errorless game, and Chapman, the new pitcher, made an excellent showing on his first appearance.

Yesterday the result was the same, though in not so great a disproportion of tallies. Duluth won by a score of 12 to 8, and had it not been for a wild throw in the fourth inning, which let in several scores, the Grand Rapids score would have been held down to five. Haben pitched for Grand Rapids and Morris for Duluth, and the game was a fairly good one.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT 6 AND 7 PER CENT.

Any amount. No delay.

Howard & Patterson, 201-202 First National Bank Bldg.

TEXAS CITY AND EUROPE.

Negotiations Pending to Operate Direct Line of Steamers.

A telegram, dated Chicago, was received by J. R. Myers, manager and vice president of the Texas City Improvement company, yesterday from Capt. A. B. Wolvin, president of the company, says the Texas City News, stating that he had practically made arrangements with the representatives of a large steamship company to put on a direct line of steamers between Texas City and Liverpool. Until the negotiations are completed, however, the name of the steamship company is withheld.

Two Great "Snaps."

Eight-room house, nice lot, only three blocks from High School, price only $2600; $400 cash.

Good house, fine lot, upper side London Road, only $2500; $300 to $500 cash.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phœnix Blk.

GREEK AND ITALIAN.

A Lively Fight Which Ended in an Arrest.

Dread warfare rears its grim head in the neighborhood of Superior street and Third avenue west. Kalmel Light, a Greek, and a son of Italy, who has an unpronounceable name Anglicised into George Morris, each have a stand in the vicinity of the corner and compete for the transient peanut trade. Competition may be the life of trade but it also breeds trouble and the rivals have had divers difficulties with each other. There are stories afloat of wild-eyed Greeks and Italians with over-grown knives chasing one another about the neighborhood in search of dark red gore.

Yesterday the trouble culminated. Light alleges that the Italian kicked him in the side and struck him with a short club and has had Morris arrested. Morris was released on bail and hied himself straight to the city attorney's office to procure a warrant for Light. The international difficulty will be aired tomorrow in Judge Edson's court.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.

Slater & Loeb who have made an enviable reputation by the selling of fine footwear have decided to retire from the retail trade as will be seen by their announcement on page one. They have conducted this business on the plan that a satisfied customer brings another and this has been accomplished only by selling high grade goods, and their shelves contain nothing but the cream of the best made. To close out this month the cost of the goods will not be considered in the selling.

EXCURSION TO FOND DU LAC.

Pilgrim Congregational church excursion to Fond du Lac tomorrow on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue at 10 a. m. sharp.

The largest stock of pianos at Coon's.

5% $100,000.00 6% TO LOAN. Sums to Suit... The Duluth Banking Co., 400 Burrows Building

Mortgage Loans!

Various amounts, at lowest rates, without delay. Money always on hand.

ROSS L. MAHON, 607 First National Bank Building.

FREIMUTH'S

July is the month of clearance==

With every judicious and careful Dry Goods Merchant. It is the month of winding up of a season and getting ready for another. In accordance with our usual custom we have commenced today

The Greatest Semi-Annual Clearance Sale Ever inaugurated in Duluth. The unprecedented low prices quoted by us for the highest class of merchandise ought to awake a general interest in every prudent dry goods buyer in this city and surroundings. This is not a sale for mere advertising effect, but a genuine

Bona-fide Midsummer Clearance Sale !!!

Colored Dress Goods.
AT CLEARING PRICES.
All wool Novelties and Silk and Wool Novelties that have sold up to 65c a yard; go at, a yard..... 35c
Novelty two-toned Dress Suitings, all the leading summer shades, should sell readily at 60c a yard, but clearing price is, a yard..... 29c
All wool colored Soliels, figured and changeable dress stuffs, made to sell at 85c a yard—we have put a little price on them for you, a yard..... 48c
We've a few of those Checked Suitings and Storm Serges left, the 65c and 75c kind, while they last they go at, a yard..... 39c
All wool Imported Colored Serges, 45 inches wide, they have been selling at 85c a yard, they go at a clearing price—a yard..... 48c

Sale of Novelty Dress Goods.
$22.50, $20, $17.50 and $15 Suits, at one price, a suit..... $6.98
6¼ to 8 yards in a pattern.

Black Dress Goods.
Reliable Makes Only, at Unheard of Prices.
Black Figured Soliels, the $1.25 kind, go at, a yard..... 79c
52-inch Black Clay Diagonal Serge, the $1.50 grade at, a yard..... 89c
Black all wool Whip Cord Nattes and Wool Figures (Priestley's make), the $1.75 quality go at, a yard..... 98c
Black all wool 45-inch Henrietta, the 65c quality, goes at, a yard..... 39c

Black Wool Crepons
AT CLEARING PRICES.

Linings.
12 pieces of German Hair Cloth, the kind you always paid 30c a yard for, clearing price— a yard..... 12½c

Moreen Skirting,
In Black only, at— a yard..... 25c

Wool Challies.
31 inches wide, in dark grounds and pretty figures, the 25c grade— clearing price, a yard..... 15c

Swivel Silks.
Your choice of 37 pieces of Swivel Silks. The price has been 65c a yard; the clearing price is, a yard..... 35c

Wash Goods.
25 pieces of Printed Sateens, the choicest summer styles. They have been 20c, but the price for this clearing sale is..... 12½c
50 pieces of choice Dress Ginghams, the 10c kind, will be slaughtered at, a yard..... 5c
35 pieces of Chambray Ginghams, the 12½c quality—for clearing sale at, a yard..... 7c
100 pieces of best quality Indigo Blue and Fast Black Calicos, the kind that would be cheap at 8c—sell at clearing sale at, a yard..... 5c
20 pieces of printed Challies, the 6c kind, go at, a yard..... 3c
12 pieces of Colored Dotted Swisses, the 25c quality, go at, a yard..... 14c

Fancy Silk Parasols.
AT LESS THAN COST.
$2 50 Parasols at..... $1.50
$3 50 Parasols at..... $2.50
$4 00 Parasols at..... $2.75
$5 00 Parasols at..... $3.50

Kid Gloves.
Ladies' 6-button Dressed White Kid Gloves, the $1.25 grade. Clearing sale at, a pair..... 48c

White Dotted Swisses.
35c quality at, a yard..... 23c
45c quality at, a yard..... 35c
SEE THE WHITE GOODS.

Carpets and Draperies.
50 printed Art Squares, size 2½x3, regular price $1 25—clearing price, each..... 79c
26 inch Smyrna Rugs, the $2.25 kind, at, each..... $1.69
30-inch Smyrna Rugs, the $2.75 kind, at each..... $1.98
All our odd pairs of Lace Curtains at one-half of regular prices.
Short lengths of Carpets at less than cost.

Muslin Underwear.
10 dozen Muslin Night Gowns, the 85c, 95c and 85c grade, all go at one price..... 75c
Children's short White Dresses, stylishly made and nicely trimmed.
$1.00 grade at..... 75c
$1.75 grade at..... $1.25
$2.50 grade at..... $1.75
$3.00 grade at..... $2.19

Sundries.
Box linen note paper and envelopes, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes, worth 20c, go at, a box..... 8c
Box Linen Note Paper and Envelopes, four different tints of paper in box, the 25c kind, at, a box..... 13c

Underwear.
Ladies' Swiss Ribbed, Sleeveless Vests, the 15c kind, at..... 5c
Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Swiss Vests long sleeves, the 35c kind, go at..... 19c
Ladies' Fast Black Lisle Vests, the 50c kind, at..... 33c

THOMPSON'S WILD CHERRY PHOSPHATE.
25c Bottles at 17c Each

Hosiery.
17 dozen of Ladies' Hermsdorf fast black dye two thread, spliced heel and toe, 20c hose at, a pair..... 13c
12 dozen Ladies' extra heavy fast black, four thread, real Macco, seal finish, double sole, extra high spliced heel, the 35c kind at, a pair..... 25c

MILLINERY--
All our Ladies' Fancy Hat Shapes at EXACTLY HALF PRICE.
All Ladies' Trimmed Hats, Tuesday at 33⅓ PER CENT OF REGULAR PRICE.

CLOAK ROOM-
All Fancy Capes in the house for Clearing Sale at ONE-HALF PRICE.
All Ladies' Black Capes, and all Ladies' Jackets at 33⅓ OFF REGULAR PRICE.
Ladies' Walking Skirts at Greatly Reduced Prices.

LACES.
Here's a Snap for You.
Your choice of $1.75, $1.50 and $1 25 Cream Point d'Venice, Net Top Laces, at per yard..... 59c

HANDKERCHIEFS.
50 dozen Hemstitched colored border Handkerchiefs, the 10c kind, for clearing sale at each..... 4c
27 dozen embroidered linen Lawn Handkerchiefs; they would be cheap at 50c, sell for this sale, each... 25c

BELTS.
10 dozen Leather Belts, the 35 kind, go at each..... 10c
The $1 and 75c Leather Belts at..... 19c

WINDSOR TECK TIES
AT HALF PRICE.
20 dozen Windsor Silk Ties, the 20c kind, at each..... 10c

NOTIONS.
10c Pins at..... 5c
10c Hair Curlers at..... 5c
25c Standard Crochet Silk, Clearing price..... 10c
5c Safety Pins at..... 3c
25c Shell Side Combs at..... 10c

LINENS.
5 pieces of full bleached heavy Damask, new goods, new patterns, the 75c quality; Clearing price, per yard..... 58c
50 dozen ¾ Bleached Napkins, warranted all pure linen; cheap at $1.50 a dozen; Clearing price, per doz 98c
35 dozen large size Bleached Turkish Bath Towels, regular price 15c; Clearing price, each..... 10c
40 doz extra large size brown Turkish Bath Towels, would be cheap at 20c, go in this sale at each..... 12½c
60 pairs White Bed Spreads, Marseilles pattern, would be cheap at 85c, go for clearance sale at..... 65c
Heavy Twilled Linen Crash, the 10c kind, goes at, a yard..... 5c
Turkey Red Table Damask, regular 35c quality, clearing price, a yard..... 23c

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LAST EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

LAST EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1895. THREE CENTS.

Tired of Bargains.

A bright little woman came in yesterday and said: "Have you any good reliable goods that are not bargains? I am so tired o[illegible]aring of them that I just long to see some things that [illegible] worth just what is asked for them." We assumed o[illegible]plandest smile and tried to act as if we had never hear[illegible] a bargain, and showed the following goods:

A Long Glass Chamber [illegible]e, carved and heavy, worth $17, reg[illegible]price, $17..... **$17**
SHE WANTED A BETTER SU[illegible]

A handsome Curly Birch Suite, worth fully $21, usually sold by us for $21..... **$21**
SHE BOUGHT THIS ONE.

A $1 50 Woven Wire Spring, worth **$1.50**
TOO CHEAP, SHE SAID.

A $3 00 Wire Spring, special patent, warranted for 10 years, worth..... **$3.00**
SHE TOOK IT.

A $2.25 Wool Top Mattress, worth **$2.25**
SHE SAID THE TICK WAS TOO THIN.

Our special white bat cotton combination Mattress, sateen ticking, regular $5.50 value..... **$5.50**
THIS PLEASED HER AND SHE ORDERED IT.

This woman was a good buyer. She selected goods which will be in good shape **in Ten Years' Time for $29.50.** At her own suggestion she paid $9 50 down and the balance $5 a month.

French & Bassett,

West First Street and Third Avenue, Duluth.

STORE CROWDED ALL DAY.

Men's, Women's and Children's Fine Footwear Selling at ridiculously low prices at the Clearing Out Sale of

Slater & Loeb,

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Office Supplies

THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS LINE IN THE CITY. WHY NOT BUY THE BEST WHEN THEY COST NO MORE. COME TO US FOR WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain & Taylor's

BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.

Ladies....

The tenth is yours
for nothing,
no matter what it is.

Wait for It!
It's a Good Thing!

G. E. BLACKWOOD. BLACKWOOD & CO., H. B. VAN BERGEN.
Successors to C. Wiseman at No. 311 West Superior Street.
Business Men's Lunch from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m.
QUICK SERVICE. GOOD COOKING. MEAL TICKETS, $6 for $4.50 CASH.
Tables Reserved for Ladies. Open from 6 a. m. to 1 a. m.

CORNELL

Defeats the Leanders in the Henley Regetta Today.

Beaten Club Claim They Were Not Ready at the Signal.

Other Events in the Famous Thames River Races at Henley.

Henley on the Thames, July 9.—The fifty-sixth anniversary of the Water Derby in Great Britain opened today and promises to be one of the most interesting that has occurred. This is mainly due to the fact that the seven entries for the grand challenge cup, the "blue ribbon" of aquatics, includes that of the crew from Cornell University, Ithaca, New York. The grand challenge cup was the first competed for in 1839, the Leander Rowing club composed mainly of ex-Oxford and Cambridge oarsmen are the holders of this trophy and the Leander boat club holds the record for this race, 6 m 52 s, made in 1891 over the Henley course, one and one-half miles. Consequently there was an increase of interest in this event, when it was decided by drawing lots at the town hall, Henley, on Saturday last, that Cornell was to meet the Leander crew, the most prominent oarsmen of Great Britain, this afternoon in the first heat in which the Americans take part.

Last year the race for the grand challenge cup was rowed in 7 m 22 s, and as the men from Cornell have frequently covered the course in a little over seven minutes, their admirers, in spite of the gloomy reports from training quarters of the crew, believe that the winning crew would have to break the record. It has been pronounced to be impossible to imagine a more picturesque scene than the one furnished on the waters and banks of "Old Father Thames," between Regatta island, which is the starting point, and Henley bridge, a short distance above the finish. Henley is situated thirty-six miles, and about an hour's sailing from London, and on regatta days crowds of excursionists travel from the great metropolis to the banks of the Thames near Henley in order to witness this unique aquatic carnival.

The competing oarsmen, of course, are the main attractions, but their hundreds of admirers, male and female, are the people who make up the pictures on the roads at Henley. At a rough estimate, fully 120,000 people will be present at the regatta which began today, continues tomorrow and ends on Thursday. Every garret rentable has been secured, days, weeks and even months ahead of this, the opening day of the regatta and important personages connected with Cornell University after wandering for hours about Henley and its neighborhood were unable to obtain beds until some kind of makeshift accommodation was provided for them at the training quarters of the Cornell crew.

MANY AMERICANS PRESENT.

This recalls the fact that the young men of Cornell will not lose for lack of encouragement from their patriotic fellow citizens, the number of Americans present in Great Britain, is by all accounts, the largest ever recorded. Anyhow the crowds of Americans at Henley during the three days of the regatta will utterly eclipse anything of the kind ever dreamed of. The visitors from the United States took time by the forelock and secured the best apartments and most comfortable house boats it was possible for money to procure and they are determined to "Rou" for the boys from Cornell as long as their lungs will hold out. In fact the average American rarely knows how dear is his country until he finds himself in a strange land and prepared to witness a struggle like this. Besides "Old Glory" never looks more beautiful than when waving defiantly among the flags of other nations and when the pulse quickens with the anticipation of a gallant struggle with the best muscle of Great Britain, the home of healthy sports.

This morning every hotel, cottage, private residence, house boat, steam launch, electric launch and row boat, of all sizes, was occupied in some shape or other. Both the Berkshire and the Buckinghamshire shores of the river, prominently known as "Berks" and "Bucks," were alive with people, and the waters swarmed with small craft taking part in this grand aquatic picnic. The blending of color was really marvelous. Flags of all colors, sizes and shapes, mingled with costumes of every description and hue imaginable, topped off with a mushroom growth of many colored parasols and umbrellas. From the ancient stone bridge above the finish to the starting line below Regatta island, the water near the banks of the Thames was jammed with house boats, canoes and every sort of craft known to aquatic humanity, crowded to the utmost with male and female rowing enthusiasts, and all clothed in the very latest of boating costumes, careless of rain or sunshine, cold or heat, the weather had no terrors for them.

The house boats are one of the great features of Henley regattas. They must be seen to be appreciated. Some of them are simply barges, with rough wooden houses upon them, their roofs and windows loaded with flower boxes and flower pots, really floating palaces, hidden under canopies of growing vines. Nearly all at night are plentifully decorated with strings of Chinese lanterns, giving to the river a most pleasant illumination. On board these house boats, commencing the day before the opening of the regatta, there is an incessant round of entertainments of all descriptions, and consequently there arises from the pretty pleasure fleet, almost all the time, a gentle murmuring of sweet music, which seems only to be interrupted by the races.

The Berkshire bank of the river is lined with beautiful greenwood lawns and flower beds, rising over a swarming fleet of craft, and on the opposite Buckinghamshire shore are the masses of people, carriages, fakirs, showmen, peddlers, etc. In addition many of the college and other rowing clubs have tents on the river banks and, in a word, Henley for three days each year, is the happy hunting ground of all lovers of aquatic sports. The course between boats is almost blotted out by small craft, but the ringing of a bell causes an almost magical change, the course is cleared, the music ceases, an almost dead stillness settles over the immense throngs assembled, and then from the starting line arise scores of cheers, which are borne onward with the competing boats until it reaches a climax at the finishing line.

In exact figures the course is one mile and 550 yards long; the starting line is below Regatta island; the crews row up stream against the slight current, and the finish is opposite the grand stand, about yards below Henley bridge. Owing to the fact that the Thames about Henley is narrow and crowded all the races are rowed in heats, only two boats starting in each heat. The first heat is started at noon and the last at 8 p. m., a heat being rowed every half hour. The most perfect order prevails, and everything goes off with clock-work regularity.

ONLY AMATEURS COMPETE.

The regatta takes precedence over everything. Every boat has a distinguishing color and the blades of the oars, as a rule, are painted this color. The course is marked by piles, on top of which are flags, and at each quarter of a mile there is a bell which is rung as each competing boat approaches, in order that the friends of the contestants may know exactly the intervals separating them. Only amateurs, pure and simple, can compete at Henley, as the following extract from the rules clearly determines:

"No person is an amateur who has taken part in an open competition for a stake money, or entrance fee, and has knowingly competed against professionals for a prize, who has taught, pursued or assisted in the practice of athletic exercises of any kind for profit, who has been employed in or about boats, or in manual labor for money or wages, who is, or has been by trade or employment for wages, a mechanic, artisan or laborer, or engaged in any manual duties."

The following is a full list of the entries for the Henley regatta:

Grand challenge cup: Cornell Navy Boat club, Ithaca, U. S. A.; Eton college, Leander club, London Rowing club, New college, Oxford, Thames Rowing club, Trinity hall, Cambridge.

Ladies' challenge plate: Eton college, Leander Boat club, Cambridge Regatta college, St. John's college, Oxford.

Thames challenge cup: Anglican Boat club, Kingston Rowing club, Lady Margaret club, London Rowing club, Molosey Boat club, Noreus Boat club, Amsterdam university, Societe d'Encouragement Au Sprt Nautique, Paris; St. John's college, Thames Rowing club.

Stewards' challenge cup: Argonaut Rowing club, Toronto; Leander club, London Rowing club, New college, Thames Rowing club.

Visitors' challenge cup: Caius college, Cambridge; First Trinity, Cambridge; New college, Trinity college, Oxford; Trinity hall, Cambridge.

Wyfold challenge cup: Caius college, First Trinity, Henley Rowing club, Thames Rowing club, Trinity hall.

The silver goblets: W. B. Broughton and S. D. Mattlebury, Thames Rowing club; W. E. Crum and C. M. Pitman, New college, Oxford; A. J. Davis and L. H. K. Bushfox, Lady Margaret Boat club, Cambridge; V. Nickles and Guy Nickles, London Rowing club.

The names of the Cornell men are as follows: S. L. Shape, captain, Milwaukee, Wis.; E. C. Hager, Buffalo; P. W. Freeborn, Ithaca, N. Y.; G. P. Dyer, Annapolis, Md.; R. B. Hamilton, Ithaca, F. M. Matthews, Buffalo; F. C. Stade, Yonkers, N. Y.; E. K. Spellman, Tonawanda, N. Y.; W. B. Chriswell, Buffalo; E. A. Crawford, Ithaca; J. H. Taussig, Washington, D. C.; T. W. Fennell, Elmira, N. Y.; T. Hall, Washington, Ont.; E. J. Johnson, Catskill, N. Y.; R. E. Sanford, Chicago; C. S. Moore, Olean, N. Y.; H. W. Jeffers, Kinnsley, Pa.; J. Islen, Newark, N. J.; W. Bentley, Fluvenna, N. Y.; F. D. Colson, Buffalo; R. T. Richardson, Chicago. C. S. Francis, of Troy, N. Y., who is a trustee of Cornell university, accompanied the team with Trainer C. E. Courtney to England.

The weather this morning was warm and cloudy and a light wind was blowing from the Buckingham shore but by the time the first heat was started at noon, a very strong wind was blowing from the same direction, giving the crews there a great advantage. In fact time will not be made if the wind continues blowing. As it is now every crew on that side of the river will win. The Cornell crew, it will be remembered, has the Bucks shore in its race with Leander. Sunday's rest and last practice had a permanent effect for the better on the members of the Cornell crew. They rose early this morning and after a light breakfast which had been preceded by a good rub down they arrived at the boat house at 9:20 in good spirits and confident of winning. Hager, Fennell and Spellman especially showed marked improvement. Hager in conversation said: "I think I am all right again, although not as fit as a week ago." Spellman and Fennell voiced the sentiment of all the crew when they said: "We will make the race of our lives and we hope for the best result."

COURTNEY WAS SICK.

Charles E. Courtney, Cornell's coach, was sick in bed this morning and did not come to the boat house. The crew left the boat house at 10 o'clock and rowed their shell slowly to the starting point. The weather was then warm and cloudy and there was a light wind blowing from the Buckingham shore, which should turn out favorable to the American crew. The scene on the river was one of unusual animation even for Henley. The large fleet of house boats and other craft were moored along the banks of the "Bucks" shore gayly decorated with flags and flowers and filled with large parties of fashionable people. The course was staked out with large white posts upon which numerous signal flags were flying.

The Cornell crew entered their boat at the following weights: M. W. Roe, '96 bow, 139 pounds; E. O. Spellman, '97, Tonawanda, N. Y., a member of the freshman's crew of last year, No. 2, 162 pounds; E. C. Hager, '95, who rowed in the freshman and 'varsity crew of '94, No. 3, 166 pounds; F. W. Freeborn, '97, rowed as a freshman in the 'varsity crew of '94, No. 4, 171 pounds; T. Fennell, Jr., first year at rowing, No. 5, 172 pounds; G. P. Dyer, '95, No. 6, 161 pounds; C. A. Louis, '97, a member of the freshman crew of last year, No. 7, 160 pounds; T. Hall, known as the "veteran" stroke of the freshman and 'varsity crews for three years, stroke, 174 pounds; F. D. Colson, '97 coxswain of the freshman crew of last year, coxswain, 109 pounds. To these weights were added three pounds dead weight to make up the minimum required for coxswain.

The crew of the Leander club entered their boat as follows: C. W. Graham, bow, 140; J. A. Ford, No. 2, 166 pounds; S. Graham, No. 3, 169 pounds; F. J. G. Duncanson, No. 4, 187 pounds; W. B. Stewart, No. 5, 187 pounds; C. D. Burnell, No. 6, 188 pounds; McPhilkington, No. 7, 177 pounds; C. W. Kent, stroke, 151 pounds; F. C. Begg, coxswain, 119 pounds. It will thus be seen that there was only twenty-four pounds difference in the weights, omitting the coxswains.

At 2 o'clock the Cornell crew in two carriages drove through the fields to the starting point, the American college boys running and yelling after the vehicles, uttering cries which astonished the Britishers. The strong wind continued from the Buck shore, and all four of the races up to that time had been won by crews pulling on the Bucks side of the river.

At 2:20 p. m. the Leanders pulled down the course to the starting point. They looked in splendid form, and were loudly cheered by the crowds on both banks of the river. The grand challenge cup trophy was displayed during the day on the grand stand, and was the object of much curiosity among the Americans and others. It is a beautiful embossed bowl, with two handles, and inscribed upon it are the names of every winning crew which has competed for it since it was first rowed in 1839.

United States ambassador, Thomas F. Bayard, was on board the umpire's launch. The excitement was at fever heat, when the course was cleared, in preparation for the most important event of the day, the race between Cornell and Leander in the third of the first series of trial heats for the grand challenge cup. When the umpire put the crews in position Cornell was first in place and Leander slowly paddled to the point assigned to that crew. Several boats followed in the wake of the crews, and the umpire sharply ordered them away, as they seemed to seriously interfere with the Leanders. The umpire then said: "Hurry up, Leander."

HOW CORNELL WON.

When the Leander crew was in place, the umpire cried, "are you ready?" Cornell replied: "Yes." A member of the Leander crew said first: "Yes," and then the Leander stroke, C. W. Kent, turned and cried: "No, no." The umpire an instant before had said "Go." Leander at the word started, half of the crew pulling for dear life, but the others turned and shouted, "No, not ready." The umpire waved his hand to Cornell, which had taken the water promptly when the word was given, shot ahead and continued over the course. The umpire's boat at first did not follow, and the Leander crew, with the coxwain, F. C. Begg, in a terrible rage, pulled their boat toward the umpire's launch, and Begg said: "I told you we were not ready."

The Leanders, until the umpire's launch passed away out of speaking distance, continued to shout wildly: "We are not ready; why did you serve us so?" But the umpire did not look at them, and increased the speed of his launch.

In the meantime the Cornell crew, pulling a steady, even stroke, seemed satisfied that they were in the right in continuing the race. Passing the end of Regatta island, the Cornell coxswain half turned and held up his hands towards the umpire's launch, but the umpire waved them on, and Colson, with a satisfied look, quickly resumed his position and gave a sharp order to the crew who had relaxed the tremendous strain with which they had started. Upon reaching the spot where the crowds began to thicken, the Cornell boys were loudly cheered. A few feet beyond this there were excited shouts coming from both banks of the river, and the words, "Where is Leander, why don't they come, are they lost?" could be heard every few feet.

"An English crew would never have kept on," said an excited Britisher. On the grand stand, among the Americans, the feeling was one of great disappointment. One said: "Well, I'd rather they had beaten us, than to have it like this." However, the universal opinion was that Cornell was perfectly right in rowing over the course, and that they could have done nothing else in the face of the umpire's order.

Every few feet on the way to the finish line the excitement increased until nearing the finish the suspense was something tremendous. The umpire's boat steamed up to the press stand amidst great excitement and loud exclamations from all sides. But the umpire was not in any way dismayed and he said: "The race is Cornell's; Leander did not start."

The Cornell crew rowed in very good

(Continued on page 3.)



TAKE none of the pretended substitutes for Royal Baking Powder. Royal only is Absolutely Pure.

THE ORIGINAL

And Only Genuine Clearance Sale . . .

The Semi-Annual Kind...

Inaugurated by us has stirred up our followers and imitators **Once More.** Devoid of principle and business ability he imitatei not only the wording of our advertisements, but our prices. But then we don't mind it much,

It's Only an Imitation And the People Know It.

THE CROWDS are increasing daily at the Glass Block Store. The people who have been here and bought our bargains

Are Advertising Us....

By showing their friends what we gave them for their money. This, of course, increases the Crowds at the

BIG STORE.

All goods advertised in the circulars sent out by us last Saturday are still on sale and will be until all are sold.

The following Items are Some of the Best Sellers:

The Silks, worth 50 to $1.00 At..... **19c**
The Gent's Silk Hankkerchiefs, worth 50c, at..... **25c**
The Knitting Embroideries, worth 75c to $1 50..... **39c**
The Ladies' Kid Gloves, worth $1 00 to $1 50, at..... **39c**
The Leather Belts, worth 35c to 50c, at..... **10c**
The assorted lot of Jewelry, worth 50c to $2 50, at..... **25c**

The Trimmed Millinery
At $2 50, $3 50, $4 50, $5 50 and $6.50. All worth double.

The Umbrellas, worth $7.50 to $10.00..... **$5.00**
The Dress Ginghams, worth 12½c, for..... **7c**
The Black Dress Goods, all worth $1.00, at..... **50c**
The Ladies' Ribbed Vest, worth 10c and 15c, at..... **5c**
The Table Cloths, worth 35c, at..... **15c**
The Bargains in our Linen Department, surprises everybody for their merits.

And the

Shoes

We have been compelled to put in more help to wait on the masses.

The

Patent Medicines

Attract considerable attention, and well they may.

Drink Notox.

Can only be had of us. Don't conflict the great Summer Beverage with the cheap wild Cherry Drinks offered elsewhere.

Samples Free.

Gentlemen

It is seldom you can get a good Shoe, a handsome shoe and a shoe made by a well known maker, like Hanan & Son, or less money than you can get a poor shoe for. All our $5 00, $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00

HANAN SHOES,
Pick **$2.75**

The Greatest Clearance Sale on record is now going on in our Crockery Department.

LOOK!

$2 50 Brass Banquet Lamps cut to $1.25
$3 50 Brass Banquet Lamps cut to $1.75
$4.50 Brass Banquet Lamps cut to $2 25
$5 00 Brass Banquet Lamps cut to $2.50
$6.50 Brass Banquet Lamps cut to $3 25
$7.50 Brass Banquet Lamps cut to $3.75
Only one lamp to a customer.

Our entire stock of $21.50 Dinner Sets, 100 pieces and assorted decorations. Clearance Sale price, only **$12.50**
25c Cups and Saucers, each only..12½c
30c Cups and Saucers, each only....15c
50c Cups and Saucers, each only....25c
98c Cups and Saucers, each only....48c

Do Your Eyes Ache?

Burn or water? Are they inflamed? Our expert optician will fit you and put a final stop to your troubles. Examination free. As a special inducement we offer, this whole week:

Fine Nickle-Silvered Eyeglasses and Spectacles, with perfect achromatic lenses; guaranteed.. **$1.25**
Gold filled Spectacles, with perfect lenses; guaranteed for 10 years..... **$1.75**
Our Solid Gold Frames at prices that make jewelers despair.

Panton & Watson.

SALVADOR

Ex-President Ezeta to Attempt the Overthrow of President Guiterrez.

He Claims He Will Be Declared President Within the Present Month.

Has Plenty of Money and is Assured of a General Support.

San Francisco, July 9.—A local paper says Gen. Antonio Ezeta, ex-president of San Salvador, who has resided in this city several months, is preparing to return to his native land and overthrow the government. Ezeta says he has chartered a vessel, bought arms, cartridges and other munitions of war, and has prepared to go to Salvador in a short time to take by force the authority which he claims rightly belongs to him. He desires for many reasons to keep secret where his vessel was chartered or loaded, as it might be detained if it has not already sailed and his plans thus thwarted, but for the fact that he has engaged a vessel and that he has purchased arms and ammunition he does not hesitate to speak.

Within a month, he says, he expects to be installed as president of Salvador. In discussing his proposed attack upon the government the general displayed a very elaborate military uniform recently received from Paris, which he said he intended to wear when he again becomes the ruler of the country.

"Salvador is ready for my return," said Ezeta. "Indeed, it calls me to come back. Guiterrez has proved himself a despot and tyrant. He has provoked all classes and the people are tired of his oppression and cruelties. They ask me to return and assert the authority that is mine. I have requests from two-thirds of the planters, from the officers of the army, from the merchants and from the common people to return and assume the presidency of the republic. I am confident of success."

According to some of his associates the plan is for Ezeta to descend on the coast of Salvador with his vessel and arms, to rally his friends, supply them with arms and then advance upon the force of Guiterrez, receiving scores of deserters from the army of the republic as he advances. Ezeta is in constant communication with his supporters in Salvador. Ezeta has lived like a prince since he came to San Francisco. He has enjoyed all the luxuries that the city afforded. He has bought them as though his purse had no bottom. Indeed, he has been lavish with his money almost to the point of recklessness. The hotel bill for a part of his stay was $12,000 and another one that reaches the thousands has been presented. But this is only a trifle compared to what he has spent in having a good time.

It is supposed that Ezeta is being supplied with money by his brother Carlos who fled to Paris with $7,000,000 at the outbreak of the revolution in Salvador.

BIG GOLD MINE.

A Company With $2,000,000 Capital to Operate It.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 9.—Articles of incorporation of the Big Horn Mining company were filed today. The nominal capital is $2,000,000, which is all subscribed. The incorporators include L. W. Blinn, who is president; Judge E. M. Ross and Senator Stephen M. White, all residents of this city. The mine is located at the headwaters of the San Gabriel river, on the north slope of Mount Baldy, at an altitude of 7500 feet.

The immense vein is traced for five miles, being walls of ledges 50 to 100 feet wide on the surface. At the 150-foot level the miner who prospected the claim found the ledge 62 feet wide, and the gold ore yielding $6 per ton. There are easily 1,000 000 tons in sight. There is enough water power in the gulch and immediate surroundings to develop 25,000 horse power. A 100-stamp mill will be erected by the company.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50 cent bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

MUNYON'S HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES

No matter what the disease is or how many doctors have failed to cure you, ask your druggist for a 25-cent vial of one of Munyon's Cures, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded. This Company puts up

A cure for every disease

EUSTIS' INTERVIEW.

It Provokes Much Unfavorable Foreign Comment.

London, July 9.—H. De Blowitz, the famous correspondent, commenting in the London Times today upon the alleged interview with the United States ambassador to France, Jas. B. Eustis, published yesterday in the Figaro, said that such an interview evidently constituted a new departure in diplomacy. In reference to the utterances imputed to Mr. Eustis, regarding Canada, Mr. De Blowitz said it would be difficult to believe that the ambassador represented a friendly nation.

Several of the Paris newspapers also comment today on the alleged interview. The Estaffete says that in it Mr. Eustis admitted that the United States supported Japan against France, Russia and Germany; Canada against England, and Cuba against Spain, and that the United States has ambitious commercial ideas respecting Madagascar. All these plans the Estaffete comments are contradictory of the professions of the Monroe doctrine, and combined with their apparent forgetfullness of our former fraternal relations, compels us to anticipate that the future will be darkened by disputes and misunderstandings.

The Libre Parole also severely criticises Mr. Eustis, and, accepting the Figaro interview as genuine, says that the American ambassador has committed a breach of the laws of hospitality.

MILITIA COMPANY BOUNCED.

Phoenix, Ariz., July 9.—Adjt. Gen. Schwartz, of the National Guard of Arizona, will today issue an order disbanding the company of the First infantry stationed at Tuscon. A general court martial has been ordered upon the offenders, and the commissioned officers have been dishonorably discharged. The company has been known as the Mexican company of the regiment, being mainly composed of Spanish-speaking citizens. Its offense consisted in refusing on July 4 to march in a regular procession, preferring to appear in the line of march of a bicycle club. An order will at once be issued at headquarters forbidding the enlistment of any person who cannot speak, read and write the English language.

INSURGENT SUCCESSES.

New York, July 9.—Private correspondence from Cuba brings the report that Gen. Borrero, of the insurgent army, was shot and killed in Alpagracia, where a battle was fought by the insurgents under Gen. Gomez on June 20. Four engagements took place in all of which the insurgents are said to have been successful. Gen. Borrero was leading a company and was shot from a house in the town which was to be ordered to be burned as soon as it was learned that the general was dead. The second engagement was at Coja Larda, where a detachment of Spanish soldiers was forced to surrender the giving up their arms and ammunition.

MESSAGE FROM GLADSTONE.

London, July 9.—The Westminster Gazette this afternoon publishes the following message from Mr. Gladstone, addressed to the Liberals of London.

"Hawarden, July 5, 1895.—Above all other purposes vindicate the right of the house of commons as the organ of the nation. Establish the honor of England, as well as consolidate the strength of the empire by conceding the just constitutional claims of Ireland. Gladstone."

MURDERER HANGED.

Pittsburg, July 9.—Daniel Worling, who shot and killed his wife on April 7 because she had sent him to the workhouse for drunkennesss and abuse, was hanged at 10:50 o'clock this morning in the court house yard.

AFTER SODA DEPOSITS.

Cheyenne, Wyo., July 9.—H. C. Gilbert and associates, of Chicago, have filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The capital stock is $250,000. The object is to develop soda deposits in Central Wyoming.

TWO THOUSAND HOMELESS.

St. Petersburg, July 9.—Fire has destroyed 230 houses in the town of Sambria, government of Lomsha, Poland. Two thousand persons are rendered homeless by the conflagration.

SENTENCED TO HANG.

Colorado Springs, July 9.—Marion W. Van Houten, recently convicted of the murder of Richard Newell, has been sentenced to hang during the week commencing July 28.

TO KILL THE CZAR.

London, July 9.—The Journal of St. Petersburg reports the discovery of an extensive plot against the life of the czar at Moscow. Eight arrests for complicity have been made. Among the accused are six men well known as nihilists.

TWO NEGROES ARRESTED.

Welch, W. Va., July 9.—All is quiet on the Elkhorn today. Only two arrests were made. Two negroes, one for trying to hang a scab miner, and another, Alick Branch, who advised blowing up engines and dynamiting the seven-eighths tunnel.

AMBITIOUS STRONG MEN.

New York, July 9.—Johnson and Lundin, the Swedish strong men, have issued a challenge for $500 to meet and strong men in the world, either single or in teams, in a series of heavy weight contests.

The best is what you want when you are in need of a medicine. That is why you should insist upon Hood's Sarsaparilla. 8

PETOSKEY, MICH., AND RETURN $17.05.

Via D., S. S. & A. Ry. Tickets on sale July 8 to 17. Good for return until Aug. 15. Ticket office 426 Spalding House block.

MURDER

Mrs. Pierce Killed By Two Children at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Grandson Probably Did the Deed While the Girl Looked On.

Both the Young People Have Been Charged With the Crime.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 9.—Mrs. Levi Pierce, aged 60, who lived two miles southwest of Berlin, Ottawa county, was murdered yesterday morning and her daughter, May Pierce, aged 13, and her grand-son, George Keesbro, aged 18, are now in jail at Grand Haven awaiting examination. Mr. Pierce went to the field to work as usual leaving his wife and the others at home.

At 10 o'clock May came running to him, yelling that her mother was dead. Pierce ran to the house and found a terrible state of affairs. On the floor beside the kitchen stove was Mrs. Pierce's dead body. The chin was horribly gashed, the teeth were knocked out and the neck was black and bruised as if she had been choked to death. There were evidences of a terrible struggle.

At the inquest owing to the contradictory stories told by George Keesbro, and his evident desire to keep suspicion from himself he was arrested and taken to the Grand Haven jail last night. Today further investigation led to the girl, May, also being taken to jail.

It is believed that Keesbro did the killing and the little girl knows all about it and perhaps assisted in the murder.

GEN. HANSEN'S MONUMENT.

Lexington, Ky., July 9.—A monument to Gen. Roger Hansen and wife was erected in the Lexington cemetery by surviving ex-Confederates of his command, known as the "Orphan Brigade." It was unveiled this afternoon with appropriate ceremonies, including decoration of the graves of Confederate dead. Mrs. Hansen accompanied her husband in his campaign and was known as the "Mother of the brigade." The principal address was delivered by Capt. Ed Portor Thompson.

Baseball Yesterday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Louisville—Louisville, 6; Washington, 2.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 3.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 7; Brooklyn, 11.

At Chicago—Chicago, 5; New York, 4.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 3; Baltimore, 4; ten innings.

At Pittsburg with Boston, wet grounds.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 7; Milwaukee, 4; eleven innings.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 13; Minneapolis, 5.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 8; Kansas City, 14.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 8; Terre Haute, 7.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Baltimore	55	34	21
Boston	55	33	22
Pittsburg	63	37	26
Chicago	68	40	28
Cleveland	65	37	28
Brooklyn	59	33	26
Cincinnati	61	34	27
Philadelphia	58	32	26
New York	59	28	31
Washington	58	23	35
St. Louis	61	21	43
Louisville	59	10	49

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Indianapolis	57	36	21
Detroit	58	32	26
St. Paul	58	31	27
Kansas City	59	31	28
Milwaukee	59	30	29
Minneapolis	57	25	32
Grand Rapids	61	25	36
Terre Haute	57	23	34

PUGILIST SENTENCED.

Denver, July 9.—Billy Farrell, the pugilist, convicted of robbery, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for two years.

NARROW ESCAPE.

Chicago Yachting Party Capsized in the Lake.

Chicago, July 9.—A yachting party of four people was rescued off Lincoln Park at daylight today after six hours spent in the water clinging to the overturned craft. The party consisted of two young men and a young woman, all prominent society people, and a man servant, who acted as skipper. Yesterday afternoon Allan Fowler started for a sail with his yacht Bowery, taking with him Miss Emma Gibson, James Dalton and a servant.

The weather was delightful and the sail was prolonged until late in the evening. About 10:30 as the yacht was nearing Lincoln park, and the people aboard were resting on deck, a sudden gust of wind caught the craft and capsized the boat. Miss Gibson was rescued by Mr. Fowler and the four clung to the overturned hull. They shrieked for help until their voices failed them.

Chilled and almost helpless they drifted about within sight of the park until returning daylight revealed their plight to some early fishermen on the beach. Boats were sent out and the four were taken off the wreck. All of them were so exhausted that they were unable to give their names or addresses. They were accordingly taken to the hospital where all were revived. Meanwhile the parents of the three young people had been making fraantic search for them, no trace being found until the officials at the hospital announced their safety. Miss Gibson is still in a serious condition, but her recovery is expected. The other members of the party were able to leave the hospital during the day.

MISSING FAIR WILL.

San Francisco, July 9.—A local paper says the administrators of the Fair estate have been approached by Detective Curtin with an offer to return the stolen will for a large monetary consideration. The latter's attorneys say several offers to return the will were made, which they were at first inclined to entertain, but Judge Stack refused to sanction such a transaction.

CALIFORNIA PROSPEROUS.

San Francisco, July 9.—Nearly fifty cities and towns in California in response to inquiries made in the Chronicle, have reported in detail, the development of their leading industries. The net result of the questions and answers is that there is good solid ground for satisfaction at the outlook in all directions.

CANADIAN RIFLEMEN.

London, July 9.—The Bisley rifle meeting opened today with glorious weather for the sport. Of the Canadian riflemen in the Flood-Page competition, Lieut. Mitchell and Messrs. Redden and Rolston, scored 31 and Chamberlain 32.

A MURDERER SUICIDES.

New York, July 9.—James McAvoy, of 349 East Eighth street, who shot his wife at their home on Saturday night, inflicting a wound from the effects of which she died last night, committed suicide by jumping in front of a Third avenue elevated train as he was being taken to the coroner's office from the police court where he had been remanded.

CANADIAN CRISIS.

Quebec, July 9.—Sir Mackenzie Bowells, private secretary, paid a visit to Quebec yesterday. The result is that the earl of Aberdeen, governor general of Canada, started in a special car last night for Ottawa. His hurried return is undoubtedly in connection with the cabinet crisis at Ottawa. He had intended to go to the Lake St. John district for a vacation.

COMING THIS WAY.

Tacoma, Wash., July 9.—Nineteen trainloads of tea, which came on the steamer Strath Nevis, from China, last night, starts East this morning. Besides the tea, comes 323 bales of silk comprising the largest cargo of Oriental freight ever landed on the Paoific coast.

FRENCH POLITICIANS EXCITED.

Montreal, July 9.—French Conservative politicians in this city are so upset by the turn of affairs at Ottawa and the rumored resignation of three of the ministers that they will not express themselves on the situation. They are anxiously awaiting word from the capital.

A CRACKED BELL.

Chicago, July 9.—The "Bell," one of the largest retail clothing houses in the city failed today. The house was closed under a chattel mortgage held by the American Trust and Savings bank. No statement of assets or liabilities was filed and the entire stock was immediately purchased by Amos Childs & Co. at a large figure.

AT PIKE'S PEAK.

Colorado Springs, July 9.—William Elmbeck and Walter H. Clay, government officials, are now at Pike's Peak, and will remain there for three weeks to complete the work of the geological survey across the continent. This work was begun seventeen years ago and will be of much value.

DON'T STOP HIM!

He has a bad attack of colic and is making for Max Wirth's drug store after a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. 25 and 50 cents.

ONLY absolutely pure grape cream of tartar is used in Royal Baking Powder. Unlike other powders, Royal leaves no acid or alkali in the food.

Ladies....

Every tenth one is yours for nothing.

Wait and See! Look for It!

Narcoti-Cure

CURES THE TOBACCO HABIT IN 4 TO 10 DAYS OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Use All the Tobacco You Want Till Your "Craving" is Gone.

NARCOTI-CURE is the only remedy in the world that acts directly on the nerves and drives the nicotine from the system in from four to ten days, It leaves the patient in better health than before taking, and is warranted free from any injurious ingredients.

NARCOTI-CURE is popular because it allows the patient to use all the tobacco he wants while under treatment, or until the "craving" and "hankering" are gone. It is then no sacrifice to throw away tobacco forever.

NARCOTI-CURE is sold at the uniform price of $5.00 a bottle, and one bottle cures.

Money refunded if a cure is not effected when taken according to the directions.

PROF. W. N. WAITE,
Of Amherst, Mass., Chewed Tobacco for 46 Years and was cured by Narcoti-Cure.

AMHERST, MASS., Feb. 8, 1895.
THE NARCOTI CHEMICAL CO.,
Springfield Mass.

Gentlemen—Replying to yours of the 1st, would say that I have used tobacco for 46 years, and of late have consumed a 10-cent-ing a day, besides smoking considerably. I commenced to use tobacco when I was only 11 years old, and have never been able to give up the habit until I took NARCOTI-CURE, although I have tried other so-called remedies without effect. After using your remedy four days all "hankering" for chewing disappeared, and in four days more smoking became unpleasant. I have no further desire for the weed, and experienced no bad effects whatever. I am gaining in flesh and feel better than I have for a long time. To all who wish to be free from the tobacco habit I would say use NARCOTI-CURE.

Yours truly, W. N. WAITE.

IF YOUR DRUGGIST IS UNABLE TO GIVE YOU FULL PARTICULARS ABOUT NARCOTI-CURE SEND TO US FOR BOOK OF PARTICULARS FREE, OR SEND $5.00 FOR A BOTTLE BY MAIL.

The Narcoti Chemical Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

RESTORED MANHOOD

DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold in Duluth by Smith & Smith, 101 West Superior Street.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

BEAR IN MIND THAT "THE GODS HELP THOSE WHO HELP THEMSELVES." SELF HELP SHOULD TEACH YOU TO USE

SAPOLIO

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale, dated June 10th, 1892, recorded in the office of the register of deed of St. Louis County, Minnesota, June 16th, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 103 of mortgages, on page 47, whereby Jacob B. Raab and Rebecca Raab, his wife, mortgagors, mortgaged to Thomas E. Ferrier, mortgagee, that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot number four (4) of block number sixty-eight (68), Oneota, according to the recorded plat thereof, by which default the power of sale has become operative;

And no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt secured thereby or any part thereof; and there is claimed to be due at the dateof this notice the sum of eight hundred and sixty-seven ($867.00) dollars. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of such power of sale the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction by the said sheriff of said county or his deputy, on Thursday, the 25th day of July, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, to pay said sum, and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorney's fees, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 11th, 1895.
THOMAS E. FERRIER,
Mortgagee.

CHAS. W. HOYT,
West Duluth, Minn.,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
June 11-18-25-July-2-9-16

MEMBERS OF THE DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

	Capital	Surplus
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	200,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	27,000
State Bank of Duluth	83,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	50,000	---

IF YOU WISH TO—
DRINK.....
A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing glass of Beer—call for

FITGER'S BEER

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Melvin R. Baldwin and Nettie Baldwin, mortgagors, to Eliza F. Phelps, mortgagee, dated the first day of December, 1891, with a power of sale therein contained, recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of December, 1891, at eight o'clock a. m., in Book 61 of mortgages on page 209.

Said default consists in the non-payment of the semi-annual installments of interest on the debt secured by said mortgage, which by the terms and conditions thereof, became due and payable on the 1st day of December, 1894, and the 1st day of June, 1895, each of which is for the sum of two hundred eighty dollars ($280.00), and in the failure of said mortgagor to pay the taxes and assessments on said mortgaged property for the year 1892 and subsequent years. The mortgagee on the 6th day of May, 1895, paid taxes and assessments upon said property, together with interest, costs and penalties thereon, amounting in the aggregate to five hundred ninety-nine and 3-100 dollars ($599.03), and by the terms of said mortgage the sums so paid for taxes and assessments became a part of the debt secured thereby and became due and payable immediately.

Said mortgagee on account of the defaults above mentioned, has elected, and hereby does elect to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage due and payable, and there is therefore claimed to be due, and is due at the date of this notice, including principal and interest secured by said mortgage, and taxes and assessments paid by the mortgagee as aforesaid, the sum of nine thousand one hundred seventy-eight and 52-100 dollars ($9178.52). No action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, the same being situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: All that part of lots thirteen and fifteen (13 and 15), West First street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, described as follows: Commencing at the northwesterly corner of lot 15, on the alley, running thence in a southerly direction along the line of First avenue west twenty feet to the place of beginning, running then in an easterly direction at right angles to the avenue one hundred (100) feet to the dividing line between lots eleven and thirteen (11 and 13), running then in a southerly direction along said line forty feet (40), running then in a westerly direction at right angles to the last mentioned line one hundred (100) feet to the line of the avenue, running then in a northerly direction along said line of said avenue forty (40) feet to the place of beginning, being a rectangular piece of ground forty by one hundred feet in size (40x100), with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 24th day of July, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine thousand one hundred seventy-eight and 52-100 dollars ($9178.52), and interest, and one hundred dollars ($100.00) attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 4th, 1895.
ELIZA F. PHELPS,
Mortgagee,

Allen & Baldwin,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 302-304 First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minn.
June-4-11-18-25-July-2-9-16.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Becker Svendson and Helene Svendson, his wife, mortgagors, to Nathaniel J. Upham, mortgagee, bearing date the 12th day of January, 1891, and which was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota on the 14th day of January, 1891, at four (4) o'clock p. m., in Book sixty-two (62) of mortgages on page one hundred seventy-six (176), which contained a power of sale in due form in case of such default, which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby was thereafter duly assigned for a valuable consideration by said Nathaniel J. Upham to L. W. Ledyard, by an instrument of assignment dated the 17th day of February, 1891, and which was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County on the 9th day of March, 1891, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., in Book seventy-three (73) of mortgages on page 324 and

Whereas, the said mortgage and the principal note thereby secured contain provisions that if any default be made in the payment of any installment of interest thereon when the same becomes due, then and in that case, the said mortgagee or his assigns may elect without notice that the whole principal sum thereby secured and all accrued interest thereon shall immediately become due and payable and may enforce payment thereof by foreclosure or other legal measures, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said note and mortgage due February 1st, 1895, amounting to the sum of one hundred ($100) dollars, the payment of which was secured by said mortgage and in the payment of five and 60-100 ($5.60) dollars insurance premiums upon said mortgaged premises, and in payment of one hundred eighty-five and 24-100 ($185.24) dollars taxes and eighty-two and 94-100 ($82.94) dollars special assessments, upon said mortgaged premises heretofore paid by said assignee of mortgagee under and by provisions contained in the said mortgage, by reason of such defaults, said assignee of mortgagee, has elected to exercise said option and has heretofore declared and does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage with all accrued interest thereon and two hundred seventy-three and 78-100 ($273.78) dollars insurance premiums, taxes and assessments heretofore paid by said assignee of mortgagee in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, to be now due and payable, and

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand six hundred eighty-six and 66-100 ($2686.66) dollars, principal and interest together with the said further sum of two hundred seventy three and 78-100 ($273.78) dollars insurance premium, taxes and assessments paid and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof, and

Whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of defaults above mentioned and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered three hundred thirty-seven (337), in block numbered seventy-four (74), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and taxes (if any) on said premises and seventy-five ($75.00) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1895, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, 1895.
L. W. LEDYARD,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

MESSRS. TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee, 103-106 Duluth Trust Company building, Duluth, Minn.
July-2-9-16-23-30-Aug-6-13.

RUSHING

Business is Very Brisk at the Brickyard of Saeger & Gunniss.

Forty Men Have Been Employed Since Spring in Making Brick.

The Output for the Year Will Reach About Four Millions.

There is one manufactory in West Duluth of which little has been said, yet there has been more work turned out and steadier employment given than others of a more pretentious character. Reference is made to the brick yard of Saeger & Gunniss. This firm has been rushing business from early spring, regardless of hard times and rainy weather. About forty men have been employed, and 1,500,000 bricks turned out so far this season. The estimated output for the year is given by Foreman Clippert at 3,000,000 to 4,000,000. One half million has already been burned ready for the market, and a new kiln of the same amount will be fired next week.

The local demand for the article is shown in the fact that about 2,000,000 of the company's brick has been consumed in the erection of Duluth school houses alone. Six teams have been employed nearly all summer in hauling brick, and the delivering for the Jackson and Adams buildings has just been completed.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Insure your property with G. E. Hall.

Dr. Kenney, dentist, over Mfr's bank.

Store and rooms, near corner of street leading to mills, on Central avenue. Will newly plaster and paint, furnish plumbing and put said building in first-class shape. Enquire C. W. Hodge.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Mass, of Virginia, are in the city visiting friends.

Mrs. C. H. Jennings, who has been visiting friends in the city, left yesterday for her home in Negaunee, Mich.

W. T. Bailey returned yesterday from St. Paul, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Rosa.

James Brotherton and William Murnan left yesterday for Milwaukee as delegates to the convention of the National Longshoremen's union.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bunker returned yesterday from a trip to Barnum.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McCall and daughter Mattie left yesterday for a visit at Washington, Wis.

Miss Edith Baker is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. Rockwell.

Miss Barry, of Washington, D. C., is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. S. Williamson.

E. L. Prescott is back from a trip to Pine City.

H. P. Gardner spent Sunday in Carlton.

Miss Mabel De Vore left yesterday for a visit at White Bear.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnes, of Brainerd, were guests of Miss Otto on Sunday.

H. W. Lannen has returned from a visit at Stillwater.

For Rent....

An 8-room Modern House—All Conveniences, nicest location in the City, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to

Wm. E. LUCAS,
Exchange Building.

TOOK SUDDEN LEAVE.

Manager of the Grand Rapids Ball Club Skips.

It is hoped by the Grand Rapids friends of T. S. Carlton that his present unexplained absence may be misleading in surface indications, says the Grand Rapids Herald. A week ago last Tuesday Mr. Carlton, who was manager of the local baseball team, went to Duluth to make arrangements for a game or two, but never returned. He had with him about $60 belonging to the club and his obligations about town will aggregate between $300 and $400. Tom Carlton had made many friends since coming to Grand Rapids and was particularly popular among the boys. He was recognized as an expert accountant and for a time acted as deputy county auditor under H. R. King.

At Duluth last week Clerk of Court Blaker endorsed a bank check for him for $20 drawn on the First State Bank of Grand Rapids. Carlton had no funds at the bank and the paper went to protest. Another $5 check came to the First State from West Superior, and Thursday evening a $30 draft came up from St. Paul.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

DOUBLE MURDER.

Louisville, Ky., July 9.—A special to the Post from Princeton, Ky., says: A mob of masked men went to the residence of Joseph Howton, at Lewiston, eight miles from this county last night and murdered him and hos son, Howlett Howton.

DOCTOR'S BILLS SAVED.

Mineral Point, Tuscarawas Co., Ohio.

DR. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I am glad to say that the use of your "Golden Medical Discovery" has saved me many doctors' bills, as I have for the past eleven years, whenever needed, been using it for the erysipelas and also for chronic diarrhea, and am glad to say that it has never failed. I have also recommended it to many of my neighbors, as it is a medicine worth recommending.



J. SMITH, ESQ. JOSEPH SMITH.

PIERCE Guarantees a **CURE**

OR MONEY RETURNED.

The "Discovery" purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood, thereby invigorating the system and building up wholesome flesh when reduced by wasting diseases.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN DULUTH.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, extra	16@ 17½
Dairies, fancy, special make	13@14
Dairies, choice	12 @11
Dairies, good fair and sweet	9
Roll butter, fancy	11 @12
Packing stock	5@ 7
CHEESE.	
New York, October	8 @
Wisconsin and Minnesota, new	8 @ 9
Wisconsin and Minnesota, October	5 @ 6
Full cream, Young America	10 @11
Full cream, second grade	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice	9½@
Brick No. 1	10 @11
Brick No. 2	7 @ 8
Primost	4½@ 5½
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh	11 @11½
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	14 @15
Dark honey	12 @13
BEANS AND PEAS.	
Fancy navy, per bu	$2 25@2 35
Medium, hand picked, per bu	2 00@
Dirty lots, per bu	1 70@1 80
Brown beans, fancy	2 00@2 20
Green peas, per bu	1 10@1 15
Yellow peas, per bu	1 00@1 20
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota	45@ 50
Potatoes, Western stock	60@ 70
Sweet potatoes, Illinois	$3 25@3 40
VEGETABLES.	
Cabbages, California, per 100 lbs.	3 50@3 75
Onions, per bbl	2 50@3 00
Onions, yellow Danvers, per bu	1 15@1 25
Parsley	25@ 30
Squashes, per doz	1 50@1 75
Rutabagas, per bu	35@ 40
Beets, per bu	60@
Carrots, per bu	60@
Carrots, per bbl	1 75@
Parsnips, per bu	50@
NEW VEGETABLES, ETC.	
Lettuce, per basket	25@
Cucumbers, home grown	50@ 75
Radishes, per doz	15@ 20
Mint	35@ 40
Spinach	25@ 30
Tomatoes, per crate	2 25@2 50
Beets	40@ 50
Asparagus, per doz bunches	30@ 50
Rhubarb, per lb	1½@1½
Green onions, per doz	15@
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	3 25@3 50
Carrots, per box	15@ 25
Horse radish, per lb	5@6 7
New potatoes, California, per sack	1 75@
Bermuda onions, per crate	1 50@
Mushrooms, hot house	45@
FRUITS.	
Strawberries, per case, 16 quarts	2 50@
Bananas, bunches	1 25 @ 2 25
Navel oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
California seedlings	2 25 @ 2 50
Mediterranean sweets	2 00 @
Lemons per box	5 00 @ 6 50
Apples—Stock almost cleared up.	
Baldwins	4 50 @ 6 00
Ben Davis, fancy	6 50 @ 7 00
Cranberries, fancy Jersey per bbl	8 25 @ 9 00
Pineapples	1 00 @ 2 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6 @ 7
Veal, choice	5 @ 6½
Veal, heavy, thin coarse	2½@3½
Veal, light, thin	2½@3½
Mutton, fancy dressed	6 @ 6½
Spring lamb, pelts on	7 @ 8
LIVE POULTRY.	
Mixed old and young	8 @
Straight hens	8½@ 9
Roosters	6 @
Turkeys	8 @ 9
Geese	8 @ 9
Ducks	8 @ 9
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lbs. sacks included	13 00@13 50
Shorts, 200 lbs. sacks included	13 00@13 75
Middlings, 100 lbs. sacks included	16 00@17 50
Red dog	24 50@25 00
Ground feed No. 1	19 50@20 50
Ground feed No. 2	18 50@19 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn	9 00 @10 00
Northern Minn	8 50 @ 9 50
Medium	8 00 @ 8 00
Poor	5 00 @ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice Timothy	11 00 @12 00

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 9.—Butter, steady; creameries, 10@16c; dairy, 10@14c. Eggs, firm, 11@11½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 9.—Butter, quiet; Western dairy, 9@14c; Western creamery, 12@17c; Elgins, 17½c. Eggs, steady; Western, 12½@13½c.

BOOKKEEPER $20,000 SHORT.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 9.—W. M. Lysle, bookkeeper of Iggersal & West, commission merchants, has disappeared. Examination shows a shortage in Lysle's accounts of over $20,000. Lysle was in the employ of the firm for a number of years.

WERE SECRETLY MARRIED.

Chicago, July 9.—A sensation was caused today by the announcement of the secret marriage eighteen months ago of David B. Lyman, to Miss Edith O. Rowe, of Hartford, Conn. The groom is a son of David B. Lyman, of the law firm of Lyman & Jackson, the latter being one of the executors of the multi-millionaire Creerar will, and otherwise connected with prominent cases. Young Lyman is a graduate of Yale, where he played on the football eleven a couple of years ago. Miss Rowe is a daughter of Edwin O. Rowe, a broker in New York.

STANFORD SUIT APPEALED.

Washington, July 9.—Attorney General Harmon this afternoon telegraphed Special Attorney McKissick at San Francisco directing him to take an appeal in the Stanford $15,000,000 suit at once. The privilege of amending the government bill, granted by the judge, will not be taken advantage of, but an appeal will be taken to the United States circuit court of appeals for the Pacific coast district.

EXCURSION RATES TO WHITE BEAR LAKE.

The St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell for the 11:15 p. m. train July 9 and 9 a. m. train July 10, round trip tickets to White Bear lake at rate of $5.35. Account "Masonic Celebration." Tickets good returning July 11. For tickets call at city ticket office, 401 West Superior street. F. B. Ross, Northern Passenger Agent.

A MERRY-GO-ROUND.

Washington Star: "I wondher," said Mr. Dolan, "is it thrue that whisky'll cure a shnake bolt."

"Ay coorse it's thrue," replied his companion.

"An' there's no doubt at all about whisky makin' a mon see shnakes."

"Divil a bit."

"Begor chin—"

"Phwat's the matter wid yes?"

"Ol've dishcovered perpetual motion!"

TUMBLED

Wheat Went Down the Grade at a Dizzy Pace Today.

There Was a Loss of Four and One-Half Cents Here.

The Holders of Long Wheat Were Scared and Let Go.

Wheat plunged downward today at a rapid rate. The market opened weak owing to weak cables and a continuation of yesterday's liquidation. The weather bureau's prediction that there would be frost in the Northwest last night just barely escaped being a false alarm. The only place noted as having had frost was Yankton, S. D., and the temperature this morning there was 46. With no frost scare therefore to do battle with, the shorts almost immediately proceeded to strike terror into the hearts of the longs. With the pressure of a little short wheat to start with the market quickly began to decline, and in about a minute millions of long wheat were wildly offered at Chicago, while there was free selling on the Duluth board. Wheat continued on the down grade at a dizzy pace through the session, ending with a loss of 4½c for the day in Duluth.

The very heavy decline was principally the result of heavy realization. Holders of long wheat were frightened into letting go and the market, having no support, went all to pieces under the offerings. The failure of predicted frosts to materialize, the weak foreign markets and the forecasts of the government report all helped in the decline and the lack of export demand was also a bearish factor.

September opened here at 65⅞c, declined 1c, rallied to 65¾c but broke again and at noon was selling at 64½c. The decline after that hour was steady and at 1 o'clock September wheat was 63¾c. It went down with a rush during the last fifteen minutes, touching 61¾c. Following were the closing figures:

No. 1 hard, cash, 64c; July, 64¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 63½c; July, 63¾c; September, 61¾c; December, 63¾c. No. 2 northern, cash, 60¾c. No. 3, 53¾c. Rejected, 53½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 65¾c; No. 1 northern, 64¾c. Rye, 50c. No. 2 oats, 26c; No. 3 oats, 25½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 75; oats, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 15,078 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 39,182 bus.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, July 9.—Wheat, July, 61½c; August, 61¾c; September, 62¾c; December, 64¾c. Corn, July, 42c; September, 42¾c; December, 38¾c. Oats, July, 23½c; August, 22¾c; September, 22½@22¾c. Pork, July, $11.02½; September, $11.07½ asked. Lard, July, $6.35; September, $6.47½. Ribs, July, $6.12½; September, $6.75. Whisky on the basis of $1.25 for high wines. Rye, cash, 42c. Barley, cash, 46@51c. Flax, cash, $1.35; September, $1.22½; October, $1.25. Timothy, cash, $5.00.

FLOUR STATEMENT.

Weekly statement of flour production, receipts and shipments at Duluth and Superior for the week ended July 6, 1895:

	Barrels.
Production by local mills	50,020
Receipts by rail	53,960
Exports	21,985
Shipments	104,965
Stocks in store	177,080

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 9.—Wheat, July, 67¾c; August, 69¼c bid; September, 69¾c asked; December, 75¾c. Corn, September, 47¼ asked. Oats, September, 26¾c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, July 9.—Close: Wheat, September, 63¾c; December, 61¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 65c; No. 1 northern, 62¾c; No. 2 northern, 61¼c.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 9.—Money on call easy at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 2½@3½ per cent. Posted rates $4.86@4.87. Commercial bills $4.88. Silver certificates 67¾, no sales. Bar silver 57¾. Mexican dollars 53½.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

The predicted frosts did not materialize to an extent and the wheat market was weak at the opening, quickly selling off 1½c. Then it rallied ¾c and held pretty steady till about noon when it broke sharply, more than 3c, with only an occasionally rally suggestive of the bottom. There was no apparent cause for the decline. Cables were not as heavy as expected, primary receipts were very light, only 123,000 bus and but 15 cars are expected here tomorrow. The movement of Northwestern wheat is very small, Kansas City getting but 1800 bus today, and reports from the Pacific coast say the California is not threshing out well and there are unfavorable reports from Washington, but the market has run into a panick condition and holders generally have had to let go. It is useless to guess at the future as nobody anticipated the break yesterday and today, and nobody can tell what the outcome may be.

Corn and oats opened rather heavy but immediately rallied on a good speculative demand and held firmly until carried down at the close by the weakness in wheat. Provisions broke badly with all other speculative products and closed at the bottom with a very tired look.

The stock market weakened late in the day on heavy realizing sales.

Puts, September wheat, 62¾c.
Calls, September wheat, 65¾c.
Curb, September wheat, 63c.
Puts, September corn, 41½c.
Calls, September corn, 42¾c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	22¾	23¾	21¾	21¾
Atchison	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Sugar Trust	113	113¾	110¾	111
Canada Southern	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾
C. B & Q	86¾	86¾	85¾	85¾
St. Paul	69	69¾	67¾	67¾
Chicago	58¾	59¼	58¾	58¾
Del., Lack. & W	167	168¾	167	168¾
General Electric	27¾	27¾	26¾	26¾
Erie				
Reading	19¾	20	19¾	19¾
Louis. & Nash	59¾	59¾	58¾	59¼
Manhattan	113¾	113¾	113	113
Missouri Pacific	32	32	32	32
New England	35	36	35	35
Chicago & Nor'w'n	99¾	99¾	96¼	96¼
Nor'n Pacific prfd	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Rock Island	72¾	72¾	71¾	71¾
Union Pacific				
Western Union	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾
C., C., C. & Indiana	46¼	46¾	46¼	46¼
Lake Shore				

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, July 9—4:15 p. m.—Wheat, spot, dull, demand poor. No. 2 red winter, 5s8d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 8d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 8d; No. 1 California, 5s 9d. Futures opened dull with near and distant positions 1¼d lower, closed steady with near positions 1@1¼d lower and distant positions 1d lower. Business about equally distributed. July, 5s 2¼d; August, 5s 2½d; September, 5s 3d; October, 5s 3⅝d; November, 5s 4¼d; December, 5s 4¾d. Corn, spot dull, American mixed new 4s 2½d. Futures opened dull with near and distant positions 1d lower; business about equally distributed. July, 4s 1d; August, 4s 1¼d; September, 4s 1½d; October, 4s 1¾d; November, 4s 1d; December, 4s 1¼d. Flour, dull, demand poor. St. Louis fancy winter, 7s 6d.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, July 9.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 23,369; shipments, 8622. Cattle, official yesterday, 13,934; shipments, 2873. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 8241; shipments, 618. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 25,000. Hogs, receipts, 14,000; left over, 9000. Light, strong, others 5@10c lower than yesterday. Light, $3.85@5.25; mixed, $4.80@5.25; heavy, $4.70@5.35; rough, $4.70@4.85. Cattle, receipts, 3500, half Texans. Market slow. Texas, 10@15c lower than Saturday. Texas steers, $2.80@4.50. Sheep, receipts, 12,000. Market steady.

J. C. TURNER & CO.

Northwestern Mining and Milling Exchange.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND STOCK BROKERS.

Hotel St. Louis, 324 W. Sup St, Duluth

CORNELL

(Continued from page 1.)

form as they passed the winning post, but there was some boasting mingled with the English cheers and Cornell yells. The Cornell crew approached their boat looking as if they had been defeated, and their friends, who were waiting for them, were almost afraid to ask for the result of the race. Finally a venturesome reporter asked them if Cornell was victorious, and three or four of the Cornell men solemnly nodded in reply. The men got out of their boat without displaying the least satisfaction or enthusiasm, with the exception of little Colson, who said: "We are winners, but there was no race. The other fellows made only four strokes and stopped; it was entirely their fault, for the referee said 'Go,' and you bet we chaps went. But when we saw our opponents were making no efforts we slowed up, as there was no sense in tiring ourselves. I cannot imagine what was the matter with them, unless they were afraid of us. But we were winners just the same."

"I am sure we would have won," said Roe, "so I am sorry the Leanders did not put themselves to the test. Anyway, it was no fault of ours."

"I suppose we should be enthusiastic," said Dyer, "but there is little to base it upon."

Fennell remarked: "I am sorry now we did not slow up enough to study the faces of the pretty girls."

Hager said: "The umpire said 'Go,' and we could only obey."

"There was no glory in it," said Spellman, "but it was better than defeat."

OTHER HEATS.

First heat for the grand challenge cup at noon today Trinity Hall Rowing club, Cambridge, beat the London Rowing club eight easily by four lengths in 7 m 26 s. A head wind was blowing and prevented making fast time. Trinity Hall had the Bucks shore the most available shore of the course.

In the first heat for the Thames challenge cup St. James' College Oxford Boat club beat the eight of the Thames Rowing club by a length and a half in 7 m 47 s.

In the second heat for the grand challenge cup Eton college crew beat the eight of the Thames Rowing club.

In the first heat for the visitors challenge cup the Trinity Hall, Cambridge crew, beat the four of Calus college, Cambridge.

In the second heat for the Thames challenge cup the crew of the Neurus club of Amsterdam University beat the crew of the Lady Margaret, St. John's college, Cambridge, by a length. The Dutchmen simply walked away from the Lady Margaret crew, and won as they liked by two and a half lengths. They received the heartiest kind of a reception as they crossed the line ahead of the home crew.

In the first heat for the Stewards' challenge cup for fours the crew of the London Rowing club defeated the crew of the Argonaut Rowing club of Toronto, by only two feet.

WILL PROBABLY PROTEST.

London, July 9.—The St. James Gazette says that the Leander crew will probably protest against the decision of the umpire in allowing the Cornell crew to row over the course when the former crew had announced that they were not ready to start.

EXCURSION RATES TO WHITE BEAR LAKE.

The St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell for the 11:15 p. m. train July 9 and 9 a. m. train July 10, round trip tickets to White Bear lake at rate of $5.35. Account "Masonic Celebration." Tickets good returning July 11. For tickets call at city ticket office, 401 West Superior street. F. B. Ross, Northern Passenger Agent.

"THE MILWAUKEE"

The only Electric Lighted Trains.
The latest private Compartment Cars.
The most luxurious Sleepers.
The celebrated Electric Berth Lamp.
The finest Dining Car Service.
The Government Fast Mail Line.
The most comfortable Parlor Cars.
The best and most Frequent Service.
Safety, Speed, Comfort, Elegance.

Secure sleeping berths early.

Apply to any ticket agent, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

DID YOU LIVE IN INDIANA?

Going back soon? Pennsylvania lines run through forty counties in that state. Shortest and best route from Chicago. Frequent daily trains; first-class service. All the principal cities and towns in Indiana are reached by these lines; all persons who wish to travel comfortably and expeditiously should take this route. Dering, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, will furnish time of trains and other information.

ONLY A PRECAUTION.

Truth: "There is something missing."

The slight look of displeasure that came over Bertram Calloway's face as he entered the room and gazed at the empty space near the wall, showed that he keenly felt the apparent slight that had been put upon him by the disappearance of the most useful article of furniture.

"Merriam," he said sternly, "why have you had the sofa removed?"

"I thought it best, dear," she replied simply.

"You thought it best," he repeated. "And so this is the way I am treated after the calls I have made upon you three times a week, not including Sundays and holidays, for the past six months. You have taken it upon yourself to do this without consulting me. May I ask," he continued, with a slight sneer, "why you thought it best?"

"You may," she replied, her face calm with the conviction that she was right, "I had it taken away, dear, to have two extra legs put on it."

A Popular Want is—Not to Want.
Herald Wants are popular you will find;
They make your wants no wants that is why
Herald Wants are the popular kind.

ONE CENT A WORD!

It Costs Nothing

To advertise
For a position
In The

Evening Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper by lady where she can keep her two children. Call at 208½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—Situation as clerk in grocery store or delivery man. Can furnish best of city references. Address F 8, Herald.

WANTED—Situation wanted by a young man, age 20, speaks Finnish language, also have experience as traveling salesman. D 7, Herald.

WOMAN wants sewing or housework. Apply 23 Second avenue east.

YOUNG married man of good habits wishes the janitorship of a block. Can furnish good city references. Address E. O. Porter, 120 East Superior street.

WANTED—By a competent girl, light housework. Address 1109 East Third street.

SITUATION wanted by a dressmaker to sew in family or take work home. Call 720 East Fourth street.

GOOD boy of 17 wants work of some kind now, must have it. Can furnish good references. Address R. F., 512 West Third street.

WANTED—Washing to take home or will go out by the day. Work done cheap and satisfactory. Call or address 209 East First street, basement.

WANTED—To do sewing or light housework in exchange for room and board for a short time. Address F 7, care Herald.

TO EMPLOYERS—If you are in need of honest, reliable young men they can always be found with first-class references by applying to the general secretary, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—House cleaning, or stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Wanted—Competent young man for light work in ice cream parlor and about the house. Address D 8, Herald.

SALESMEN—We will send samples and pay good salary and expenses, or big commission, to proper applicant; goods sold readily; experience not necessary. Address P. O. Box 1254, N. Y. City. 3

COLLECTORS and solicitors, two good references and small bond required. Apply room 403 Chamber of Commerce building.

WANTED—Men and women to take advantage of an exceptional opportunity to make money, and chance to build up a good business. Address D. A. Rand, McNally & Co., 168 Adams street, Chicago.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—Experienced dining room girl at Norris house, 112 East Superior street.

WANTED—A chambermaid and a laundress. Must be willing to leave city. Call at Mrs. Fogleson's, 116 West Superior street.

WANTED—Competent middle-aged English speaking woman as working housekeeper. John M. Brown, 914 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—First-class shirt maker. Address H. B. O. care Evening Herald.

WANTER—Competent girl for general housework. Two in family. Inquire at 119 West Michigan street.

WANTED—Two cooks, ladies preferred, and two dining room girls. Inquire at Mesaba house, Proctorknott.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Must be competent and well recommended. Apply 1422 East Second street.

WANTED, girl for general housework in small family; Irish or German preferred. Address D 4, Herald office.

WANTED—AGENTS.

$40 PER MONTH, energetic ladies and gentlemen wanted to canvass, above salary guaranteed. Apply or address 540 Lowell block.

LOST.

LOST—On Pavilion, July 4, a lady's gold watch and chain. Finder will please leave same with C. A. Johnson, 409 Palladio building.

FOUND.

FOUND—Mink boa. Owner can have same by identifying property at Herald office and paying for this notice.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

TYPEWRITERS for sale and rent. Stenographers assisted to positions without charge. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 323 West Superior street. E. H. Bochner, manager.

We move everything and anything and almost everybody.



Trunks to any part of the city 25 cents.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY

Telephone 492, Office 210 W. Superior St.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

C St P M & O Ry

Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:

10:55 A. M. EX. SUN—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 5.50 p. m.

5:10 P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee. Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10.30 a. m.

11:00 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Has Pullman Sleeper. Arrives Duluth 7.00 a. m.

G. M. SMITH, General Agent.

B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent, 405 Mesaba Block, Opposite The Spalding.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting July 15th, 1895. Work, Third degree. W. E. Covey, W. M. Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month. Next meeting July 8th, 1895, at 8 p. m. Work, First degree. A. R. McDonald, Act. W. M.; H. C. Hanford, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1895. W. B. Patton, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1895. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

UNION EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.—Ladies wanting help and good girls wanting places please call at 112 West Superior street. MRS. Fogleson.

LADIES—Can always find good girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at MRS. M. C. Seibold's, 225 East Superior street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED rooms, nice location, $5 and $6 per month. 512 West Third street.

BASEMENT for rent, four rooms, water and closet. Cheap. Inquire of F. Schofield, 222 East Second street.

FIRST-CLASS board and rooms at the Clifton. Lowest rates to steady boarders.

NICELY furnished rooms. Lowell block.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath. 129 West Fourth street.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms at 206 West Superior street, Graff block. For gentlemen only. Apply room 4.

FURNISHED rooms. 617 East Third street.

WELL furnished rooms, modern conveniences; fine view. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—Floor room in O'Brien & Knowlton block, for storage or manufacturing purposes, hall 50 by 90. Fred Knowlton.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

HOUSE of seven rooms at Lakeside at 15 per month, in first-class condition. E. W. Barker, 314 Palladio.

FOR RENT—On Aug. 1, well-located 8-room house, steam heated, all conveniences. Also houses in all parts of the city. W. M. Prindle & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS houses and flats to rent in all parts of the city. R. P. and J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FURNISHED 6-room house, upper side of London road to rent for summer. Address J. D., 8 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House in rear of 1020 East Fourth street, $5 per month, water included. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—House No. 118 East Third street for rent. J. C. Hessian, 604 Palladio.

FOR RENT—An 8-room modern house, all conveniences, nicest location in the city, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to William E. Lucas, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

FOR RENT—We have houses in desirable locations to rent. Duluth Trust company, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

PLEASANT 5-room flat. Inquire 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—Flat, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—Two medium sized unfurnished rooms with steam heat, baths and electric lights. State price. Address E 9, Herald.

WANTED—To rent house, seven or eight rooms between Sixth avenue west and Third avenue east. Jamison Bros., rental agency, Torrey building.

THOMAS F. OAKES, HENRY C. PAYNE and HENRY C. ROUSE, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

THE DIRECT LINE TO

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE,
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PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS.
ELEGANT DINING CARS.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Dining Cars on Pacific Express.	Leave Duluth Daily	Arrive Duluth Daily
Pacific Express for all Minnesota and Dakota points, Winnipeg, Yellowstone Park, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Alaska, San Francisco and all Pacific coast points.	3:45 pm	7:25 am
Chicago Limited for all Wisconsin Central & Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western points, Milwaukee, Chicago and beyond	3:50 pm	11:20 am

For information, time cards, maps and tickets call on or write

F. E. DONAVAN, City Ticket Agt. 416 West Superior; or CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.
Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.
TIME CARD.

A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.
10 30	Ar ..... Duluth Lv	3 35
9 45	Ar ..... Cloquet Lv	4 07
8 44	Ar .Stony Brook Junction. Lv	4 53
7 53	Ar ..... Floodwood Lv	5 30
7 10	Ar ..... Swan River Lv	6 25
6 37	Ar ..... LaPrairie Lv	7 10
6 20	Ar .... Grand Rapids Lv	7 20
5 30	Lv ..... Deer River ..... Ar	8 20

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR, General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FINANCIAL.

LOANS on furniture, diamonds, horses. Notes, time checks bought. 715 Torrey building.

MONEY—On hand for mortgages of any size, also houses and stores for sale. William E. Lucas, 1 Exchange building.

MONEY—To loan on diamonds, watches, etc. Low rates. 430 Chamber of Commerce.

MONEY—To loan, any amount. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY—Loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc. Standard Loan office, 324 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

Have your Gasoline Stoves Repaired by an expert before the rush comes. Linings for different ranges on hand. AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 118 East Superior Street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED—Twelve boarders for the summer. Pleasantest location in Duluth. The best of everything in market at proportionate prices. A 114, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—Superfluous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 307 Masonic Temple, Duluth, Minn.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—The only fireproof storage in Duluth is that of the Duluth Van company, with offices at 210 West Superior street. Storage rooms, Michigan street floor Torrey building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR G. ANFIN, clairvoyant, can be consulted at 2 West Second street, for one week.

LAST week's stay. Dr. Harvey, trance medium and clairvoyant. 614 West First street. Open evenings.

MEDIUM—Mme. Sandell gives advice on all business or love affairs without asking any questions; $500 challenge to any medium that excels her. 602 West First street, upstairs.

MRS. LAMONT, clairvoyant, don't fail to visit this most wonderful phenomenon; she tells you your whole life, gives names in full; no matter what trouble you may have with yourself or others she can help you out of your difficulties; to appreciate, you must consult her; open Sundays. 521 West First street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

DYE WORKS—Northwestern Dye Works, No. 112 and 732 West Superior street. Ladies' and gents' clothing cleaned, dyed and repaired.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau Duluth, Minn., July 9.—Fair weather has prevailed in all districts since yesterday morning, except showers in the Lake Superior region.

The temperature has fallen 10 to 20 degrees in Michigan. It has risen slightly in North Dakota and the Canadian Northwest and fallen slightly in the central valleys. The minimum temperature was 42 degrees at Huron, S. D., Winnipeg and Minnedosa, that being the lowest in any district from which reports are received.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 58; maximum yesterday, 61; minimum yesterday, 54.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 7 p. m. tomorrow: Fair and slightly warmer today and Wednesday; fresh westerly winds today; light variable winds Wednesday.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 9.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Fair; slightly warmer tonight and Wednesday; west winds. Minnesota: Fair tonight, with warmer in southern portion Wednesday, variable winds.

Depth of water over miter sill in St. Mary's canal 14 feet 3 inches and it will fall. On the upper lakes fresh to brisk northwest winds will prevail today, decreasing in volume on Wednesday with fair weather.

THE WEATHER BUREAU.

By the removal of Professor Harrington and the promotion of Professor Moore to be head of the weather bureau, very general attention has recently been directed to that feature of the federal service. The history of the weather department in this country does not extend over many years but it is full of interest. The predecessor of the present bureau was the signal service, and it was created fourteen years ago as an accessory of the war department. At that time weather prophets and weather forecasters had little standing in this country. The signal service was at first regarded as somewhat of a joke, and its forecasts were treated with levity. The fourteen years which have passed have witnessed a remarkable change in public sentiment on this point, and today there is no feature of the daily newspaper that is so generally referred to as is the weather report, with the forecasts of the local forecaster and the general predictions from Chicago and Washington. Business men throughout the country, shipping men and the farmers find these reports of great value.

For the fiscal year ending June 30 it cost the people of the United States about $635,000 to maintain the bureau. Under military control for ten years the average cost was $925,000, and this, too, in the face of the fact that the present scope of the work is much greater than it was six years ago. The St. Louis Star-Sayings gives a few instances to show why the appreciation of the service has been so marked. It warned the people of Louisville, Ky., of the terrible storm which swept over it March 27, 1890. Seventy-five people were killed, 250 were injured, and over $2,000,000 of property destroyed.

In August, 1893, the great sea island storm devastated the coasts of the East and the islands off it, causing over 1000 deaths. It was predicted by the weather bureau. It also forewarned the people in the storm belt of the tropical hurricane of September, 1894, and the one in October of the same year. In both instances the warnings were heeded, and $40,000,000 worth of shipping remained snug in port, when to have been at sea meant destruction.

The valuable work of the bureau has saved the grain raisers of the North and Northwest and the fruit belt of the South untold millions by predicting frosts in time to permit precautions. Forewarned is forearmed, and the agriculturist who ten years ago snapped his fingers at the new-fangled system is now his firmest advocate and staunchest adherent. It is gratifying to know that the new head of the bureau, Professor Moore, is a meteorologist of high standing, and that under his direction the efficiency of the bureau will not be affected, unless in the direction of improvement.

THE HISTORY OF THE FIRE.

The awful forest fires of last year which culminated in the awful destruction of life at Hinckley, Sandstone and neighboring places will live in history. It was one of the most terrible calamities of recent years, and the horrors of that event will never be forgotten by those who survived the fiery ordeal or by those who went to their rescue. It is fitting that the story of the great disaster and a record of the brave deeds of those who risked their own lives to save others, as well those who organized and contributed to the noble work of relieving the sufferings and distress of those who lost their possessions in the fierce flames, should be presented in permanent form.

The history of the fire written by the Rev. William Wilkinson, of Minneapolis, appears to completely answer this purpose. It is a handsome volume of 470 pages and contains a very full and well written story of the fire and all the attendant events, and it is embellished by numerous illustrations of a very superior class. It is a work that should have a very wide circulation, and The Herald cannot too strongly commend Mr. Wilkinson's courage in undertaking the publication of a volume that required the expenditure of such a large sum of money as is represented in its production. It is to be hoped that the sales of the book will amply recompense him for his large financial outlay, to say nothing of the immense amount of personal labor which he has expended upon it.

It is hardly necessary to state that the history of the fire is well written, because Mr. Wilkinson is known as an able and interesting writer. In this work he has displayed his ability as a historian. Nowhere does there appear any desire to exaggerate or to unduly laud one person in preference to another. The deeds of the humblest individual who made himself conspicuous in the disaster are accorded full praise, and in giving credit where credit is due in the work of relief Mr. Wilkinson has not sought to extol the services of any person merely because he is wealthy or prominent in short it is a true story of the fire and the relief work and told with a directness and clearness that must charm the reader. The plain story is eloquent, and when presented in Mr. Wilkinson's excellent style becomes thrilling and interesting.

The noble work done by the Duluth people for those who suffered by the fire is fully recognized by Mr. Wilkinson. There are eighty pages of half tone illustrations, which are very fine. Amongst these whose photographs are reproduced are Mayor Lewis, Chief of Police Armstrong and six of his men, Col. Gridley, J. G. Howard, D. M. Williams, K. Bell, C. F. Johnson, Mr. Leland, R. Robel, Dr. Watson, Bishop McGolrick, Rev. Dr. Ryan, Rev. Dr. Salter, Mrs. Bangs and Mrs. A. M. Miller. There is a good report of the work done by the ladies relief society, and it seems as if little could be added. The book will be the standard work on the fire, and no library in Duluth will be complete without it.

INFLUENCING THE PRESS.

A story which illustrates how difficult it is, as a rule, to influence newspaper publication is related of Isaac L. Rice, one of the founders of the Forum magazine, and now its editor since the retirement of Walter H. Page. Some years ago Mr. Rice was engaged in placing enormous blocks of stock of a Pennsylvania natural gas company. Before he had closed the transaction the Forum came out with an article by Professor Seelye, who demonstrated that the natural gas supply would soon be exhausted, and that it could not possibly last longer than a few years. As a logical result the people for whom Mr. Rice was acting are said to have been amazed, frightened and utterly at a loss to understand what Mr. Rice could have been thinking of when allowing the Forum to print such a condemnation of a transaction in which he was personally interested. When spoken to about it Mr. Rice remarked: "Gentlemen, if my entire fortune were involved, I could not even consider suppressing from the Forum an article which would be of instruction to our readers."

Those people who talk lightly about the manner in which newspaper publication can be influenced may find in the above incident food for reflection. When we consider the great pressure that is brought to bear upon newspapers to influence them in one direction or another, it is really astonishing that so few bear evidence of being influenced by unworthy considerations. That the owners and managers of newspapers so generally resist such influences as are brought to bear upon them is a strong testimonial to the character of the men who control the newspapers of the country, and shows that the press is free and independent in fact as well as in name. It is when a man actually undertakes to influence the press for the advancement of his personal scheme that he discovers what a difficult job he has undertaken.

PRACTISING ECONOMY.

The county commissioners yesterday decided that the time is not opportune to create the office of county assessor. This is a sensible conclusion and does the members of the board much credit. To create new offices and increase the expenditures of the county at this time would be very foolish. The people of St. Louis county will not approve any action that will increase the tax levy, and they look to the commissioners to practice economy in every department. The Herald is pleased to notice that the commissioners appreciate this state of public sentiment.

In the same connection it is gratifying to notice that the register of deeds has profited by The Herald's criticisms on the large expense of conducting his office, with the result that it was showing a deficit instead of a surplus to the county, and has taken steps to cut down the expenditures by dropping one employe and reducing the salaries of others. The commissioners should see that proper economy is practised in running all the offices at the court house.

The great survey map of England, one of the greatest achievements of the century, is nearly completed. It will contain in all nearly 110,000 sheets, and has been costing, during the last twenty years, $1,000,000 a year. The scales vary from ten to five feet to the mile for the towns, through twenty-five inches, six inches, one inch, one-quarter of an inch and one-tenth of an inch to the mile. The details are so minute that the twenty-five and six inch maps show every hedge, fence, ditch, wall, building and even every isolated tree in the country. The twenty-five-inch map shows in color the material of which every part of a building is constructed. The plans show not only the exact shape of every building, but every porch, area, doorstep, lamp post, railway and fire plug. The fact that such a map could be made in twenty years shows what a small country England is when compared with the United States. The cost of such a map of this country would be enormous.

The general belief that divorce is a luxury of the rich and the idle is not backed up by statistics. Divorce has been legal in France now for eight years. The first year the number granted was 1700; the second, 4000; in 1894 it was 8000; the total for eight years is 40,000. The working classes supply the largest proportion, 47 per cent; the peasants the smallest, 7 per cent. Incompatibility of temper was the cause in 25,000 cases. The most common time for suit is the fifth year after marriage.

The Superior Telegram asserts that the removal of Professor Mark W. Harrington from the head of the weather bureau is proof "that Mr. Cleveland's claim to being a civil service reformer is a fraudulent one." Inasmuch as Mr. Harrington's successor is a Republican who had passed the highest examination for professor in the bureau, the Telegram seems to be somewhat astray in its conclusion.

In coal production the United States cuts no mean figure. According to recent statistics for 1894 the world produced in that year 553,700,000 tons of coal. To this total Great Britain contributed 185,500,000 tons; the United States, 170,000,000; Germany, 74,000,000; France, 25,250,000; Belgium, 19,500,000, and Austria-Hungary, 10,250,000 tons. Five million tons were mined in Australia, 4,000,000 in Canada and 3,000,000 in India.

In ordinary chemical analysis one-hundred-and-twentieth of a grain approaches very nearly the lowest limit of practical determination. The spectroscope, however, is so sensitive that it can tell the presence of a substance when the quantity is nearly 2,000,000 times less than this, or 1,240,000,000th of a grain.

A New York policeman who tried to resign because of the many charges against him, and was not allowed to do so, committed suicide. The Roosevelt commisssioners seem to be terrors to the evildoer, no matter if he be on the police force or not.

Scientists have discovered a new disease. It is annusia, or the loss of the musical faculty. This must be what ails the mayor and aldermen of Superior. There is no harmony between them.

Wheat at the present price is "dirt cheap." With a smaller visible than for years and a half crop expected in several states, higher values must prevail soon.

Those who laughed at the claims made by Capt. Anson for the "Chicago Colts" early in the season are not laughing so hard at present.

For sale—One sign with the words, "Boy Wanted." Address Grover Cleveland, Gray Gables, Buzzard's Bay, Mass.

"Ruth, Esther, and now shall it be Naomi or Groveretta?" asks the Minneapolis Journal. Why not Frances?

St. Paul papers refer to a Wilbur prima donna as "reserved." Reserved for whom?

The new weather man is improving.

A Daily Hint from L'art de la Mode.



27

Of cream white Fayetta draped over a bodice of cream lace; it is held by strap and rosettes on the shoulders and waist; draped sleeves. Eight yards 40-inch goods.

ABUSE IS NOT ARGUMENT.

Madison, Minn., Independent Press: The aim and desire of the silver men is to see the money of this country the best that can be had, i. e., gold and silver, a dollar of one as good as a dollar of the other, and the United States the manufacturing center of the world. They wish to repudiate no debts and pay nothing in 50-cent dollars. They expect to pay every dollar promised, and that, too, in a dollar worth 100 cents. They claim to be honest men and do not depend on such arguments as calling those who may differ with them "fanatics," or "fools," or "repudiators." They have the future welfare of this country just as closely at heart as have the gold men. Let the discussion be honest and fair. Calling names will not pass as argument for or against either side among intelligent people.

We Sell Warm Weather Wares Cheaper Than Anybody .....

Now Comes the Period of the Summer Girl's Reign.

Miss Lingard Is Promising Gowns the 18th.

One Price And That Right.

HOWARD & HAYNIE

American Store.

IF SHE FAILS to look cool and dainty she has not succeeded in being a summer girl; and to look cool and dainty she is dependent upon Swisses, Organdies, Muslins, Duckings, Piques, Laces, Sailor Hats, Lace Hats, Wash Silks, Veilings, Chiffons, etc. THE QUESTION IS: Where can the new, the chic, the ultra, the nobby and natty styles be obtained? To the great majority it is unnecessary to name THE STORE as the only place for such goods in Duluth.

Turn to the Right

Upon entering the door and you will find yourself amidst Laces and Parasols, Beauteous Wash Materials of every description, exquisite Embroideries, dainty Handkerchiefs and Gloves, and all such cool looking summer wears for women, selling at less than is asked in different places for indifferent goods.

A Little Farther Down to the Left

You will notice Ladies' and Children's warm weather Underwear on sale. Garments ranging in price from 12½c up through to 50c each that beat the world.

Two Minutes

Will suffice to win your friendship in the Shirt Waist department. The cool colorings, the dainty cuffed and colored Waists, the perfect fitting, the best to be had, are selling most speedily owing to the low prices.

Ready Made

Veils, created by artists, showing every new and desirable effect, can be had at the Lace Counter.

For Your Face

Skirts of Duck, of Serge, of Flannel, of Mohair, lined and unlined, in all lengths and sizes, at prices lower than you would expect.

New Muslin Underwear.....

Such as Skirts, Night Gowns, Corset Covers and Demi Wrappers just in.

Silks for Shirt Waists

In check and stripes, hair lines and mixtures, selling at

34c and Up.

The ..... Millinery Dept.

Is now at its best. Made-up Hats are selling very cheaply and all orders are promptly executed.

Get Your Furs Fixed Now.

It Costs Less .....

Howard & Haynie's.

THE OTHER ONE.

Sweet little maid with winsome eyes
That laugh all day through the tangled hair,
Gazing with baby looks so wise
Over the arm of the oaken chair,
Dearer than you is none to me,
Dearer than you there can be none,
Since in your laughing face I see
Eyes that tell of another one.

Here where the fire-light softly glows,
Sheltered and safe, and snug and warm,
What to you is the wind that blows,
Driving the sleet of the winter storm?
Round your head the ruddy light
Glints on the gold from your tresses spun,
But deep is the drifting snow tonight
Over the head of the other one.

Hold me closely as you sagely stand,
Watching the dying embers shine;
Then shall I feel another hand
That nestled once in this hand of mine,
Poor little hand, so cold and still,
Shut from the light of stars and sun,
Clasping the withered roses still
That hide the face of the sleeping one.

Laugh, little maid, while laugh you may,
Sorrow comes to us all, I know;
Better, perhaps, for her to stay
Under the drifting robe of snow.
Sing while you may your baby songs,
Sing till your baby days are done;
But, oh! the ache of the heart that longs
Night and day for the other one.
—The Bookman.

A DARING PERUVIAN.

The truth of the following anecdote can be vouched for, says the Panama Star and Herald:

An Indian montonero alone, with his rifle on his shoulder, came out of San Cristobal street to that of Plieta de Santa Catalina; on facing the fort of Santa Catalina, and as he advanced in that direction rifles and mitrailleuse were fired at him, but the fellow went on the even tenor of his way, letting them blaze away at him without touching his rifle or turning his head, until he reached the corner of General street, where he performed a right about face, took off his kepi, and made a polite bow to those on the fort who had taken so much trouble to kill him.

The officer in command on Santa Catalina was so impressed with the cool and undaunted bearing of this montonero that he ordered his soldiers to give him a cheer, and they did so.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by all druggists.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AMUSEMENTS.

THE VILLARS-OWEN COMPANY.

The Villars-Owen company successfully opened its engagement before a crowded house at the Lyceum last evening in "Romeo and Juliet." In a popular price repertoire company theatergoers as a rule do not look for much merit, and because of the prices they are prepared to condone a good many serious faults from an artistic point of view. Those who attended last night with that in mind were very agreeably disappointed. Probably there never was a better company of its kind on the stage of any of Duluth's theaters, and those who attend need expect none of the usual glaring faults which belong to the ordinary run of companies of the kind.

Jessie Villars appeared as Juliet, and she took the part satisfactorily. William Owen was excellent as Romeo, and J. W. McConnell made some quick changes and did some really excellent work as Mercutio and Friar Lawrence. Frank Fahey as Tybalt, Charles Stoddard as Paris, J. L. Weber as Benvollo, Arthur Villars as Peter, were all good. Margaret Hayward made a very pleasing and amusing nurse, and Francesca Bilden was good as Lady Capulet. The house was generous with its applause, and Miss Villars received a warm curtain call after the third act.

A popular feature is the Regent quartet, which sang one number last night. It was a solo with voice accompaniment, and N. S. Murphy's baritone was heard in the solo. An encore was necessary, and with time the applause was warm and hearty. The company is to be congratulated upon the accession of Mr. Murphy's voice.

Tonight a double bill—the merry comedy of "The Serious Family" and the realistic singing specialty of the "Life Boat" will be given.

TWO PIANO RECITALS.

The first of the two piano recital concerts by Mrs. William Hunter Brown, the New York pianist, takes place in the Congregational church tomorrow night under the auspices of the Duluth Union of Christian Endeavor. She will be assisted at the first concert by Miss McKenzie and Miss Louise Hall. An informal reception will take place after the concert, giving the musicians and music lovers an opportunity to meet Mrs. Brown, who is said to be a very charming lady personally.

MICHIGAN EDITORS COMING.

The Michigan editors will be here this week. They are to meet at Benton Harbor today and will arrive in the Twin Cities Thursday. Friday afternoon they start for Duluth a nd they will arrive here Saturday morning. All day Saturday they will be the guests of Duluth and Superior, and Saturday night they will leave on the Monarch, which will deposit them at Port Huron, from which place they will leave for their respective homes.



IN SUMMER

cooling drinks are necessary. They are the universal antidote for excessive warmth. Nothing is so popular with the fair sex in Duluth as our soda served in all the various flavors and with cream for only a nickel a glass. To have their attentions well received, young men should treat their sweethearts coolly, by inviting them to enjoy our soda, which is really the coolest and most delightful summer drink in Duluth, wholesome, healthful and invigorating. Soda heads the list of summer beverages, and the foaming stream from our fountain heads the list of all sodas.

Boyce's Drug Store

Hartman General Electric Co.

..... ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH

Electric Current

FOR—

ARC AND INCANDESCENT LIGHT AND MOTOR SERVICE.

GENERAL OFFICE:

Room 3 Exchange Building.

10 CHIPS 5 CENTS. A DELICIOUS DIGESTER

DON'T BE WOOZY (CHEW) FAULTLESS PEPSIN CHIPS

THE GUM THAT'S ROUND

DEALERS DON'T KEEP THEM THEY SELL THEM

SEND 5¢ FOR SAMPLE PACKAGE

CONN BROS. & KLEE SOLE AGENTS PATENTEES OF CHURCH ST. N.Y.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district, and county of St. Louis, on the 27th day of June, 1895, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein the City of Duluth for the use and benefit of Thomas J. Feeley was plaintiff and Jeremiah H. Triggs and Henry H. Bell were defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of three hundred and seventy-five and 40-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Thursday the 15th day of August, 1895 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor, Jeremiah H. Triggs had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 13th day of April, 1891, that being the date of the rendition and docketing of said judgment, also all interest subsequently acquired therein by him, the description of the property being as follows to-wit:

Lot eleven (11), in block ten (10), Central Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., July 2d, 1895.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Judgment Creditor,
101-2-3 Security building, Duluth, Minn.
July-2-9-16-23-30-Aug-6

NERVE SEEDS FOR WEAK MEN

This Famous Remedy cures quickly and permanently all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, **Lost Vitality**, nightly emissions, evil dreams, impotency and wasting diseases caused by **youthful errors or excesses.** Contains no opiates, is a **nerve tonic and blood builder.** Makes the pale and puny strong and plump. Easily carried in vest pocket, $1 per box; 6 for $5. By mail prepaid with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Write us for **free medical book,** sent sealed in plain wrapper, which contains testimonials and financial references. **No charge for consultations.** *Beware of imitations.* Sold by our advertised agents, or address **NERVE SEED CO.,** Masonic Temple, **Chicago.**

Sold in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and by Max Wirth, Druggists.

THE ★ PAVILION...

Week of July 7.

ATTRACTIONS BETTER THAN EVER.

The Great—the Only

BORANI BROS.,

The Indescribable and Immensely Funny

Disappearing Demons,

In wonderful situations and magical disappearances.

HILDA THOMAS,

The Queen of the Vaudevilles, assisted by

MR. FRANK BARRY.

THE MARVELOUS CHILD,

Gertie Cochran..

The Infant Prodigy and Phenomenon of Phenomena.

Though only 5 years old answers correctly from memory over 4000 questions, historical and otherwise.

The World-Famous

Annabelle, ★

In Brilliant Specialties,

With the most wonderful effects electric lights can produce.

Great as the greatest—our own and only

Duluth City Band.

Always popular and always Welcome.

Daily performances at 3 and 8:30 p. m.

Admission—5c, 10c and 15c

GRAND MOONLIGHT EXCURSIONS.

Steamer LIBERTY will leave foot Fifth avenue west at 8 p.m. on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday evenings for trip around the horn. Fare 25 cents

Music on Board. D. J. CLOW, Master

THE LYCEUM.

Duluth's Leading Theater.
L. N. Scott, Manager.

TONIGHT.—Double bill.

Villars-Owen Co.

In the Merry Comedy,

"A Serious Family,"

and the realistic singing specialty,

"THE LIFE BOAT CREW," by the famous Regent Quartet, N. S. Murphy, Geo. Pike, Frank Faber, J. L. Weber.

SEATS—50, 25 AND 15 CENTS.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, which was duly executed and delivered by William C. Sargent, and Ebebie L. Sargent, his wife, of St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, mortgagors, to Alexander Macrae, of St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of October, 1894, and which was duly filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of December, 1894 at three o'clock and fifty minutes of said day, and duly recorded in Book 127 of mortgages of said register of deeds' office, on pages 342 and 343, and

Whereas the said Alexander Macrae on the 30th day of October, 1894, for a valuable consideration to him in hand paid by Lizzie A. Silliman, of Bradford County, Pennsylvania, by an instrument in writing, did duly assign all of his interest in said mortgage, and the principal note and coupon interest notes accompanying the said mortgage to said Lizzie A. Silliman, which said instrument of assignment was duly filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota on the 15th day of December, 1894, at three o'clock and fifty minutes of said day, and duly recorded in Book 108 of mortgages in said register of deeds office on page 467.

And whereas the said mortgage contains the following stipulation and agreement:

"It is hereby stipulated and agreed by and between the parties hereto that if default shall be made in any of the conditions or covenants in this mortgage contained, on the part of the said parties of the first part, to be kept and performed, that then the whole sum hereby secured shall immediately become, and at any time thereafter be due and payable, at the election of the said party of the second part, his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns without any notice, and it shall be lawful for the party of the second part his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns to proceed to enforce the payment thereof in like manner as if the same had become due and payable by the terms of said note and coupons."

And whereas there became due and payable as interest on the principal note accompanying the said mortgage, on the 1st day of May, 1895, the sum of fifty-one and 35-100 (51.35) dollars, which amount was evidenced by coupon note No. 1, and

Whereas no part of said amount of fifty-one and 35-100 (51.35) dollars has been paid though often demanded, and

Whereas the said assignee, Lizzie A. Silliman, on account of said default has elected to declare the whole amount of said mortgage debt, and interest to be due and does hereby declare the whole of said mortgage debt and interest to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage debt, the sum of thirteen hundred and twenty-two and 10-100 ($322.10) dollars, principal and interest, and also the sum of thirteen and 65-100 (13.65) dollars paid as insurance premium by the assignee of said mortgage, on the 2nd day of July, 1895, on said property hereinbefore described, and also the sum of seventy-five (75) dollars attorneys' fees as provided for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted or commenced to collect said mortgage debt or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered thirteen (13), in block numbered twenty-eight (28), in London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, all in St. Louis County, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the said amount of thirteen and 65-100 (13.65) dollars and interest on said thirteen and 65-100 (13.65) dollars as provided in the said mortgage and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth in said county and state on the 14th day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 2nd, 1895.

LIZZIE A. SILLIMAN,
Assignee of Mortgage.

DAVIES & BUREAU,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage,
214 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minn.
July-2-9-16-23-30-August-6-1895

WAS TAME

The Meeting of the Aldermen Last Night Not Very Eventful.

Nothing Was Heard About the Telephone Ordinance Owing to Opposition.

Garfield Avenue Viaduct Likely to Be Started from Superior Street.

After all the council meeting last night was a comparatively tame affair. The telephone subway franchise failed to come up for its final reading. So much opposition to the measure developed at the afternoon caucus that its sponsers decided to lay low. The Duluth Gas and Water company and the West Duluth Water company failed to reply in time to the communication of the special waterworks committee so there was no report forthcoming.

The property owners in the vicinity of Lake avenue and Superior street bobbed to the front with their pet grievance—the condition of the sidewalk at the corner. They say that considering the fact that the city purchased the triangular lot on the Southwest corner expressly for the purpose of improving this point, the work has been delayed an unreasonably long time.

The board of public works after a careful consideration of the Garfield avenue viaduct proposition recommended that the approach be from Superior street. Were Michigan street substituted there would be a saving of $25,000 in cost of construction but other disadvantages would outweigh this in the opinion of the board. The report was accepted. The clerk read a lengthy communication from the Michigan street property owners setting forth the advantages of the Michigan street approach.

Then there was a breeze of excitement over a resolution introduced by Alderman Trevillion requesting the board of fire commissioners to investigate thoroughly and report as to why only one fire tug worked on Saturday night's blaze and also the reason for the delay in their arrival. He explained that at the time of the fire he had personally telephoned the Inman people in regard to the location. Only one tug responded and she arrived late without sufficient steam while Capt. Singer had two tugs at work long before without any call. The city should know what they were getting for the $2000 annually expended for fire tugs.

Alderman Hale thought it would be a decided reflection on the fire board to ask them to do what should be done without asking.

Said Alderman Lerch: "I don't believe it will hurt them a bit anyhow. Their hides are altogether too thick."

This brought Alderman Harwood to his feet with a scathing denunciation of what he termed Alderman Lerch's ingratitude. He was surprised to hear such uncalled for language used in regard to people who had always befriended the alderman from the Third.

Then Alderman Hale presented a resolution that the city stand by its award of the Mears ferry contract and supported the measure with a speech. It was defeated after some discussion by a vote of 8 to 7. Communications were read and referred from the American Exchange bank, National Bank of Commerce, First National and the Marine, State and Security banks asking to be chosen as the depository of city funds. All offered 3 per cent per annum for the use of the city's wealth. Also Capt. McKenzie, of the life saving station wanted permission to erect a temporary boat house in the vicinity of the station until a permanent building can be put up on the lot donated by the city.

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Max Wirth, druggist.

THE WOMEN'S HOME.

List of the Donations for the Past Month.

Following are the donations to the Women's and Children's home for the month of June: Reeves & Co., 1 case of strawberries; Thomas Hicks, 10 lb roast of beef; Reeves & Co., ½ bushel green peas, radishes, onions, cucumbers, lettuce; Dr. Woodbury, extracting tooth; Mrs. O. H. Simonds, ladies' dress, silk waist, two shirt waists, underwear, children's clothing, hats, linen, coat and pants, bag of pieces; Mrs. Dutton, miscellaneous; Mrs. George Spencer, 1 loaf warm brown bread, milk three times; Mrs. Coffin, wool dress, skirt, 4 pair stockings and other clothing; Mrs. Dr. Routh, boys' coat, pants, stockings, waists, old linen, flannel; Mrs. McCordic, 3 gingham dresses, 3 aprons, infant's cloak and shirt; Mrs. Lericheux, 4 little outing flannel dresses, all new; Imeperial Mill company, 59 loaves of the prize bread; M. M. Gasser, $1 of fine coffee; Lester Park Christian Endeavor, a bag of lemons; Mrs. Miller, 2 shirt waists, 1 jacket, pair of shoes, 1 jersey suit; Mrs. Brewer, 10 lbs pork, 10 quarts of beans; Mrs. Elston, 1 pair boy's shoes, 2 handsome woolen blouse waists, 1 suit, 3 boxes of cream toast; Endion school, seventh and eight grades, 2 little dresses; fourth grade, 2 little white skirts, all hand made, overshoes, handkerchiefs; Mrs. Emil Schmied, large collection of toys, 3 nice dolls, books, etc.; Mrs. Ferguson, several quarts of milk every day; Duluth Cash Grocery, new vegetables; Mrs. Giles Gilbert, 1 pair shoes, 5 laundried shirt waists, 5 pair boys' stockings, collars, cuffs, neckties; Mrs. York, 3 pair pants, coat, bed slippers; Imperial Mill company, 200 lbs best flour; P. G. Kraemer, 50 lbs meal; Franklin school pupils, 6 little white skirts, 6 hemstitched handkerchiefs, hand made, silver cross circle, pink sateen dress, 2 pair shoes, 1 pair stockings; Miss Ruth Markell, a basket of fresh lettuces; Mrs. W. C. Sherwood, basket of fresh lettuce and radishes; Ben Howard, lumber for fence, 40 by 40; Mrs. S. T. Harrison, 1 baby carriage; teachers and pupils of second grade training school, Washington building, quilt pieced in red and white, prettily outlined mottoes and designs; A. A. Friend, $10 for fruit.

Fitzsimmons & Co., Smith Fruit company, Arundell & Co., Smith-Koon company, and Weir Meat company send fruit every Saturday.

TO ADD A NATATORIUM.

Facilities of the Y. M. C. A. to Be Increased.

Last night at the home of S. W. Richardson, secretary of the board of managers of the Y. M. C. A., a meeting of that body was held, and plans outlined to increase the facilities of the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, and to place it abreast with the best institutions of the kind in the Northwest. A committee, consisting of Messrs. McEldowney, Daley and Ames was appointed to investigate means for the addition of a natatorium to the equipment, and there was a strong sentiment in favor of putting in a bowling alley.

Instructor Ames reported a very bright outlook in the physical department.

The report of the secretary of the association indicates that as to membership, the Y. M. C. A. is in better condition than it has been for some time past. Twenty-three members joined during the month, and there were but three failures to renew. The total membership now numbers 544.

Committees were appointed to recommend repairs to the building, and to confer with the board of managers upon the question of finance. A number of committee reports were received, and the board adjourned to meet again in two weeks.

REDUCED RATES TO BALTIMORE.

On account of the meeting of the Baptist Young People's union at Baltimore July 18 to 21, the B. & O. R. R. Co., will place on sale at all ticket stations on its lines west of the Ohio river excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip. These tickets will be sold July 16 and 17, valid for return passags until Aug. 5. The rate from Chicago will be $17.50, and proportionately low rates from other points. Tickets will also be placed on sale at all coupon offices west of Chicago.

Whatever point you start from, be sure your ticket reads via B. & O. In addition to the historic country through which the B. & O. runs, the B. & O. is the only line from Chicago to Baltimore running via Washington, a double daily service of fast express trains run between the West and East.

For full particulars address L. S. Allen, A. G. P. A., Grand Central station, Chicago.

MADE A POPULAR HIT.

Large Crowds at the Pavilion This Week.

The instantaneous hits which were made by Annabelle, the charming dansuese, and by the child wonder, Gertie Cochran, in the opening engagement of the week at the Pavilion gave an assurance of one of the most successful engagements in point of attendance which has been included in the varied program of light amusements with which the management of this popular resort has catered to the tastes of the Duluth public. That assurance is being fulfilled, and made doubly sure with each performance which is given, and in spite of attractions below the hill, the Pavilion was crowded to the doors again last night.

Annabelle has literally danced her way into the hearts of the Duluth public, but she is disputed in this shrine by little Gertie, who has been the pet of every audience which she has cleverly entertained. The Borani Brothers in their clever acrobatic work and mysterious disappearances, and Miss Hilda Thomas and Frank Barry, the accomplished vaudeville entertainers, add much to a program replete with amusing and entertaining presentations.

ASSESSED THE FIREMEN.

Evidence Given Against Mayor Starkweather of Superior.

At the Superior council meeting last night Mayor Starkweather was put on the rack and some interesting testimony introduced. Alderman Atkinson remarked on the audacity of his honor in attempting to preside over a body assembled to investigate his own shortcomings. The mayor here attempted to call the roll and there was some fillibustering, which ended in Alderman Greene taking the chair. He was compelled repeatedly to remind the audience, who filled every available place, that their stamping and howling rendered the building unsafe.

In the meantime the mayor mysteriously disappeared and could not be found. Fireman Morrissett testified that he had been dicharged from the department because he would not put up $10 to hold his job. Alexander Borman, another fireman, said he gave his honor personally $10, as the other boys said they were getting up a collection for the mayor. Dan Young, Michael McGuire, O. H. Chambers and John Tillotson gave somewhat similar testimony. The meeting then adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

THE FALL WAS FATAL.

Peter Garden Knocked Down by a Slight Blow.

Peter Garden, a day laborer, living at 604 West Michigan street, died Sunday afternoon at St. Luke's hospital. Over a week ago, while scuffling with Fred Sheland, a Finlander who boarded at the same house, Garden was struck a slight blow on the neck. He fell unconscious down a bank along which the sidewalk in the back yard ran. Sheland tried hard to restore the man to consciousness but without avail. He was removed to the hospital, where it was found he was completely paralyzed below the neck. While all the evidence tends to show that death resulted accidentally, Sheland has become frightened and left town.

The facts in the case were not developed until Coroner Eklund and Dr. Taylor made a post mortem examination last night. They were unable to decide whether the fall or blow had caused the death. Garden left a wife and six children and it is said was a drinking man, while Sheland is described as a teetotaler.

HIGH TARIFF OR LOW TARIFF

Does not interest the individual who is suffering from colic or diarrhoea. What he wants and wants badly is Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. 25 and 50 cents. Max Wirth.

Last summer one of our grand children was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Our doctor's remedies had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. We regard it as the best medicine ever put on the market for bowel complaints.—Mrs. E. J. Gregory, Fredericktown, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine ever put on the market for dysentery, summer complaint, colic and cholera infantum in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many mothers have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cures it has effected. For sale by all druggists.

MR. TOWNE'S POSITION.

Free Trade and the Gold Standard Go Together.

To the Editor of The Herald:

There seems to be a disposition on the part of certain newspapers in the Sixth congressional district to down Congressman Towne on account of his views upon the money question. It seems a little strange that a man should be condemned for standing squarely upon the ground occupied by the party which elected him. Mr. Towne is a bimetallist and the Republican party boasts upon the efforts it has made to secure bimetallism for, not only the United States, but for the great powers of the world. The Republican party has urged international action time and again, and it always has been the expressed determination of the party, failing in an international agreement, to devise some means of restoring silver to its old-time place in the United States at all events. So you see that the Republican party is the party of bimetallism, or its party declarations are a lie and a humbug.

In my humble opinion the leaders of the fight against Mr. Towne are gold monometallists. They believe in gold and gold only as money of ultimate redemption, and I believe in compelling them to come out and fight the question in the open field. They do not want bimetallism at all, but they keep up the hue and cry in the hope of fooling the rank and file of the party. I believe if the true position of these gold monometallists was known they could not drum up a corporal's guard among the country newspapers. I believe the editors of the country papers want to be honest in this matter. Just as long as these gold bugs are allowed to lie in ambush, just so long they will be able to fool the people and the press. The thing to do is to get after them. Smoke them out. Charge them openly of being gold monometallists. Carry the war right into their country.

There is much I might call your attention to, but will refrain. Let me say, however, that this country can not remain half English and half American. If we have the gold standard, free trade must follow. The two go hand in hand. If we would protect American manufactures we must establish and maintain a financial policy of our own. Just so long as England can control our monetary system, just so long our country must languish. Your city of Duluth will be one of the very first to reap the reward of a financial system of our own. It will stimulate manufacture, and where can manufacturing be engaged in to better advantage than at Duluth?

I do not write you because of any old acquaintance with Mr. Towne, but because he is a Republican, because he is being maligned by those who should defend him, and the city of Duluth should spurn with contempt those who knowingly engage in warfare upon a man who is making a fight for the homes and firesides of the people whom he has been elected to represent.

S. E. Farnham,
Editor Independent Press.
Madison, Minn., July 8.

FOR A BRAIN STIMULANT

USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. W. F. Toombs, Morrillton, Ark., says: "It is certainly the finest brain stimulant I have found."

WERE THEY MURDERED?

Report of Foul Play On the Seine River.

About six weeks ago a man named Stone, about 55 years of age, and his 13-year-old son, arrived from Duluth and began prospecting on the Seine, says the Rainy Lake Journal of July 4. They finally drifted into Red Gut bay, and stopped at Brock's mine camp. They were accompanied by a long-haired chap, with a desperado make-up of the Far West type, said to be named Jackson.

The old man was warned to be on the lookout for trouble, but he claimed to by an old Australian miner and prospector and said he knew enough to take care of himself. He was known to have considerable money about his person. He said that Jackson was a handy man in a canoe and camp and that he had him with him for that purpose and also out of pity for he was dead broke. This conversation was carried on with Brock and his associates at Red Gut bay.

A week or so later Jackson came back alone with Stone's canoe in his possession. He was accused of it, and said he had stolen it from the old man and washed he had also taken some money, as Stone had never paid him a cent. He did have money which he offered in payment of supplies. He said he was on his way to Fort Frances and was going to jump the country, and he left the camp headed in that direction.

Meanwhile nothing further was heard of him or of Stone and the boy until Tuesday of this week when Brock went to his camp and found a large piece of birch bark on which was written with a charred stick of piece of charcoal in a round fair hand the following startling words, the words to boy being written from the middle of the bark to the bottom in large, legible letters, showing some skill in penmanship, and then the bark was reversed and the message continued as here shown:

I am starving and shal drown myself M Jackson

The bark is about 21 inches long and 13 inches wide. Mr. Brock was at his camp last Thursday morning, the date of the message, and it was not there then. It is evident thus that Jackson was there later in the day. It is also reported by Messrs. Wagy and McCrehin, who are sinking a shaft on Red Gut bay, that during their absence at the same time, the roof of their camp had been torn up and some flour and bacon been stolen. It may be that Jackson did this and, having satisfied his hunger, may have changed his mind about drowning himself. Nothing has been seen of the old man, the boy or Jackson since that time.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Max Wirth's drug store.

WE recommend the Royal Baking Powder as superior to all others. It is indispensable for finest food.

—United Cooks and Pastry Cooks Asso'n of the United States.

Money.

The owner of the 3-story store building, 119 East Superior street, desires to let the entire building to one tenant. Suited for manufacturing or jobbing. Low rent. Well situated for business. Elevator and rear entrance if desired.

Store, basement and rooms in the O'Brien block for rent. Heated by steam and usual conveniences.

One ten-room brick house for sale, central, supplied with every convenience, in excellent condition. Easy terms if desired.

Money to loan. Fire insurance written. Bank stocks for sale. Goods properties for sale. Houses for rent.

WM. E. LUCAS,
1 Exchange Bldg.

Ladies....

One in ten,
whether ten cents
or a hundred dollars,
is yours for nothing.

Wait and See!
Look for It!



SAVES ITS COST IN ICE • BEST ONE MADE •

Say the Word

And we will send this GURNEY REFRIGERATOR straight to your home. It is a necessity. You need it and you might as well buy it now. It is the coldest, cleanest and best Refrigerator made. The tank and all other parts easily removable and easily cleaned. Five walls between outside air and provision chamber with mineral wool filling and metallic shelves.

PRICES FROM $7.50 TO $20.00

You Want One.

Pay for it when you get ready, in weekly or monthly sums to suit your convenience. It saves its cost in ice bills in two seasons, and if you need it buy it now. Don't wait until you get the money. WE wait for you and YOU can have the use and benefit of this

Refrigerator of Refrigerators,,,,,,,

while WE wait. All sizes and styles for family or business use.

KEEPS FOOD COOL.

WHEN YOU WANT

Furniture and Carpets

of any kind for the old house, or the new home, or the home that is to be, remember that we carry in our immense and very complete stock, everything in the housefurnishing line you can by any possibility require.

Houses Furnished Complete From Cellar to Garret.

WE CARRY STOVES, RANGES, KITCHEN HARDWARE, CROCKERY, DISHES, CUT GLASS, BEDS, BEDDING, LAMPS, CLOCKS, PICTURES, DRAPERY, CURTAINS, ALL THE LUXURIES AND ALL THE COMFORTS OF A THOROUGHLY FURNISHED HOME. OUR STOCK ALWAYS ON EXHIBITION.

Keeps Kitchens Kool

AND TEMPERS TOO, THIS QUICK MEAL

Gasoline Stove

of ours. No time to tell all its advantages, but it is safe clean and economical. Detachable tank; no evaporation, no odor, even pressure, splendid baker; instantly lit or extinguished, no leaks; easily taken apart.

Only 1-3 Cost

of coal or wood; splendidly finished; don't make a bake oven of your kitchen nor roast the cook, as well as the beef. You will never do without it, once used. Sold also on

EASY PAYMENT PLAN,

which with us means practically your own terms of payment.

Costs 10c a Day to Run.



Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,

226 and 228 SUPERIOR ST. WES

Fleur-de-Lis
Fleur-de-Lis

What does this refer to? we hear you ask.

Our answer is, step in and see the beautiful new

Banquet Lamps.....

With the new 7-in, 8-in and 9-in round globes in Dresden and Fleur-de-Lis Decorations. We have also just opened a large line of over 50 patterns in

New Onyx Banquets in Gold Plate....

Which are marvelously cheap. Remember we lead in these goods as well as

All others in our line,

And the many factories whose goods we control, are constantly sending us samples of their

Newest Productions.

We therefore are kept in touch with the new novelties of the day.

F. A. Parker Co.

10 East Superior St.

Dr. Williams' Kidney Pills.

A remedy that has no equal in diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs, have you neglected your Kidneys? Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your Kidneys and Liver? Have you pains in the loins, side, back, groins and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, especially under the eyes? Too frequent desire to pass urine? No matter what the cause, we know Dr. Williams' Kidney Pills will cure you, impartz new life to the diseased organs, tones up the whole system and makes a new man of you. Mailed on receipt of price, $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Props., Cleveland, O. Wholesale and retail at Whit e Swan Drug store

Established 1869.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Real Estate,
HUNTER BLOCK.

Duluth Trust Co.,

Trust Co. Building.

Depository for Court and Trust Funds and General Deposits. Liberal interest paid on Balances and Certificates of Deposit.
Transacts a General Trust Business.
Loans money on bond and mortgage.
Takes entire charge of Real Estate.
Acts as Trustee, Registrar, Transfer Agent, Executor, Guardian, etc.
No mortgages or paper guaranteed.

FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, Pres't.
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't.
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y and Treas.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.
In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Maria H. Stewart, Plaintiff, vs.
Ina M. Lafans, J. Parker Gowing, George Hassler, the Crane & Ordway Company, and Wm. H. Blades as assignee of the Northwestern Heating and Plumbing Compay, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action in said district court, on the 8th day of June, 1895, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Wednesday, the 24th day of July, 1895, at 11 o'clock and fifty minutes in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, the premises described in said judgment and decree, to-wit:

Lots numbered seventy-eight (78) and eighty (80), on East Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First Division, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds for said St. Louis County, to pay said judgment, amounting to $8743.69, with interest thereon from date hereof and the costs and expenses of sale.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, June 10th, 1895.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD, Deputy.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
605 and 606 Palladio building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
June 11-18-25 July 2-9-16.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Scott & Holston Lumber company, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs.
John H. Brigham, Edward Lowe, Mary A. Borland, Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co., Duluth Hardware Co., Peter Berg and A. Stone, co-partners as Berg & Stone and Sarah V. Francis, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 17th day of June, 1895, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of St. Louis county, Minnesota, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on the 5th day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: Lot thirty-six (36) West Second street, Duluth Proper, First division, according to the recorded plat thereof, situate in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, together with the buildings situate thereon.

Dated June 18, 1895.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD, Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
June 18, 25, July 2, 9, 16, 23.

NOTCE OF SALE.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the matter of the assignment of Thore O. Hall, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order made in the above entitled matter by the above named court, I, the undersigned assignee of the above named insolvent, will offer for sale, and sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the 7th day of August, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the personal and real estate belonging to said insolvent estate, a list of which personal property may be seen upon application to said assignee, or his attorneys.

The real estate above mentioned is described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered twenty-five (25), in block nineteen (19), in Marine division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Lot three hundred and fifty-three (353), and the east one-half (e½) of lot three hundred and fifty-five (355) in block one hundred and eleven (111), in Duluth proper, Second division, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

One-half (½) interest in lots six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10), in block seventeen (17), Macfarlane's Grassy Point addition to Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Lots three hundred ninety-four (394), three hundred ninety-six (396), three hundred ninety-eight (398), and four hundred (400), in block one hundred and forty-eight (148), in Duluth proper, Second division, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

The west one-half (w½) of lot two hundred ninety-three (293), in block fifty-five (55), in Duluth proper, Second division, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

One-half (½) interest in lot three hundred eighty-six (386), in block forty-nine (49), in Duluth proper, Second division, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), and six (6), in block eleven (11), in Kimberly & Stryker's addition to Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

One-sixth (1-6) interest in Mineral Location number fifteen (15), Savigney's survey, containing four hundred acres, be the same more or less, in the township of McIntyre, in the district of Thunder Bay, in the province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada.

The west one-half (w½) of block numbered fifty (50), the east one-half (e½) of block numbered twenty-eight (28), the west one-half (w½) of block numbered sixteen (16), the south one-half (s½) of block numbered eight (8), the east one-half (e½) of block numbered eleven (11), all of block numbered twenty-four (24), and lots numbered twenty-five (25), twenty-six (26), twenty-seven (27), and twenty-eight (28), of block numbered four (4), and lots one (1), and two (2), of block numbered twenty-two (22), all in Prospect Park division of Grand Rapids, Itasca County, Minnesota; also an undivided one-sixteenth (1-16) interest in and to all that part of said Prospect Park division lying between the section line and the Mississippi river, as shown by the recorded plat thereof.

Said real property will be sold subject to all incumbrances thereon, and subject to the inchoate right or interest of the wife of said Thore O. Hall therein, and all of said property herein mentioned will be sold subject to approval and confirmation by the court.

Notice is hereby further given that I, the undersigned assignee, will on Saturday, the 10th day of August, A. D. 1895, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in the city of Duluth, in said St. Louis County, Minnesota, on that day, present to said court my report of such sale, and said report will then be heard and considered, and said sale approved and confirmed or rejected.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 24th, A. D. 1895.

ANDREW P. WILSON,
Assignee of Thore O. Hall, Insolvent.
COTTON, DIBELL & REYNOLDS,
Attorneys for Assignee.
317-320 Chamber of Commerce Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
June 25, July 2-9-16-23-30 Aug 6

PIANO RECITAL CONCERTS BY THE DISTINGUISHED NEW YORK PIANIST.....

....MRS. WILLIAM HUNTER BROWN

—Pupil of Rafael Joseffy, assisted by Local Artists —

Congregational Church

WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 10, and TUESDAY EVENING, July 16.

Under auspices Duluth Union Y. P. S. C. E.

Admission, 50 Cents.

The Great Eastern

A Great Growing Spot is This Store of Ours, Where 50c's Turn Into $1's and $1's Sprout in Two While You Are Looking at It.

Spread the News Everywhere========

A.... SUIT SALE

That will pack the store from morning 'til night....

For Four Days!

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, July 10, 11, 12 and 13——

We Offer the choice of any suit in the house for

$14.98

BLACK Clay Worsteds, Imported Cheviots, Frocks, and Prince Albert Styles, Stein-Block and Rogers-Pete & Co. makes, all included, $18, $20, $25 and $30 Suits all go and positively nothing reserved.

NOTICE—All suits bought at this sale will be pressed. For any other alterations will charge extra. No Suspenders thrown in.

M. S. BURROWS & Co

SEEDLESS FRUITS.

What Gardeners Are Now Trying to Succeed In.

"Appendicitis may not be so fashionable a disease a few years hence as it is now," said Assistant Pomologist Taylor to a Washington Star writer. "Gardeners are trying their best to get rid of seeds in fruits. Already we have the navel orange, which is nearly always seedless. Some varieties of apples have been produced that have almost no seeds. They are abnormalities. Sometimes they are called 'bloomless,' because the blossoms have no petals, and in some cases lack stamens. The core is very small, and commonly there is a hollow at the end opposite the stem. These seedless apples are generally poor in flavor, being grown merely as curiosities.

"Raisin producers in California are trying to obtain seedless grapes for raisins. The object in view is to get size and seedlessness in the same fruit. You are familiar with the seedless grapes of Corinth, which are commonly known as 'currants.' The Sultana raisins of Southeastern Europe are likewise seedless grapes. Both of these varieties are now cultivated in California but they are small. A prominent grower in Fresno county is working in this direction with the Muscat of Alexandria, which is a leading raisin grape in California. He selects cuttings from those vines which produce less than the normal number of seeds. Continuing this process from year to year, he hopes to reduce the grapes to absolute seedlessness eventually. It is believed that the seedlessness of the Corinth and Sultana grapes was obtained by similar means.

"The banana is seedless, and has been so for centuries, though nobody knows why. It is propagated by suckers, and possibly it had no seeds when it was first found in the wild state. The banana is a modified berry. Cutting the fruit down through the middle, you will sometimes see a few little brown spots, which are rudimentary seeds. Occasionally the banana does actually produce seeds. The pineapple is nearly seedless, being propagated likewise from suckers and from slips. The egg-plant, which is a fruit botanically speaking, is occasionally seedless. This plant is able to produce developed fruit, whether the blossoms are fertilized or not.

"Horticulturists are endeavoring at the same time to rid fruit plants of thorns. Some oranges and lemons are very thorny—for example, the high-priced King orange, which is the best of the mandarins. It is rarely seen in this market. The first trees were brought to the United States from Cochin China. In Florida its thorniness has been diminished by selecting buds from branches with the fewest thorns. Thorns are objectionable because they puncture the oranges or lemons when the branches are blown about by the wind.

"Efforts are being made to get rid of the thorns on raspberry and blackberry plants, simply for convenience in picking the fruit. The thorns are intended by nature to protect the plants from animals. Cultivators select these plants which by chance happen to be thornless or comparatively so."

A PERT RETORT.

Household Words: This story is told of a master of Trinity college in days long gone by, who had a partiality for figs. He held that there was one supreme moment in the existence of a fig when it should be eaten, not a minute before or a minute after, and he watched over his fig tree with tenderness and devotion. It was a mild year and the sun had done his best in the perfecting process, and, hoping to enjoy his favorite fruit on the morrow, the master wrapped a piece of silver paper about it, leaving it labelled, "The Master's Fig." What a more than foolish thing to do with a few hundred "undergrads" about! The auspicious day dawned, the master, looking at his watch for the last time, walked confidently across the quad. But imagine his dismay of finding his precious tidbit gone, and on the now empty packet the label, "A fig for the master!"

COST OF LIVING.

Although the cost of living has been materially reduced in most articles of necessity and wages are much higher than they were thirty years ago the majority of the people are but little better off financially, says the Engineer. The reason is to be found in the higher scale of living which has to be met to retain any social position. Thirty years ago men in moderate circumstances thought themselves well off with living rooms furnished plainly and simply, the chambers with enameled bedsteads and chairs and plain linen and plated silver throughout. This is all changed and the living rooms must copy as closely as possible the appurtenances and belongings of wealthy families. There is no enameled furniture for sale and where rag carpets were formerly thought good enough for ordinary use there are Brussels carpets, imitations of imported rugs and all sorts of useless bric-a-brac that runs away with many a hard earned dollar. All classes consume and enjoy a great deal more than they formerly did, and everybody, rich, moderately circumstanced or poor, wants more than he formerly did. All classes travel more frequently and longer distances than they were formerly accustomed to. They have more clothes, more food, more finery, more books and papers than their fathers had, but they do not save as much as they did.

SURPLUS

Schedule Shows the Car Works Has More Assets Than Liabilities.

Assets Amount to Over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars in Value.

The Liabilities Are Three Hundred Thousand Less Than Those Figures.

The schedule of assets and liabilities of the Duluth Manufacturing company, which recently assigned to O. H. Simonds, was filed in the office of the district clerk this morning. The assets are $712,187.75, while the liabilities are $400,240.03.

The liabilities consist of the following items: Open accounts, $54,776.78; notes payable, secured, $28,041.48; notes payable, unsecured, $26,399.31; pay rolls, $6632.62; bonds, $265,000; bond coupons, $19,395.84. The largest items in the open accounts are $23,395.12 to O. H. Simonds, trustee, and $10,776.17 to the Lehigh Coal company. The largest unsecured note is $5500 to the National Bank of Commerce, while the largest secured notes are $6860 to O. H. Simonds, trustee, and $11,702 to the Long Island bank, Brooklyn.

The assets are as follows: Foundry, $8704.79; lumber, $2843.84; store room, $4694.52; machine shop tools, $1362.20; blacksmith shop, $2143.38; machine shop, $1286.94; paint shop, $206.32; barn, $727.05; planing mill and erecting shop, $682.50; pattern shop, $151.32; fire department, $1104.70; engine room, $27.03; offices, $1303.14; mills, $17,341.10; engine and boiler rooms, $137.58; planing mill tools, $1092.55; patterns, $5979.31; land, $323,850; bar iron, etc., $11,831.63; miscellaneous, $13,873.48; property transferred to secure advances for operating expenses, $36,-149.89; accounts receivable, $21,934.68; notes receivable, $4769.

Judge Lewis has filed his findings in the case of the Merchants' National bank, of Midland, Mich., against M. H. Stanford to recover $300 on a note. The note was given to the Battle Creek & Bay City railway, to be paid in case it ran its line through Midland. The note was transferred to the J. J. Burns company and thence to the plaintiffs. Stanford claimed that the line was never run, and if it was, the Burns company owed him enough for legal services to pay the note. On the latter score Judge Lewis decided for the defendant.

Albert Johnson has sued H. Mayhew, Jr., et al. to clear title to land in 51-12. J. F. Merritt and Albert Johnson, of Red Wing, are his attorneys.

The case of Tod, Stambaugh & Co. against Fitzgerald Bros. & Sisk was settled this morning.

6 per cent Money in bank for any good loan, large or small. Call at once.
Some nice houses to rent cheap.
Do you want to buy a house?
We have just what you want.
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hammel, of Appleton, Wis., are visiting their son, Louis Hammel at 1423 East Third street.

L. H. Hunt, of Pittsfield, Mass., is registered at the Merchants.

M. Hoechcher, a Pittsburg manufacturer, is in the city.

Walter Arnold, a well-known St. Cloud miller, is at the St. Louis.

Walter Butler arrived this morning from Ashland.

J. H. Henderson, of Minneapolis, is in Duluth today.

Maj. Bert Braden returned this morning from Grand Rapids and Brainerd, where he spent several days in the lumber camps.

Mrs. Daniel Dickenson and daughter Miss Anna have gone to Chicago for a short visit.

Mrs. Knowlton, of Brunswick, Me., is a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Lynam.

Capt. Teare's new house at Fifteenth avenue east and Third street is completed and he will occupy it at once.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Fraser are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Edward Jackson, of Toledo, who came up yesterday on the North West.

Samuel Buck, of Le Raysville, Pa., is visiting his nephew, George W. Buck.

Mrs. E. W. White, wife of the business manager of the Minneapolis Penny Press, is spending a few days in Duluth, a guest of her sister, Mrs. John Maginnis.

Matt Clark is up from St. Paul today.

S. S. Phillips has returned from Minneapolis.

John Richter is back from Chicago.

James A. Espeset, of Estherville, Ia., is in the city, called here by the serious illness of his father, K. Espeset.

E. C. Loomis left today for Boston.

Miss Flora Louden and Miss Zilla Hurd left today for Europe.

Miss Nellie Paddock went to Ogdensburg, N. Y., today.

P. J. Murray went to Chicago this afternoon.

John Lindblad went to St. Louis today.

W. H. Wollett went to Detroit this afternoon.

THE POWER OF ELOQUENCE.

New York Mercury: An incident which occurred the other day in a Cardiganshire chapel, where the congregation was made up largely of seafaring men, is now going the rounds. A figure used by the preacher related to a captain at his wit's end when navigating his ship through a narrow, shallow, winding channel, abounding with rocks and strong currents. The faces of some of the listeners were perfect pictures as the preacher eloquently described the details and the difficulties of the voyage. The ship ran against a bank, and in a thrilling burst the preacher shouted, "What shall we do?" "God knows," cried an old sailor, "for you are going starn foremost!"

THE HERALD

Is now being delivered to any camp from the canal to O-at-ka beach.

THE RAINY LAKE MINES.

Large Reduction Works About to Be Erected.

There is a rumor current here, says the Rainy Lake Journal, to the effect that a large reduction works is to be established on the lake front east of the townsite near the Little Chicago mine and that it is to do custom work. An enterprise of that sort will be a money maker for owners and miners here.

Charlie Moore was over from the Little Canada Tuesday. He says he is endeavoring to effect satisfactory arrangements with the Lyle Mining company to use five of their stamps in reducing some of his ore until he can make other arrangements. He now has 150 tons of rich ore on the dump, and can get it out at the rate of fifty tons a week and on a pinch can rush out a greater quantity.

Felix Foneria and Nicholl Mainville have just returned from a prospecting trip up the Big Manitou. They found a fine property that contains three big veins, each six feet wide, all panning in fine shape and all of it free-milling ore. The boys feel elated over their find and will go back prospecting again in about three weeks, when the flies get sobered down a little.

The Gilman boys have begun resinking their shaft on HP 54, near Bad Vermilion lake. It is now down twenty-five feet, and they are going to continue it as long as grub and money hold out.

The Queen mine is located on the south shore of the Seine bay and comprises 1000 acres. It is owned by Lamb & Co., of West Superior. It has a number of good looking veins and stringers and it is believed they will lead to an immense ore body beneath. A Canadian geologist has examined the property and entertains the same opinion.

F. S. Wiley was in town Saturday, on his way to Fort Frances from the Lake Harold country, eighty miles Northeast of here, where he has been looking over developments now being vigorously prosecuted on a wonderful gold property that he owns in company with his three brothers. Twenty-five miners are at work and the stamp mill is completed.

For ASHLAND, BAYFIELD and all intermediate points take STEAMER LIBERTY, Passengers and Freight. Fast, neat, cozy. Leave Univer's dock Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 9 a. m.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullom, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9

Dr. Schiffman pulls teeth without pain.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Choice fruit, Seecamp's opp. Y. M. C. A

The assault case of Kalmer Light against George Meyer, his competitor in the peanut business, is set for hearing tomorrow at 2 p. m.

Tomorrow town 150-29 will be opened for filing in the United States land office. The new town is about eighteen miles south of the Red Lake Indian reservation and on the extreme western boundary of the Duluth land district. It is reputed to contain much valuable timber and many filings are expected.

A permit was granted today by the building department to B. Landfeld for the erection of a two-story frame dwelling on the south side of East Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, to cost $1500.

Births reported to the health department today were: Samuel and Mary Bingham, 2707 West First street, a son; Stephen and Ingrid Larson, West Duluth, a daughter, and John and Cecelia Ringdale, 123 South Twenty-eighth avenue west, a daughter.

An ice cream social will be given this evening by the Ladies Aid society of the Second Baptist church at the residence of E. S. Bronson, 2216 West Michigan street.

The annual picnic of the Retail Grocers' association has been set for July 18, and it will be held at the Fond du Lac grounds. Definite arrangements will be perfected at the meeting of the association tomorrow night.

Bishop McGolrick lectures on "Michael Angelo" at the residence of G. G. Hartley, 1305 East Superior street, tonight. A collection will be taken for the children's home.

Some time ago Company G held an election for the purpose of choosing a second lieutenant, and after a bitter strugggle between two elements in the company, Nelson Sickles was elected. Col. Shandrew has overthrown the election, however, as there were not the number present required by the by-laws.

Mrs. J. D. Zein and Miss Pauline Levy left yesterday on the Japan for a three weeks' trip down the lakes.

Rev. Dr. Wilkinson, rector of St. Andrews Episcopal church of Minneapolis, will speak at the branch Bethel, West Superior street, tonight on "Christ's Relation to the Common People."

Swain's cigar store, Providence bldg.

Vivian Danzie, better known as "the beaut," is back in town. She is the wife of Fred Danzie, allas Dorsey, who was once arrested here under the latter name for forgery. Danzie is now held in West Superior under the alias of Barrett for a similar offense. The woman is a well known character about town. She is here watching the progress of her husband's case.

The funeral of Ella Palmer, an inmate of Belle Stanley's house, who died recently at St. Mary's hospital, took place this afternoon from Stewart's undertaking establishment. There were flowers in profusion at the ceremony, and fifteen carriages followed the remains to the cemetery. Excessive indulgence in morphine was the primary cause of her death.

BAACK RELEASED.

Arrested in Austria and Liberated on Consul's Request.

Washington, July 9.—United States Consul Judd has reported to the state department upon the case of Johan Baack, a naturalized citizen, arrested in Austria on June 4, on a charge of non-fulfillment of military duty and deprived of all of his money, 375 florins. The consul general complained to the responsible authorities in Austria, who ordered the immediate release of the prisoner and the return of his money.

According to Mr. Judd, Baack was arrested because he neglected to present his passport to the proper authorities. The Austrian officials had apologized for the arrest and explained it would have not occurred had Baack been known as an American citizen.

BURGLARS STRIKE A SNAG.

Terre Haute, Ind., July 9.—Burglars broke into William Kattamin's store at Poland, Clay county, last night. Two men were sleeping in the store on account of frequent burglaries. The intruders were fired on. One of the burglars was shot and killed and the other was shot in the eye. A third man escaped but was afterwards captured. The dead man is unknown, but is believed to be from this city.

YORK

The President of the Steel Plant Has Returned From Europe.

Received an Offer of £100,000 for European Rights For His Process.

The Ironton Plant to Start Next Week and Rush Work.

J. E. York returned this morning on the Omaha from his European trip, and the satisfied smile with which he refers to the weeks spent in the old world would announce without the aid of words that whatever had been his mission he had been successful in it.

"It would not do for me to tell you all I heard about the great American people on the other side of the Atlantic," said he, by way of introduction, "for neither they nor American financial affairs in general are regarded in a very favorable light just now. Some of the largest foreign capitalists got bitten in the Northern Pacific and other American deals. They hold millions of dollars worth of Northern Pacific stock at par, and not the preferred stock at that. I could get all the money I want at 4 per cent—millions of dollars, in fact—if I could guarantee the interest, but they do not want to go into any deals here as they have done heretofore. They say that the office management makes all the money and the stockholders go in the hole.

"You may say that I secured everything for which I went to Europe. The real object of my trip was to dispose of my European patents. My process was submitted to some of the best European engineers, and on their favorable report I received a cash offer of £100,-000 for the European right. My price was £500,000, but I have shaded this on account of the fact that the use of this kind of steel in Europe is just beginning and is not out of its infancy. I am still negotiating on the deal, and there is every prospect that it will soon be closed.

"In regard to the plans at the steel plant, we are about ready to start up. We have orders ahead and will be kept busy. Just as soon as we are ready, which will be within a week, we will start up and turn out steel as fast as we are able. At present there will be about 150 men employed."

In reply to a question whether or not the entire process would be carried on at present, Mr. York replied that the steel would be manufactured direct from the pig.

"Please tell them," he added, "that I am glad to see Duluth, and all my old friends again."

Mr. York has gone out to inspect the steel plant this afternoon.

AT LESTER PARK.

7-room house with water, sewer and bath, furnace, in fact modern, lot 50x140, faces on London Road. Price $2500, $500 cash, balance easy payments.

GEO. H. CROSBY.

MONEY FOR PRIVILEGES.

More Evidence Against the Mayor of Superior.

West Superior, July 9.—When the trial of Mayor Starkweather was resumed this afternoon William Schnell, a saloon keeper, was the first witness. He testified to the saloon keepers collecting a fund for Mayor Starkweather.

Mr. Schnell told of the meeting of the saloon keepers with the mayor. He said the mayor told them that if each of the eighty saloon keepers contributed $5 a month they would be given privileges. Mr. Elleron, another saloon keeper, was the next witness. His story agreed with the one told by Schnell.

WILL SELL STOCK.

New York, July 9.—Messrs J. P. Morgan & Co. have concluded negotiations for the sale in Europe of a large block of the stock of the Southern Railway company. They are not prepared as yet to announce the exact amount of the sale.

WHY?

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. $500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old. It is grand in sickness or where a strengthening cordial is required; recommended by physicians. Be sure you get Royal Ruby. Sold only in quart bottles; price $1. For sale by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

THE GREATEST PURIFIER

S.S.S

FOR THE BLOOD.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Syphilis permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge. If we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Syphilitic BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Well Satisfied with Ayer's Hair Vigor.

"Nearly forty years ago, after some weeks of sickness, my hair turned gray. I began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, and was so well satisfied with the results that I have never tried any other kind of dressing. It requires only an occasional application of



AYER'S Hair Vigor to keep my hair of good color, to remove dandruff, to heal itching humors, and prevent the hair from falling out. I never hesitate to recommend Ayer's medicines to my friends."—Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, Avoca, Nebr.

AYER'S Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla for the Complexion.

WEAK, WEARY AND WASTED

People may become strong, vigorous and healthy by taking Foley's Sarsaparilla, a perfect blood purifier, a splendid tonic. Trial size 50 cents. Max Wirth.

EVERY MONDAY

In July and August you can buy tickets from Duluth to Banff, Laggan and Field, on the line of the Canadian Pacific in the heart of the Rockies, at $65 for the round trip, including double berth in first-class sleeping car both ways. For full particulars call on or write T. H. Larke, 426 Spalding house block.

Mrs. Rhodie Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhoea set in. She took half a bottle of blackberry cordial but got no relief. She then sent to me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for about a week and had tried different remedies for diarrhoea but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sidney, Mich. For sale by all druggists.

NOTICE OF School Election.

Office of Board of Education, Duluth, Minn., July 8, 1895.

Notice is hereby given of the annual school election to be held on Saturday, July 20th, 1895, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing members of the board of education of the city of Duluth.

Three directors for the term of three years each are to be elected in place of H. M. Bradley, E. J. Luther and Wm. H. Leonard, whose terms are about to expire.

The following named places have been designated polling places in each of the several polling precincts of the city of Duluth, to-wit:

FIRST WARD.

First precinct—Lester Park school building.
Second precinct—Lakeside school building.
Third precinct—Endion school building.
Fourth precinct—Engine house No. 4.
Fifth precinct—Glen Avon school building.

SECOND WARD.

First precinct—631 East Third street.
Second precinct—Jefferson school building.
Third precinct—No. 811 East Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—Franklin school building.

THIRD WARD.

First precinct—No. 34 Pearson block.
Second precinct—Basement St. Paul's Episcopal church.
Third precinct—No. 103 West Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—No. 123 East Fourth street.

FOURTH WARD.

First precinct—Old Park Point school building.
Second precinct—Cleveland school building.
Third precinct—Bethel building.
Fourth precinct—No. 14 East First street.
Fifth precinct—Washington school building.

FIFTH WARD.

First precinct—Jackson school building.
Second precinct—531 West First street.
Third precinct—No. 704 West Second street.
Fourth precinct—Emerson school building.
Fifth precinct—Town hall, Duluth Heights.

SIXTH WARD.

First precinct—No. 1402 West Superior street.
Second precinct—Basement of Second Presbyterian church.
Third precinct—No. 2004 Piedmont avenue.
Fourth precinct—Adams school building.
Fifth precinct—Madison school building.
Sixth precinct—No. 916 Garfield avenue.

SEVENTH WARD.

First precinct—Basement of Grace Methodist church.
Second precinct—Monroe school building.
Third precinct—Bryant school building, West Park.
Fourth precinct—Oneota school building.
Fifth precinct—Vestry room of Congregational church.

EIGHTH WARD.

First precinct—City hall, West Duluth.
Second precinct—Longfellow school building.
Third precinct—Fairmount school building.
Fourth precinct—Irving school building.
Fifth precinct—O. S. Olson's store, corner Sixty-first avenue and Raleigh street.
Sixth precinct—Smithville school building.
Seventh precinct—Stowe school building, New Duluth.
Eighth precinct—School house Fond du Lac.

By order of the board of education of the city of Duluth.

H. W. PEARSON, Clerk.

PHILLIPS

Has his war paint on against high prices. His is the busiest store in town these days. Prices count and quality counts and the two together form a drawing combination and a winning combination, a combination that

SELLS

Shoes about as fast as busy clerks can attend to the wants of customers. We have told you these prices won't last, and they won't, and when the jump does come you'll wonder why you did not take Phillips at his word and buy

SHOES

At almost give-away prices. These Shoes are not the odds and ends of stock. Are not fire-besmirched and fouled with smoke. They are goods anyone might be proud to wear. Every pair warranted as represented or you get your money back. The only thing cheap about them as a matter of fact is the price, and for the next few days, they will be sold

Cheaper Than Ever

MEN'S TAN LOW BI-CYCLE SHOES

For Three-fifths Regular Values.

Boys' TAN SCHOOL Shoes

At Figures that Don't Speak as They Get Below the Cost Mark.

MISSES' TAN SHOES 98c, worth $1.50, and then a bargain.

Tan Oxfords at your own prices.

Misses' Tan button or lace, worth $2.25, for **$1.88**

CHOICE IN LADIES' SHOES.

Tan or black Oxfords, WORTH $1.00, for. **69c**

Tan Oxfords, Cheap at $2 and $2.25, They are yours for. **$1.50**

All shades of tan and all shapes "from grave to gay, from lively to severe," worth $3.50 under any circumstances, We wrap them up this week for **$2.48**

First Come, First Served.

PHILLIPS & CO.,

218 Superior Street West.

ROW IN CONVENTION.

Healy Accuses Dillon of Selling a Borough.

London, July 9.—At the Nationalist convention at Omagha, County Tyrone, yesterday, called to choose candidates for the election in Tyrone, T. M. Healy amid great excitement accused John Dillon of selling Tyrone to the English party. He read a letter from the Hon. Edward Blake to Privy Councillor Dickson informing him that a colonist federation would be unable in future to subsidize North and South Tyrone or North and South Londonderry, which he asked should be subsidized henceforth in the sum of £20 yearly by the Liberals.

The government whip, Thomas Ellis, consented to this on the understanding that the seats designated were to be considered Liberal and not Home Rule seats. The reading of this letter caused consternation among the delegates who shouted, "sold, sold." Mr. Dillon's voice as he arose to reply to Mr. Healy was drowned in the din, but he finally succeeded in shouting out loud enough to be heard, "What you state is a lie. You are a traitor, you read a private letter in public." Another tremendous uproar followed and finally the non-sectarian candidates were accepted.

'LONGSHOREMEN MEET.

Fourth Annual Convention In Session at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, July 9.—President Daniel Keefe, of Chicago, presided at the opening of the fourth annual convention of the National 'Longshoreman's convention. After the appointment of the various committees the address of welcome was read by Frank J. Weber, of the State Federation of Labor, who is second vice president of the national body, and may be advanced to the presidency by the convention. Mr. Weber was particularly severe on the stevedores and National Vessel Owners association as well as "the grog shop owners." A telegram from the San Diego, Cal., association of 'longshoremen, wishing the national body success was read.

President Keefe in his annual address cautioned against hasty legislation or steps that would force local organizations into unnecessary trouble. He strongly advised the adoption by the association of all bodies of vessel workers whose aims were the same. Sixty-five delegates are present and about forty more are expected before the day is over.

ROUGH YACHTING TRIP.

Milwaukee, July 9.—A special to the Wisconsin from Marinette, Wis., says: "District Attorney E. C. Eastman, wife and three children and K. Lunberg, were adrift on Green bay most of last night in the small yacht Henrietta. The storm in the afternoon overtook the party and drove them out in the bay. The wind continued and finally the Henrietta ran in a sand bar where she lay all night. Her occupants were forced to stay on her through the cold night. A tug went out in search for the yacht last night but in vain. This morning the party was picked up by the same tug. They were nearly exhausted from the cold and hunger.

FORTY WORKMEN KILLED.

Alexandria, July 9.—A caisson of the big bridge now building at Nageheamed, by a French firm collapsed today and forty workmen perished.

DALLAS, THE PACER, DEAD.

Indianapolis, July 9.—Kissel's Dallas, 2:10½, the famous pacer, died today. The mare was originally purchased by Kissel for $400 and in four seasons has won $6000 in purses.

CLOSED THE MILL.

But the Strikers Say it is Only a Bluff.

Cleveland, July 9.—The American Wire company closed down their plant in all departments this morning and announced that the works would be closed for three months owing to the strike of its employes. The strikers claim that this move is simply a bluff and 200 of their number are on guard at the mill night and day to intercept any new men. The wire drawers say that they have completed plans for forming a national organization composed of all the wire drawers in the country. They are at present affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The Baackes Wire Nail company will probably make no attempt to resume operation until the strike at the American Wire company's plant is settled.

A SHAKY AFFAIR.

Bank in Ansoeia, Ohio, Which Seems Rotten.

Cincinnati, July 9.—The Times Star special from Ansonia, Dark county, says: S. E. Lewis, a bond dealer, of Urbana, Ohio, built a large 3-story business block here four years ago and together with James Stewart began a banking business. It developed that some of Lewis' bonds on Highland county were only forgeries and today those having money in the bank withdrew it, and in a short time the money was short.

Some of the business men discovered that Lewis had placed a $50,000 mortgage on his business block in Ansonia today. This scared them so much that they demanded security and most of them received notes on the bank as collateral security. Great excitement prevails.

MRS. PEANY'S MURDER.

Work of Examination Going On In Ohio.

Toledo, July 9.—Two witnesses were examined this morning in the Eddmon trial fice of supervisor of assessments was vot-Thomas, who described the finding of Mrs. Peany's body at the rear door of squelched as soon as the record of examination which killed her, which was cut out by Dr. Eddmon. The defense asked if there were not cases on record where persons shot through the heart had run some distance, which was answered affirmatively. This was taken to indicate a theory by the defense that Mrs. Peany had been shot elsewhere and was trying to reach the doctor for aid.

On cross examination it was developed that the ball severed an artery leaving the heart and that while life might remain two to four minutes, consciousness would be lost in a few seconds. The second witness (who was the first man to see the prisoner after the shooting), testimony was unimportant, and he was so much confused on cross examination that he flatly denied having signed a statement to the coroner until his autograph was shown him.

SOLD FOR $5,000,000.

Hartford, Conn., July 9.—The New England road was sold today to John W. Simpson, attorney of the reorganization committee. There was only one bid, $5,000,000.

A FATAL SCAFFOLD.

Milwaukee, July 9.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin, from Manitowoc, says at Cooperstown, while men were engaged in shingling a large barn, the scaffolding gave way and precipitated all to the ground, a distance of twenty feet. William Buth was instantly killed. Gus Schley, his son-in-law, fatally injured and two others badly hurt.

ILLINOIS CROPS.

Corn is Promising, While Other Grains Are Poor.

Chicago, July 9.—The Illinois weekly crop bulletin, issued today, says: The past week has been favorable for crops in central and southern counties, only north central and northern counties were lacking in rainfall, and for the state an average of about 1½ inches fell. Temperatures were about normal, although slightly above in the dryer northern counties. The heavy rains in central and southern counties have forced the corn ahead rapidly, and many fields are beginning to tassell. Oats are being harvested in most central counties, and will be in northern counties this week.

The yield in southern counties is light owing to the damage by chinch bugs; straw is very short, wheat and rye are being thrashed with generally light yield and poor quality. Hay cutting continues, and the crop proves very poor. Pastures are much revived in the central and southern counties, but in the northern they are bare and brown with cattle being fed in many places. Fruit is looking promising.

IOWA'S GOOD CROPS.

Des Moines, Ia., July 9.—The weekly crop bulletin, issued today, says: The rainfall has been generally deficient, but in the larger part of the state crops have made rapid progress, and are in a very satisfactory condition. Corn is above an average in nearly all sections. The outlook will be somewhat lessened by the rank growth, but the prospect is still good for the greatest total yield ever grown in this state. All field crops, except hay, are doing remarkably well. Flax promises an average crop in sections where it is most extensively grown.

KANSAS CROPS.

Kansas City, July 9.—The Kansas weather crop bulletin for the week says: "In the eastern division the damp weather of the preceding week and the rains of this week have brought corn, meadows and pastures well forward, greatly improved flax, but interfered some with the oat harvest. Corn has continued growing rapidly in the middle division. Wheat harvesting is generally over, and oat harvesting is progressing, the latter crop yielding better than promised. Small grain has improved and will generally begin next week in the western division.

THE MISSOURI HARVEST.

Columbia, Mo., July 9.—The Missouri weather crop bulletin for the week says: "Except in some of the northern and eastern counties the past week has been cool and cloudy and very wet. The mean temperature was about normal in that section. But elsewhere it ranged from 3 to 6 degrees below. Over the extreme northern portion of the state the rainfall was generally light, and except in a few localities threshing, corn plowing and oat harvests have progressed fairly well, but over most of the central and southern counties the rainfall for the week exceeded two inches, and in many localities over four inches is reported. Farm work has been at a standstill, crops have progressed very slowly and much damage in the wheat, corn and hay.

ONLY SIX MONTHS.

Judge Woods Makes the Debs Sentences Concurrent.

Chicago, July 9.—Judge Woods today reinstated his former order making concurrent the sentences of Eugene V. Debs and other officials of the American Railway union. As a result Debs will serve but six months in jail and his associates but three months. The men were convicted on two charges and in each Debs secured a six-month'a jail sentence and the others were given three months each, the sentences being made concurrent.

In order to take the case to the supreme court Debs' attorneys had the sentences separated, and when the appeal was refused it left the prisoners under the double sentence with the prospect of a year for Debs and six months for each of the others. The defendants' attorneys then petitioned for a reinstatement of the former order, the petition being granted by Judge Woods today.

SADDLERS' CONVENTION.

New York, July 9.—The seventh annual convention of the Wholesale Saddlery association was opened today at the Murray Hill hotel. The convention will be continued for four days. There are about 400 members in the association, and 200 of them are here.

HERBERT'S VACATION.

Washington, July 9.—Secretary Herbert intends to leave here early next week for his summer vacation, but the pressure of business in the navy department has been such as to delay his departure until the last of the month.

Ladies....

Something for nothing is what you'll get— by waiting— and no mistake.

Look for It! Wait and Watch!

SUTTON

Eligibility of Boiler Inspector to be Tested in the Courts.

Attorney General Will do This in Response to Requests.

Therefore the Quo Warranto Proceedings Will Shortly Come Up.

St. Paul, July 9.—Attorney General Childs has prepared papers for quo warranto proceedings in the case of State Boiler Inspector John B. Sutton, whose position as a member of the legislature has been held by many to make him ineligible under the constitution to accept such appointment. He says in his statement:

"I am requested to file an information in the nature of quo warranto against Hon. John B. Sutton to test his title to the office of state boiler inspector, to which he was appointed by the governor of this state in the month of May in the present year. At the last general election, Mr. Sutton was elected a member of the house of representatives from the Twenty-third legislative district, and thereupon duly entered upon and continued in the discharge of the duties thereof until his resignation therefrom, occurring a short time previous to his said appointment. His title to his present office is assailed on the ground that he was ineligible to such appointment, by reason of the prohibition contained in the constitution of Minesota, article 4, section 9, which, so far as material, is as follows:

"No senator or representative shall, during the term for which he is elected hold any office under the authority of the United States or the state of Minnesota, except that of postmaster." It is contended that during the period of two years, from and after his induction into office, a member of the legislature is ineligible to hold any other office, save that of postmaster, and that such ineligibility cannot be overcome by resignation or otherwise. Although the question has long been deemed 'res ajudicata' in this department, I determined, in view of its great public importance, to afford gentlemen an opportunity to be heard upon it, and accordingly provided a day for a hearing, at which the subject was thoroughly discussed in all its various lights.

Whenever the question has heretofore engaged the attention of the attorney general, whether as to elective or appointive offices, it has invariably been held that the prohibition of the constitution was designed merely to prevent a member holding another office during his incumbancy of the office of senator or representative. In the two leading matters hertofore considered in this department—in re Paige and in re Gilman, it was held that as to an elective officer the disability ceases upon resignation. The same doctrine has on several occasions been extended to appointive officers. The case of Barnum vs. Gilman, 27 Minnesota 466, is relied upon as authority in support of Mr. Sutton's claim.

Strictly speaking, that case really decides that one not receiving a majority of votes cast for a given office has no such interest therein as entitled him to call in question his opponent's title thereto. What was said in that case as to the eligibility of the respondent was really obiter, and was so regarded by the chief justice, who for that reason refused to concur in the views expressed in the majority opinion. However, it cannot be denied that that case has quite generally been regarded as decisive on the question, and no doubt has greatly influenced the more recent views of this office.

I have on several occasions been constrained to adopt the views expressed in the earlier decisions of my predecessors, not so much because of my approval of the construction which had been placed upon the constitution, by reason of decisions, but the matter of Jones, recently considered, I expressly stated that I should hesitate whenever the public interests might seem to require, to submit the question to the courts. It certainly cannot be said that the question is free from doubt or that the reasoning of this office in prior cases will receive judicial sanction. Indeed it is somewhat significant to note the expressions of doubt with which both of the leading opponents above referred to are characterized. He quotes from the decision in the Paige case.

If the case of Barnum vs. Gilman, supra, is not decided as decisive of the question, authority may elsewhere be found strongly militating against Mr. Sutton's eligibility. Ellis vs. Lennon, 86 Michigan 468.

There is seemingly a widespread sentiment, both within and without the ranks of the legal profession in this state, that the question of the proper construction of the provision of the constitution under consideration should be submitted to the courts and the meaning of that provision definitely determined. While I am loath to subject Mr. Sutton to the annoyance of the necessary litigation, I feel that I cannot properly disregard the wishes of so many of my fellow citizens and permit his claims to eligibility to go unchallenged. Whatever the decision of the courts, it will dissipate doubt, allay discussion, and prove salutory to the public welfare to obtain an adjudication of the question, I therefore decide to file the information.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Book *free* at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

MARINE MATTERS.

No Advance in Duluth Freights is Reported Yet.

Buffalo, July 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Duluth freights are slow to advance. The Fryer has been chartered to Duluth at 25 cents.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, July 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Northern Light, 2 a. m.; Chill, 6:20; Dyer, 7:20; Schuck, 9.

Down yesterday: Curry, 12:40 p. m.; Onoko, 2:20; China, 3; German, 3:10; Caledonia, 3:30; Owen Sound and consorts, 4:30; J. B. Ketcham and consort, 4:40; Elphinmere, 5:20; V. H. Ketcham and consorts, 6:20; Escanaba, 7:10; Hurlbut, Clint, 8; Forest City and consort, America, 9.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., July 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Vance, 1:30 p. m.; Nicholas, 2:20; Andaste, 5; Castalia, 5:30; Corona, Normandie, 7; Nimick, 8:30; Arabian, 9:20; Wawatam, 9:40; Wilson and consorts, 10.

Up yesterday: Baldwin and barges, 1 a. m.; Porter and barges, 8.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Stafford, McWilliams, Francombe, 7 a. m.; Tom Adams, Charles Foster, 8; Centurion, 9. Down: Mahoning., Continental, Holland, 10 last night; Kirby, Brazil, 11; Whitney, Wayne, midnight; steamer H. H. Brown, 1 a. m.; Iroquois, City of Cleveland, 2; Newaygo, Checotah, Sumatra, 3:30; Miles, Chamberlain, Donaldson, Abram Smith, 4; Iosco, Joliet, 5:30; Roman, 6; Uganda, 7:30; S. C. Hale, Keith, Mason, 8:30; City of Glasgow, Aberdeen, Dundee, Grampian, 6; Sley, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Leuty and consorts, 11 a. m.; Alberta, Manola, 12:30 p. m.; Foster, Marsh, 2; Masaba, Devereux, 3; Globe, Inman, Rosedale, 4:30; Gilbert, Griffin, 5:30; Corsica, North Wind, Matoa, 8. Down: Parker and consort, Business, 12 noon; Grecian, Glengarry and consort, 1:30 p. m.; Craig, Lansing, 2:30; Outhwaite and consort, Badger State, 4; Minch, Moore, 5; Cranage, 6:30; Shores and consort, Stevens, 7:30; Bulgaria and consort, 9.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.
(Specials to The Herald.)

Cleveland—Cleared: Hadley, Cross, Twin Sisters, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Bradley, Duluth.

Erie, Pa—Cleared: Iron Duke, Grover, Wawatam, Nicholas, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Servia, Aurora, Adams, Sibley, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: Nimick, Superior, Maytham, Duluth.

THE JOHN MITCHELL RELEASED.

Cheboygan, Mich., July 9.—The John Mitchell and consort, whaleback 103, were released from their perilous position near Hammond's bay Sunday night by the wrecker Favorite. The steamer was out two feet forward, and the whaleback pinches. A force of eighty-five men was employed in the cargoes and 200 tons were taken from the 103 and 400 from the Mitchell before they were released. The two boats were apparently uninjured and passed here yesterday on their way to Chicago.

MARINE NOTES.

The stage of water at the Sault canal this morning at 8 o'clock was 14 feet 3 inches, and a fall during the next twenty-four hours was predicted.

Clearances: L. R. Doty, 1900 tons ore, Buffalo; C. A. Eddy, 1800 tons ore, Buffalo; S. Mather, 2500 tons ore, Buffalo; Oneonta, 600,000 feet lumber, Tonawanda; A. P. Wright, 1700 tons ore, Buffalo; Alvorson, 1250 tons ore, Buffalo; Jenness, 575,000 feet lumber, Tonawanda; Olive Jeanette, 1850 tons ore, Buffalo.

After lightering a portion of her ore cargo the steamer King, which ran on rocks in Buffalo creek, got to the furnace. Repairs will have to be made to the King, and she will go into dry dock when unloaded. She is leaking.

C. D. Thompson, of Port Huron, Mich., has commenced suit through his attorneys, Van Dyke & Van Dyke, of Milwaukee, against MacDonald & Rardon, insurance agents, of Chicago, to recover $15,000, the amount of a policy issued by MacDonald & Rardon on the steamer Roanoke, which was burned on Lake Superior last year, off Ontonagon. The other insurance companies have settled with Mr. Thompson.

The schooner Sophia Minch ran into her steamer, the Fay, when the latter grounded on Grassy Island, and lost twenty stanchions, rail, stringer and a portion of her bulwarks.

The B. B. Inman, the new acquisition to the Inman tug line, passed the Sault at 4:30 last night and is expected to arrive during tonight.

Port of Duluth.

ARRIVED.

Prop North West, Buffalo; passengers.
Prop A. P. Wright, Fairport; light for ore.
Schr Alverson, Fairport; light for ore.
Prop Portage, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Canisteo, Lake Erie; lumber.
Prop United Empire, Sarnia; passengers and merchandise.
Prop C. Tower, Jr., Lake Erie; light for ore.
Prop C. B. Lockwood, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Arabia, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Avon, Buffalo; light for wheat.
Prop Dixon, Port Arthur; passengers and fish.

DEPARTED.

Prop Vanderbilt, Buffalo; flour.
Prop E. B. Hale, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Schr Quayle, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Prop Kallyuga, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Schr Fontana, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Prop Glidden, Lake Erie; ore.
Schr Sage, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Mather, Lake Erie; ore.
Barge 118, Lake Erie; ore.
Barge 107, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Hopkins, Chicago; lumber.
Schr Porter, Chicago; lumber.
Prop Avon, Two Harbors; for part cargo ore.
Prop North West, Buffalo; passengers.
Prop John Owens, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Japan, Buffalo; flour.
Prop John Harper, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Northern Wave, Buffalo; flour.
Prop Jay Gould, Chicago; passengers and flour.
Prop Bielman, Ashland; light for ore.
Prop Queen of the West, Lake Erie; ore.
Schr Winslow, Lake Erie; ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Hamburg—Arrived: California, Baltimore.

Brenen—Arrived: New York.

Liverpool—Arrived: Cephalon, Boston.

JEWISH RABBIS CONFER.

Rochester, N. Y., July 9.—The annual central conference of American rabbis, which was organized in 1889 at Detroit, through the efforts of the reformed or liberal branches of the Jewish teachers, will be held here this week, beginning on Wednesday. Papers will be read by Dr. E. G. Hirsch, of Chicago; Dr. David Phillipson, of Cincinnati; Rabbi L. S. Moses, of Chicago; and Dr. G. Deutsch, of Cincinnati.

KILLED AT A COLORED BALL.

Russellville, Ky., July 9.—Two brothers, Wash and Rufus Lyne, shot and instantly killed Luther Ryan, colored man, at a colored festival at Gordonville, this county, last night. Two balls went entirely through Ryan's body. No arrests have yet been made.

CRUSHED

Grand Trunk Railroad Pilgrims Killed in a Wreck Today.

Second Section of a Train Crashes Into the One Ahead.

Many Said to be Dead and Injured---Three Priests Killed.

Quebec, July 9.—A terrible accident occurred at 2 o'clock this morning at Craig's Road station, on the Grand Trunk railway, about fourteen miles west of Levis. A very large pilgrimage from Sherbrooke, Windsor and Richmond had left the latter town about 10 o'clock last evening for the shrine of St. Anne De Beaupre. There were two sections of the train, one running a few minutes behind the other. The first section was standing at the Craig's Road station, taking water, when the second section, passing the semaphore, dashed into the rear Pullman coach of the first section, smashing it to kindling wood and killing it is said everybody in that car except the Pullman conductor who jumped.

Engineer McLeod and Fireman Perkins, of the second section, were both killed outright. The Pullman coach was telescoped into the first class of the second section, killing a number of passengers in them. Among the killed are three priests.

The number killed is now placed at twenty-five and the number injured at thirty-four. The dead and injured will be taken to Levis about noon when their names will be ascertained.

The death list is as follows: Charles Bedars, mail clerk; Miss Bedars, his daughter; Hector McLeod, engineer; Richard Perkins, fireman; J. L. Mercier, Rev. Mr. Cogan, all of Richmond; Rev. Mr. Dignan, of Windsor Mills; Miss Valin, her aunt unknown; St. Joseph De Levis; Miss Thauen, St. Joseph De Levis; Mrs. Cayer, Danville; the two Misses Le Courte, of Shefford; John O'Farrell, Richmond.

The injured were taken to Quebec for treatment and are as follows: John Cadiu, J. P. Cayer, Seraphim Cayer, Joseph Cayer, Louis Cayer, all of Danville; Virginia Sylvester, Miss Francis Toutaine, Louis Godett, Athabaskaville; Patrick McHugh, Vopelton; Rev. Father De Rosier, cure of Broughton; Pierre Allard, Athabaskaville; M. J. Quinlan, traveling passenger agent, Montreal.

RAILROAD OFFICIALS' STORY.

Montreal, July 9.—The officials of the Grand Trunk railroad report the number of killed in the Craigs Road disaster is but thirteen and that twenty-nine is the number of injured.

BROKE HIS NECK.

Oshkosh, Wis., July 9.—A special from Neenah to the Northwestern says that John Roberts, proprietor of Roberts resort, one of the best known summer resort hotels in Central Wisconsin fell down stairs today and broke his neck, causing almost instant death.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Max Wirth.

HIRES'

Rootbeer contains enough sarsaparilla alone to give it the highest place as a promotor of good health. To this, add the most delicious herbs, roots, barks and berries and you have the reason why millions of people drink and grow healthful on Hires'

Rootbeer

A 25c. package makes 5 gallons

CHAS. E. HIRES CO., PHILA.

A TRIUMPH OF MODERN BREWING IS THE



Gilt Edge Beer

$3.00

TAKES A CASE OF 24 QUARTS OR 36 PINTS IF CASE AND BOTTLES ARE RETURNED.

Minneapolis Brewing Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Orders Promptly Filled by

A. G. ANDERSON, Agent,

120 Nineteenth Avenue West, DULUTH, MINN.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

Pursuant to the provisions of the statutes of the state of Minnesota, relating to the extension of the term of existence of corporations, and pursuant to authority conferred by resolutions of the board of trustees of the Duluth Savings Bank, and recorded in the minutes of its meetings, as well as by resolution adopted at a stockholders' meeting of said corporation, the undersigned, John C. Hunter, president of the said board of trustees and of said corporation, and Angus R. Macfarlane, cashier and secretary of the same, do hereby certify under the seal of said corporation, as follows:

That at a regular meeting of the board of trustees of the said Duluth Savings Bank, duly held on the 5th day of June A. D. 1895, at which all of the trustees and members of said corporation were present the following resolution was unanimously adopted and was entered in the records of the proceedings of said corporation, viz:

"Resolved, That the term of the existence of this corporation be and is hereby renewed and extended for the period of twenty years from May 15th, 1892, and Article Second of the articles of incorporation be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"The time of the commencement of the said corporation shall be May 15th, 1872, and it shall continue for the period of twenty years after May 15th, A. D. 1892."

And we do further certify that at a regular annual stockholders' meeting of said corporation, convened and held on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1892, a resolution in the same terms as that above stated was unanimously adopted, the same being as follows:

"Resolved, That the term of the existence of this corporation be and is hereby renewed and extended for the period of twenty years from May 5th, 1892, and Article Second of the articles of incorporation be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"The time of the commencement of the said corporation shall be May 15th, 1872, and it shall continue for the period of twenty years after May 15th, A. D. 1892."

And we do further certify that at a meeting of the board of trustees of said corporation convened and held on the same 13th day of May, A. D. 1892, at which all of the members of said board were present, the following resolution was duly adopted, viz:

"Resolved, That the corporate existence of this corporation be extended for the period of twenty (20) years from May 15th, 1892."

In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names and hereto affixed the corporate seal of said corporation, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1895.

JOHN C. HUNTER,
President of the Duluth Savings Bank, and of its Board of Trustees.
(Corporate Seal.)

A. R. MACFARLANE,
Cashier of the same and Secretary.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

On this 5th day of June, A. D. 1895, before me appeared John C. Hunter and Angus R. Macfarlane, to me personally known and being by me duly sworn did say each for himself, that the said John C. Hunter is the president, and the said Angus R. Macfarlane is the cashier and acting secretary of the Duluth Savings Bank, the corporation named in the foregoing instrument, and that the seal affixed to said instrument is the corporate seal of said corporation, and that said instrument was signed and sealed in behalf of said corporation by authority of its board of trustees, and the persons above named acknowledged said instrument to be the free act and deed of said corporation; and the said deponents do further depose and say that the resolutions recited in the foregoing certificates were duly adopted as therein stated.

JOHN C. HUNTER.
A. R. MACFARLANE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of June, A. D. 1895.
(Notarial Seal.)

JAMES WANLESS,
Notary Public,
St. Louis County, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record June 6,1895, at 11:30 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book "N" of miscellaneous, page 183.

P. J. BORGSTROM,
Register of Deeds.
By B. O. LOE,
Deputy.

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book "N" 2 of incorporations, on page 274-276.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

June 18, 25, July 2, 9.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 27th day of June, 1895, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein wherein the city of Duluth for the use and benefit of Dwight G. Cutler and Edward A. Gilbert, copartners as Cutler & Gilbert, were plaintiffs and Jeremiah H. Triggs and Henry H. Bell were defendants, in favor of said plaintiffs and against said defendants for the sum of one hundred and seventy-five and 7-100 dollars, which said execution has to me as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 21st day of August, 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor J. H. Triggs had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 21st day of February, 1894, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, also all interest subsequently acquired therein by him, the description of the property being as follows, towit:

Lot eleven (11), in block ten (10) Central Division of Duluth according to the recorded plat thereof, being situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., July 8th, 1895.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Judgment Creditor, 101-2-3 Security building, Duluth, Minn.
July-9-16-23-30-Aug-6-13.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 25th day of June, 1895, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein wherein city of Duluth was plaintiff and J. H. Triggs and Henry H. Bell were defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of five hundred and ninety-three and 70-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Thursday, the 22nd day of August, 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor J. H. Triggs had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 16th day of February, 1894, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, also all interest subsequently acquired therein by him, the description of the property being as follows, towit:

Lot eleven (11), in block ten (10) Central Division of Duluth according to the recorded plat thereof, situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., July 8th, 1895.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Judgment Creditor, 101-2-3 Security building, Duluth, Minn.
July-9-16-23-30-Aug-6-13.

SUFFEL & CO. 129-131 W. Superior St.

SHOES! SHOES!

SUFFEL & CO. 129-131 W. Superior St.

DEMOLISHED!! DESTROYED!! A Destruction of Prices Never Before Demonstrated!

Our Great Midsummer Clearing Sale of SHOES Commences Tomorrow Morning.

THE GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED IN FINE SHOES!

The thousands of Duluth people know what this means: Competition knocked clean out of sight! Bear in mind we never advertise an article unless we have it. Read the following prices; compare them with so-called Discount Sales, Department Store prices, etc. Make your dollar go as far as possible. Do not be humbugged by Shoe advertisements copied bodily from "Nebraska" newspapers. Buy your Shoes at headquarters during THIS GREATEST OF CLEARANCE SALES.

LADIES' SHOES.



326 pairs Ladies' patent tip $2 50 Button Shoes, warranted all solid For this sale all sizes go at—per pair..... 98c

80 pairs Ladies' cloth top $3 00 patent tip Lace Shoes. For this sale..... $1.29

Veltman's India Dongola Common Sense Dut Shoes 59c

ANOTHER BARGAIN AT "HALF PRICE"

240 pairs Ladies' genuine Dongola patent tip "hand turned "$3 Button, Shoes, go for this sale $1.49

480 pairs Ladies' fine Vici Kid Button Opera and Patent Shoes. Department store price $3.50; our price..... $1.98

We promise to save you 25 per cent on all Footwear.

Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes.

Ladies' "Bertha" $5.00 Button Shoes, for this sale..... $3.48

Ladies' $5 00 Shoes, Hallbrook's make, reduced to..... $3.48

Another Bargain! Fine Shoes Almost Given Away!

75c a pair.

Can you wear them? Small sizes and narrow widths.

150 pairs Ladies' fine $5.00 and $6 00 Shoes, the balance of the Schliek Fire stock; the balance must go at 75c a pair. Can you use them. Do not pay Department Stores $5 00 and $6.00 for what you can buy from us for 75c.

LADIES' OXFORD TIES.



Read These Bargains:

Ladies' India Dongola patent tip Oxford Ties. Department store price $1 00. Our price.. 49c

Ladies' Dongola patent tip Oxford Ties. Department store price $1.25. Our price 75c

Ladies' russet goat Oxfords, reduced to... 79c

Ladies' Russet turned Oxfords, for this sale 98c

Ladies' $2 00 Vici Kid Oxfords, for this sale $1.15

Ladies' $2 50 razor toe Oxford Ties, now... $1.48

Ladies' $3 00 Oxford Ties, for this sale.... $1.98

Ladies' razor toe "Trilby" Oxford Ties..... $2.48

Ladies' White Canvas Oxfords

How is this? 49c a pair. worth $1.25.

248 pairs Ladies' White Canvas Oxfords, slightly soiled. You can buy them at 49c A PAIR.

Ladies' fine White Canvas Oxfords, worth $2.00; reduced to..... $1.25

Ladies' White Canvas Oxfords, worth $2.25; for this sale..... $1.48

Ladies' Kid turned Opera Slippers, ... 49c

Ladies' hand turned Glove Kid "Matron's Comfort"..... $1.00

The largest line of Ladies' Oxfords and Slippers in the city to select from. Prices that cannot be equaled.

SUFFEL & CO. 129-131 W. Superior St.

Men's Russet Shoes $2.98

Buy them Now! Men's $5.00 Russet Shoes for

FOR THIS SALE — 142 pairs Men's Fine Russet Shoes, all sizes and styles, never sold less than $5.00. For this Clearing Sale they all go at the low price of $2.98 A PAIR.

No such Values! No such Bargain Givers!

DO NOT MISS THIS! We offer over 300 pairs Men's finest grade Shoes—broken sizes—that we have always sold at $4 00, $5.00. $6 00, $7.00 and $8.00 per pair. They all go at the uniform price of..... $1.98

Come while we can fit you.

Men's Patent Leather Shoes.

Men's Patent Leather Shoes, worth $6.00 and $7.00; to close them out they go at..... $2.48

CAN YOU WEAR SMALL SIZES? This is your chance! Patent Leather Shoes worth $6 and $7 a pair go while they last at... $2.48

CHILDREN'S SHOES.



Infants' Shoes, sizes 1 to 3, worth 35c; now go at..... 15c

Children's Dongola patent tip button Shoes, sizes 5 to 9, at..... 50c

Child's patent tip Dongola button Shoes, sizes 9 to 11, at..... 50c

Girls' patent tip Dongola button Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, at..... 79c

Child's Russet Goat button Shoes, sizes 8 to 10½, at.... 75c

Child's Russet Goat button Shoes, sizes 10 to 13, at 83c

Girls' Russet Goat button Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, at..... 98c

Children's patent tip Dongola button Shoes..... 39c

Children's turned Shoes, tipped, sizes 4 to 6..... 59c

Child's patent tip spring heel button Shoes..... 75c

Buy your Children's Shoes at this Great Sale.

MEN'S WORKING SHOES.

The largest stock in the city to select from. All bought before the advance.



Men's $2 00 solid leather shoes at.. $1.25

Men's $1.50 solid Working Shoes at. 98c

Men's heavy tap sole oil grain working Shoes at..... $1.25

Men's extra fine oil grain working Shoe..... $1.48

Hamilton Brown's make of $2 working Shoes reduced to..... $1.25

Men's heavy $3 00 congress working Shoes reduced to..... $1.75

Men's $2 00 Veal Calf tap sole lace working Shoes..... $1.48

Men's $5 00 high cut Sealskin water proof Shoes, reduced to..... $2.75

SUFFEL & CO. 129 W. Superior St.

If you need Shoes buy them during this Greatest of Clearing Sales. Shoes HAVE ALL advanced. Our prices continually going down.

SUFFEL & CO. 129 W. Superior St

HE WANTED A REWARD.

Instead He Got Two Hours in a Cell.

J. Battole lost a small black calf with large pensive eyes from his shed in the rear of 213 East Superior street some time last night. He came into the central station this morning leading by the hand a 19-year-old youth named M. Sher who smiled broadly as he faced the chief. Then both commenced to pour their tales of woe into the ear of the attentive official. Battole said Sher came to him this morning before the loss of the calf had been discovered and inquired tenderly after its welfare. Afterwards he had come around and offered to divulge its whereabouts for the sum of $1. To this Sher smilingly assented. The chief reasoned with the informer for a while and finally as a last resort he was led away and placed in a cell. After about two hours' imprisonment he relented and it finally came out that a neighboring saloon keeper had corralled the bovine which was running loose. Then Sher was released with admonitions.

THE OLD CURIOSITY SHOP.

Can ou locate it? You ought to be able to because you live in it. This world is the biggest curiosity shop that we have known anything about up to date. Jupiter or Saturn may be able to discount it, perhaps, and perhaps not. It is pretty full of people who are continually tinkering with themselves—patching themselves up—so to speak, in a medicinal way. If they are constipated, bilious or dyspeptic they rush to the nearest druggist for a violent purgative. If they are malarious they fly for relief to that ancient but ineffectual reliance—the sulphate of quinine. That is what they shouldn't do. What they should is to begin and persist a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the primest of alteratives and anti-malarial specifics, particularly valuable for rheumatism, neuralgia, nervousness and debility, and a promoter of sleep and appetite beneficial to all chronic invalids.

BANFF, THE BEAUTIFUL.

There is no more fascinating resort on all this continent than Banff, on the line of the Canadian Pacific, and on every Monday in July and August the Soo Pacific line will sell round-trip first-class tickets, good for fifteen days, including double berth in the first-class sleeping car, Duluth to Banff and return, for the low price of $55.

For full particulars see or write

T. H. Larke,
426 Spalding house block.

OPENED TO PETROLEUM.

Santiago, De Cuba, Jul 9.—The port of Santiago has been opened for the importation of petroleum.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR. BEST MADE. HIGHEST GRADE

HARWOOD

The Alderman From the Third Ward Has a Bee Buzzing.

Would Like to Fill the Position of Mayor of Duluth.

Says if the Nomination Comes His Way He is Ready.

Alderman William Harwood is after the mayoralty next term, and says so, in plain, unvarnished words. Moreover, his chances of securing the Republican nomination are being discussed at the city hall.

In an interview with a Herald reporter this morning, Mr. Harwood said:

"Yes, it has been mentioned a good deal that I would like to be mayor. Of course I would, and so would any other man with a spark of patriotism in him. It has gotten so that a minority of the people are beginning to think no man has a show for the mayoralty unless he has the money power behind him. They say a self educated, laboring man has no right to seek such a position, but I think they are totally wrong, and if I am offered the opportunity I will prove it to their satisfaction or otherwise. My ward has not suffered during the two terms I have been alderman, and if the people think enough of what I have done for them to give me a nomination for mayor, I shall certainly accept."

Mr. Harwood is representing the Third ward in the council, and this is his second term. His friends claim he is the most acceptable candidate for the laboring classes, and if he receives the Republican nomination for mayor he will secure the enforsement of the labor element. He has long been a prominent figure in the council, and from his resemblance to Gladstone in features, has received the name of "the grand old man." He is an ardent opposer of corporations, and uses all his influence in the council to thwart their pet measures. He is especially bitter against the insurance men who fix the local rates, and loses no opportunity of denouncing them in unmeasured terms as that "damnable insurance combine." His candidacy evidently means business.

THE PARK COMMISSIONERS.

The Report for Last Year Has Been Published.

The third annual report of the board of park commissioners for the year 1894 is ready for distribution. It is a fifty-six page pamphlet, profusely illustrated with some magnificent half-tone illustrations of the more prominent features of the parks, and contains a full description of the parks and boulevard system, under the new nomenclature.

The report shows the sum of $17,189.06 expended during 1894 for the acquirement of new land, and gives the total addition as about 211 acres. Other lands included in the present system, but not yet acquired, will bring the increase up to 400 acres. The total expenditures up to date for park and park way purposes is $267,263.08, and the lands are estimated to be worth $497,263.08, not including improvements.

The principal improvement made during the year was at Portland square, while some lesser improvements were made in Lincoln Park, at the West End, and in Washington, Manchester and Grosvenor squares, located in the London addition. The work done consisted mainly of clearing the grounds of brush, logs and stumps, and the sowing of grass seed. The natural growth of trees of any value were trimmed up, and left to grow. For the present year the principal point of beautification is Cascade square, which is being transformed from an eye-sore to a beautiful little park.

A limited number of the reports may be obtained by citizens at Secretary Heim's office in the city hall. The superb illustrations render the little book well worth keeping.

CHOKED AND KICKED HER.

The hearth of a Polish Smith family has been stained with blood, and Martin and Mary Smith, neither of whom speak any English, are telling about how it happened in the municipal court this afternoon through the medium of an interpretor. Mary says her husband came around last evening and choked her and kicked her in the side and head, merely to pass away the time.

THE OMAHA'S ANSWER.

Reply of the Road to John McCabe's Suit.

This morning, in the United States circuit court, the answer was filed in the case of John McCabe against the Omaha road. McCabe was a laborer in the employ of Butler Bros. and was injured by the destruction of a platform on which he was working, as a result of a furniture car being backed into it. McCabe sued for $10,000.

In its answer the Omaha admits the injury, but alleges that it was received through the plaintiff's own negligence in constructing the platform or driveway too near the tracks; in not constructing it sufficiently strong, and in failing to look out for the cars of the defendant when he was notified and knew of their approach. It is also alleged that there is, and at the time of the beginning of the action there was, another suit pending between the same parties in the same court.

With the answer is filed a notice to the plaintiff's attorneys of a transfer of the case from the district to the United States court, and of the appearance of S. L. Perrin, of St. Paul, and J. L. Washburn as attorneys for the defense.

REALTY DEAL.

An occasional sale of Duluth dirt keeps the dealers' courage up by reminding them that there is still such a thing as a real estate market. The latest report is of a purchase by David Williams, yardmaster of the St. Paul & Duluth, of 100 by 140 feet at London road and Fifty-seventh avenue east, with a residence. The sale was made for S. L. Rice through the agency of George H. Crosby.

The Ladies' guild, of St. Paul's church, will hold their annual sale of fancy work Wednesday, July 10, from 3 until 11 p. m., in the basement of the church. All are cordially invited to attend. Music and refreshments.

COSTLY FUN.

A. Anderson had an enjoyable time last night on the point and along towards midnight drifted into a house known as the "bull pen." Here the fun came fast and furious and when Anderson was finally requested to leave about 10 o'clock this morning he was loth to go and was locked up at the central station charged with visiting a house of ill fame. He deposited his watch as security for his appearance.

NOTHING can be substituted for the ROYAL BAKING POWDER and give as good results. No other leavening agent will make such light, sweet, delicious, wholesome food.

A LAKE AVENUE ROW.

Frank Campbell and John Johnson Had a Fight.

Frank Campbell, who runs a boarding house at 210 Lake avenue, has his hands full of trouble. There were clubs flying through the air last night in the vicinity of his place, and Frank was in the thickest of the fray. In consequence he was fined $12.50 this morning for an assault on John Johnson, who wanted to pose as a star boarder against the wishes of the proprietor.

Campbell says Johnson's only fault lay in forgetting to pay his board bills, and he grew quarrelsome when reasoned with. Last night the boarder passed the house armed with a number of short clubs which he threw through the windows, narrowly missing the occupants. Then Campbell went out and after a number epithets had passed, commenced to wipe the earth with the refractory boarder, who, according to the proprietor, was filled to the brim with the Point brand of tangle-foot. After Campbell's seance in the police court this morning he proceeded straightway to swear out a warrant for the arrest of Johnson on a charge of assault in the third degree.

SEND YOUR ADDRESS.

Advices for People Who Are Not Enumerated.

As the census enumeration progresses a good many loyal Duluth citizens who wish to see a full quota of names returned begin to worry because they have not yet been counted in. As a result the census committee receives, almost daily, lists of names of those who have not yet been enumerated.

Almost invariably in these lists the names are given without the addresses, and it is next to impossible to find the people mentioned, as the directory does not always give them, and many have moved since it was published. Addresses should accompany all names sent to the committee.

NO COUNTY ASSESSOR.

Neither Will There be a Poorhouse Addition.

The proposition to add another salary to the already overburdened salary list of the county by the creation of the office of Bowling Green. The first was Coroner ed down at the meeting of the board of county commissioners yesterday afternoon. At the last meeting of the board, Commissioner Dinham introduced a resolution creating the office and appointing E. C. Holliday to fill it, but it did not receive a second. Yesterday the same commissioner introduced a resolution against the creation of the office, and it carried, everyone voting for it except Commissioner Swenson.

The poorhouse addition was effectually Dr. Eddmon's office and identified the penditures for last year and the estimate for this year made their appearance, all the commissioners agreeing that no new expenditures could be made.

The board adjourned yesterday afternoon until this afternoon, when the apportionment matter was to be settled. The board of equalization, which meets next Monday, will not be so long in session as was expected, as the auditor has fixed up the records so that the business on hand will probably be cleaned up inside of a week.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue Already iced. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS ARE STRICTLY FIRST CLASS AND AMONG The Largest, Fastest and Finest in the World. Passenger Accommodation Unexcelled.

SALOON, SECOND CABIN AND STEERAGE passengers booked to and from GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, BELFAST, LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND ALL CONTINENTAL AND SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates. Sailings from New York every Saturday as follows:

FURNESSIA, July 13 CIRCASSIA, July 27
ANCHORIA, July 20 No steamer Aug 3.

For further information apply to local agent or Genl Agents, HENDERSON BROS., 176 Jackson Street. CHICAGO.

ROYALTON MILLS 98 Lbs. PRIMUS FANCY PATENT WARRANTED T.B. HAWKES & CO. INCORPORATED

Primus!

IS THE BEST.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
ALL GROCERS HANDLE IT.

T. B. Hawkes & Co., Manufacturers.

AFTER SECOND HAND DEALERS.

Chief Armstrong is making strenuous efforts to compel the second hand and junk dealers to take out licenses as required by a city ordinance which has heretofore not been strictly enforced. The central station is overrun with dealers of all nationalities who protest strenuously. In other cities the second hand men and pawnbrokers are not only licensed but are compelled to make a daily report to the police department. Chief Armstrong is trying hard to introduce a similar system in Duluth and has an officer detailed to attend to the delinquents.

STARTED AFTER SHELAND.

A warrant was issued this morning for the arrest of Fred Sheland, the Finlander who gave Peter Garden the blow which caused his death at St. Luke's hospital yesterday. Detective Benson left on the limited this afternoon for Sandstone to get Sheland, who will be held until the coroner's inquest, which is being held this afternoon, results in a verdict.

OF INTEREST TO DULUTH.

St. Paul, July 9.—The J. G. Summers company, bakers of Duluth, incorporated today with a capital stock of $30,000. The Boston Shoe company, of Duluth, was legally incorporated today with a capital stock of $50,000. Factory Inspector Jones of the labor bureau arrived this morning from his home, and started out on the inspection of Twin City bakeries in order that he may gather points, after which he will inspect the Duluth bakeries.

EARTHQUAKES IN ILLINOIS.

St. Louis, July 9.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Shawneetown, Ill., says: Two unusually heavy earthquakes were felt here at 2 o'clock this morning.

30 ACRE SAWMILL SITE

Near Holston, Bielock & Co., West Duluth, for sale cheap if improved.

J. C. & R. M. Hunter.

ADMITTED TO BAIL.

Brooklyn, July 9.—Judge Gaynor, of the supreme court in this city, admitted ex-Inspector W. W. McLaughlin to bail today in the sum of $30,000.

Great Reduction in Rates At Hoeniger's

Deerwood (Inn) Hotel
Next to Depot.

Rates reduced to $1.50 per day INCLUDING

Absolutely Free Use of Boats.

Cuisine as excellent as before.....

5% $100,000.00 6% TO LOAN. Sums to Suit...

The Duluth Banking Co., 430 Barrows Building

Mortgage Loans!

Various amounts, at lowest rates, without delay. Money always on hand.

ROSS L. MAHON, 607 First National Bank Building.

LAST EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

LAST EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1895. THREE CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Concern.

The BIG DULUTH

Established in 1881.

STORE OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

Those Boys' Suits...

Found the boys quick; pretty, durable, good in quality, a credit to us and a delight to them. These Suits have only one history, we bought them to sell from $10 to $15. No matter what they cost, we bought too many; must sell them now. Strike your size on that Boys' Great Bargain Table in our Boys' and Children's department and you'll buy the suit for half its value. They've been marked down in prices from $5 to $10.

Boys' Sweaters and Flannel and Negligee Shirts and Neckwear. It is a welcome work to fit a boy out in this store in a boy's goods.

Williamson & Mendenhall

125 AND 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

SILVER and GOLD---

NEW EDITION OF "CARGILL'S FREAKS IN FINANCE."
DONNELLY'S NEW BOOK AND OTHER NEW WORKS AT

ALBERTSON'S. 330 Hotel St. Louis Blk.

Furniture!

There's But One Way

To get a correct idea of the completeness of our stock and of the dollar-saving economies we offer you, and that is by inspecting the goods. Our talk won't give you an idea, nor will anyone else's. Come and see for yourself and be convinced. Special sale of Sideboards for this week.

Bayha & Co.,

24-26 East Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue Already iced. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

MIXED RESULTS.

Spaniards and Cubans Both Win in the Fighting.

Havana, July 10.—Lieut. Trujillo has had a skirmish with a band of insurgents under Regino Alfonse at the Ponce Plantation near Cardenas, Province of Matanzas. Two of the insurgents were killed. Gen. Navarro is pursuing the insurgents under Garzon, who were recently defeated near Minas Daiquiri, Province of Santiago De Cuba. After being driven from that place they occupied positions at Alto Viltaton and later at Matayeguas, from which place they retreated before the advance of the troops with a loss of ten dead and wounded.

Rabi, the insurgent leader at the head of 1200 men has compelled Maj. Sanchez with 400 men to retreat. The insurgent leader surprised the Spanish troops at Cacao, near Jiguoni, not far from Bayano in the Province of Santiago De Cuba. The troops made a gallant defense, but Maj. Sanchez lost twenty killed and wounded and retired to Santa Rita. The loss of the insurgents is said to have been much heavier than the troops. Gen. Casco has had a three day's fight with the insurgents in the Sierra Matra. The insurgents lost a great many killed and wounded and the troops captured a quantity of arms, ammunition and horses. No further details of the fighting have been received.

The steamer San Francisco has arrived here from Spain with 2200 troops and the steamer Antonio Lopez has arrived with 260 troops.

THE KANSAS FLOOD.

Salina, Kan., July 10.—The flood which has been raging here is unabated as yet. From 6 to 8 o'clock last night the river rose but half an inch and from that on till midnight it was at a standstill and it was thought that the highest water had come. Shortly after midnight, however, there was another rise. Today the river was three inches higher and still rising.

A DESPERADO KILLED.

Memphis, July 10.—William Walker, a noted desperado, who has been robbing and terrorizing the people of his own race, in the Fourth district of his county, has been killed by William Walton, colored, a member of a posse which had been searching for Walker, and found him in his own house. After remaining indoors all night Walker made a break into the yard armed with a Winchester rifle and ordered the posse to clear out. Walton fired on him, and the other members of the posse followed his example. Walker was riddled with bullets.

EUSTIS INTERVIEW.

It is Already Raining International Correspondence.

Washington, July 10.—The Spanish foreign office has cabled to the Spanish minister here, Senor De Puy De Lome, concerning the reported interview of Ambassador Eustis in the Paris Figaro with a view to having the minister ask the state department to disavow the reported utterances of Mr. Eustis. The exact nature of the cable from the Spanish government cannot be learned, but is believed to be in the first place an inquiry as to the facts, with supplementary instructions to make due representations of disapproval to this government, should it be established that such an interview was given by the ambassador.

In this respect the representations were probably somewhat similar to those which Secretary Gresham cabled to the United States minister at Madrid telling him to demand a disavowal and apology from Spain. It is thought however, the cable from Spain is conservative in character, with a view to securing action only in case the interview is shown to be authentic. It was sent before Mr. Eustis had given a disavowal of the interview in a statement to a London correspondent. The minister left today for Boston where he will be near Secretary Olney, who is already in that locality for the summer.

IRON MOULDERS CONVENE.

Chicago, July 10.—The annual convention of the International Iron Moulders' union was called to order today by President Martin Fox at Brands hall. The attendance at the first session was not large, but it was expected that by tomorrow 300 delegates will be present. Today's session was largely occupied by the consideration of credentials and the completion of arrangements for the convention.

MR. RAY SEEMS LUNY.

Denver, July 10.—De Witt Ray, who claims to own an interest in the Hide and Leather Journal, of Boston, is in custody in this city on account of his violent actions indicating insanity. He says he was lieutenant governor of New York at one time.

SHOT AT ASHLAND.

Milwaukee, July 10.—A special to the Wisconsin from Ashland says: Jack Howe, of Madison, Wis., a Wisconsin Central detective, who has been sent to Ashland on account of the dock strike, shot and fatally wounded Dennis Williams, an Ashland character, last night. No particulars are given.

REMOVAL

Movement to Change Christian Endeavor Headquarters to Chicago.

Editor Kohlsaat Offers to Give $5000 Yearly for Three Years.

Western Delegates Favor the Change and Are Working For It.

Boston, July 10.—Rev. Dr. John Henry Barrows, of Chicago, one of the trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, has received from H. H. Kohlsaat, publisher of the Chicago Times-Herald, a message asking him to do all in his power to secure the removal of the Christian Endeavor headquarters from this city to Chicago, and stated that the Times-Herald will contribute $5000 a year for three years toward the support of the headquarters if located in that city. Dr. Barrow says, relative to the change suggested, while he is inclined to favor the Chicago interests, he is not yet convinced that there would be any great advantage to the society in removing the headquarters to the West.

The Western delegates as a whole strongly favor the change and the Illinois Endeavorers have been industriously working to secure the support of other societies of the country. The trustees of the United Society of the Christian Endeavor are in session this afternoon. The question of removing the headquarters is under discussion, and plans are being passed upon to further extend the Christian Endeavor work throughout the world.

TEACHERS IN DENVER.

Sessions Crowded Despite a Pouring Rain Storm.

Denver, July 10.—The subject of papers read today at the convention of the National Educational association was "Co-ordination of Studies in Elementary Education." The largest church in the city was not large enough to hold all the teachers who came out in the rain to attend the session. Charles De Garmo, of Swarthmore college, Swarthmore, Pa., read a paper on "The Principles Upon Which Co-ordination Should Proceed." He showed that correlation between the parts of each subject should first be sought and then between different studies.

William S. Jackson, of the Cook county normal school, Chicago, read a paper on "What Has Been Accomplished in Nature Study in Coreleton." He maintained that nature study has introduced making modeling and pasteing into the schools, and rationalized methods of teaching in other branches, yet its relation to other branches is little understood. Dr. Charles A. McMurray, of Normal, Ills., read a paper.

TERMS SATISFACTORY.

Cambridge and Yale Will Meet on October 5.

New York, July 10.—The conditions made by Cambridge upon which they would accept Yale's counter challenge for a meeting in New York are in the main satisfactory to Yale. The following cablegram was sent today to the representatives of Cambridge:

"The conditions made by Cambridge are satisfactory to Yale. Cambridge to sail by first Cunarder after August 27; the games are to take place Oct. 5. We would suggest that the 220-yard run be substituted for the 300-yard run, as our straightaway tracks are only 220 yards long. Yale will arrange for a house in New Haven, and will put the Yale track at the disposal of Cambridge if the latter wishes."

SIX PEOPLE DROWNED.

Norfolk, Va., July 10.—Capt. Brockenborough, of the fishing smack Sallie, brought the news here today of a report at Gloucester that a sailing party of thirteen was capsized, near Wauchapreque, six of them being drowned. The names of the parties drowned he did not know.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, July 10.—The president has appointed William H. Anderson, of Kentucky, to be register of the land office at Enid, Okla. Charles F. Carpenter to be chief engineer, and Edward Dorrey and Henry O.Slayton to be first assistant engineers in the revenue cutter service.

FURNITURE WILL BE DEARER.

Chicago, July 10.—The chamber suite manufacturers of the city met last night to complete an agreement on a general advance in prices in which they are joined by the manufacturers of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Indiana and Michigan. Resolutions were adopted containing a schedule of prices as well as a clause providing for a $200 forfeit for a violation of the agreement. These have been accepted by the Indiana and Michigan associations and the purpose of last night's meeting was to give them the indorsement of the Chicago manufacturers.

GERMAN EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Chicago, July 10.—The German branches of the Epworth league are holding their convention in this city. Delegates from ten different states are represented at the meeting and the convention will continue for several days. President Naglers' reports showed the league to be in a flourishing condition. The total membership of the ten states is 14,356. Today the delegates convened at 10 o'clock and Mr. Hillyer, of Covington, Ky., presided. The Rev. W. C. Albert conducted the devotional services. Several addresses were delivered.

A VILLAGE SINGED.

Lockport, N. Y., July 10.—Fire destroyed the business portion of the village of Barkers, this county, today. Loss, $50,000.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

It is of Interest to Minnesota Building Societies.

St. Paul, July 10.—Judge Kelly this morning filed a decision in the district court in which one of the parties is a building society, and the ruling of the court will be of interest to organizations of that kind, as well as to the holders of stock in them. The case is that of the East Seventh Street Building society against Morris Conhalm, and the plaintiffs demurrer to the defendants answer is overruled. Plaintiff sues on a note for $800, and refuses to take any account of the paid up stock of the defendant in the payment of the note. Jude Kelly holds that the plaintiff must give credit for the stock which is in value more than the amount of the note.

The supreme court handed down a number of decisions today, one of them growing out of the suicide of Cashier Bofferding, of Minneapolis, and the insurance companies refusal to pay his insurance. The judgment of the lower court is affirmed, and the companies must pay. Other decisions were:

J. C. O'Gorman, as receiver of Seymour, Sabin & Co., respondent, vs. D. M. Sabin et al., appellants. Order affirmed.

C. M. Howe, respondents, vs. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway company, appellant. Order affirmed. Collins, J., dissents.

Lydia A. Reed, respondent, vs. George W. McGregor et al., defendants, Edson S. Gaylord, appellant. Order affirmed.

Henry E. Ladd, appellant, vs. Rosa Weiskopf et al., respondents. Order affirmed.

Jacob Gundlach, appellant, vs. Theodore Hamm, respondent. Decision affirmed.

Charles Johnson, respondent, vs. City of Stillwater, appellant. Order affirmed.

Leslie J. Robinson, respondent, vs. John T. Smith and Jennie Smith, appellants; Leslie J. Robinson, respondent, vs. John T. Smith et al., appellants. Order and judgment affirmed.

The state won a nominal victory, but the Shevlin-Carpenter company, of Minneapolis, a victory in fact, in the suit brought against the company by the pine land committee. The suit was brought to recover $25,000 for timber cut on one of the school sections in the northern part of the state. The state lost in the lower court. The supreme court holds that the state can only recover the stumpage value of the pine, which is but $2 per 1000, and the case is remanded to the lower court.

CONDUCTOR BUNTIN

Arrested in Nebraska for Freight Thefts in Wisconsin.

Lincoln, Neb., July 10.—Sheriff Delaney, of Boone county, Wis., was at the governor's office today with a requisition for an extradition warrant for William Henry Buntin, now under arrest at Grand Island. Buntin was a freight conductor on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and lived at Green Bay, Wis. Between July 1, 1894 and June 25 last, a number of freight cars were broken into on his run between Milwaukee and St. Paul and property to a considerable amount stolen.

A search warrant was issued and all kinds of dry goods, boots and shoes and hats were found, all of which property was identified. Buntin fled. Two brakemen, Moffat and Nickenzie, were arrested for stealing the goods and Buntin was indicted for receiving stolen property.

CHAUTAUQUA BEER.

A Garden and Brewery to be Established There.

Chautauqua, N. Y., July 10.—One hundred and six acres adjoining the grounds of the Chautauqua assembly have been secured by the American Brewing company, of Chicago, Milwaukee and Toronto, and it is the reported intention of the company to erect a beer garden and brewery thereon.

Mrs. Kate Hunt, of Buffalo, who owned the property, will receive $30,000. The assembly tried to purchase part of the property this spring offering $15,000 for fifty acres, but Mrs. Hunt refused to sell a part. Great indignation is felt here over the sale.

REGATTA HEATS.

Additional Results of Today's Thames Boat Races.

Henley-on-Thames, July 10.—In the second heat for the Steward's challenge cup the London Rowing club beat the crew of New College, Oxford. Kingston won the third heat for the Thames college cup over the French crew of the Societe d'Encouragement au Sport Nautique, and in the fourth heat for the same cup the Molesly Rowing club beat the crew of the London Rowing club.

In the fifth heat for the Grand challenge cup the New college crew beat the Eton crew.

The third heat for the Steward's challenge cup was won by the Thames Rowing club, which defeated the Leander Rowing club.

In the fifth heat for the Thames challenge cup the St. John's college, oxford, crew beat the eight of the Anglican Boat club.

DULUTH SPECULATORS.

Said to be Fighting Patenting of Swamp Lands.

St. Paul, July 10.—The Dispatch today says: There is a growing impression that the Duluth speculators are behind the movement to prevent the patenting of the swamp lands to the state. If the interior department refuses to issue the patents the lands go back to the government, and then these men will have an opportunity to secure them by hiring squatters to file upon the lands as homesteads. They have already secured much valuable land in this way, and the opinion prevails around the capitol that they are after more.

MADE HALF A MILION.

Chicago, July 10.—It is rumored that John Cudahy, who lost so heavily on pork some two years ago, made a "killing" in both wheat, corn and pork, amounting to about $500,000 during the past slump.

SMITH TO GET A JOB.

St. Paul, July 10.—The Dispatch says that in case Boiler Inspector Sutton wins his case, Representative J. M. Smith, of Duluth, is slated for deputy grain inspector at Duluth.

TO FIGHT

The Stockholders of the Duluth & Winnipeg Begin an Important Suit.

Claim That Van Horne Conspired to Rob Them of Their Interest.

If Properly Managed the Road Would Net Handsome Earnings.

What promises to be the most important suit, with the exception of those relative to the Mesaba properties, which has been adjudicated in the United States court in Duluth for several years was filed in equity this morning in Capt. Pressnell's office. Stockholders of the Duluth & Winnipeg railway holding stock to the value of $125,000 have begun a fight to prevent the securing of the ownership of the line and its effects by the bond holders, and it is stated that the suit is brought on behalf of the complainants and other stockholders of the road similarly situated.

The action is filed in the form of a cross bill by several of the stockholders, and is entitled John C. Hunter, William W. Spaulding, Hamilton Peyton, Cushman K. Davis and Joann Sawyer and Burt J. Sawyer, as administrators of the estate of Andrew J. Sawyer, against the Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit company, the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway company, the North Star Construction company and the Safe Deposit and Trust company, of Baltimore. The bill is filed upon the authority of the court permitting an intervention by the stockholders against the sale of the road.

It is alleged that the suit brought some time ago by the Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit company against the Winnipeg to foreclose a mortgage of July 1, 1889, on all the property and franchises of the road then present or prospective to secure payment of 7000 bonds of $1000 each, and the interventions of the North Star Construction company to that suit, which resulted in an agreement among all these parties upon which the order of the court was issued, affirming the validity of the mortgage and ordering an auction sale of the road and other property of the company, were a fraudulent collusion on the part of all the parties to the action to rob the stockholders of their interest.

A long review of the circumstances under which the Guarantee company secured the bonds which it held is given, and it is alleged that the bonds so held were fraudulently issued in that they were of greater face value, in proportion to the cost of construction of the road, than is permitted by law. The amount of bonds and stocks alleged in the bill to have been issued is $4,500,000 while the cost of the road is alleged to have been less than $1,500,000. It is asserted that all of the defendants knew when they received their bonds that they were thus fraudulently issued.

William C. Van Horne is accused of having, prior to 1894, secured a majority interest in the stock and bonds of the road upon a promise that he would complete the work of construction, but instead of having fulfilled his promise he has purposely operated the road with intent to bankrupt it and freeze out the other stockholders. He is alleged to have appointed his servants as officers of the road, and to have operated it in such manner as to benefit the South Shore. He is also accused of having secured the appointment of William F. Fitch as receiver, and the latter is alleged to be unfit for the position on account of bias in being manager of the South Shore and a servant of Van Horne.

It is stated that the Winnipeg is not insolvent, that it has no floating indebtedness and that if properly managed it would net $1000 per mile per year.

Plaintiffs ask that the defendants be required to show cause why the complainants should not have the relief asked, and that they answer all the allegations of the complaint, oath being waived, that the mortgage and bonds be adjudged to have been wrongfully and unlawfully issued, and be cancelled; that if the property be sold it be only to satisfy reasonable costs, and on terms which shall seem just to the court; and that another receiver be appointed to act during the pendency of the action. A writ of subpoena directing all the defendants to appear and answer the allegations is also asked.

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The shares of stock held by the different intervenors are given as follows: William W. Spaulding, Hamilton M. Peyton, John C. Hunter and A. J. Sawyer, deceased, each 270 shares; Cushman K. Davis, 150 shares.

The monthly statement of Receiver Fitch was filed this morning, and shows the net earnings of the line during the receivership to have been $28,635.

The solicitors for the intervenors are P. B. Kellogg and C. A. Severance and Warren, Richardson & Lawrence, of St. Paul.

THE ELKS ARE UNITED.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 10.—This morning's session of the Elks witnessed the completion of the peace negotiations for the uniting of the two factions of the great order. It was the result of a secret conferenece lasting the greater part of last night, at which Mead Detwiller and several officers of the Buffalo faction and the grand exalted ruler and grand lodge of the Atlantic faction were present.

FREIMUTH'S

Our Great Midsummer Clearance Sale==

IS THE EVENT OF THE DAY.

Prices are Cut... Prices are Slashed.

Our object is to clear out every dollar's worth of surplus and summer goods. THE LOW PRICES at which we are selling goods bring delight to many Duluth homes and strike terror among high priced Stores. They are squealing, but this is just the thing we want. The best advertising our LOW PRICES can receive is when our neighbors in trade are squealing.

READ OUR PRICES. THEY ARE LOWEST . . . . . EVER NAMED.

SILKS--

20 pieces Japanese wash Silks some houses would tell you to be worth $1.00 a yard; for this sale at reduction price per yard..... 17c

Colored Dress Goods.

AT CLEARING PRICES.

All wool Novelties and Silk and Wool Novelties that have sold up to 65c a yard; go at, a yard..... 35c

Novelty two-toned Dress Suitings, all the leading summer shades, should sell readily at 60c a yard, but clearing price is, a yard..... 29c

All wool colored Soliels, figured and changeable dress stuffs, made to sell at 85c a yard—we have put a little price on them for you, a yard 48c

We've a few of those Checked Suitings and Storm Serges left, the 65c and 75c kind, while they last they go at, a yard..... 39c

Wool Challies.

31 inches wide, in dark grounds and pretty figures, the 25c grade—clearing price, a yard..... 15c

Swivel Silks.

Your choice of 37 pieces of Swivel Silks. The price has been 65c a yard; the clearing price is, a yard 35c

Muslin Underwear.

10 dozen Muslin Night Gowns, the $1, 95c and 85c grade, all go at one price 75c

Children's short White Dresses, stylishly made and nicely trimmed.

$1.00 grade at..... 75c
$1.75 grade at $1.25
$2.50 grade at..... $1.75
$3.00 grade at..... $2.19

Wash Goods.

25 pieces of Printed Sateens, the choic est summer styles. They have been 20c, but the price for this clearing sale is..... 12½c

50 pieces of choice Dress Ginghams, the 10c kind, will be slaughtered at, a yard..... 5c

35 pieces of Chambray Ginghams, the 12½c quality—for clearing sale at, a yard 7c

100 pieces of best quality Indigo Blue and Fast Black Calicos, the kind that would be cheap at 8c—sell at clearing sale at, a yard..... 5c

20 pieces of printed Challies, the 6c kind, go at, a yard..... 3c

12 pieces of Colored Dotted Swisses, the 25c quality, go at, a yard 14c

Fancy Silk Parasols.

AT LESS THAN COST.

$2.50 Parasols at..... $1.50
$3 50 Parasols at..... $2.50
$4.00 Parasols at..... $2.75
$5.00 Parasols at..... $3.50

Kid Gloves.

Ladies' 6-button Dressed White Kid Gloves, the $1.25 grade. Clearing sale at, a pair..... 48c

Underwear.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed, Sleeveless Vests, the 15c kind, at..... 5c

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Swiss Vests long sleeves, the 35c kind, go at..... 19c

MILLINERY--

All our Ladies' Fancy Hat Shapes at EXACTLY HALF PRICE.

Cloak Dept.

AT $1 39—Ladies' Duck Suits, well made, extra effect, worth $2.50; clearing price..... $1.39

AT $2.50—Ladies' Duck Suits, made of heavy quality duck with bound seams, worth $4; clear ing price..... $2.50

AT 69c—Women's House Wrappers, made of good quality prints, worth $1.00; clearing price only..... 69c

Ladies' laundered Shirt Waists, worth $1.25; clearing sale price only..... 75c

Ladies' laundered Shirt Waists, worth $1 50; clearing sale price only..... 89c

Misses' Shirt Waists, worth $1.38; clearing sale price only..... 95c

AT 50c—Ladies soft finish Lawn or Percale Waists, worth from $1 to $1.75; clearing price only.. 50c

OUR GREAT JULY CLEARING SALE HAS STRUCK THE SHOE DEPT.

Everybody knows we carry the Finest Grades of Shoes in Duluth. These prices seem like giving the goods for nothing.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 1.

Child's Kid Button Shoes at.... 25c pair
Child's Kid Button Shoes at.... 35c pair
Child's Kid Button Turned Shoes at..... 49c pair

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 2.

Ladies Dongola Kid Oxford Ties, worth $1.25, at..... 98c
Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, worth $1.50, at..... 98c
Styles, Opera Toe, Pat. Leather Tips.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 3.

Child's Dongola Kid Button Shoes, worth $1.00, at..... 79c
Child's Kangaroo Button Shoes, worth $1.00, at..... 79c
These are solid, stylish and will wear.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 4.

Child's Cloth Top Tan Button Turned Shoes, was $2 00; now.. $1.37
Child's Tan and Canvass Oxfords, was $1.00; now... ..... 50c
Be sure to see them.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 5.

Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, patent leather tip, durable and stylish, was $2.00, now..... $1.48
Ladies' Tan Princess, very stylish low shoes, was $1.75, now.. $1.37

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 6.

This table is loaded with $3 and $3.50 Ladies' Fine Hand Made Dongola Oxfords and Princess, Patent Leather Tip and Trim, at..... $2 37

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 7.

A lot of ladies' $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 Dongola Ties, in tan and black, also tan Princess, that are comfortable and stylish, at. $1.48

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 8

Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, 11 to 2, worth $1.25, at..... 98c
Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, with Pat. Leather Tips and Protection Soles, worth $1.75; at $1.23

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 9.

Ladies' white Canvas Oxford ties with white and kid trimmings, worth $2 00, at..... $1.48
Ladies' tan Oxford ties, opera or square toe, two colors, worth $2 00, at..... $1.67

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 10.

Harding & Todds make Ladies' Vice, Kid Chocolate Oxford Ties; also, Ladies' Vici Kid Chocolate Princess, regular price $3 00 and $3 50; go now at.. $2 37

Don't Miss This Great Clearance Sale.

Hundreds of other equal if not better bargains.

FREIMUTH'S **FREIMUTH'S**

LAST EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

LAST EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1895. THREE CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Concern.

The BIG DULUTH

Established in 1881.

STORE OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

Those Boys' Suits...

Found the boys quick; pretty, durable, good in quality, a credit to us and a delight to them. These Suits have only one history, we bought them to sell from $10 to $15. No matter what they cost, we bought too many; must sell them now. Strike your size on that Boys' Great Bargain Table in our Boys' and Children's department and you'll buy the suit for half its value. They've been marked down in prices from $5 to $10.

Boys' Sweaters and Flannel and Negligee Shirts and Neckwear. It is a welcome work to fit a boy out in this store in a boy's goods.

Williamson & Mendenhall

125 AND 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

SILVER and GOLD===

NEW EDITION OF "CARGILL'S FREAKS IN FINANCE."
DONNELLY'S NEW BOOK AND OTHER NEW WORKS AT

ALBERTSON'S. 330 Hotel St. Louis Blk.

Furniture!

There's But One Way

To get a correct idea of the completeness of our stock and of the dollar-saving economies we offer you, and that is by inspecting the goods. Our talk won't give you an idea, nor will anyone else's. Come and see for yourself and be convinced. Special sale of Sideboards for this week.

Bayha & Co.,

24-26 East Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue Already iced. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

MIXED RESULTS.

Spaniards and Cubans Both Win in the Fighting.

Havana, July 10.—Lieut. Trujillo has had a skirmish with a band of insurgents under Regino Alfonse at the Ponce Plantation near Cardenas, Province of Matanzas. Two of the insurgents were killed. Gen. Navarro is pursuing the insurgents under Garzon, who were recently defeated near Minas Dalquiri, Province of Santiago De Cuba. After being driven from that place they occupied positions at Alto Viltaton and later at Matayeguas, from which place they retreated before the advance of the troops with a loss of ten dead and wounded.

Rabi, the insurgent leader at the head of 1200 men has compelled Maj. Sanchez with 400 men to retreat. The insurgent leader surprised the Spanish troops at Cacao, near Jiguoni, not far from Bayano in the Province of Santiago De Cuba. The troops made a gallant defense, but Maj. Sanchez lost twenty killed and wounded and retired to Santa Rita. The loss of the insurgents is said to have been much heavier than the troops. Gen. Casco has had a three day's fight with the insurgents in the Sierra Matra. The insurgents lost a great many killed and wounded and the troops captured a quantity of arms, ammunition and horses. No further details of the fighting have been received.

The steamer San Francisco has arrived here from Spain with 2200 troops and the steamer Antonio Lopez has arrived with 260 troops.

THE KANSAS FLOOD.

Salina, Kan., July 10.—The flood which has been raging here is unabated as yet. From 6 to 8 o'clock last night the river rose but half an inch and from that on till midnight it was at a standstill and it was thought that the highest water had come. Shortly after midnight, however, there was another rise. Today the river was three inches higher and stil rising.

A DESPERADO KILLED.

Memphis, July 10.—William Walker, a noted desperado, who has been robbing and terrorizing the people of his own race, in the Fourth district of his county, has been killed by William Walton, colored, a member of a posse which had been searching for Walker, and found him in his own house. After remaining indoors all night Walker made a break into the yard armed with a Winchester rifle and ordered the posse to clear out. Walton fired on him, and the other members of the posse followed his example. Walker was riddled with bullets.

EUSTIS INTERVIEW.

It is Already Raining International Correspondence.

Washington, July 10.—The Spanish foreign office has cabled to the Spanish minister here, Senor De Puy De Lome, concerning the reported interview of Ambassador Eustis in the Paris Figaro with a view to having the minister ask the state department to disavow the reported utterances of Mr. Eustis. The exact nature of the cable from the Spanish government cannot be learned, but is believed to be in the first place an inquiry as to the facts, with supplementary instructions to make due representations of disapproval to this government, should it be established that such an interview was given by the ambassador.

In this respect the representations were probably somewhat similar to those which Secretary Gresham cabled to the United States minister at Madrid telling him to demand a disavowal and apology from Spain. It is thought however, the cable from Spain is conservative in character, with a view to securing action only in case the interview is shown to be authentic. It was sent before Mr. Eustis had given a disavowal of the interview in a statement to a London correspondent. The minister left today for Boston where he will be near Secretary Olney, who is already in that locality for the summer.

IRON MOULDERS CONVENE.

Chicago, July 10.—The annual convention of the International Iron Moulders' union was called to order today by President Martin Fox at Brands hall. The attendance at the first session was not large, but it was expected that by tomorrow 300 delegates will be present. Today's session was largely occupied by the consideration of credentials and the completion of arrangements for the convention.

MR. RAY SEEMS LUNY.

Denver, July 10.—De Witt Ray, who claims to own an interest in the Hilde and Leather Journal, of Boston, is in custody in this city on account of his violent actions indicating insanity. He says he was lieutenant governor of New York at one time.

SHOT AT ASHLAND.

Milwaukee, July 10.—A special to the Wisconsin from Ashland says: Jack Howe, of Madison, Wis., a Wisconsin Central detective, who has been sent to Ashland on account of the dock strike, shot and fatally wounded Dennis Williams, an Ashland character, last night. No particulars are given.

REMOVAL

Movement to Change Christian Endeavor Headquarters to Chicago.

Editor Kohlsaat Offers to Give $5000 Yearly for Three Years.

Western Delegates Favor the Change and Are Working For It.

Boston, July 10.—Rev. Dr. John Henry Barrows, of Chicago, one of the trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, has received from H. H. Kohlsaat, publisher of the Chicago Times-Herald, a message asking him to do all in his power to secure the removal of the Christian Endeavor headquarters from this city to Chicago, and stated that the Times-Herald will contribute $5000 a year for three years toward the support of the headquarters if located in that city. Dr. Barrow says, relative to the change suggested, while he is inclined to favor the Chicago interests, he is not yet convinced that there would be any great advantage to the society in removing the headquarters to the West.

The Western delegates as a whole strongly favor the change and the Illinois Endeavorers have been industriously working to secure the support of other societies of the country. The trustees of the United Society of the Christian Endeavor are in session this afternoon. The question of removing the headquarters is under discussion, and plans are being passed upon to further extend the Christian Endeavor work throughout the world.

TEACHERS IN DENVER.

Sessions Crowded Despite a Pouring Rain Storm.

Denver, July 10.—The subject of papers read today at the convention of the National Educational association was "Co-ordination of Studies in Elementary Education." The largest church in the city was not large enough to hold all the teachers who came out in the rain to attend the session. Charles De Garmo, of Swarthmore college, Swarthmore, Pa., read a paper on "The Principles Upon Which Co-ordination Should Proceed." He showed that coreletion between the parts of each subject should first be sought und then between different studies.

William S. Jackson, of the Cook county normal school, Chicago, read a paper on "What Has Been Accomplished in Nature Study in Coreleton." He maintained that nature study has introduced making modeling and painting into the schools, and rationalized methods of teaching in other branches, yet its relation to other branches is little understood. Dr. Charles A. McMurray, of Normal, Ills., read a paper.

TERMS SATISFACTORY.

Cambridge and Yale Will Meet on October 5.

New York, July 10.—The conditions made by Cambridge upon which they would accept Yale's counter challenge for a meeting in New York are in the main satisfactory to Yale. The following cablegram was sent today to the representatives of Cambridge:

"The conditions made by Cambridge are satisfactory to Yale. Cambridge to sail by first Cunarder after August 27; the games are to take place Oct. 5. We would suggest that the 220-yard run be substituted for the 300-yard run, as our straightaway tracks are only 220 yards long. Yale will arrange for a house in New Haven, and will put the Yale track at the disposal of Cambridge if the latter wishes."

SIX PEOPLE DROWNED.

Norfolk, Va., July 10.—Capt. Brockenborough, of the fishing smack Sallie, brought the news here today of a report at Gloucester that a sailing party of thirteen was capsized, near Wauchapregue, six of them being drowned. The names of the parties drowned he did not know.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, July 10.—The president has appointed William H. Anderson, of Kentucky, to be register of the land office at Enid, Okla. Charles F. Carpenter to be chief engineer, and Edward Dorrey and Henry O.Slayton to be first assistant engineers in the revenue cutter service.

FURNITURE WILL BE DEARER.

Chicago, July 10.—The chamber suite manufacturers of the city met last night to complete an agreement on a general advance in prices in which they are joined by the manufacturers of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Indiana and Michigan. Resolutions were adopted containing a schedule of prices as well as a clause providing for a $2000 forfeit for a violation of the agreement. These have been accepted by the Indiana and Michigan associations and the purpose of last night's meeting was to give them the indorsement of the Chicago manufacturers.

GERMAN EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Chicago, July 10.—The German branches of the Epworth league are holding their convention in this city. Delegates from ten different states are represented at the meeting and the convention will continue for several days. President Naglers' reports showed the league to be in a flourishing condition. The total membership of the ten states is 14,556. Today the delegates convened at 10 o'clock and Mr. Hilliger, of Covington, Ky., presided. The Rev. W. C. Albert conducted the devotional services. Several addresses were delivered.

A VILLAGE SINGED.

Lockport, N. Y., July 10.—Fire destroyed the business portion of the village of Barkers, this county, today. Loss, $50,000.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

It is of Interest to Minnesota Building Societies.

St. Paul, July 10.—Judge Kelly this morning filed a decision in the district court in which one of the parties is a building society, and the ruling of the court will be of interest to organizations of that kind, as well as to the holders of stock in them. The case is that of the East Seventh Street Building society against Morris Conhaim, and the plaintiffs demurrer to the defendants answer is overruled. Plaintiff sues on a note for $800, and refuses to take any account of the paid up stock of the defendant in the payment of the note. Jude Kelly holds that the plaintiff must give credit for the stock which is in value more than the amount of the note.

The supreme court handed down a number of decisions today, one of them growing out of the suicide of Cashier Bofferding, of Minneapolis, and the insurance companies refusal to pay his insurance. The judgment of the lower court is affirmed, and the companies must pay. Other decisions were:

J. C. O'Gorman, as receiver of Seymour, Sabin & Co., respondent, vs. D. M. Sabin et al., appellants. Order affirmed.

C. M. Howe, respondents, vs. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway company, appellant. Order affirmed. Collins, J., dissents.

Lydia A. Reed, respondent, vs. George W. McGregor et al., defendants, Edson S. Gaylord, appellant. Order affirmed.

Henry E. Ladd, appellant, vs. Rosa Weiskopf et al., respondents. Order affirmed.

Jacob Gundlach, appellant, vs. Theodore Hamm, respondent. Decision affirmed.

Charles Johnson, respondent, vs. City of Stillwater, appellant. Order affirmed.

Leslie J. Robinson, respondent, vs. John T. Smith and Jennie Smith, appellants; Leslie J. Robinson, respondent, vs. John T. Smith et al., appellants. Order and judgment affirmed.

The state won a nominal victory, but the Shevlin-Carpenter company, of Minneapolis, a victory In fact, in the suit brought against the company by the pine land committee. The suit was brought to recover $25,000 for timber cut on one of the school sections in the northern part of the state. The state lost in the lower court. The supreme court holds that the state can only recover the stumpage value of the pine, which is but $2 per 1000, and the case is remanded to the lower court.

CONDUCTOR BUNTIN

Arrested in Nebraska for Freight Thefts in Wisconsin.

Lincoln, Neb., July 10.—Sheriff Delaney, of Boone county, Wis., was at the governor's office today with a requisition for an extradition warrant for William Henry Buntin, now under arrest at Grand Island. Buntin was a freight conductor on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and lived at Green Bay, Wis. Between July 1, 1894 and June 25 last, a number of freight cars were broken into on his run between Milwaukee and St. Paul and property to a considerable amount stolen.

A search warrant was issued and all kinds of dry goods, boots and shoes and hats were found, all of which property was identified. Buntin fled. Two brakemen, Moffat and McKenzie, were arrested for stealing the goods and Buntin was indicted for receiving stolen property.

CHAUTAUQUA BEER.

A Garden and Brewery to be Established There.

Chautauqua, N. Y., July 10.—One hundred and six acres adjoining the grounds of the Chautauqua assembly have been secured by the American Brewing company, of Chicago, Milwaukee and Toronto, and it is the reported intention of the company to erect a beer garden and brewery thereon.

Mrs. Kate Hunt, of Buffalo, who owned the property, will receive $30,000. The assembly tried to purchase part of the property this spring offering $15,000 for fifty acres, but Mrs. Hunt refused to sell a part. Great indignation is felt here over the sale.

REGATTA HEATS.

Additional Results of Today's Thames Boat Races.

Henley-on-Thames, July 10.—In the second heat for the Steward's challenge cup the London Rowing club beat the crew of New College, Oxford. Kingston won the third heat for the Thames college cup over the French crew of the Societe d'Encouragement au Sport Nautique, and in the fourth heat for the same cup the Molesly Rowing club beat the crew of the London Rowing club.

In the fifth heat for the Grand challenge cup the New college crew beat the Eton crew.

The third heat for the Steward's challenge cup was won by the Thames Rowing club, which defeated the Leander Rowing club.

In the fifth heat for the Thames challenge cup the St. John's college, oxford, crew beat the eight of the Anglican Boat club.

DULUTH SPECULATORS.

Said to be Fighting Patenting of Swamp Lands.

St. Paul, July 10.—The Dispatch today says: There is a growing impression that the Duluth speculators are behind the movement to prevent the patenting of the swamp lands to the state. If the interior department refuses to issue the patents the lands go back to the government, and then these men will have an opportunity to secure them by hiring squatters to file upon the lands as homesteads. They have already secured much valuable land in this way, and the opinion prevails around the capitol that they are after more.

MADE HALF A MILION.

Chicago, July 10.—It is rumored that John Cudahy, who lost so heavily on pork some two years ago, made a "killing" in both wheat, corn and pork, amounting to about $500,000 during the past slump.

SMITH TO GET A JOB.

St. Paul, July 10.—The Dispatch says that in case Boiler Inspector Sutton wins his case, Representative J. M. Smith, of Duluth, is slated for deputy grain inspector at Duluth.

TO FIGHT

The Stockholders of the Duluth & Winnipeg Begin an Important Suit.

Claim That Van Horne Conspired to Rob Them of Their Interest.

If Properly Managed the Road Would Net Handsome Earnings.

What promises to be the most important suit, with the exception of those relative to the Mesaba properties, which has been adjudicated in the United States court in Duluth for several years was filed in equity this morning in Capt. Pressnell's office. Stockholders of the Duluth & Winnipeg railway holding stock to the value of $125,000 have begun a fight to prevent the securing of the ownership of the line and its effects by the bond holders, and it is stated that the suit is brought on behalf of the complainants and other stockholders of the road similarly situated.

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The solicitors for the intervenors are F. B. Kellogg and C. A. Severance and Warren, Richardson & Lawrence, of St. Paul.

THE ELKS ARE UNITED.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 10.—This morning's session of the Elks witnessed the completion of the peace negotiations for the uniting of the two factions of the great order. It was the result of a secret conferenece lasting the greater part of last night, at which Mead Detwiller and several officers of the Buffalo faction and the grand exalted ruler and grand lodge of the Atlantic faction were present.

FREIMUTH'S

Our Great Midsummer Clearance Sale==

IS THE EVENT OF THE DAY.

Prices are Cut... Prices are Slashed.

Our object is to clear out every dollar's worth of surplus and summer goods. THE LOW PRICES at which we are selling goods bring delight to many Duluth homes and strike terror among high priced Stores. They are squealing, but this is just the thing we want. The best advertising our LOW PRICES can receive is when our neighbors in trade are squealing.

READ OUR PRICES.
THEY ARE LOWEST.....
.....EVER NAMED.

SILKS--

20 pieces Japanese wash Silks some houses would tell you to be worth $1.00 a yard; for this sale at reduction price per yard..... 17c

Colored Dress Goods.

AT CLEARING PRICES.

All wool Novelties and Silk and Wool Novelties that have sold up to 65c a yard; go at, a yard..... 35c

Novelty two-toned Dress Suitings, all the leading summer shades, should sell readily at 60c a yard, but clearing price is, a yard..... 29c

All wool colored Soliels, figured and changeable dress stuffs, made to sell at 85c a yard—we have put a little price on them for you, a yard 48c

We've a few of those Checked Suitings and Storm Serges left, the 65c and 75c kind, while they last they go at, a yard..... 39c

Wool Challies.

31 inches wide, in dark grounds and pretty figures, the 25c grade—clearing price, a yard..... 15c

Swivel Silks.

Your choice of 37 pieces of Swivel Silks. The price has been 65c a yard; the clearing price is, a yard 35c

Muslin Underwear.

10 dozen Muslin Night Gowns, the $1, 95c and 85c grade, all go at one price 75c

Children's short White Dresses, stylishly made and nicely trimmed.

$1.00 grade at..... 75c
$1.75 grade at..... $1.25
$2 50 grade at..... $1.75
$3.00 grade at..... $2.19

Wash Goods.

25 pieces of Printed Sateens, the choicest summer styles. They have been 20c, but the price for this clearing sale is..... 12½c

50 pieces of choice Dress Ginghams, the 10c kind, will be slaughtered at, a yard..... 5c

35 pieces of Chambray Ginghams, the 12½c quality—for clearing sale at, a yard 7c

100 pieces of best quality Indigo Blue and Fast Black Calicos, the kind that would be cheap at 8c—sell at clearing sale at, a yard..... 5c

20 pieces of printed Challies, the 6c kind, go at, a yard..... 3c

12 pieces of Colored Dotted Swisses, the 25c quality, go at, a yard 14c

Fancy Silk Parasols.

AT LESS THAN COST.

$2.50 Parasols at..... $1.50
$3 50 Parasols at..... $2.50
$4.00 Parasols at..... $2.75
$5.00 Parasols at..... $3.50

Kid Gloves.

Ladies' 6-button Dressed White Kid Gloves, the $1.25 grade. Clearing sale at, a pair..... 48c

Underwear.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed, Sleeveless Vests, the 15c kind, at..... 5c

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Swiss Vests long sleeves, the 35c kind, go at..... 19c

MILLINERY--

All our Ladies' Fancy Hat Shapes at EXACTLY HALF PRICE.

Cloak Dept.

AT $1 39—Ladies' Duck Suits, well made, extra effect, worth $2.50; clearing price..... $1.39

AT $2.50—Ladies' Duck Suits, made of heavy quality duck with bound seams, worth $4; clearing price..... $2.50

AT 69c—Women's House Wrappers, made of good quality prints, worth $1.00; clearing price only..... 69c

Ladies' laundered Shirt Waists, worth $1.25; clearing sale price only..... 75c

Ladies' laundered Shirt Waists, worth $1 50; clearing sale price only..... 89c

Misses' Shirt Waists, worth $1.38; clearing sale price only..... 95c

AT 50c—Ladies soft finish Lawn or Percale Waists, worth from $1 to $1.75; clearing price only.. 50c

OUR GREAT JULY CLEARING SALE HAS STRUCK THE SHOE DEPT.

Everybody knows we carry the Finest Grades of Shoes in Duluth. These prices seem like giving the goods for nothing.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 1.

Child's Kid Button Shoes at.... 25c pair
Child's Kid Button Shoes at.... 35c pair
Child's Kid Button Turned Shoes at..... 49c pair

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 2.

Ladies Dongola Kid Oxford Ties, worth $1.25, at..... 98c
Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, worth $1.50, at..... 98c
Styles, Opera Toe, Pat. Leather Tips.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 3.

Child's Dongola Kid Button Shoes, worth $1.00, at..... 79c
Child's Kangaroo Button Shoes, worth $1.00, at..... 79c
These are solid, stylish and will wear.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 4.

Child's Cloth Top Tan Button Turned Shoes, was $2 00; now.. $1.37
Child's Tan and Canvass Oxfords, was $1.00; now... ..... 50c
Be sure to see them.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 5.

Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, patent leather tip, durable and stylish, was $2.00, now..... $1.48
Ladies' Tan Princess, very stylish low shoes, was $1.75, now.. $1.37

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 6.

This table is loaded with $3 and $3.50 Ladies' Fine Hand Made Dongola Oxfords and Princess, Patent Leather Tip and Trim, at..... $2 37

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 7.

A lot of ladies' $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 Dongola Ties, in tan and black, also tan Princess, that are comfortable and stylish, at. $1.48

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 8

Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, 11 to 2, worth $1.25, at..... 98c
Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, with Pat. Leather Tips and Protection Soles, worth $1.75; at $1.23

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 9.

Ladies' white Canvas Oxford ties with white and kid trimmings, worth $2.00, at..... $1.48
Ladies' tan Oxford ties, opera or square toe, two colors, worth $2 00, at..... $1.67

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 10.

Harding & Todds make Ladies' Vice. Kid Chocolate Oxford Ties; also, Ladies' Vici Kid Chocolate Princess, regular price $3 00 and $3 50; go now at.. $2 37

Don't Miss This Great Clearance Sale.

Hundreds of other equal if not better bargains.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

IOWA

Republican State Convention in Session at the State Capital.

Chairman Lane in an Address Outlines Financial Views of Allison.

Severe Rebuke and Red-Hot Arraignment of Democratic Party.

DesMoines, Ia., July 10.—The weather today was perfect and the attendance at the convention in the history of the party in this state was the largest. The campaign for gubernatorial honors has been one of the most hotly contested ever known in Iowa, and has been unique from the fact that the candidates have organized and conducted the campaign on the school district committee plan, just as the state committee does the campaign for the election of the ticket.

About seventeen active candidates entered the field for governor. The field simmered down to the following, who opened headquarters Monday and sought the nomination today: Gen. E. M. Drake, Centerville; Senator James Harlan, Mt. Pleasant; Senator Matt Parrott, Waterloo; J. H. Harsh; Secretary of State William Parland, Des Moines; Senator J. T. Kamereer, Webster City, Col.; E. S. Ormsby, Emmettsburg. When the convention convened the chances were believed to lie between the first three for the nomination, in order, with Gen. Drake a strong favorite to win. The best estimates of the first ballot were: Drake, 400; Harlan, 300; Parrott, 200; McFarland, 100. Others scattered. There are 1245 delegates to the convention, requiring 622 votes for a choice, so several ballots were expected.

Heavy charges have been sprung against Drake the past day or two, but all were refuted, and it is claimed that the charges have helped his candidacy in place of injuring it. There was little interest in the other offices for which nominations were to be made. It was generally conceded that Supreme Court Judge Given, Railroad Commissioner G. W. Perkins, Superintendent Hiny Salson would receive the nominations. The convention was called to order by Chairman Blythe, of the state committee. Temporary Chairman Lane, of Davenport, then delivered an address. He said:

"Gentlemen of the convention: I congratulate you upon the magnificent harmony existing at the present time in the Republican party throughout the state. A few years back there were some dissentions over questions not political and we were temporarily defeated in state affairs. I congratulate you on the wisdom of your last two conventions, and I trust the result of that experience will insure a continuation in that direction. The Republican party in the past has been in favor of a protective tariff; in favor of American wages for American labor; in favor of American industries and American products; in favor of America, first and England last. There we stand today. Under the fostering influence of protective tariff and reciprocity enacted by the Republican party we had prosperity, good times, plenty of money. Industries were established, encouraged, developed and maintained, so that American labor, American capital, produced and supplied to a large extent the wants of the American people. Under it labor was ennobled. Through it was made possible the American home, unknown to any other people. The American home, the foundation, the stability of this government. Legislate away the ability to build and maintain the home and you will fill the country with a class of roving, reckless impoverished people that must result in anarchy.

"In 1892, through the deception and false promises of the Democratic party, Benjamin Harrison was defeated and Grover Cleveland elected. A majority of the people thought they wanted a change. They got it. It is a matter of history in what goes as it came, and they found what they did not want. At the time of this election the country was prosperous, business was good, manufactories were in operation; labor was in demand. Hardly had Mr. Cleveland been inaugurated before the Democratic free trade promises and threats culminated a panic, as severe in its disastrous results, as it was sudden in its coming. It gave no warning. It swept down upon us, an avalanche of distrust and fear of Democratic legislation. They promised to repeal the McKinley tariff law and to enact a law to collect duties for the purpose of 'revenue only.' The Gorman-Wilson bill, enacted by the sugar trust and other combinations, satisfied the country that the Democratic party was truly in favor of a tariff for revenue only. But they demand to know who only got the revenue.

"This legislative outrage was so patent that President Cleveland was forced to publicly declare they had 'marked the places where the deadly blight of treason had blasted the councils of the brave in their hour of might.' It was so false to the pledges and promises of the Democratic party, that the president publicly denounced it as 'party perfidy and dishonor.' This bill was so opposed to the interests of our people, our institutions and our principles, so un-American, that it was left by the president at the door of congress unsigned, unnamed, without a father, a public foundling forever. It was this class of legislation that made it possible to give Iowa a solid Republican delegation in congress and to sweep the country with Republican victories.

"Cognizant of its gigantic blunder, smarting under the stinging rebuke of 1894, who wonders that the Democratic leaders of once attempted to conceal their free trade sacrifice by turning their batteries on the currency question. Now that prospective Republican legislation has restored business confidence, now that the fires in our furnaces are being rekindled, now that the wages of labor are again being advanced to the American standard, let us see to it that the Democratic party does not name both the battle ground and the weapons. Let us demand that the tariff question be one of the issues. Let us force the fight, and to a finish.

"You have met to name the next governor of the state. You have another and to my mind, a very prominent duty to declare and announce the principles and policy of the Republican party in the state of Iowa. This is not only important as affecting the coming state election, but in shaping the influence and position of Iowa in the national convention of 1896. If wisdom prevails here today, we have a good prospect that the next president of the United States will be from Iowa.

"The Republican party has been, and is now, in favor of a sound national currency. A currency always redeemable in coin. Whatever the form of our money, whether gold, silver or paper, it must have equal purchasing power. Gold and silver have always been and will continue to be the money of the world. They are not the creatures of legislation. These metals are the natural money of the world, because of their devisibility and their man-destructibility. The value or price of these metals, gold or silver, is and must of necessity be determined and measured by the same rule applied to all other commodities. This is by the quantity produced and the demand for its use. By this rule gold is more precious and silver the less valuable. We recognize this difference in value in the coinage of silver and gold into money at a fixed ratio.

"That ratio thus fixed may become changed and seriously disturbed by an abnormal increase in the production of one or the other. The enormous production of silver in the past few years in this and other countries has increased the quantity without relatively increasing the demand and has lowered the value. Silver being necessary in the money of the world, we must either maintain its coinage at par, by legislative limitation of the amount, or change the coinage ratio to the basis of its market value. Under the policy of legislative limitation of the amount, aided by redemption, when in excess of the demand, we have been able to maintain at par our silver coin, although its intrinsic value is much less. This policy was satisfactory so long as the price of silver continued high, but when it became reduced on account of the overproduction and other causes, there sprung up a demand by the producers of silver for special silver legislation. This claim has now crystallized into a demand for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"This means to give to every man, to every nation, the right to deposit at the mints of the United States silver in unlimited quantity, and to demand and receive in return, free of charge or cost, that silver coined into money at the ratio of 16 to 1, bearing the stamp of our government. In my judgment such a policy will establish America to be the dumping ground of silver for the world. It means we would be brought at once to a silver basis. It means the degradation of our dollar to 50 cents. It means repudiation. It will bring an avalanche of silver. It is not for labor. The Republicans of Iowa oppose this.

"In the state of Iowa, if we owe a debt, we expect to pay it in money worth par, worth 100 cents on the dollar, in money of equal purchasing power with any other money of the world. If anyone owes us, we demand and expect payment in money of equal value. This is a vital question to all classes. The farmer, the laborer, the merchant, the manufacturer, all classes, have an interest in the maintenance of good currency. The dollar they receive for their products and labor should have the highest purchasing power and be as good as the best dollar in the world. Upon a sound currency depends to a large extent the development, the prosperity, the success and the maintenance of our people.

"In the past the Republican party has espoused the cause of the people on all the great questions affecting their interests. So now the Republican party must not be lured aside by what might be called an apparent craze sweeping over the country, but must take its position according to the very right of this question. In my view we should favor bimetallism, the use of both silver and gold, with the largest use of silver in our currency that will not impair or endanger in any way the parity in value of all money in circulation, whether metallic or paper.

"That we should favor an international conference to adopt such measures as will insure a parity of value between gold and silver for use as money throughout the world. That the United States should not open its mints to free coinage of silver until an arrangement shall have been made with other leading commercial nations whereby they will agree to currently open their mints to free coinage at an agreed ratio. Let this convention, with the spirit of harmony and wisdom that prevails among you, nominate its candidates and declare its platform, and you will carry the state by 75,000 majority.

A Stitch in Time

Saves nine, says the old proverb, and it is equally true that a little of the right



medicine when the first symptoms of trouble appear, will prevent long illness.

Mr. J. F. Wassel, printer and publisher at Dwight, Ill., says: "I neglected what seemed to be a slight ailment until I became so broken down from rheumatism that I had to give up my work and became an invalid. I yielded to my wife's proposition to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I used 2 bottles, and have entirely recovered my wonted strength and activity. I now put in full time in my office and enjoy life like a new man. My wife says

Hood's Sarsaparilla

did it and insisted on my writing this letter of gratitude in acknowledgement of the same." Be sure to get Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25 cents.

EARTHQUAKES IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, July 10.—Severe earthquake shocks have been experienced in the Caribbean and Ural districts. Many houses have been destroyed at Usuanada, Astrachan and Krasnovodski.

ARE YOU GOING EAST THIS SUMMER?

Don't forget that the great summer tourist route is the Michigan Central, "The Niagara Falls Route," a first-class line for first-class travel, the popular line to Niagara Falls, Mackinac Island, the Thousand Islands, of the St. Lawrence, the White mountains, the Adirondacks, Portland by the Sea, Boston and New England points, New York and the seashore.

Send 10 cents postage for "A Summer Note Book." It will tell you all about these places and how to reach them. O. W. Ruggles, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago.

Impure blood is the cause of boils, pimples and other eruptions. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and cures these troubles. 9

CORNELL

Badly Beaten in Today's Race at Henley With Trinity Hall.

Americans Demoralized and Laughed at by the Competing Crew.

Visitors From America Much Cast Down by Cornell's Failure.

Henley on the Thames, July 10.—The anti-American feeling caused by Cornell going over the course in yesterday's race, when Leander failed to get away at the word "go," continued today, and offensive remarks are to be heard on all sides. "They are just like the Australians," said one person in the breakfast room of the Red Lion hotel this morning. "They don't care how they win." The Leanders continued to fan the flame of discontent. They were to be heard in all parts denouncing not the umpire or the stewards, which gave the race to Cornell yesterday, but they denounced Cornell in spite of the fact that the American crew simply obeyed the umpire's command to row over the course.

The Leanders made no overtures to Cornell yesterday to race again, but they began an immediate torrent of abuse. Andrew White, who has been identified with the Cornell crew ever since the latter arrived at Henley, is perfectly well known to the different crews. Yesterday he entered a crowded hotel lobby wearing the Cornell colors. In the lobby were a group of Leanders excitedly talking over the unfortunate misunderstanding of yesterday. Begg, the Leander coxswain, glanced at Mr. White and then said evidently for his benefit: "Damn the Americans anyway. It is just what we might have expected."

All the members of the Cornell crew were naturally very indignant at the manner in which the Leanders were speaking against them, and they remarked it now rests with us to win today and show the boys that we do not depend on the bungles of any crew to win. The day opened hot and the wind lighter than yesterday, though still blowing from the Bucks shore, and as the Cornell crew upon this occasion had the opposite Berkshire shore, the weather was considered slightly against them. Courtney, Cornell's trainer, was again ill all night and is under the care of a doctor, who says he is suffering from a chill.

The members of the Cornell crew rose early, were well rubbed down and had breakfast at 7:30 a.m. They were all well and in the best of spirits. They did not go to the boat house before the race, but remained in their quarters until time to get ready to enter their boat shortly after 12 o'clock. The substitutes paddled the Cornell boat down to the starting point. The words of yesterday were repeated along the course, although the crowd was much lighter. As the crew of Trinity Hall, Cambridge, paddled into position in order to meet Cornell in the fourth heat of the trial races for the grand challenge cup, the Englishmen met with a rousing cheer. Their average weight was 165 pounds, and their names were as follows: T. B. Hope, bow; J. A. Botts, J. W. Ferner, F. C. Stewart, A. W. Blebar, B. H. Hiwell, A. S. Bell, D. H. Wauchope, stroke, and P. Tomlinson, coxwain. Trinity Hall was first caught at the starting point and took up the first position.

SIGNS OF DISTRESS.

Cornell was slow in taking up position on the Berkshire side. The word "go" was given at 12:32 p. m., and Cornell first caught the water and started with a stroke of 46 to Trinity's 42. Cornell was half a length ahead on turning into the course after passing Temple island. Then the Cornell runners began to encourage the American crew and under this stimulus Cornell, who had dropped to 3-8, spurted and increased her lead to a length. Trinity was then splashing slightly. Cornell made the half mile in 2 minutes 26 seconds, but on passing Fraulle, Cornell went all to pieces, Freeborn dropped his oar and put up his hands to his face. The Cornell crew seemed paralyzed at this. Hall, stroke of the Cornell crew, seemed not to understand what was interfering with the momentum of the boat, and half turned round.

By the time the Cornell crew were again at work the Trinity Hall crew was a length ahead. The Cornell crew was so rattled that they rowed like a lot of school boys, and Hager, No. 3 in the American boat, dropped his oar and back into the arms of No. 2, Spellman. The latter instantly relieved him, and as Hager did not recover himself, Colson, the coxswain called out sharply, "What are you about, Ture?" Hager then resumed his oar and seemed to try to row, but no sooner had the crew recommenced pulling with Trinity Hall five lengths ahead, than it came Freeborn's turn to hinder matters. He dropped his oar, and with one hand before his eyes, seemed to grope blindly to recover it.

By this time the Trinity Hall crew was seven or eight lengths ahead, rowing a long, even stroke, and they could be plainly seen laughing to each other. Passing the mile post, 5 minutes 22 seconds, Fennell's head fell forward and he seemed about to faint. He also dropped his oar and rubbed his forehead. The shouts of encouragement of little Colson, the Cornell coxswain, could be distinctly heard above the cheering from the shore, where the Cornell men were running along the bank frantically endeavoring to encourage the crew. Fennell recovered and tried to row, but his oar struck the water flat, although it some times assumed the proper position. Then again the men on the opposite side of the boat seemed unable to lift their oars and were occupied in trying to steady the boat.

Hall, who was rowing steadily, looked the picture of despair. Nevertheless, he kept at his work and almost alone seemed to pull the boat. After passing the mile post, Hager for the second time dropped his oar, but he recovered himself, although he seemed ready to faint again. Dyer, No. 6 in the Cornell boat, and Roe, the bow oar, who with Hall had been doing the best work, also began to show signs of exhaustion, and began splashing badly. The Trinity Hall crew was then hopelessly ahead, and the race was virtually over.

FENNELL FAINTS AWAY.

The crowds on the river bank and boats along the sore were frantic with delight at Cornell's unfortunate situation, but the Cornell men continued to run along the shore, shouting all kinds of encouragement to the demoralized crew. The Cornell men in the boat, however, seemed more fit to be in their coffins than in a boat race. The American spectators ashore and afloat were heart-broken at the collapse of the Cornell crew. The grand stand was filled with brightly dressed American girls, and many of them were crying at the finish. Trinity Hall won easily by eight lengths, and as the Cornell boat crossed the finish line, Fennell tumbled from his seat in a dead faint. Happily he soon recovered, and the Cornell crew slowly paddled to their boat house, which was situated about a quarter of a mile beyond the finsh.

The Britishers were wild with delight when Trinity passed Cornell, but words failed to express their degree of enthusiasm when Trinity won and Cornell trailed along past the grand stand. Then the Cornell men were received with hisses. They stopped rowing before they pased the judges, who hoisted the sign "not rowed out."

The Cornell men presented a solemn sight as they arrived at the boat house, where their friends in waiting did not know the result, but there was no necessity for asking the question. The appearance of the crew only too surely gave the answer. Tears stood in Roe's eyes as he stepped out, and the crew were so exhausted that they could scarcely lift their boat from the water. Several members of the Cornell Glee club tried to arouse the drooping spirits of the Cornell crew, saying: "You have no reason to feel ashamed; you did your best," Colson, the Cornell coxswain, deserves credit for the way he kept his head and encouraged the crew. He kept shouting to his men while they were tumbling about: "Steady, boys, steady; go ahead, you have got them."

The general opinion is that the Cornell crew were hopelessly overtrained and that there was no climate or malaria about it.

Colson, who acted as spokesman for the Cornell crew, said: "We had a hard race and we were fairly and squarely beaten."

"Has the crew been overtrained?" Colson was asked.

"Mr. Francis' orders are that there should be no talk on that subject," was the answer.

Upon reaching their dressing rooms half of the Cornell crew lay down on the rough wood floor and panted like hounds after a long run. In addition to the regular attendance, the members of the Cornell Glee club, who were present, acted as rubbers and assisted in washing down their crew with cold water. The other Cornell men outside the dressing rooms enlivened the proceedings by giving the college yell again and again at the full strength of their lungs. In the meantime the large boat house had become crowded with Americans, and this had a cheering effect upon the crew. In addition a number of Englishmen, belonging to Henley, called at the Cornell boat house and expressed themselves as being sorry that the Americans were defeated.

The following are expressions which some of the Cornell crew made after dressing: Freeborn: The English are the best men." Dyer: "I think we have nothing to be ashamed of." Hall: "I am not sorry we came." Louis: "It is waste of time to talk about defeat."

NUBBINS OF NEWS.

Fire destroyed the Parris furniture warehouse at Chicago yesterday. It was a storage plant filled with all the goods of many patrons. Their loss will foot up over $150,000. Parris was fully insured.

Surveyors have commenced work in Wisconsin on an electric railroad to be fifty-four miles long, between LaCrosse and Neilsville in the Black river valley.

Ice a quarter of an inch thick with a brisk frost was reported yesterday from Appleton, Wis.

The Chicago & Northwestern railroad management has notified its employes that the usual 25 per cent reduction in freight rates on coal heretofore allowed them will not be allowed this year. This will affect several thousand men.

Affairs of Z. T. Lewis, the crooked Urbana, Ohio, broker are getting worse and worse. Over $50,000 of forged bonds have turned up and more are to come. Lewis mortgaged his property on Monday for $75,000 and skipped out.

The Brooks Iron company, of Bridesburg, Pa., has voluntarily increased the wages of its employes 10 per cent.

Standard oil refineries at Wheeling, W. Va., closed yesterday, and it is believed the shut down is permanent.

Chicago is to have a tower which will make the Eiffel tower in Paris look like a hole in the ground. The Windy City's effort is to be 1150 feet high and 350 feet wide at the base. The elevators will be wonderful affairs, and at the top will be powerful search lights and telescopes.

W. B. Colvin, a lawyer, shot and killed Josiah Stevens at Indian Springs, Ind., yesterday. Stevens is a preacher. Drink seems to have been at the bottom of it.

Smoky Hill river is out of its banks and Salina, Kan., is partly submerged and boats are running in the business streets.

Baseball Yesterday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 9; Philadelphia, 3.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 2; Boston, 3; second game—Pittsburg, 4; Boston, 3.

At Chicago—Chicago, 0; New York, 1.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 6; Brooklyn, 5; twelve innings; second game—Cincinnati, 14; Brooklyn, 6.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 5; Baltimore, 4; thirteen innings.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 10; St. Paul, 5.

At Detroit—Detroit, 2; Minneapolis, 13.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 17; Milwaukee, 1.

At Terre Haute—Terre Haute, 3; Kansas City, 11.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Baltimore	56	34	22
Boston	57	34	23
Pittsburg	65	38	27
Chicago	69	40	29
Cleveland	66	38	28
Cincinnati	63	36	27
Philadelphia	59	32	27
Brooklyn	61	37	24
New York	60	28	32
Washington	58	25	33
St. Louis	65	22	43
Louisville	59	10	49

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Indianapolis	58	37	21
Detroit	59	32	27
Kansas City	60	32	28
St. Paul	59	31	28
Milwaukee	60	30	30
Minneapolis	58	26	32
Grand Rapids	62	26	36
Terre Haute	58	23	35

STOLE THE DIAMONDS.

Tacoma, Wash., July 10.—Leonard Osborne, a Chicago society man, is under arrest at Hope, Idaho, on a charge of stealing $800 worth of diamonds from E. M. Hunt, of this city, a prominent business man with whom Osborne stayed two weeks.

GAIL BORDEN
EAGLE Brand
..CONDENSED MILK..
Has No Equal
SOLD EVERYWHERE

The Only Remedy in the World that Refunds Purchase Price if it Fails to Cure the Tobacco Habit in 4 to 10 Days is

Narcoti-Cure

It Cures While You Continue the Use of Tobacco.

The greatest discovery of the age!

A certain, pleasant, permanent cure.

A lifetime's suffering ended for $5.00.

Why smoke and spit your life away? Why suffer from dyspepsia, heartburn and drains on your vital forces?

Stop using tobacco, but stop the right way! Drive the nicotine from your system by the use of this wonderful remedy!

Narcoti-Cure is warranted to remove all desire for tobacco in every form, including Cigar, Cigarette and Pipe smoking, Chewing and snuff taking.

Use all the tobacco you want while under treatment, and in from four to ten days your "hankering" and "craving" will disappear—the weed won't taste good. Then throw away tobacco forever.

Narcoti-Cure is entirely vegetable and free from injurious ingredients. It never fails to give tone and new vigor to the weakest constitution.

Remember Narcoti-Cure doesn't deprive you of tobacco while effecting a cure; doesn't ask you to buy several bottles to be entitled to a guarantee; doesn't require a month's treatment; and, finally, doesn't enable you to stop tobacco only to find yourself a slave to the habit of tablet chewing.

With Narcoti-Cure, when you are through with tobacco you are through with the remedy. One bottle cures.

Send for book of prominent testimonies like the following:

Huntington, Mass., March 18, 1895.
The Narcoti Chemical Co.,
Springfield, Mass.

Gentlemen:—I have used tobacco for over twenty-five years, chewing and smoking every day from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., stopping only for meals.

On Monday, February 4, I called at your office in Springfield and bought a bottle of the Cure, which I used as directed, and on the tenth day the desire for tobacco had left me and it has not returned. I did not lose a meal while taking the Cure. My appetite has improved and I consider Narcoti-Cure a grand thing.

Very respectfully,
CHAS. I. LINCOLN.

Mr Frank H. Morton, of Chicopee Falls, Mass., is inspector of public buildings for Massachusetts, says:

I used tobacco for twenty-five years and was a confirmed smoker. In just eight days' treatment with Narcoti-Cure I was through with tobacco; in fact the desire for tobacco vanished like a dream.

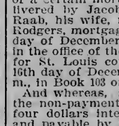
Very respectfully,
FRANK H. MORTON.

If your druggist is unable to give full particulars about Narcoti-Cure, send to us for Book of Particulars free, or send $5.00 for bottle by mail.

THE NARCOTI CHEMICAL CO., SPRINGFIELD, MASS.



DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.
Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other.
Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., - Cleveland, Ohio.
The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILL ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies.
Sold in Duluth by Smith & Smith, 101 West Superior Street.



We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that Calthos will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. Use it and pay if satisfied.
Address VON MOHL CO. 39 B, Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Jacob E. Raab and Rebecca Raab, his wife, mortgagors, to Annie E. Rodgers, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 16th day of December, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 103 of mortgages, on page 245, and whereas, said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of twenty-four dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage, and is secured thereby on June 1st, 1895. It has become optional with the holder of said mortgage, by the terms thereof to declare the whole amount secured thereby to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole amount of said debt has been declared and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of six hundred twenty-six and 64-100 dollars.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which by reason of said default has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis county, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot numbered nine, in block number eleven, and lot number eleven, in block number ten, in Hall's addition to Oneota, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Thursday, the first day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated June 19th, 1895.
ANNIE E. RODGERS,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
June 19-26 July 3-10-17-24.

MEMBERS

OF THE

DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

	Capital	Surplus
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	250,000
Marine National Bank	200,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	27,000
State Bank of Duluth	83,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	50,000	------



BROU'S INJECTION.
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with Cubebs, Copaiba or Sandal-Wood. J. Ferré & Co. (successors to Brou), Pharmaciens, Paris. At all druggists.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of six hundred ninety-six dollars, which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Thomas B. Hizar mortgagor, to Melvin R. Baldwin and Edward L. Bradley mortgagees, bearing date the 25th day of January, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, 1890, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 41 of mortgages, on page 307, which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said Melvin R. Baldwin and Edward L. Bradley to the undersigned Charles W. Day, owner and holder thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the 9th day of April, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the third day of May, 1895, at 3:50 o'clock p. m., in Book 107 of mortgages, on page 243.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured thereby or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis county, Minnesota, to-wit: An undivided one-third interest in the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-three, in township fifty-north of range fifteen, west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Thursday, the first day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 5th, 1895.
ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, a corporation,
Mortgagee.

CHAS. C. TEARE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
June-5-12-19-26-July-3-10.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-four and 38-100 dollars ($24.38), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Asa J. Sprague and Mary Sprague, his wife, mortgagors, to Henry A. Robbins and Emma Robbins, mortgagees, bearing date the first day of October, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, 1894, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in Book 104 of mortgages on page 253; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.:

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered thirteen (13) in block numbered twenty-nine (29), in Lester Park, Third (3rd) Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 25th day of July, 1895, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 11th, A. D. 1895.
HENRY A. ROBBINS,
EMMA ROBBINS,
Mortgagees.

CASH, WILLIAMS & CHESTER,
Attorneys for Mortgagees.
June 12-19-26 July 3-10-17.

PILES! PILES! PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c and $1.00 per box.
WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Props.,
Cleveland, Ohio.
Sold on a Guarantee by the White Swan Drug Store.

1 DELICIOUS DIGESTER
10 CHIPS 5 CENTS.
DON'T BE WOOZY (CHEW)
FAULTLESS PEPSIN CHIPS
THE GUM THAT'S ROUND
DEALERS DON'T KEEP THEM THEY SELL THEM
SEND 5¢ FOR SAMPLE PACKAGE
CONN BROS & KLEE SOLE AGENTS PARK PLACE COR CHURCH ST N.Y.

IF YOU WISH TO—
DRINK.....
A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing glass of Beer—call for
FITGER'S BEER

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

To Unknown:

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast one-quarter (se¼), in section number twenty-nine (29), township number fifty-two (52), north of range number thirteen (13), west of the fourth P. M. according to the government survey thereof, was on the second day of May, A. D. 1892, bid in for the state for the sum of eight dollars and ninety-six cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the district court in the said county of St. Louis, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1892, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate, for the year 1890, for the said county of St. Louis, and was on the thirtieth day of April, A. D. 1895, assigned by the state of Minnesota for forty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such assignment exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of forty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said thirtieth day of April, 1895, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said assignment with interest thereon to the time of such redemption and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said assignment will expire sixty days after service of this notice; and proof thereof has been filed in manner prescribed by Section 37, of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated Duluth, this 8th day of June, A. D. 1895.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.
(Seal.)
June 26, July 3, 10.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district, and county of St. Louis, on the 27th day of June, 1895, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein the City of Duluth for the use and benefit of Howe Lumber Company was plaintiff and Jeremiah H. Triggs, Henry H. Bell, William Forrestal and James Forrestal were defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of one thousand seven hundred thirty-one and 77-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Thursday the 15th day of August, 1895 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor, Jeremiah H. Triggs had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 24th day of February, 1891, that being the date of the rendition and docketing of said judgment, also all interest subsequently acquired therein by him, the description of the property being as follows to-wit:

Lot twelve (12), in block ten (10), in Central Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., July 2d, 1895.

W. W. BUTHART,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor,
101-2-3 Security building, Duluth, Minn.
July-3-10-17-24-31-Aug-7

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary C. Murray and Marshall C. Murray, her husband, to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, a corporation of Duluth, Minn., bearing date the 22nd day of August, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 27th day of August, 1890, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 69 of mortgages on page 34, by which default a power of sale in said mortgage has become operative, and whereas there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred forty-five and 05-100 ($1325.05) dollars, principal, interest and premiums and insurance premiums paid by the said mortgagee for insuring the property covered by said mortgage, with interest on said amount since the 13th day of May, 1895, at six per cent per annum, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz.: lot six (6), of block one hundred and two (102), of the Second Division of West Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and attorney's fee and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county and state on Thursday, the 18th day of July, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 5th, 1895.
ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, a corporation,
Mortgagee.

CONCERTS

The Children's Choir of Asbury M. E. Church Drew Crowded Houses.

Solos Were Well Sung and the Choruses Were Quite Strong.

The Installation of the Odd Fellows' Officers Was Largely Attended.

The children's choir of Asbury M. E. church were greeted with packed houses at their concerts in Great Eastern hall yesterday afternoon and evening. Their performances were very creditable and they were well received. The opening numbers on the program were choruses by the full choir. These were well rendered, especially so considering the average age of the children. The chorus "Happy Little Darlings We" was also well sung. The choruses were strong and sustained in the various parts, and much praise of the choir was given. Those singing solos were Lulu Bodilly, Mabel Hettrick and Miss Sadie Prescott. These, together with a violin solo by Miss Alice Fiske, recitations by Mamie Kurtz and Leila Sparks, were well received and warmly applauded.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

West Duluth lodge, No. 168, I. O. O. F., installed their officers for the ensuing year at their hall last evening. They were: Thomas A. Scarlett, N. G.; Emil Zauft, V. G.; W. B. Hartley, R. S., and George A. Toor, P. S. The installing officer was District Deputy Grand Master McFadden, of Duluth. The installation was largely attended, and after the ceremonies a banquet was partaken of, followed by speeches and a good time generally.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Insure your property with G. E. Hall.

Dr. Kenney, dentist, over Mfr's bank.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

W. P. Mars has returned to Virginia.

Euclid lodge, A. F. & A. M., holds a special meeting this evening for work in third degree.

W. E. Lawrence is back from a visit to his parents.

A crowd of young people enjoyed a moonlight ride last night on R. L. Ettinger's steam launch Orion.

Rev. Andrew Farrel, of Ishpeming, Mich., is in the city and preaches at the Swedish M. E. church on Sunday next.

A. H. Merriman, of Charles City, Iowa, is visiting his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Merriman, and his sister, Mrs. E. D. Abbott. He is accompanied by his wife.

Manager Simonds reports that the West Duluth Stars will play a game of baseball with the local nine next Sunday.

F. J. Murray left yesterday for Chicago on a visit.

For Rent....

An 8-room Modern House—All Conveniences, nicest location in the City, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to

Wm. E. LUCAS,
Exchange Building.

A LADY DRUMMER.

Miss Ella M. Henley, of St. Louis, is among the guests at the Spalding today. Miss Henley is an energetic young lady who is a pioneer in a new field of work for women. For three years past she has represented a St. Louis vinegar house as traveling salesman, and today she is known throughout the West as one of the most successful drummers on the road. Her territory covers all of the Western states from the Mississippi to the coast, and she makes two trips per year, each covering a period of between five and six months. Miss Henley is an ardent exponent of wheeling, and on her trips carries a safety, upon which she makes the smaller towns which have not railway connections. She will remain in the city for a week visiting the Duluth and Superior trade.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

NOT MANY FILINGS.

In the land office this morning town 150-29 was opened for filing. There was not much of a rush, and when all the applicants had been attended to there were only sixteen filings. Of these ten were homestead applications and six were timber and stone entries. Four of the entries were in conflict with Indian allotments.



THE WAY IS OPEN

to health and strength, if you're a nervous, delicate woman. The medicine to cure you, the tonic to build you up, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. You can depend upon it. The makers say it will help you, or cost you nothing. They *guarantee* it.

As a safe and certain remedy for woman's ailments, nothing can compare with the "Prescription." It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, and a soothing, strengthening nervine, perfectly harmless in any condition of the female system.

It's a marvelous remedy for nervous and general debility, St. Vitus's Dance, Fainting Spells, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, and all the nervous disorders due to functional derangements. It has often, by restoring the womanly functions, cured cases of insanity.

PIERCE Guarantees a **CURE**

OR MONEY RETURNED.

MARINE MATTERS.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., July 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Phillip Minch, 9:30 last night; Averell, 10:40; G. Gould, midnight; Mahoning, 12:40 a. m.; Glengarry, 1:40; Brazil, 2; Roman, 4; Outhwaite, Burr, 5; Stevens, 5:15; Uganda, 7; City of Cleveland, 8:40; Bulgaria, Case, 9:30.

Down yesterday: Nahant, 11 a. m.; Grecian, 11:10; H. B. Tuttle and consorts, Maritana, 2:20 p. m.; Santa Maria and barges, C. H. Johnson, 2:40; Folsom and consort, May, Wilson, Lewiston, 3; Craig, 3:30; Lansing, 5:10; the two Parkers, 5:30; Badger State, 7.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

(Specials to The Herald.)

Lorain—Cleared: Ashland, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: , Wotan, 18; L. Fryer, Granada, Superior.

Cleveland—Cleared: Curry, Clement, Board of Trade, O'Neill, Hallaren, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: 126, Pasadena, Iron Duke, Duluth; Gogebic, West Superior, coal.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Yakima and whaleback, 9:30 last night; Tempest, Whiting, Ralston, A. Richards, 10; Marina, 11; Colorado, 2 a. m.; McWilliams, 7:30; Madden, Mantenee, Noquebay, Cadillac, 9; Farwell, Rutter, Castalia, 10. Down: R. Wallace, D. Wallace, 4 a. m.; Fred Kelly, Vanderbilt, 5:30; Osceola, 6; Kershaw, Kent, Moonlight, 1; John Owen, Harper, 8; Iron King, Iron Queen, 9:40.

Up yesterday: Manitoba, 2 p. m.; Thomson and consorts, 2:30; Benton and consorts, 3:30; Fisk, Sauber, 5; Bartlett and consorts, 6; Seguin, 7:30; Westcott and consort, Flint, 8:30. Down: Sley, 10:30 a. m.; Mohegan and consort, 12 noon; Lasalle, 12:30 p. m.; Pope, 1:30; Presley and consorts, 4:30; North West, 5:30; Choctaw, 7; Nicaragua, 8; Pittsburg, 9.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., July 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Ranney, Ely, 11:40 last night; Mary McGregor, 1 a. m.; Mecosta, Ashland, 5:40; W. Chisholm, Nicol, Curry, 6:15; Iron Duke and consort, 7:40; Pontiac, Paris, 8; Cherokee, Chippewa, 9.

Up yesterday: Aurora, Adams, 11 a. m.; Fedora, 2 p. m.; Gordon Campbell, 3; Northern King, 3:20; Mariposa and consort, 3:40; Grover and consort, Hackett and consort, 4:30; Sawyer and consorts, 7:20; Pratt, Ash, 8:40.

THE SEQUIN AGROUND.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 10.—The steam barge Sequin, up bound with coal, is aground at the foot of Hay Lake cut. The tugs Merrick and Brockway and lighter Clinton are working on her.

COAL CHARTERS.

Cleveland, July 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal charters: Hesper, Gladstone, Pasadena, John Martin, Ohio ports to Duluth, 30 cents.

Buffalo, July 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal charters: Wotan, Gardner, Duluth, 25 cents.

Port of Duluth.

ARRIVED.

Prop Tacoma, Buffalo; light for wheat.
Prop Northern Wave, Buffalo; light for flour.
Prop Hunter, Ashland; passengers.
Prop Jim Sheriffs, Lake Erie; coal.
Schr M. C. Bell, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Globe, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Gilbert, Buffalo; light for flour.
Prop Corsica, Lake Erie; light for ore.
Prop North Wind, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop India, Buffalo; passengers and merchandise.

DEPARTED.

Prop Sam Mitchell, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Prop Kaikaska, Lake Erie; lumber.
Prop Cambria, Buffalo; grain.
Prop C. Tower, Jr., Lake Erie; ore.
Prop C. A. Eddy, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop William Edwards, Lake Erie; ore.
Schr Golden Age, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop United Empire, Sarnia; flour.
Prop Portage, Buffalo; wheat.
Prop Northern Wave, Buffalo; flour.
Prop Globe, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Hunter, Ashland; passengers.
Prop Corsica, Lake Erie; ore.
Prop Avon, Buffalo; flour.
Prop Dixon, Port Arthur; passengers and merchandise.
Prop Kearsarge, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Prop Queen of the West, Lake Erie; ore.
Schr Winslow, Lake Erie; ore.

MARINE NOTES.

The testimony taken before a special examiner in the libel of Hedley E. Redmyer against the schooner Emilie was filed in the clerk of United States court office this morning.

Clearances: United Empire, 11,500 barrels flour, Sarnia.

THE FARMERS' RAILROAD.

President Hines Here Conferring as to Raising Funds.

D. W. Hines, of Drayton, N. D., president of the Duluth & North Dakota Railway company, is in the city today, accompanied by J. D. Wallace, of Drayton, a director of the company. They spent the morning with members of the committees from the commercial bodies of the city which were appointed to devise means to assist the company in the construction of the line. Hines' mission in Duluth is to raise money, if possible to aid in the surveying work which is to be done. He wishes to have a public meeting called to discuss his plan and the advantages to Duluth in its successful termination. This afternoon at 5 o'clock the committees will meet and may decide to issue a call for a public meeting tomorrow evening.

Mr. Hines states that about forty or fifty miles of the grading is done and that the 100 miles of the road west of Thief River Falls to Cavalier county is in the hands of the most substantial men of that section, and that the completing of the grading is assured. An engineer has reported on the crossing of the Red river, but it has not yet been decided at what point a bridge will be put in. About 28,000 ties, or enough for forteen miles of road, have been gotten out. For all the work done the farmers have taken for their pay stock in the company.

DISTRICT COURT SUITS.

Kilto & Bernick have sued Fitzgerald & Disk for $458.09 for goods, transferred labor claims, orders, etc. Davis & Bureau are plaintiff's attorneys.

In the matter of the estate of T. O. Hall Judge Ensign has ordered A. P. Wilson, the assignee, to sell all the property Aug. 7.

In the case of Robert Colton & Co. against Gustaus Schneider, Judge Ensign has filed findings to the effect that Cchneider must pay $240 which he contracted to pay in case a piece of property in 65-21 contained not less than 1,100,000 feet of timber.

30 ACRE SAWMILL SITE.

Near Holston. Bielock & Co., West Duluth, for sale cheap if improved. J. C. & R. M. Hunter.

Died. Mrs. W. B. Chapin, wife of W. Barton Chapin, Tuesday, July 9. Funeral from late residence, No. 14 Chester terrace, Thursday, July 11, at 3 p. m.

See novel advertisement on last page.



"Aye! There's the rub!"

And that ought to be enough in itself to seal the doom of bar soap. This rubbing with soap may get clothes clean, if you work hard enough, but can't you see how it wears them out?

Follow the directions that come on every package of Pearline, and you'll find that you not only do away with the hard and ruinous work of rubbing—but that you save time, and actually get better results. At every point Pearline is better than soap. But the mere fact that Pearline saves the rubbing—that ought to settle it.

BEWARE Peddlers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled. If your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—*send it back.* 463

STRONGER

Wheat Was Strong at Today's Opening After the Decline Yesterday.

The Main Cause of the Strong Feeling Was Cable News.

Despite the Heavy Decline Here, Liverpool Was Only Slightly Lower.

Wheat opened very strong this morning, showing as much strength at the opening today as it did weak at the clos last night. The motive was the cable news. Liverpool was only 1@1¼d lower against the much heavier decline here, and other foreign markets showed a similar disinclination to follow the break on this side. The receipts at Chicago and in the Northwest were light. Duluth and Minneapolis roported 70 cars received, compared with 92 a year ago. The exports of wheat and flour from the four principal Atlantic ports amounted to 188,000 bu. Liverpool was quoted weak and ¼d lower for futures at the opening, but only ½d lower for spot at the close. Berlin came half mark lower and Paris slightly lower for flour and 10 centimes higher for wheat. There were numerous offerings cabled to Chicago for both wheat and corn on the basis of yesterday's closing prices, which could not be executed on account of the advance.

September opened 2⅜c up at 64c, and advanced to 64¼c before the reaction. Then it ruled firm around 63¾c, and at noon began advancing to 64½c, easing off ⅜c before the close. December started 2⅜c up at 65⅜c, and advanced to 66c, ruling steady up to noon and advancing to 66½c during the noon hour. The close was 3c higher than yesterday for cash, 2¼c higher for September, and 2⅜c higher for December, as follows:

No. 1 hard, cash, 67c; July, 67¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 66½c; July, 66¾c; September, 64⅝c; December, 66¼c. No. 2 northern, cash, 63½c. No. 3, 58¾c. Rejected, 56¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 66⅝c; No. 1 northern, 66⅝c. Rye, 50c. No. 2 oats, 26c; No. 3 oats, 25½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 16; oats, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 36,892 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 77,527 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, July 10.—Hogs, receipts, 27,000; official yesterday, 8427; left over, 3700. Trade very dull. Prices 10c lower than yesterday's closing. Light, $4.20@5.10; mixed, $4.70@5.15; heavy, $4.55@5.05; rough, $4.55@4.70. Cattle, 15,000, including 2500 Texans. Market weak to 10c lower. Texas cattle, $2.75@4.50; bulk, $3.30@3.90. Sheep, receipts, 17,000. Market weak, 5@10c lower. Cattle, yesterday, 7523; shipments, 1370. Sheep, yesterday, 15,057; shipments, none. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 24,000.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, July 10.—Wheat, July, 63⅞@64c; September, 65⅝@½c; December, 67¾@7⅝c. Corn, July, 43c; September, 43⅝c; December, 36⅝c; May, 39¾c. Oats, July, 23¼c; September, 23¼c; May, 26⅞c. Pork, July, $11.10; September, $11.25. Lard, July, $6.27; September, $6.35; January, $5.40. Ribs, July, $6.07½. Cash: Wheat, 63⅝@64c; corn, 48c; oats, 23½c; pork, $11.10; lard, $6.27; ribs, $6.07. Whisky on the basis of $1.25 for high wines. Barley, cash, none; September, 58c. Rye, cash, 48c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.56. Timothy, cash, $5.90.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, July 10.—Wheat, spot, quiet, demand poor. No. 2 red winter, 5s 2d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 8d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 7½d; No. 1 California, 5s 11½d. Futures opened steady with near and distant positions 1d lower. Closed firm with near positions ½@¾d lower; distant positions ¾d lower; business about equally distributed. July, 5s 1½d; August, 5s 2d; September, 5s 2½d; October, 5s 3d; November, 5s 3½d; December, 5s 4d. Corn, spot, stead; American mixed new, 4s 2½d. Futures steady with near and distant positions ¼d higher, closed firm with near positions ½@¾d higher and distant positions ¾d higher; business heaviest on middle positions. July, 4s 1¼d; August, 4s 1½d; September, 4s 3¼d; October, 4s 1½d; November, 4s 1¾d; December, 4s 2d. Flour dull, demand poor. St. Louis fancy winter, 7s 6d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 10.—Noon. Money on call, nominally 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86@4.90 for demand and $4.89¼ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.89@½ and $4.90@4½; commercial bills $4.88@4. Silver certificates, no quotation. Bar silver 67. Mexican dollars 53¾.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, July 10.—Wheat was decidedly firmer today. Close: July, 64¼c; September, 62¼c; December, 64⅜c. On track: No. 1 hard, 65½c; No. 1 northern, 64⅜c; No. 2 northern, 63¾c. Receipts—Wheat 60 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 10.—Wheat, July, 68¾c; September, 69¾c; October, 70¾c; December, 72½c asked; May, 75½c asked. Corn, September, 48c bid. Oats, September, 27c bid.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

The May report of the government gave a condition of 82.9 for winter wheat. On the day it was issued May wheat closed at 62⅞c and the next day at 64¾c. That condition was then considered bullish. The price of cash wheat is now about where it was then. On a condition of 71.1 last month July wheat sold above 81c. If the condition should be still lower this month as seems probable, what will the market do? We have had a 20c reaction from top prices. Weak holders have been shaken out and the market is in good condition to bull again, especially as a condition better that 71 is generally expected. The spring wheat condition will undoubtedly be high as everything favored it in June. The damage has been done since July 1. The market today has recovered a portion of yesterday's break on damage reports from the Northwest which are quite serious. The effect of frost and hot winds is beginning to tell, and many think the crop will be no larger than last year.

Corn and oats—Covering by shorts has lifted prices materially and the market looks as if it might go still higher before it begins to sell off again. Provisions rather active within a moderate range.

The stock market has been strong on prospects of good government report to be issued this afternoon.

Puts, September wheat, 63c.
Calls, September wheat, 68c.
Curb, September wheat, 65⅝@¾c.
Puts, September corn, 42¼c.
Calls, September corn, 44c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	21⅜	21⅜	21	21⅜
Atchison	10⅜	10⅜	9⅜	10⅛
Sugar Trust	111¾	112	110¾	111⅝
Canada Southern	54⅛	54¼	54⅛	54⅛
C., B & Q	86⅜	86⅜	85⅞	86⅛
St. Paul	69	69⅜	68⅝	69⅛
Chicago	54⅛	55⅜	52⅜	55⅛
Del., Lack. & W	163¼	163½	163¼	163½
General Electric	37⅛	37⅞	36⅝	36⅜
Erie				
Reading	18⅜	18⅝	17⅝	17⅞
Louis. & Nash	59⅛	60⅜	59⅛	60⅜
Manhattan	112⅜	112⅜	111¼	111¾
Missouri Pacific	32⅞	33⅜	32⅜	33⅛
New England	53⅛	54⅛	53⅜	54
Chicago & Nor'w'en	99¼	99⅝	99⅛	99⅝
Nor'rn Pacific pr'fd	18⅜	18⅝	18⅛	18⅜
Rock Island	72⅜	72⅝	72⅛	72⅜
Union Pacific				
Western Union	91⅜	91¾	91⅜	91⅝
C., C., C. & Indiana	46⅜	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
Lake Shore				

J. C. TURNER & CO.

Northwestern Mining and Milling Exchange.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND STOCK BROKERS.

Hotel St. Louis, 324 W Sup St. Duluth

CONDITION OF THE CROPS.

Percentages Given By the Government Report Today.

Washington, July 10.—July returns to the department of agriculture make the following averages of condition: Corn, 99.3; winter wheat, 65.8; spring wheat, 102.2; oats, 83.2. The averages for the principal states are: Ohio, 104; Michigan, 104; Indiana, 104; Wisconsin, 105; Minnesota, 112; Iowa, 106; Missouri, 107; Kansas, 117; Nebraska, 107; Texas, 112; Tennessee, 105; Kentucky, 102.

The average condition of winter wheat is 65.8 against 71.1 in June and 83.2 in July of last year. The condition of spring wheat is 102.2 against 97.8 in June and 88.4 in July, 1894. The state averages are: Minnesota, 112; Wisconsin, 98; Iowa, 109; Kansas, 46; Nebraska, 80; South Dakota, 112; North Dakota, 112. The average condition of all wheat for the country is 76.42.

THE SANTA FE EXTENSION.

San Francisco, July 10.—A local paper says the recent visit to this city of D. P. Cheney, jr., chairman of the reorganization committee of the Santa Fe system, and Charles Gleed, the general solicitor, meant much more than either of the gentlemen were willing to admit. Cheney said he only came here to assist in the general plan of reorganization, but as a matter of fact it is said that he came to investigate the report upon the feasibility of extending the Santa Fe to this city.

LARGE PINE LAND DEALS.

Three large pine land transactions, aggregating $85,000 in value, were filed in the office of the register of deeds this morning. In each case the purchasers are the Pine Tree Lumber company, the Mississippi River Lumber company and Thomas H. Shevlin. One transfer from the Cloquet Lumber company is land in 59-21 for $6000. Another is from the same company and consists of the standing timber on land in 58-20 and 59-20, and the consideration is $42,460. The third is from James E. Lindsay and John B. Phelps, of Davenport, Iowa, to the same parties for $36,540, and consists of land in 58-20 and 21 and 59-20 and 21.

WILL SPEND FIVE MILLIONS.

Philadelphia, July 10.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company this year will spend in the neighborhood of $5,000,000 in the way of improvements.

I AM

A WORKING GIRL.

I Stand Ten Hours a Day.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]



"I have suffered terribly with bearing-down pains, giddiness, backache, and kidney trouble. *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound has given me new life. I recommend it to all." — MAGGIE LUKENS, Thirteenth and Butte Streets, Nicetown, Pa.

A Popular Want is—Not to Want.
Herald Wants are popular you will find;
They make your wants no wants that is why
Herald Wants are the popular kind.

ONE CENT A WORD!

It Costs Nothing

To advertise
For a position
In The
Evening Herald.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—Men who will work for $75 a month salary or commission, selling goods by sample to dealers. Experience unnecessary. Write us. Household Specialty company, (79) Cincinnati, Ohio.

COLLECTORS and solicitors, two good references and small bond required. Apply room 403 Chamber of Commerce building.

WANTED—Men and women to take advantage of an exceptional opportunity to make money, and a chance to build up a good business. Address A. D., Rand, McNally & Co., 168 Adams street, Chicago.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRLS for the stage, short, free study. Good engagement assured if competent. G 7, Herald.

GIRL for general housework. 1914 East Fourth street.

WANTED—Experienced dining room girl at Norris house, 112 East Superior street.

WANTED—A chambermaid and a laundress. Must be willing to leave city. Call at Mrs. Fogleson's, 116 West Superior street.

WANTER—Competent girl for general housework. Two in family. Inquire at 119 West Michigan street.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Must be competent and well recommended. Apply 1422 East Second street.

WANTED, girl for general housework in small family; Irish or German preferred. Address D 4, Herald office.

WANTED—AGENTS.

$40 PER MONTH, energetic ladies and gentlemen wanted to canvass, above salary guaranteed. Apply or address 510 Lowell block.

FOUND.

A COW found at 806 East Ninth street, today, July 9. A red cow with white stripe along the back, was seen in the yard there and has stood will be cared for till the owner comes and pays for this advertisement, etc. S. Johnson.

THE GROCERS' PICNIC.

List of the Prizes for the Sporting Events.

Following is a list of the prizes offered for the various sports at the Retail Grocers' association's picnic:

Game of ball between grocerymen and city salesmen—Prize, 100 cigars, donated by Stone-Ordean company.

One hundred yard dash for grocerymen, traveling men and grocery employes—First prize, 1 box Housewife's Favorite soap, donated by Lake Superior Soap company, Houghton, Mich.; second prize, 1 box Kennedy's Princess crackers, donated by New York Biscuit company, Chicago; third prize, 5lb can Dr. Price's baking powder, donated by Price Baking Powder company, Chicago.

Ladies' throwing contest—First prize, plush case with two bottles heliotrope perfumery, donated by Joseph Burnett & Co., Chicago; second prize, 49lb sack Imperial flour, donated by P. G. Kraemer & Co.; third prize, 1 box stationery, donated by Duluth Book and Paper company.

Standing high jump—First prize, 98lb sack Dacotah flour, donated by J. J. Hartley & Co.; second prize, 49lb Imperial flour, donated by P. G. Kraemer & Co.; third prize, 5lb can Colgate's pure cream tartar baking powder, donated by Imperial Coffee and Spice company.

Sack race—First prize, 1 box White Lily soap, donated by Minnesota Soap company, St. Paul; second prize, fifty cigars, donated by Schiller-Hubbard & Co.; third prize, 5lb can Imperial baking powder, donated by Imperial Coffee and Spice company.

Ladies' running race—First prize, 10lb can standard Java and Mocha coffee, donated by Chase & Sanborn, Chicago; second prize, 98lb sack Primus flour, donated by T. B. Hawkes & Co.; third prize, 49lb sack Imperial flour, donated by P. G. Kraemer & Co.

Girls' race, under 10 years—First prize, 5lb box cream candy; second prize, 3lb box cream candy; third prize, 2lb box cream candy, donated by J. S. Shinners & Co.

Potato race, for ladies and gentlemen—First prize, 10lb can standard Java and Mocha coffee, donated by Chase & Sanborn, Chicago; second prize, 1 box Kennedy's vanilla wafers, donated by New York Biscuit company, Chicago; third prize, 5lb can Dr. Price's baking powder, donated by Price Baking Powder company, Chicago.

Three-leg race—First prize, 1 case Highland cream, donated by Helvetia Milk Condensing company, Highland, Ill.; second prize, 49lb sack Imperial flour, donated by P. G. Kraemer & Co.; third prize, 1 box ham, donated by Armour Packing company.

Backward running race—First prize, 1 case cottolene, donated by N. K. Fairbanks & Co., Chicago; second prize, 98lb sack Dacotah flour, donated by J. J. Hartley & Co.

One barrel of imperial flour to the mother with the largest family at the picnic, donated by Duluth Imperial Mill company.

Boat race for grocerymen and traveling men only—First prize, 1 box lingot soap, donated by Lake Superior Soap company, Houghton, Mich.; second prize, 98lb sack Primus flour, donated by T. B. Hawkes & Co.; third prize, 1 juicy ham, donated by Armour Packing company.

Egg spoon race for ladies only—Prize, 1 box J. I. C. soap, donated by Aladdin Soap company.

Music will be furnished by the City band and also by Hoare's orchestra for dancing. Other attractions will be swings, hammocks, trap shooting, row boats and good fishing. Meals can be had at the grounds by those not wishing to take luncheon with them.

WANTS $50,000 DAMAGES.

Denver, July 10.—Alderman Emory today instituted suit against the Rocky Mountain News and the Denver Republican for $50,000 damages from each for alleged slander. The newspapers intimated pretty broadly that Alderman Emory was corrupted by the Denver Union Water company.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

A GOOD THING.

The old saying that blood will tell can be applied to many people. For instance many do not realize the enormity of the offering made by Howard & Haynie upon the last page of this paper. If you'll read it you'll admit it takes nerve to do it.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

Hundreds read Herald want ads daily

ONE CENT A WORD!

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, July 15th, 1895. Work, Third degree. W. E. Covey, W. M. Edwin Moore, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 168, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month. Next meeting July 8th, 1895, at 8 p. m. Work, First degree. A. R. McDonald, Act. W. M.; H. C. Hanford, secretry.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1895. W. B. Patton, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1895. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

UNION EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.—Ladies wanting help and good girls wanting places please call at 132 West Superior street. Mrs. Fogleson.

LADIES—Can always find good girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods; switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Setbold's, 225 East Superior street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED rooms, nice location, $5 and $6 per month. 512 West Third street.

BASEMENT for rent, four rooms, water and closet. Cheap. Inquire of F. Schofield, 222 East Second street.

FIRST-CLASS board and rooms at the Clifton. Lowest rates to steady boarders.

NICELY furnished rooms. Lowell block.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath. 129 West Fourth street.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms at 206 West Superior street, Graff block. For gentlemen only. Apply room 4.

FURNISHED rooms. 617 East Third street.

WELL furnished rooms, modern conveniences; fine view. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—Floor room in O'Brien & Knowlton block, for storage or manufacturing purposes, hall 50 by 90. Fred Knowlton.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—On Aug. 1, well-located 8-room house, steam heated, all conveniences. Also houses in all parts of the city. W. M. Prindle & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS houses and flats to rent in all parts of the city. R. P. and J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FURNISHED 6-room house, upper side of London road to rent for summer. Address J. D., 8 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House in rear of 1020 East Fourth street, $5 per month, water included. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—House No. 118 East Third street for rent. J. C. Hesslan, 604 Palladio.

FOR RENT—An 8-room modern house, all conveniences, nicest location in the city, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to William E. Lucas, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

FOR RENT—We have houses in desirable locations to rent. Duluth Trust company, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—8-room flat. Ingalls' flats, 216 East Fourth street.

PLEASANT 5-room flat. Inquire 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—Flat, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—Two medium sized unfurnished rooms with steam heat, baths and electric lights. State price. Address E 9, Herald.

WANTED—To rent house, seven or eight rooms between Sixth avenue west and Third avenue east. Jamison Bros., rental agency, Torrey building.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand), are the best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by Return Mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE

WANTED—First-class dressmaker would like work sewing for families by the day. 18 East Second street.

WANTED—Situation in office by lady. Has had experience in stenography. Will work for small salary. Address H 108, Herald.

A MIDDLE-AGED German lady would like a situation as housekeeper or cook in a respectable family or hotel, where she could keep her small girl of 2 years with her. Address P. N., Swenson, Wrenshall, Carlton county, Minn.

WANTED—Situation as manager or superintendent, by all round mill man and lumberman. Can give references. Charles E. Smith, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper by lady where she can keep her two children. Call at 20½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—Situation as clerk in grocery store or delivery man. Can furnish best of city references. Address F 8, Herald.

WANTED—Situation wanted by a young man, age 20, speaks Finnish language, also have experience as traveling salesman. D 7, Herald.

WOMAN wants sewing or housework. Apply 23 Second avenue east.

YOUNG married man of good habits wishes the janitorship of a block. Can furnish good city references. Address E. O. Porter, 120 East Superior street.

TO EMPLOYERS—If you are in need of honest, reliable young men they can always be found with first-class references by applying to the general secretary, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—House cleaning, or stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 330 Lake avenue south.

We move everything and anything and almost everybody.



Trunks to any part of the city 25 cents.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY

Telephone 492, Office 210 W. Superior St.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FINANCIAL.

LOANS on furniture, diamonds, horses. Notes, time checks bought. 715 Torrey building.

MONEY—On hand for mortgages of any size, also houses and stores for sale. William E. Lucas, 1 Exchange building.

MONEY—To loan on diamonds, watches, etc. Low rates. 430 Chamber of Commerce.

MONEY—To loan, any amount. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY—Loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc. Standard Loan office, 324 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

Have your Gasoline Stoves Repaired by an expert before the rush comes. Linings for different ranges on hand. AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 118 East Superior street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

PLEASANT rooms with board. 28 West Second street.

WANTED—Twelve boarders for the summer. Pleasantest location in Duluth. The best of everything in market at proportionate prices. A 114, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—Superfluous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 307 Masonic Temple, Duluth, Minn.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—The only fireproof storage in Duluth is that of the Duluth Van company, with offices at 210 West Superior street. Storage rooms, Michigan street floor Torrey building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR G. ANFIN, clairvoyant, can be consulted at 2 West Second street, for one week.

LAST week's stay. Dr. Harvey, trance medium and clairvoyant. 614 West First street. Open evenings.

MEDIUM—Mme. Sandell gives advice on all business or love affairs without asking any questions; $5000 challenge to any medium that excels her. 603 West First street, upstairs.

MRS. LAMONT, clairvoyant, don't fail to visit this most wonderful phenomenon; she tells you your whole life, gives names in full; no matter what trouble you may have with yourself or others she can help you out of your difficulties; to appreciate, you must consult her; open Sundays. 521 West First street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

DYE WORKS—Northwestern Dye Works, No. 112 and 702 West Superior street. Ladies' and gents' clothing cleaned, dyed and repaired.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO EXCHANGE—Two modern houses, eight rooms, all conveniences, nicest location in city, handy to business, no street cars. Will exchange for unimproved property in East End or other good location. Address, with full particulars, A 101, Herald office.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
William B. Patton and Charles P. Frank, copartners as Patton & Frank, Plaintiffs.
vs.
George S. Ostrom, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against

EVENING HERALD

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms, The Herald Building, 220 West Superior street.
Telephone: Business office, 324, two rings; Editorial rooms, 324, three rings.

Subscription Rates:

Daily, per year..... $7 00
Daily, per three months..... 1 80
Daily, per month..... 60
Weekly, per year..... 1 00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., July 10.—The barometer is considerably above the normal in all districts; it is relatively low along the Canadian boundary.

Showers prevail over the western portions of Nebraska and Kansas and in Colorado; elsewhere the weather has continued generally fair.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 60; maximum yesterday, 72; minimum yesterday, 50.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 7 p. m. tomorrow: Fair; slight changes in temperature; light variable winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 10.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Fair and slightly warmer tonight and Thursday; southerly winds. Minnesota: Fair tonight; Thursday fair and warmer; winds southerly.

Depth of water over miter sill in St. Mary's ship canal 14 feet 2 inches and the forecast is that it will remain stationary. Upper lakes: The weather will be fair with light variable winds mostly southerly for the next thirty-six hours.

Although the temperature has risen some slightly in the north central portions of the country, abnormally low temperatures prevail in all districts, in some states the departures from the average being from 15 to 20 degrees.

THE SUTTON CASE.

The decison of Attorney General Childs to ask the supreme court for a writ of quo warranto directing Boiler Inspector J. B. Sutton to prove his legal right to the office will be very generally applauded. The attorney general is the only officer who can apply for such a writ, and as his application is never refused by the court, it is now certain that the point at issue will be finally decided. The previous occupants of the office of attorney general have uniformly refused to ask for writs in similar cases and some of them have advised governors that if the legislator resigns his elective office before being appointed to the new one the constitutional inhibition is successfully evaded. This was what Mr. Sutton did, but it is doubtful whether such resignation avails in the face of the plain letter of the constitutional provision. At any rate the supreme court will now have an opportunity never before presented to pass on the question.

To the ordinary layman the state constitution appears to very plainly declare against the appointment of Mr. Sutton and others who were members of the last legislature. Section 9 of article 4 of the constitution says: "No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he is elected, hold any office under the authority of the United States or the state of Minnesota, except that of postmaster, and no senator or representative shall hold an office under the state which has been created or the emoluments of which have been increased during the session of the legislature of which he was a member, until one year after the expiration of his term of office in the legislature."

The time for which Mr. Sutton was elected does not expire until the inauguration of the next legislature, therefore he now holds the office of boiler inspector in violation of the constitutional provision contained in the first four lines of the above section. The supreme court can hardly decide otherwise. Three other cases hang on the Sutton case. Representative J. N. Jones, of Redwood, now holds the office of factory inspector, Representative George F. Wright, of Hennepin, holds an office in the census bureau under Secretary Berg, and Representative A. F. Ferris, of Brainerd, is a member of the state game commission. The case also has some interest for Representative J. M. Smith, of Duluth, who is credited with a desire to secure an appointment as chief weighmaster in the grain inspection department.

STICK TO THE PARTY.

President Draper, of the university of Illinois, in his late baccalaureate sermon, gave the following advice to young men respecting their course in political affairs: "So far as the policy of the state or the nation is in issue between political parties, cast your lot with the one which most nearly represents your views and adhere to it until the same principle of action leads you to give your adhesion to another. When associated with a party give it enthusiastic support. Read its literature, engage in its discussions. Attend its conventions, support its candidates and yell over its triumphs. Do not change parties daily. A single issue or single nomination may be a sufficient ground for change of parties, but it seldom is."

This is good advice. It is natural that members of the same party should have differing individual opinions on some subjects. It is impossible to frame a platform with which every Republican would entirely agree, and the same is true of the Democrats. It is only upon the leading questions that we expect to see the members of the party agree. The position of the great parties upon these leading questions marks the line of demarcation between the parties. Whenever a man finds that he is not in line with his party on these questions of paramount importance, it naturally follows that he must ally himself with the opposing party. Upon the minor questions of public policy, the citizen can do no more effective work to secure the adoption of his own ideas within the ranks of his own party.

Bimetallists, for instance, will find that they will do more for the cause by working in its behalf among the members of the parties with which they are now allied than by deserting their old parties and forming a new party. There will never be more than two great political parties in the country—by what names they are called it matters not—and the men who support the third and fourth and fifth parties, which have comparatively a handful of adherents, are wasting their energies. If the men who desert the old parties at times would work as energetically in behalf of their principles within the ranks of their old parties as they do in forming new parties they would quickly secure their adoption by the old parties.

THE DEFEAT OF CORNELL.

Everyone will regret that the Cornell crew was defeated in the boat race upon the Thames today. This was the second heat for the grand challenge cup, the "blue ribbon" of English aquatics. In the first heat yesterday the Cornell boys had a walk-over, owing to the fact that the Leanders had some misunderstanding at the time the word was given to "go" and failed to start. The Englishmen indulged in some violent criticism of the Americans because they rowed ahead and went over the course alone and were awarded the heat. The Englishmen howled that this was not sportsmanlike, but if the circumstances had been reversed and the English crew had won because the Cornells failed to start, they would have as loudly asserted that it was all right.

The Leanders are the present holders of the grand challenge cup and hold the record for this race, 6 minutes 15 seconds, made in 1891 made over the Henley course, which is about one and one-half miles long. They were regarded as the most dangerous competitors of the Cornells, and the friends of the latter therefore felt delighted over yesterday's result, believing that it assured the winning of the trophy by the American crew. Their disappointment today is therefore much greater.

However, there is no reason why the Cornell boys or their friends should be ashamed of the showing they made. There is no doubt that several men in the Cornell boat were sick and unfit to row. Their condition at the close of today's heat, when all were exhausted and one fainted in the boat, showed very clearly that what Trainer Courtney said the other day in regard to their being ill was perfectly correct.

No American can row on the Thames with any hope of success until he has become thoroughly acclimated. The experience of professional oarsmen who have crossed the Atlantic has repeatedly demonstrated this fact. The Cornell crew made a gallant struggle against great odds, and although beaten, is not disgraced.

THE SQUABBLE IN SUPERIOR.

The people of Superior are divided into hostile camps at the present time over the charges of malfeasance in office which have been made against Mayor Starkweather. As to the truth or falsity of the charges, The Herald is not disposed to express an opinion because it has not learned upon what foundation they rest. But there is no doubt that the manner in which the so-called investigation by the city council is being conducted does not promise any good results.

Evidence incriminating the mayor has been given, but the examination is being conducted in a style that is decidedly onesided and there has been no attempt to put the witnesses through a severe cross-examination. The majority of the members of the council are evidently determined to find the mayor guilty and they would probably do so, no matter what the evidence showed. The fact is that investigations of this kind by city councils are farcical are rarely productive of good.

The proper place to inquire into the charges made against the mayor is in a court of law, where the accused would have his rights fully protected and testimony of the hearsay order, which is now being freely received, would be excluded.

THREE STRONG POINTS.

H. C. Baldwin, a leading lawyer of Naugatuck, Conn., has made three strong points in a letter to the New York Mercury in criticism of Frederic R. Coudert's Fourth of July letter to the Tammany society. Alluding to Mr. Coudert's remark that gold was sensitive and timid, Mr. Baldwin says:

"The simple truth is, the owners of gold and gold obligations, for their selfish ends, take themselves with their gold out of harm's way, and let what they call "cheap money" fight their battles, win their victories, when forthwith they reappear and claim all the emoluments and honor."

This is strong point No. 1.

"One of the greatest bankers of Europe was before our congressional committee in 1876 and stated that 'if France, Germany, England and the United States were to repeal the laws making gold legal tender for debts gold would fall in the markets of the world 75 per cent in three weeks.'"

This is strong point No. 2.

"Every one of these so-called 'honest money' fellows knows that to open our mints to the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 would cheapen gold by making the demand for it less, and this is the secret of the persistent fight against silver."

This is strong point No. 3.

The editor of the Weekly Idea, of Avon Park, Fla., has a novel suggestion for ending the dull times. He asks his readers, and through them the whole country, to unite on a "Revival Day," say August 31, by which time let those with idle money decide into which of the many promising channels they shall "turn it loose." Let every dollar possible on this day be put into circulation; see how many debts can be paid; how many new enterprises started, and how much business consummated. The impetus thus given, he believes, will put an end to hard times. It is a great scheme, but it is not every one who has money enough to play in this game.

London Cycle, a leading English authority for wheelmen, seems to know things about this country which we here at home have not yet caught up with at all. Here, for instance, is a bit of "cycling gossip," dug out from the columns of our British contemporary: "A favorite ride of New York wheelmen is climbing Pike's Peak, a small mountain on the outskirts of the city. Riding is possible almost to the summit, the road being fairly steep and of a zig-zag nature. In some parts the path is awful, being barely discernible." We fear that if some of the English wheelmen came across the ocean with the idea of climbing the Peak they will be much disappointed.

The New York Mercury says: We understand that the proprietor of the Birmingham Age-Herald, who has been in New York for some time past seeking "sound money" capital with which to keep his "sound money" newspaper alive and kicking, has at last succeeded. If there are any other Southern or Western newspaper proprietors who are short on "backsheesh" and who are willing to paw the air for "sound money" they will know where to come. Address all communications to the "Sound Money Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, New York city."

The Armenian betrayal, says the St. Louis Star-Sayings, goes to show that the Armenians are not quite ready to go into the international probate court and suggest the discharge of their guardian. A nation that cannot keep its armed men in the field long enough to meet its enemies should not attempt the conduct of a revolution. Its wrongs can never be righted except by attorney.

The Chicago Times-Herald thinks that our ex-presidents should be given pensions of $25,000 a year. Surely Ben Harrison has not lost his wealth, or has the Chicago paper in view the retirement of Grover from the White House and fears that the income from the million at which he is now rated will not be sufficient for his needs?

The Syracuse Post declares enigmatically that David Bennett Hill's famous words, "I am a Democrat," were dramatized by the chairman of the late Kentucky convention. And then it proceeds to explain that "he said no word, but took a big tumbler full of whisky in full view of the audience."

Cornell won yesterday because the other crew did not start, and lost today because the opposing crew was the fastest. The condition of the men in the Cornell boat at the finish proves that Trainer Courtney told the truth when he said they were sick and really unfit to row.

A census enumerator in Redwood county included in his return the politics of all the voters in his district. Of course the census law does not require such information, and the enterprising enumerator must make out a new return.

It is no discredit to the American crews to be beaten on the Thames. Every professional oarsman who has gone there from this country to row will testify that the climatic conditions adversely affect visiting oarsmen.

Gen. Schofield wants the standing army increased to 100,000. As long as the National Guard in the various states is kept up, there is no need of increasing the regular army.

It is said Senator Brice likes to be told that "he resembles Jefferson." The only resemblance is in their reddish hair, and there are plenty of redheaded men in the world.

"Bill" Erwin, the great criminal lawyer, has been made an honorary member of the St. Paul barbers' union. Hereafter his wit will be referred to as "keen as a razor."

There is a suggestion that New York be called Heliopolis. Why not drop the first "i" and double the "l"? Then it would be a really descriptive name.

For peculiar ideas, Kansas is always in the lead. A church in Topeka has employed a woman whistler to whistle sacred music every Sunday.

Spain is now in search of $120,000,000 to subdue Cuba. And yet the captain-general of Cuba says that the insurrection has been crushed.

Since Senator Hill is advocating "domestic issues" in New York, the rumor has been revived that he is about to marry.

The Cuban insurrection now covers a large part of the island, and may now properly be classed as a revolution.

And they are still trying to answer "Coin."

Thursday

AT THE...

Closing Out Sale

Will as Usual Be a . . .

Money Saving Day.

. . . ESPECIALLY FOR BUYERS OF

SUMMER GOODS.....

Every article in the house has been subjected to a still greater reduction, and the stock will now be moved rapidly.

WHOLESALE. RETAIL.

Duluth Dry Goods Co.

222 and 224 West Superior Street.

THE CZAR'S OFFER.

Would Loan America All the Gold Desired.

Chicago, July 10.—A special from Washington says: Discussion of the gold reserve and the action, past and present, of the Morgan-Rothschild bond syndicate brought to light today the fact that the czar, Alexander III of Russia, offered to loan the United States all the gold necessary to maintain the reserve at any figure desired. The friendly tender was declined by President Cleveland because, after several weeks of consideration and deliberation and telegraphic correspondence back and forth between Washington and St. Petersburg, it was decided that the president had not the authority to issue bonds or otherwise incur indebtedness on behalf of the government.

Since then the power of the president and the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds has been determined, and if the offer were repeated by the present Russian ruler it might be accepted. The story of the proposition made by the czar and the way it was received by the president and his advisers was one of the best kept secrets of the White House. Although the incident occurred some two years ago, no hint of it has reached the public until now.

It was some time in May, 1893, that the state department was surprised by the reception of a communication from Andrew D. White, then American minister at St. Petersburg, stating that the czar had, through M. De Giers, offered to loan to the president of the United States any amount of gold required to carry the treasury over through the pending crisis. Help was needed at that time. The new administration had been in power but a few months and the financial question was pressing on Mr. Cleveland for solution.

The Wilson bill had been framed but not passed, and the business of the country was already suffering from the depression which grew into a commercial and financial panic. The gold reserve was being depleted steadily and rapidly by the monthly purchase of silver bullion under the sherman law, and the receipts of gold from customs had fallen off so that each month saw the treasury drained of its gold. The country was clamoring for relief, and the president was considering the advisability of calling congress together in extra session—which he did subsequently—to legislate on the financial situation and to repeal the Sherman law.

It was in the midst of such a situation that Secretary of State Gresham presented at a cabinet meeting one morning the letter he had received from Minister White. The czar's offer of assistance was direct but simple. Mr. White stated in his official communication to the state department that he had been called upon by M. De Giers, who said the czar had instructed him to confer with the American representative at the court of St. Petersburg and to inform him that the czar stood ready to make a personal loan to the president of the United States to the amount of $5,000,000, or as much more as might be desired, at a nominal rate of interest, and for an indefinite period of time. The interest indicated was a fraction more than 2 per cent. Nothing was said about security, and it was evident that Alexander III believed that the president could take this money and apply to the needs of the treasury with but little formality, and that he had the power to do so.

FARMERS WILL GO TO COURT.

Oakesdale, Wash., July 10.—Great indignation is felt among farmers because of the action of the mortgage companies in having receivers appointed for lands where interest has not been paid, and serious trouble may follow. The farmers have organized for the purpose of resisting the demands of the mortgage holders and all cases will be carried to the supreme court. A fund for the purpose has been raised by farmers interested.

EZETA'S EXPEDITION.

Nearly Ready to Pounce Upon President Guiterrez.

San Francisco, July 10.—Gen. Ezeta and his followers are said to be nearly ready for their attack upon Salvador. For some time there has been a lack of funds in the war chest of the exile, but it is reported that today he received a large sum of money from Central America and that in a short time the balance of what is needed will be supplied. Ezeta is said to be negotiating for a sealing or whaling steamer which will take on arms and ammunition which will be shipped to the Santa Barbaras for that purpose.

Ezeta's equipment will consist of four rapid firing guns, six Gatling guns, 500 rifles, as many revolvers and 300,000 rounds of ammunition. A few days ago Ezeta sent a proclamation to Salvador calling upon the natives to rally to his support upon his arrival.

A COUNTERFEITER CAPTURED.

San Francisco, July 10.—The United States marshal made an important arrest today in the person of W. A. Hildebrand, a counterfeiter who has been flooding the southern part of this state with spurious silver dollars and small coins. He was located in San Bernardino, and his plant seized, but he escaped to this city where he has continued operations for the past month.

REPARATION EXPECTED.

Nogales, A. T., July 10.—Diplomatic correspondence of an extended character between the United States and Mexico seems probable over the recent killing of Rebel Tribolet by the Mexican authorities for complicity in the recent robbery and murder in the state of Sonora. Tribolet's brother declares that he was no way concerned in the robbery. His friends claim he was an American citizen and that it was the state department's duty to exact reparation from Mexico.

THREE WILL STRETCH HEMP.

Fort Smith, Ark., July 10.—Frank Carver and John Allison, white, and Eli Lucas, a Choctaw Indian, have been sentenced in the United States court to be hanged Tuesday, Oct. 10. Carver killed Annie Maeldon, his mistress, at Muskogee, I. T., March 28, and Allison killed his father and John Allison, white, and Eli Lucas, a Choctaw Indian, have been sentenced in the United States court to be hanged Tuesday, Oct. 10. Carver killed Annie Maeldon, his mistress, at Muskogee, I. T., March 28, and Allison killed his father near Pryor Creek, I. T., Jan. 10. Lucas was convicted of killing a negro near San Bois, I. T., Sept. 30, 1894. He made a long talk before his sentence was passed, protesting his innocence and accusing witnesses against him with perjury. Thirty other convicts were sentenced to prison.

A VALUABLE OLD MINE.

Yuma, Ari., July 10.—It is now generally believed that the gold mine found near India on the desert by the McHaney brothers, is the old Pegleg mine found by "Pegleg" Smith and party sixty years ago. The quality of quartz, old workings, human bones, kind of gold, richness of ore and location indicates that it is really the old mine. It is producing from $20 to $1000 per day in a 2-stamp mill. Two million dollars have been offered for the property.

TROUBLE AT COUR D'ALENE.

Boise City, Idaho, July 10.—A camp of ten men have been mustered in as militia in the Cour d'Alene district where trouble is feared. The state is shipping large quantities of arms and ammunition in.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR

And their friends should not decide on their route to the triennial conclave at Boston in August until they have read the beautiful illustrated itinerary issued by the Michigan Central, "The Niagara Falls Route." Address for copy O. W. Ruggles, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.
M. S. BURROWS & CO.

OUR EXTENSIVE LINE
Of $10 business suits can not be surpassed. Be sure to see them. Prices marked in plain figures.
C. W. Ericson,
219 West Superior street.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



IN SUMMER

cooling drinks are necessary. They are the universal antidote for excessive warmth. Nothing is so popular with the fair sex in Duluth as our soda served in all the various flavors and with cream for only a nickel a glass. To have their attentions well received, young men should treat their sweethearts coolly, by inviting them to enjoy our soda, which is really the coolest and most delightful summer drink in Duluth, wholesome, healthful and invigorating. Soda heads the list of summer beverages, and the foaming stream from our fountain heads the list of all sodas.

Boyce's Drug Store

Hartman General Electric Co.

.....ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH

Electric Current

FOR—

ARC AND INCANDESCENT LIGHT AND MOTOR SERVICE.

GENERAL OFFICE:

Room 3 Exchange Building.

NOTICE OF

School Election.

Office of Board of Education,
Duluth, Minn., July 8, 1895.

Notice is hereby given of the annual school election to be held on Saturday, July 20th, 1895, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing members of the board of education of the city of Duluth.

Three directors for the term of three years each are to be elected in place of H. M. Bradley, E. J. Luther and Wm. H. Leonard, whose terms are about to expire.

The following named places have been designated polling places in each of the several polling precincts of the city of Duluth, to-wit:

FIRST WARD.

First precinct—Lester Park school building.
Second precinct—Lakeside school building.
Third precinct—Endion school building.
Fourth precinct—Engine house No. 4.
Fifth precinct—Glen Avon school building.

SECOND WARD.

First precinct—631 East Third street.
Second precinct—Jefferson school building.
Third precinct—No. 811 East Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—Franklin school building.

THIRD WARD.

First precinct—No. 34 Pearson block.
Second precinct—Basement St. Paul's Episcopal church.
Third precinct—No. 103 West Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—No. 123 East Fourth street.

FOURTH WARD.

First precinct—Old Park Point school building.
Second precinct—Cleveland school building.
Third precinct—Rethel building.
Fourth precinct—No. 14 East First street.
Fifth precinct—Washington school building.

FIFTH WARD.

First precinct—Jackson school building.
Second precinct—531 West First street.
Third precinct—No. 701 West Second street.
Fourth precinct—Emerson school building.
Fifth precinct—Town hall, Duluth Heights.

SIXTH WARD.

First precinct—No. 1402 West Superior street.
Second precinct—Basement of Second Presbyterian church.
Third precinct—No. 2004 Piedmont avenue.
Fourth precinct—Adams school building.
Fifth precinct—Madison school building.
Sixth precinct—No. 916 Garfield avenue.

SEVENTH WARD.

First precinct—Basement of Grace Methodist church.
Second precinct—Monroe school building.
Third precinct—Bryant school building, West Park.
Fourth precinct—Oneota school building.
Fifth precinct—Vestry room of Congregational church.

EIGHTH WARD.

First precinct—City hall, West Duluth.
Second precinct—Longfellow school building.
Third precinct—Fairmount school building.
Fourth precinct—Irving school building.
Fifth precinct—O. S. Olson's store, corner Sixty-first avenue and Raleigh street.
Sixth precinct—Smithville school building.
Seventh precinct—Stowe school building, New Duluth.
Eighth precinct—School house Fond du Lac.

By order of the board of education of the city of Duluth.

H. W. PEARSON,
Clerk.

THE ★ PAVILION...

Week of July 7.

ATTRACTIONS BETTER THAN EVER.

The Great—the Only

BORANI BROS.,

The Indescribable and Immensely Funny

Disappearing Demons,

In wonderful situations and magical disappearances.

HILDA THOMAS,
The Queen of the Vaudevilles, assisted by
MR. FRANK BARRY.

THE MARVELOUS CHILD,

Gertie Cochran..

The Infant Prodigy and Phenomenon of Phenomena.

Though only 5 years old Answers correctly from memory over 4000 questions, historical and otherwise.

The World-Famous

Annabelle, ★

In Brilliant Specialties,

With the most wonderful effects electric lights can produce.

Great as the greatest—our own and only

Duluth City Band.

Always popular and always Welcome.

Daily performances at 3 and 8:30 p. m.

Admission—5c, 10c and 15c

GRAND MOONLIGHT EXCURSIONS.

Steamer LIBERTY will leave foot Fifth avenue west at 8 p.m. on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday evenings for trip around the horn. Fare 25 cents.

Music on Board. D. J. CLOW, Master.

THE LYCEUM.

Duluth's Leading Theater.
L. N. Scott, Manager.

TONIGHT.

Villars-Owen Co.

In the Great English Melodrama,

"TAKEN BY STORM."

Famous REGENT QUARTET, N. S. Murphy, Geo. Pyke, Frank Fahey, J. L. Webber.

PRICES--50, 25 and 15 CENTS.

MARK TWAIN



THE GREAT HUMORIST AT

FIRST M. E. CHURCH,

MONDAY EVENING,

JULY 22.

Subject: "Ninety Minutes Chat and Character Sketches."

TICKETS, $1.00. Reserved Seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's July 15th at 9 a. m.

Duluth Trust Co.,

Trust Co. Building.

Depository for Court and Trust Funds and General Deposits. Liberal interest paid on Balances and Certificates of Deposit.
Transacts a General Trust Business.
Loans money on bond and mortgage.
Takes entire charge of Real Estate.
Acts as Trustee, Registrar, Transfer Agent, Executor, Guardian, etc.
No mortgages or paper guaranteed.

FRANKLIN J. FULFORD, Pres't.
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't.
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y and Treas.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing power of sale, dated the 10th day of May, A. D. 1890, recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 5 o'clock p. m., in Book 54 of mortgages on page 16, whereby Edward H. Hall and Catharine M. Hall, his wife, mortgagors, mortgaged to Byron Woodward, mortgagee, that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of the north half (n½) of the northwest one-quarter (nw¼) of the southeast one-quarter (se¼), of section six (sec. 6), in township forty-nine (tp. 49), north of range fourteen (r. 14) west of the fourth (4th) principal meridian, according to the United States government survey thereof, and containing twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Which mortgage and mortgage debt were duly assigned by said Byron Woodward to the "Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Philadelphia," by written instrument bearing date of December 8th, A. D. 1890, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 32 of mortgages on page 358, which said mortgage and debt were thereafter duly assigned by said "Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Philadelphia," to Byron Woodward, by written instrument bearing date of June 4th, A. D. 1895, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1895, at 2:50 o'clock p. m. in Book 20 of mortgages, page 189.

By said default the power of sale has become operative.

And no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof; there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice the sum of ten thousand one hundred twenty-four and 81-100 ($10,124.81) dollars.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of such power of sale, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on Saturday, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, to pay said sum and two hundred ($200.00) dollars attorney's fees, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., July 3d, 1895.

BYRON WOODWARD,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CHAS. W. HOYT,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
July-3-10-17-24-31-Aug-7.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Get Your Eye Fixed

On these

They're on special sale for Tomorrow.

Every Item is a Big Bargain

Dont Miss Them.

Shirt Waists

All White, with large sleeves and deep back and front yoke-shaped collars. Our regular selling price is $1.00. Tomorrow's price... **65c**

Ladies' Wrappers

Or Morning Dresses. All new ones; this season's styles. Our regular price is $1.00 and $1.25. Tomorrow's price .. **69c**

Wash Suits.

Fact is, all the prices which we have on these are specially low. However, we want to call your attention particularly to one line. Its the most perfect fitting, best made suit for the money ever sold. Tomorrow's price..... **$2**

hailor Hats

Which we have sold for 50c (there are only black ones left) will be on sale for Tomorrow at..... **25c**

Wash Goods.

A table full of Dimities and Batiste cloths which have sold for 15c and 18c. Will sell tomorrow for **11c**

5 or 6 pieces of fine figured organdies, particularly handsome patterns; have been selling for 40c a yard. Sells tommorrow at. **25c**

French Challies.

The 60c quality; the sort which won't crush; the all wool ones. Sell tomorrow for... **35c**

LADIES' STRAW SAILORS.

$2.00 Quality for 95c.....,

Never mind where or how we get these hats, so that we can afford to sell them so cheap. We've just received 8 dozen more of them in both black and white, and they're actually worth from $12 to $15 a dozen wholesale, and retail anywhere else for from $2 to $2.50. They don't stay long in the store at our price.

$2.00 QUALITY FOR 95c

Silberstein & Bondy

AMUSEMENTS.

THE OWEN-VILLARS COMPANY.

The Owen-Villars company played a double bill before another large house last night, and again the result was pleasing beyond all expectations. The performance opened with a charming specialty by the Regent quartet, entitled "The Lifeboat Crew." The number was deicdedly popular and encore after encore was demanded. The quartet consists of N. S. Murphy, first tenor; George Pyke, second tenor; Frank Fahey, baritone; J. Leonard Webber, bass.

The sparkling comedy, "The Serious Family," was put on in an entirely capable manner, and its success was evidenced by the laughter and applause which continually came from the well-filled house. William Owen appeared as Capt. Charles Maguire, and his performance of the part was entirely acceptable. Miss Villars was excellent as Mrs. Ormsby Delmaine and Frank Fahey's comedy was good as Aminadab Sleek. His song was very good. The remainder of the cast, even in the minor parts, did excellent work. N. S. Murphy sang "The Sweetest Story Ever Told" beautifully.

Tonight the English comedy-drama, "Taken by Storm," will be given.

PIANO RECITAL TONIGHT.

At the Congregational church tonight the following program will be given by Mrs. William Hunter Brown, the pianiste, assisted by Miss Rebecca McKenzie and Miss Louisa Hall:

Arageoaire—Old .....Masseneti
Si oisian J'etais .....Hensete
Spinning song .....Wagner
Mrs. William Hunter Brown.
Aria from Traviati .....Verdi
Miss Rebecca McKenzie.
a. Butterfly .....Grieg
b. Erotik .....Grieg
c. Eterden op. 10, No. 11.....Chopin
d. Eterden op. 10, No. 12.....Chopin
Mrs. William Hunter Brown.
For the Sake of the Past.....Mattie
Miss Louisa Hall.
Love Dreams .....Liszt
Gnomen Reigen .....Liszt
Mrs. William Hunter Brown.

Mrs. Brown's selections are excellent, and their range of theme gives her an opportunity for the fullest display of her powers. After the recital an informal reception will enable lovers of music to meet Mrs. Brown.

MARK TWAIN COMING.

Next Monday, July 15, Samuel Langhorne Clemens (Mark Twain) starts on a lecturing tour of the world at Cleveland, and will come to Duluth by the lakes, speaking here Monday, July 22. His itinuary includes a number of Western cities, winding up in Vancouver, from whence he sails to Honolulu, Australia and New Zealand. He will return via India and South Africa, ending his tour in London May, 1896.

Mark Twain needs no introduction to a Duluth audience. His characteristic humor has entertained both young and old, and his books, from "Huckleberry Finn" to his latest, "Pudd'nhead Wilson," are household favorites. An added charm will be given by the opportunity of hearing the great humorist in person deliver his best stories, for not only is he a writer, but a story-teller par excellence. Among the numbers on his program are the famous "Jumping Frog Story," which first called attention to the writer; "The ex-Shave's Story," "The Historical Old Ram," "Jim Boker and the Blue-Jays," "My First Theft," etc.

LADY PLAYERS ENTERED.

Miss Terry to Meet Miss Sprague in Tennis.

A special feature of the tennis contest at the Fafayette at Lake Minnetonka during the coming tournament will be a ceries of exhibition games and a champion match between two of the most expert lady players in the country—Miss Lizzie Sprague, of Cleveland, and Miss Terry, of Duluth. No ladies have up to this time participated in any of the Northwestern tournaments, and this announcement will be sure to create considerable interest among those who expect to be at the Lafayette during tennis week.

Their playing will, without doubt, be a revelation to many Western players, for, although there are several expert lady players in the Twin Cities, tennis has always been more popular with the ladies in the East, and many of the girls in that part of the country have acquired no mean skill. Miss Sprague now holds the championship in ladies' singles for the state of New York, and Miss Terry, at the national tournament at Philadelphia two years ago, won the championship of the United States in a similar event.

A match between two such skillful players will be made all the more interesting from the fact that their relative skill has for some time been a matter of speculation among those who have seen them play; for until now the girls have never had an opportunity of crossing rackets. It is expected that the winner of the match at the Lafayette will play for national honors at the next tournament at Philadelphia.

WHEN TRAVELING.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS

And their friends should not decide on their route to the great convention at Boston in July until they have read the beautifully illustrated itinerary issued by the Michigan Central. "The Niagara Falls Route." Address for copy O. W. Ruggles, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago.

KEEP COOL!

By purchasing your lightweight underwear at popular prices, 25c, 50c, 75c per garment and upwards.

C. W. Ericson,
219 West Superior Street.

Money to Loan

On improved residence and business property at

6% With the On or Before Privilege.

Wm. M. Prindle & Co.,
216 W. Superior St.

SJOLUND

The Finlander Who is Charged With Having Killed Gordon.

He Was Brought Back From Sandstone Today by Detective Benson.

Testimony at the Coroner's Inquest in Regard to the Row.

Detective Benson returned early this morning from Sandstone with Fred Sjolund, the Finlander who is charged with killing Peter Gordon. Sjolund appeared in the municipal court this morning before Special Judge Boyle on the charge of manslaughter, and his preliminary examination was set for Thursday, July 18, at 10 a. m. It is probable Attorney Crocker will appear for the defense. Immediately after leaving court Sjolund was taken to the county jail by Deputy Sheriff Bates. He will be brought to attend the inquest, which resumes proceedings this afternoon.

Detective Benson had no difficulty in locating Sjolund, as he made no attempt at concealment. He was working in the round house at the Sandstone quarries and readily consented to return. He appears to be an unintelligent fellow and bears the reputation of having always been good-natured and hard to rouse.

Gordon was buried yesterday afternoon from his late residence, 604 West Michigan street. A large number of the neighbors were in attendance. Rev. Peter Harbo officiated and the interment took place in the Norwegian cemetery at Woodland.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST.

Eye-Witness of the Fracas Tells About It.

Coroner Eklund held an inquest yesterday afternoon at Stewart's morgue on the body of Gordon. The jury was composed of Capt. J. H. Triggs, A. H. Bawdon, Theo Fifer, N. F. Hugo, John Williams and Alexander S. Hamilton. Before the inquest they were driven to the house, 604 West Michigan street, and carefully examined the ground where the scuffle between Fred Sjolund and Gordon took place.

Dr. A. C. Taylor, who attended Gordon, was the first witness to testify. He described the condition in which he found Gordon and answered a lot of questions asked by the jurors. In response to queries he said that a blow sufficient to cause dislocation of the neck would not necessarily leave a mark. However, this would depend largely on the position of the head or whether the muscles were relaxed. The same effect might have been produced without a blow, but if the neck had been broken by the fall there would in all probability have been scratches or bruises. In the course of Dr. Taylor's testimony a piece of the vertebral of the dead man, showing the nature of the fracture, was exhibited to the jurors.

HE SAW THE FRACAS.

Then N. Nelson, who witnessed the fracas between Sjolund and Gordon, took the stand. He lived at 604 West Michigan street and had boarded there since January. He had known deceased two years. On June 26, between 7 and 8 p. m., Nelson was at home when Gordon came in and smashed a kitchen window and threw a stick of wood into the house. Then he went out and stood in the yard with his hands in his pockets. Fred Sjolund came out and asked Gordon why he did that. Witness could not hear the answer but he saw Sjolund swinging his right hand back and strike Gordon a powerful blow on the neck with the side of his open hand. The man fell heavily down the embankment at the side of the walk which is about a three feet, seven inch fall. Sjolund pulled the body on the sidewalk and then skipped up town, leaving the body to lay on the sidewalk. Witness then carried Gordon into the house and put him to bed. He did not recover consciousness for five minutes after being put to bed. After that he talked some before being taken to the hospital, which was done June 27. No one could understand what he said. Mrs. Gordon was in the house at the time and told witness she heard the blow. She cried out: "You didn't kill him, did you?" Sjolund made no reply but walked off and returned about 11 o'clock. Nelson said Gordon fell sideways and was lying on his side when picked up. No one knew whether he turned over or not. One hand was still in his pocket and the other was stretched out.

GORDON WAS DRUNK.

At the time Gordon was crazy drunk, although able to walk. He was accustomed to get drunk whenever he had money. Sjolund, on the other hand, had never been a hard drinker and had sworn off entirely a few months ago. He was a big, powerful man and worked in the woods. The two men had trouble in some saloon about six weeks previous and Sjolund knocked Gordon down.

Sjolund left town a week after the occurrence and witness received a letter from him the morning of the inquest saying he was working in a roundhouse at $1.50 per day and inquiring after Gordon. Witness was a close friend of Sjolund and never had trouble with him. At the conclusion of Nelson's testimony the inquest was adjourned until 4 o'clock this afternoon.

WOULD BENEFIT DULUTH.

George Altman, the well known Buffalo clothier, was in Minneapolis yesterday and was booming his city for the Republican national convention next year. Discussing the attitude of Minnesota toward Buffalo, Mr. Altman thought there was no reason in the world why this state should not be for Buffalo. It would mean thousands of dollars to the railroads and hotels of the Twin Cities, and to Duluth, to have the convention in Buffalo. "We are on one end of the lakes and Duluth is on the other," he said. "Many Western people would like to try a trip on the lakes, and they would stop over in Minneapolis and St. Paul on their way to or from Duluth. I refer particularly to Western people, from California, Colorado and as far south as Iowa. The steamers on the lakes could afford to fix rates that would make that one of the greatest inducements for a pleasant outing on the way to and from the convention."

BROKE OUT AFRESH.

There was a second edition of the fire at the Union Dock and Storage company's old warehouses about 10:30 last night. The smouldering debris broke out into a vigorous blaze. The department was called out and easily succeeded in quieting matters. William G. Park, of the Franklin Refining company, now says that the 2000 barrels of sugar valued at $25,000 lost by his company were uninsured and will be a total loss.

JUGGLE THE LAW.

How Colorado Sports Will Bring Off a Bull Fight.

Cripple Creek, Col., July 10.—Arrangements are being made for the holding of a carnival of sports, of which a genuine bull fight is to be the principal feature. It will be held at Gillette, one of the towns in this district, and while no date has yet been announced, it will occur in the fall. The bull fight will be conducted in the same way as in the city of Mexico, and two of the most famous toreadors from there have been engaged to conduct the affair. A wild west show will be another feature. The authorities state that they will prevent the affair, but the managers are confident that the law can be juggled with until the fight is ended.



It's Out of Sight—

Climax Plug

Put a little of it out of sight yourself, and see how good it is. It's

LORILLARD'S



ABSOLUTELY PURE
THE OLD RELIABLE
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE
Has stood the Test of Time
MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FANCY SHIRTS.

Is what everybody wears this summer. We are loaded with them. Prices range at 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25.

C. W. Ericson,
219 West Superior Street.

DID YOU COME FROM OHIO?

Expect to go there on business or pleasure? Pennsylvania lines can take you comfortably and quickly from Chicago, from which point they extend through forty-four counties in the Buckeye State. The Fort Wayne route passes through Northern Ohio; the Pan Handle route traverses central and southern portions of the state. "Look at the map." Dering, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, will send you one if you ask him.

Auditor's Office, St. Louis County.
Duluth, Minn., July 9, 1895.

The county board of equalization will meet on the third (3rd) Monday of July, being July 15, 1895, at the office of the county auditor, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., and continue in session for three weeks or less.

All applications for correction of assessments must be presented in writing.

O. Halden,
County Auditor.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

MANAGER GOODHUE HERE.

American Comic Opera Company is Strong Musically.

W. M. Goodhue, manager of the American Comic Opera company, which opens a season of light opera at the Temple this month, arrived in the city this morning from Milwaukee. He is enthusiastic over the excellent prospects for a big business for the organization of which he is the head, and which he does not hesitate to say is the biggest and best light opera company in the country. He stated to a Herald reporter that Manager Condon had written early in the summer for a short season, but that it seemed impossible to get such a big company so far from New York without losing a great deal of money.

"We opened in Cleveland with fourteen principals and a magnificent chorus," said he, "having gotten the people together at a great expense as anybody can tell who will glance at the names on our roster. From the start we were highly successful, without recourse to living pictures or other theatrical clap-trap, and our success was more than duplicated at that famous summer resort Schlitz park, Milwaukee, where the company now is.

"When we signed with Manager Schlitz it was for six weeks with the understanding he could have two more if he desired. He was besieged with applications from the very best class of attractions and I felt sure he would release us to come to Duluth in time to open last Monday. He insisted on the extra two weeks, however, and that is why we cannot open here until July 22. We have a great list of operatic favorites, and we put on new and standard operas in splendid style down to the last detail. I have been told that Duluth audiences are critical musically. I am glad if this is true, for they will enjoy our efforts."

THE RUMOR IS BASELESS.

The Dock Front Fire Not Considered Incendiary.

William R. Leach, of Minneapolis, has been in the city for a day or two past to look after the adjustment of insurance for the companies which he represents on the losses which occurred through the warehouse fire of Saturday night. When asked in regard to the rumor which has been current that the fire was of incendiary origin, Mr. Leach replied that he had heard no such rumor.

"So far as my investigations have gone," said he, "I have found nothing to indicate that the blaze might have been incendiary in its character. Any such rumor which may have been started has arisen, I should judge, from the fact that nothing is known of the cause of the conflagration, and its origin is a mystery. Such circumstances are apt to induce rumors of this kind. In warehouses for general storage there are almost always materials stored which are of an inflammatory nature, and which might start a fire, about which nothing is known. I do not regard this fire as incendiary, and I do not think there is the slightest foundation for such a belief."

PAVILION'S ATTRACTIONS.

They Continue to Draw the People in Crowds.

The continuing success of the attractions at the Pavilion this week in their ability to attract Duluthians to the popular resort on the hill top is proving a source of immense satisfaction to the management. The management, however, does not monopolize the satisfaction which has its source in the pleasing vaudeville performance, for the audiences which attend carry away fully their share.

Little Gertie Cochrane is the talk and wonder of theater going Duluth. Her feats of memory are truly marvelous, and she deserves all the favorable comment which she so so freely receiving. The Borani Brothers continue to amuse and mystify. Their mephistophlean costumes are a novelty which adds to their success. Annabelle, as a graceful vision of changeful light and color, extends her conquest with each appearance, and Miss Hilda Thomas and Frank Barry win new honors and encores as their engagement brings them daily before the public.

For the Children's Home.

Charitable Duluth was well represented last night at the entertainment given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Hartley for the benefit of the Children's home, and besides netting the home $44.20, the event proved a very delightful social function.

The leading feature of the program was an able address by Bishop McGolrick upon the "Life of Michael Angelo," in which the speaker reviewed the work of the great artist from four standpoints, those of the sculptor, painter, architect and poet. Many interesting incidents illustrating the originality of Angelo's character were given. At the close of the address a collection of engravings and photographs illustrating the artist's work was displayed. Vocal selections were given during the evening by Mrs. John Snapp and Mrs. Craig.

MRS. W. B. CHAPIN DEAD.

At a late hour last night the death of Mrs. William Barton Chapin, after an illness in which for the last three days hope of recovery had been practically abandoned, occurred at her home, No. 222 Fifth avenue east. Mrs. Chapin, during her residence of three years in Duluth, has been prominent in social circles, and in charitable work. Her sad death comes as a blow to a host of friends who have known her in the social life of the city. Mrs. Chapin was formerly Miss Jennie Brown, of St. Paul. She was married to Mr. Chapin in that city only three years ago, and when she came at that time to make her home in Duluth, she left a wide circle of friends in St. Paul society.

RATHER ANCIENT.

The following appeared in the News Tribune today: "An affidavit and order were filed yesterday continuing the case of Minnesota Canal company against R. P. Edson, Frank Burke, Jr., et al, until the February term." This might have been news several months ago, but it is rather ancient history now, especially as since the issue of the order of continuance referred to in the above, the case has been tried and the briefs filed and a decision is expected almost any day.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"
CURES RISING BREAST.

I have been a midwife for years, in each case where "MOTHERS' FRIEND" was used it accomplished wonders, shortened labor and lessened the pains. It is the best remedy for rising of the Breast known, and worth the price for that alone.

MRS. M. M. BREWSTER, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by Express or mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

BLOOD WILL TELL AND BARGAINS SELL

When backed by intrisic values as ours are. The kind of **BARGAINS** we advertise consist of the fullest measure of value for the smallest measure of money. That bright little woman who was in our store Monday morning examining goods and prices, returned yesterday to **BUY** some of our **BARGAINS.** Her eyes snapped ominously as she said: "I wonder how some people imagine bland smiles form the only inducement needed to sell goods to women. I don't think business men should always

GO GUNNING WITH GRINS

when anxious to sell goods. I want to secure only two things in my shopping—quality and prices. These mixed in proper proportions produce **BARGAINS**, and I have found since leaving your store, and trying elsewhere, that you DO have **BARGAINS** of the genuine kind, and I am back to look them over." So saying, this lively, sensible woman got down to business, and here is what we sold her:

Kitchen——
Range, table, 2 chairs, cooking utensils, tubs, etc..... **$38.50**

Dining Room——
Sideboard, extension table, 6 chairs, rugs, dishes, silver and glassware, shades, curtains, clock, etc..... **$67.00**

Library——
Couch, center table, book case, 2 rockers, 2 easy chairs, heavy portieres, lace curtains, clock, etc..... **$53.50**

Parlor——
Carpets, center table, sofa, 3 chairs, 1 reed rocker, 2 rugs, piano lamp, easel, picture, Brussels lace curtains, shades, etc..... **$53.00**

Front Chamber——
Suite, spring, mattress, pillows, spread, comforter, carpets, Swiss curtains, toilet set, chairs, etc..... **$40.00**

Guest Chamber——
Enameled bed, dresser, commode, toilet set, matting, rugs, chairs, curtains, shades, etc... **$42.00**

Side Chamber——
Suit, spring, mattress, pillows, bedding, rug, chair, shade, curtains, toilet set, etc..... **$35.00**

House furnished complete, $329.00

By the SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO., 222 and 224 West Superior Street.

On this total bill of $329.00 this business-like woman paid one-fifth in cash, the balance to be paid at her convenience. Then she said: "I've a confession to make. I didn't buy **QUITE** all my goods here. I don't like to put people to trouble for nothing, and so before leaving the store where **BLAND SMILES** were kept on tap, **INSTEAD OF BARGAINS**, I bought, at the earnest solicitation of the young man with the grin, a few things for the servant's bed room, amounting to about $30.00, and do you know, I had to pay one-third cash down, instead of one-fifth as you allow me to do. Well, I've found out business is business, and **BARGAINS** are **BARGAINS** with the

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO."
Bargains Always as Advertised.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Six Human Lives Forfeited to a Detroit Fire.

Detroit, July 10.—At 2 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the livery stables of G. F. Case, 41 West Congress street, a big four-story brick structure. All of the employes were lodged and fed in the building. On the fourth floor were sleeping accommodations for twenty-five men, how many beds last night were occupied is not definitely known, but five horribly burned and charred bodies are now at the morgue awaiting burial, and one other person is missing. There were many narrow escapes.

The following are the victims: John Shaw, driver, 35 years old; John Bowman, second cook, aged 20, formerly of Bay City; Thomas Welsh, painter, aged 55, came here from London, Ont., where he leaves a widow; Edward Hughes, hostler, aged 28; James R. Shaw, harnessman, aged 27; Charles Davis, barn man, missing. There were also eighty horses stabled in the barn, all of which were gotten out, with the exception of Q. A. Graves' Ethelgo, valued at $1000, and one of less value. Many vehicles of all descriptions, together with harness and other livery apparatus were destroyed.

James Cummings, aged 18, a stable man, reached a window on the top story, but was overcome by the smoke and flames and fell headlong through the window to the street. He was badly injured and may die. The total loss will reach $40,000, covered by insurance.

MILWAUKEE SUBURBAN FIRE.

Milwaukee, July 10.—Fire broke out at Wauwatosa, the western suburb of this city at 5 o'clock this morning, sweeping away almost the entire business part of the place, entailing a loss of between $40,000 and $50,000. The insurance will not amount to more than half that sum. The only business houses left standing are Lefebre Bros.' general store, Scweigert's drug store and the Greenwood block on the north side of East Main street. Fifteen buildings were totally destroyed together with a large portion of the contents of the stores. No fatalities or casualties occurred during the progress of the fire.

CHICAGO FIRMS FAIL.

Chicago, July 10.—Two failures were announced on the board of trade today. The firms affected were Gilbert Montague & Co. and F. A. Hibbard & Co. Neither of the failures were bad ones and both firms will make good settlements.

INSPECTION OF CATTLE.

Denver, July 10.—The state board of cattle inspection has decided in view of the fact that a movement of 25,000 cattle is expected from Old Mexico within a short time that all such cattle must be inspected before they can be admitted into Colorado. This new order will take effect at once and will continue in force until Dec. 1.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

CROWDS AT DENVER.

Omaha, July 10.—General Passenger Agent Lomax, of the Union Pacific states that placing a conservative estimate upon the movement of teachers to Denver his company transported to Denver 5000 persons through Kansas City and Omaha. General Passenger Agent Francis, of the Burlington, places the number of teachers and others hauled to Denver at 5000. They say it resembles the World's fair traffic

MICHIGAN FOREST FIRES.

Alpena, Mich., July 10.—Forest fires have been raging in this vicinity for the last few days and much valuable timber has been destroyed. The farm house of John Hammond, northeast of the city, has been consumed. The high wind is spreading the flames in every direction. The air is so full of smoke back in the country that it is impossible to see any distance. Most of the streams and woods are dry and no water is to be had. Telephone lines are down and it is impossible to get news from the country. It is reported that the buildings of Representative Calhro, at Bolton, have been destroyed.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

Established 1882.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Real Estate,
HUNTER BLOCK.



Photographed from Life. **REVIVO** RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT 30th Day.

FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all other fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using **REVIVO.** It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having **REVIVO**, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 63 River St., CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE BY

S. F. Boyce, Druggist,
335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

One Price And That Right. HOWARD & HAYNIE American Store.

HERE'S WHAT YOU'RE LOOKING FOR.

IF IT'S THE TENTH IT'S YOURS!

One Price And That Right. HOWARD & HAYNIE American Store.

Whether a spool of thread or a silk dress, or no matter what it is, so it is the TENTH.

Commencing Tomorrow Morning at 8:30

O'clock, not a moment before, not a moment afterward, Every Tenth Purchase will be given away entirely free of charge for seven successive days.

Another illustration of the fact that we do as we advertise.
Thousands of meaningless figures daily fill the advertising space of newspapers all over the country, and the fact stands that the majority are misleading, tricky enticements of advertisers. This offer is an explicit illustration that WE do in every instance PRECISELY as we advertise to do.

IF YOU HAVE THINGS TO BUY PREPARE TO BUY THEM NOW!

Nothing, Absolutely Nothing in the store reserved, all our fine

Silks, Wash Goods, Laces, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Cloaks, Furs, Millinery,

Underwear, Hosiery, Embroidery, Muslin Underwear, Corsets, Wrappers, Mackintoshes,

Shirt Waists, Separate Skirts, Outing Suits, Umbrellas, Parasols, Jewelry, Leather Goods, Art Goods,

In fact everything in the store, regardless of price or value, every TENTH PURCHASE of which will be returned to the purchaser with the money he or she has paid.

A Bell Will be Tapped
By the Cashier, designating each Tenth Purchase, and no matter who you are or what you have purchased it is yours for nothing.

Why it is the greatest Purchasing opportunity of the Age:

Prices are guaranteed to be the lowest
Goods are guaranteed to be the best
And every 10th sale is given away absolutely free!

Remember *the time of starting,* **8:30 o'clock sharp** Tomorrow Morning...

HOWARD & HAYNIE.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullom, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Choice fruit, Seecamp's opp. Y. M. C. A.

Grand excursion to Fond du Lac Thursday on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot Fifth avenue at 10 a. m. Round trip 50 cents.

Yesterday afternoon in the municipal court Gus Foundry, the West Duluth man charged by Humane Officer Haskins with selling cigarettes to minors, changed his plea to guilty and was fined $1 and costs. Martin Smith, a Polander, was given ten days on the rock pile for beating his wife.

Paul Larson was found yesterday afternoon in the rear of 421 Tower avenue, Superior, in an almost famished condition. The man was taken to the hospital by Poor Commissioner Kennedy. He will probably recover but is too weak to talk.

The Eastern Minnesota yesterday placed orders for six new freight locomotives to care for the wheat crop.

The special term of the Lake county district court set for July 9 has been adjourned to Aug. 20.

Births reported to the health department today were: Fremont S. and Mary Woodward, 318 Devonshire street, West Park, a son; Bernt and Johanna Anderson, 117 Twenty-fifth avenue west, a son.

In the municipal court this morning, before Judge Boyle, John A. Leahy and James Daily pleaded guilty to drunkenness and were fined $10 and costs each.

Manager Alexander, of the Pavilion, has invited all the clergymen and their wives to talk with little Gertie Cochron, the child with the wonderful memory, at the afternoon matinees.

Robert Edward Denfeld, Jr., the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Denfeld, died this morning of tubercular meningitis. The funeral will be held at the house at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The regular Wednesday afternoon meeting of the chamber of commerce is not being held this afternoon as there was no business of importance to come up and notices were not sent out to the members.

Among the possible candidates for a position on the school board is S. M. Lester, of the West End. His friends are urging him to permit his name to be submitted to vote, but he has not yet given his consent.

Owing to the unfinished repairs in Pilgrim Congregational church the piano recital by Mrs. William Hunter Brown will be given tonight in the Presbyterian church.

The juvenile entertainment which was to have been given by the Estey W. C. T. U. in the Second Presbyterian church on Friday evening next, has been postponed to Tuesday, July 16.

Mrs. Boener, of 119 Third avenue west, was in the municipal court this afternoon on the complaint of Herman Heine, a barber, who alleges Mrs. Boener stole his favorite cocker spaniel.

The Martin Smith who was fined yesterday in the municipal court for beating his wife is not Officer Martin Smith, but a Polish member of the worldwide Smith family.

PERSONAL.

C. B. Yale is in the city from St. Paul.

Judge R. A. Wilkinson, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

G. H. Harris and J. W. C Haskell and two sons arrived in the city this morning and have gone on a fishing excursion up the north shore.

E. L. Brown, of the St. Paul & Duluth, is in town today.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Omeis returned last evening from Galesburg, Ill., where they were called to attend the funeral of Mrs. Omeis' mother.

William W. Abrahamson returned this morning from St. Paul.

G. C. Steele, of the Smith, Farwell & Steele company, left this afternoon on his annual visit to the Eastern markets.

Miss Mary McCalla Gantt, of Lockport, N. Y., is visiting for the summer with Mrs. John L. Foote and Mrs. D. A. Dunlap.

Mrs. C. P. Bragg has returned from a nine month's visit in Ohio, having spent the spring in Cleveland with her sister.

E. Matter, who has been visiting his son, E. W. Matter, returned today to Madison, Wis.

C. G. Crittenden and family went today to Omaha, where they will reside in the future.

W. G. Bonham left this afternoon for the City of Mexico.

Mrs. H. M. Myers and children left this afternoon for Tyrone, Pa.

Frank Maginnis went to Red Wing this afternoon.

Mrs. D. H. Bacon and her son-in-law, George R. Brown, of Tower, are in town today.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.
M. S. BURROWS & CO.

300 McClure's magazines to be given away free! Call and get one at Lundberg & Stone's News stand, 222 West Superior street.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.
M. S. BURROWS & CO.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR. BEST MADE. HIGHEST GRADE

ON ROADS

County Commissioners Vote to Expend $10,000 More on the Roads.

This makes a Total of About $40,000 Spent This Year.

Current County Poor Orders to be Carried by the Banks.

The board of county commissioners met again yesterday afternoon and finished up its work for this month until it meets again next Monday as a board of equalization, the session of which the auditor was allowed to advertise. The tax levy was made as estimated by the county auditor, no change being made. The Duluth Gas and Water company wanted to have its tax penalty abated, and Commissioner Morcom introduced a resolution to grant that request. It was lost, there being a tie vote. Commissioners Dinham and Morcom voted to abate, and Commissioners Swenson and Helm voted against the resolution.

The road question was discussed in executive session and it was decided to appropriate $10,000 for county roads, to be divided as follows: Morcom, $4000; Swenson, $3500; Dinham, $2500. This makes about $40,000 appropriated for the roads this year.

Fred Tischer sent in a complaint for a road recently constructed from the town line to 20-51-13, saying that it was not fit to haul loads upon. The matter was referred to the committee on highways and bridges for investigation. The county attorney was ordered to make a written report to the board of all questions submitted to him for investigation.

Township 54, range 18, was organized as a school district to be known as school district No. 29. The auditor and treasurer were instructed to confer with one or more banks to arrange for them to carry current poor orders. All orders are to be cashed by the county treasurer and then stamped "Refused for want of funds." The order will then be cashed by the banks and the money returned to the treasury.

SAFE ROBBED AT MILACA.

Chief Armstrong received a telegram this morning from Milaca, Minn., notifying him of a safe robbery in that town. Checks amounting to $69, signed by the Great Northern company, payable to G. A. Presley, and $6 in silver were taken. Village Marshal J. A. Blake says the robbery was committed by two men, one of whom was a tall, dark-complexioned fellow weighing about 200 pounds.

OPTION ON IRON LANDS.

Minnesota Iron Company After the Lonstorf Property.

Margaret Lonstorf has given the Minnesota Iron company an option for the lease of a half interest in the s½ of the se¼ of section 8 in 62-14 for thirty years from Jan. 1, 1896. The minimum annual output stated in the lease is not to exceed 50,000 tons, upon which a royalty of 10 cents is to be paid to an amount not to exceed 200,000 tons.

In excess of that amount and not exceeding 250,000 tons, 3¾ cents is to be paid. Over 250,000 tons and under 300,000 tons 8¾ cents upon the first 250,000 tons and 1¼ cents upon the remainder is to be paid. Over 300,000 tons 7½ cents is to be paid upon the whole amount. This is based upon a half interest in the property. A sixth is in litigation, and if it is decided adversely to the party of the first part, the option will be upon a third interest and the royalties will be proportional.

Upon the delivery of the contract the case of the Minnesota Iron company against Margaret Lonstorf is to be dismissed.

For ASHLAND, BAYFIELD and all intermediate points take STEAMER LIBERTY, Passengers and Freight. Fast, neat, cozy. Leave Culver's dock Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 9 a. m.

LEFT ON THE PICKET.

A party of prominent Minneapolis people left today on the Picket to spend a brief vacation angling along the north shore and at the Nipegon. They are T. B. Janney, of Janney, Semple & Co., Mrs. Janney, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dunwoodie, Preston Dunwoodie and George A. Brackett and wife. Charles Dunwoodie, of Philadelphia, accompanies them.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

The largest stock of pianos at Coon's.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 6 AND 7 PER CENT.
Any amount. No delay.
Howard & Patterson,
201-202 First National Bank Bldg.

TO ANNUL THE CHARTER.

The Scandinavian Relief Society Again Stirred Up.

A. P. Frieberg and his Scandinavian Union Church Relief society, of Duluth, are again in trouble. Attorney J. M. Martin is after the society with the long name. He represents the pastors of all the Scandinavian churches in Duluth and has just returned from St. Paul where he went to institute quo warranto proceedings in the supreme court for the purpose of having the society's charter annulled. He received promises of assistance from the attorney general.

He carried with him a voluminous petition addressed to the attorney general signed by a majority of the leading Scandinavians in Duluth. It alleges that the name of the society would indicate that it was formed of a union of the churches, which is not the fact, and that the work is carried on by about nine private individuals belonging to no church organization.

Furthermore the document sets forth that between $700 and $800 have been collected but with the exception of one solitary bushel of potatoes nothing has ever been used for the relief of the poor. The funds, say the petitioners, have been retained by the collectors whom the by-laws permit to keep 50 per cent but who have retained the full amount.

The officers of the society are John Ericson, president; P. E. Rosen, chaplain; Alfred Breutzmarker, alias John Carlson, secretary; L. P. Hogmark, treasurer, and A. P. Frieberg, Nels Leif and A. N. Rapp, trustees and collectors.

Read Howard & Haynie's advertisement on last page. If you are a woman it will be interesting to you.

$14.98 buys any suit in our house till Saturday night.
M. S. BURROWS & CO.

Great Reduction in Rates At Hoeniger's
Deerwood (Inn) Hotel
Next to Depot.
Rates reduced to $1.50 per day INCLUDING
Absolutely Free Use of Boats.
Cuisine as excellent as before.

5% $100,000.00 6%
TO LOAN.
Sums to Suit...
The Duluth Banking Co.,
400 Burrows Building

Mortgage Loans!
Various amounts, at lowest rates, without delay. Money always on hand.
ROSS L. MAHON,
607 First National Bank Building.

★ The Great Eastern ★

People always look for exceptional values after the Fourth.
We're certainly more than fulfilling your highest expectations.

Keeping faith with the public is bringing its reward——
Bigger Crowds, Bigger Sales, Bigger Business,
And all because of the exceptional values we're giving.

A Suit Sale

CHOICE OF ANY SUIT IN OUR HOUSE FOR

$14.98

Today, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

'Tisn't a few what-we-want-you-to-have kinds we're offering, but our entire stock. Fine Black Clay Worsteds, Scotch Tweeds, fancy and plain exclusive patterns, in imported Cassimeres and Worsteds, made up in that perfect style, trim and fit as only the most skilled hands in the clothing world produce.

In addition to this offer, we're selling hundreds of

Elegant Business Suits
At $8, $9, $10 and $12.

These are great days here to get good Clothing cheap.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LAST EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

LAST EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1895. THREE CENTS.

Minn Hist'l Society

Downy Beds...

On which to woo the Drowsy God are true delights. Nothing is more conducive to healthy slumber than well-made beds. Our mattress factory is in the hands of an expert who knows how to make good beds.

All our own make and fully guaranteed.

BEST MOSS MATTRESSES, Two parts	$10.00
GOOD HAIR MATTRESSES. Two parts, 40 lbs	$12.00
SELECT BLACK HAIR MATTRESSES, Two parts, 40 lbs	$16.00
EXTRA BLACK HAIR MATTRESSES. Two parts, 36 lbs	$18.00
EXTRA BLACK HAIR MATTRESSES, Two parts, 40 lbs	$20.00
PURE WHITE COTTON PATENT COMBINATION MATTRESSES	$5.50
WOOL (Shoddy) MATTRESSES, Number 1	$4.00
WOOL (Shoddy) MATTRESSES, Number 2	$3.50
WOOL OR COTTON TOP MATTRESSES, According to quality	$2.25, $2.50 and $3.00
PLAIN EXCELSIOR MATTRESSES	$1.25 and $1.50

French & Bassett,

West First Street and Third Avenue, Duluth.

If you wish.....

You buy the goods for use today

For very easy future pay.

SHOES!

We must close our entire stock by Aug. 1.

Our loss your gain.

Read the Prices!

Child's Tan Shoes HALF PRICE.

Misses' Tan Shoes, worth $2 50, Closing out price..... $1.50

Ladies' $3 Tan Lace Shoes, Closing out price..... $1.25

All our Ladies' fine lace or button $5 and $6 Shoes, closing out price..... $3.00

In fact every Ladies' Shoe in our house will be **Sold Below Cost** during the great closing out sale.

Men's Shoes...

Choice of our $5, $6 and $7 Shoes during this closing out sale at..... $3.98

Our $3 and $4 Hand-sewed Shoes, closing out price..... $1.98

Every Shoe in Our Store

Was manufactured expressly for us for this season's trade. Buy your footwear now at less than wholesale cost price.

Trade Mornings and Avoid the Afternoon Crowds.

SLATER & LOEB,

111 West Superior Street.

MURDER

Terrible Deed of an ex-Convict in New York State.

Kills a Girl Who Rejected Him and Wounds a Man.

Fractures His Own Skull With a Bullet, But Will Recover.

Watertown, N. Y., July 11.—A girl of 16 years was murdered and an old man fatally wounded by an ex-convict at Chapel Hill, near Lowville, this county, last night. The victims of the assassin were Minnie Ingersoll, who lived with her brother, Eugene Ingersoll, and Nicholas P. Strife, a farm hand in Ingersoll's employ. The murderer is John Hoch, aged 30, who was convicted of attempting to murder a young woman in Denmark, Lewis county, several years ago, and who was sentenced to seven years at Auburn. Two years ago he received an absolute pardon from Governor Flower, and since that time has lived in Lewis county. He met Miss Ingersoll this spring and became infatuated with her, but the girl would have nothing to say to him.

Yesterday morning he drove over to Lowville and the girl's brother sent him away, and he drove to his half-sister's home for dinner. Returning to Lowville he bought a Winchester rifle. Late in the evening Hoch sneaked into the Ingersoll barn, and when Miss Ingersoll passed with a pail of milk he fired, the ball lodging in her heart. She fell dead. Strife was following the girl and the murderer fired a second time, the ball entering Strife's left side. Strife ran in terror and alarmed the household.

Hoch made for the woods and escaped. This morning the sheriff found Hoch hiding at a farm house. He had told George Graves, the owner, the story of the crime, threatening death to him if he said a word. He showed fight to the officers, but finding resistance useless, he put a revolver to his forehead and fired, fracturing his skull. Strife may die. It is expected that Hoch will recover.

FARM HANDS NEEDED.

Lots of Harvest Field Work for the Unemployed.

St. Paul, July 11.—With harvest so near at hand, it will be necessary to repeat the concerted efforts which were made a few years ago in order that the farmers of the Northwest may not be compelled for lack of labor to see a bounteous crop rot upon the ground. There is every prospect that the crop will be a magnificent one, and it is going to take men, and an abundance of men, to handle it. Some idea of this may be gleaned from the following letter, received this morning by Mayor Smith, from John J. Healy, county judge of Edmons county, South Dakota.

Judge Healy says: "I see by the St. Paul papers that agencies are being established in your city to find work for the unemployed during the harvest season. The country lying between Aberdeen and the Missouri river will need full of 3000 harvest hands to take care of the present crop, and if your employment agencies will direct your men to come to Aberdeen and the country lying west they can obtain plenty of work from now until it freezes up at good wages."

ACCIDENT TO ELKS.

Nobody Dead, Although 200 Were Injured.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 11.—No deaths have yet resulted from last last night's disaster at the Casino, although in all respects the details of the occurrence have not been exaggerated. A conservative estimate places the number of injured at close to 200. Of these the only one in immediate danger is Fred K. Laproth, of Camden, N. J. Mrs. Rockwell was only slightly injured. All night the hospitals were besieged by anxious inquirers, but before daybreak all of the injured had been located at hotels and hospitals. The accident was caused by the collapse of the second floor immediately over a refreshment pavillion. Just previous to the crash, Jennings band had begun to play for the Elks and the majority of the people were thus attracted to the upper floor, but for this there would have been great loss of life. The Casino building was old and dilapidated. It fronts the ocean from the board walk, at the head of Baltic avenue. It is a frame two-storied structure, built about three years ago by the Casino Amusement company. It has been unoccupied for the past two seasons. The affair is being investigated at today's meeting of the Elks.

DENVER CYCLERS WIN.

Asbury Park, N. J., July 11.—Donald McKay, of Denver, won the first heat, and E. W. Swanbrough, of Denver, the second heat, in the mile race for novices at the bicycle meet today.

PETITION GRANTED.

Further Complications in the Oregon Short Line Matter.

Salt Lake, Utah, July 11.—Judge Merritt has granted the petition of the receivers of the Union Pacific railway for the appointment of trustees of the old mortgage on the Utah Central from Salt Lake to Ogden to succeed Horace S. Eldridge, and Abram O. Smoot, deceased. The mortgage was executed Jan. 1, 1880, to secure bonds to the amount of $1,000,000. The petition is in the name of the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern Railway company, and is signed by W. H. Kelly, Union Pacific attorney, as solicitor.

The petition sets up the claim that the trustees of the mortgage are dead, and that it is desirable to fill the vacancies. Oliver Ames and E. E. Ames were appointed to succeed Eldridge and Smoot, and authorized to exercise all the powers under the mortgage that might have been exercised by the original trustees if living. This action further complicates the suit of the American Loan and Trust company in its effort to foreclose on the Short Line consolidated mortgage.

EUSTIS INTERVIEW.

Was Misquoted, and Not for Publication Anyway.

Paris, July 11.—The Figaro this morning publishes a statement from Hon. James B. Eustis, United States ambassador to France, in which the latter says: "The fact is now recalled that Secretary Vigna had introduced M. Roterier to me on May 13, not as a journalist, but as a writer. According to my custom I had a conversation with him, but I certainly did not authorize him to publish it. He did not tell me he had such an intention, and if he had I should have taken the necessary precautions. Indeed, I should have forbidden him, as would have been my duty, to discuss any of our conversation. I did not use the language attributed to me, and I do not understand why he thought he had the right to invite me to discuss delicate questions of international policies."

The Estafette, discussing the affair, remarks: "It would not require many such incidents, especially in view of the effect which it has produced in Spain, to lead to serious complications with the United States. The fault rests entirely with the United States, which, by carrying the application of the Monroe doctrine to an abuse and by the ubiquity of their intervention, disturb the European nations and injure in the end their most legitimate interests."

CONGRESSMAN HARTER

Compares Free Coinage Men to Coxey's Army.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 11.—Ex-Congressman Michael D. Harter, of the coinage, weights and measures committee of the Fifty-third congress, delivered an address on "Sound Money" this morning before the New York State Bankers' association. The address was carefully considered and occupied over an hour in delivery. In part he said: "The free coinage men were compelled to organize a party of their own, their numbers would prove ridiculously small—only tolerable, perhaps, by comparison with Coxey's army.

"Let us make it safe and sure by redeeming and cancelling the greenbacks and getting the government out of all banking business; letting the people conduct their own business affairs and supply all the paper money they need, providing for its promised redemption in gold and let the nations know that the United States is for all time a sound money nation."

SETTLERS WANT PROTECTION.

Lincoln, Neb., July 11.—Gov. Holcomb today received affidavits from Edward Abel and Joseph L. Fletcher, bearing date "Township 29, range 28, sections 1 and 2, Cherry county," in which they say that on July 5 fifteen ranchmen appeared and for over half a day, by threat and shots, attempted to force them to give up their claims. Upon their refusal over twenty shots were fired by the ranchmen, who then rode away. July 6 they again returned and fired two shots into the wagon in which the settlers were sleeping. They believe their lives and property are in danger and demand protection. The communication has been referred to the attorney general.

DIAMOND THIEF OSBORNE.

Tacoma, Wash., July 11.—Chief of Police Smith will arrive today from Spokane with Leonard Osborne, arrested at Hope, Idaho, Monday. Osborne came to Tacoma recently and visited with the family of E. M. Hunt. One day last week the family was absent, and it is alleged that Osborne rummaged the house and took all the jewelry he could find. He then left the city.

PIKE'S PEAK GROWING.

Colorado Springs, Col., July 11.—It is believed that the work of the government surveying party now here will disclose an error in the reckoning made from the old Kansas Pacific survey of the elevation of this locality and the altitude of Pike peak will be proven to be 15,647½ feet, a gain of 1100 feet.

THE ACTRESS WON.

Denver, Col., July 11.—A verdict was given in the district court today awarding Belle Archer, the actress, $1546 in her suit against Alexander Salvini, Jr., for salary for herself and husband while members of the Salvini company in 1890. Salvini did a losing business that season, and it was claimed on his behalf that when a change of management took place, all the members of the company agreed to relinquish their claims for overdue salary.

COMING HOME.

Cronstadt, July 11.—The United States cruiser Marblehead sailed from this port today.

HENLEY

Closing Scenes in the Greatest of All English Regattas.

Cornell Will Send Two Crews to Henley Regatta Next Year.

English Press Criticisms on Appearance and Conduct of Cornell.

Henley, July 11.—There was a larger crowd than usual assembled here today in order to witness the final heats on this the last day of the Henley regatta. When the Eton college and the crew of St. John's college, Oxford, were sent away in the final heat for the Ladies' challenge plate, at the third stroke Eton's No. 2 caught a crab and lay at the bottom of the boat for a moment unable to rise. The Oxford boat was a couple of lengths ahead when the Oxford coxswain, H. C. Sells, cried "Ease all." The Oxford returned to the post amid frantic applause, in which the umpire and others on his launch joined. "Bravo, Oxford," was heard on all sides, and the cry "No more Cornell" was heard from several boats. They started again and the Eton crew won as they liked by eight lengths.

The trustees of Cornell university, who are now here, have decided to bring two crews to Henley in '96. Secretary Cooper, of the regatta committee, heartily approves of the proposition, and offers the Cornell men every inducement and facility. He asserts that this will be the answer to the criticisms passed upon the conduct of the Cornell crew now at Henley.

In the final heat for the grand challenge cup the Trinity Hall, Cambridge, Rowing club crew, which defeated Cornell yesterday, beat the New college, Oxford, Boat club crew and thus captured the trophy, representing the blue ribbon of aquatics. The race was a splendid one and Trinity Hall won by only one-third of a length ahead, in 7 m 30 sec.

The crew of the London Rowing club, consisting of A. S. Little, bow; H. W. Stout, Vivian Nickalls and Guy Nickalls, stroke, defeated the crew of the Thames Rowing club today in the final heat for the Steward's challenge cup, and thus won that trophy. They also won the Nickalls cup or "silver goblets" from the same club.

In the fifth heat for the diamond sculls, Hon. Rupert Guiness, of the Leander Boat club, beat Guy Nickalls, of the London Rowing club.

In the final heat for the Thames challenge cup, the crew of the Neurus Boat club, of Amsterdam university, Holland, defeated the cerw of the Molsey Rowing club and won the trophy.

ENGLISH PRESS OPINIONS.

London, July 11.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon, commenting on the Cornell crew, says: "The Americans failed to enter into the spirit of the Henley regatta, which calls upon competitors as well as visitors to dress cleanly and tidily as possible. The 'varsity crew and other English crews make a point of rowing in new jerseys, with colors unstained by rain or perspiration. It is not too much to say that such a dirty looking crew as Cornell never competed in the regatta within the memory of most of its frequenters. They wore a large red 'C' embroidered on the front of their jerseys, and in every case the color of this letter had run several inches. We hope they will get a new turnout if they row in the coming Metropolitan regatta."

The Globe this afternoon remarks: "It is much to be regretted that the visit of the Cornell crew, instead of promoting good fellowship beween English and American athletes, has struck only a jarring note in the otherwise harmonious rivalry. We cannot help thinking that the American oarsmen have been somewhat harshly judged for standing on their rights."

The St. James Gazette expresses the opinion that there is a good deal of unreasonable prejudice against Cornell. The best possible thing which could occur was that Cornell should be fairly beaten by Trinity. After all the most important thing was that our American cousins should have a fair race with an English crew.

RELIEF FOR ARMENIANS.

Constantinople, July 11.—Two American missionaries arrived at Moosh yesterday to distribute the funds collected in England for the starving armenians. The condition of the Armenians at Van shows no improvement. The Kurds are continuing their depredations.

TOO MUCH SMOKE.

Portland, Ore., July 11.—The attempt of heliograph signaling between the summit of the principal snow-capped peaks in the Northwest, as arranged, did not take place today on account of the smoky condition of the atmosphere.

FROM LAW TO MINING.

Port Townsend, Wash., July 11.—The Juneau Search Light says: Lytton Taylor, United States attorney for Alaska, has resigned to go into the mining business.

THE BRITANNIA WON.

Hunters Quay, July 11.—The fifty-mile race between the Britannia and the Ailsa was won by the Britannia.

BARGAIN FRIDAY

—AT THE—

BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

ADDITIONAL ITEMS OF INTEREST TO EVERYBODY.
ADDITIONAL BARGAINS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PEOPLE.

Each day of our semi-annual clearance sale brings new faces to our store and each day the crowds increase which means our bargains are genuine and the people know it.

LADIES!

HERE IS SOMETHING OF INTEREST TO YOU!

On Friday, July 12th

And continuing for a short season, THE GLASGO LACE THREAD CO. will give an exhibition of beautiful real laces made from the Glasgo Twilled Lace Thread. Those laces are made by ladies from all parts of America and one piece on exhibition drew the $2000 gold premium at the World's Fair. Several experts will be in attendance to show the ladies how to use the thread and every lady ought to see the display. It is on exhibition in our ladies' waiting room.

EVERYBODY INVITED.

A Big Assortment of Cut Flowers on Sale Friday.

POPULAR PRICES.

Late Books Received.

Master and Man—Count Leo Tolstoi	50c
Suppressed Chapters—Robert Bridges	$1.19
The Shadow of a Crime—Hall Caine	$1.19
Adventures of Capt. Horn—F. Stockton	$1.19
Heart of the World—R. Haggard	$1.19

Late and Popular Music.

My Picnic Girl, regular price 40c, ours	25c
Since Katie Rides a Wheel, regular price 40c, ours	25c
It's English as You See it on Broadway, regular price 40c, ours	25c
Private Tommy Atkins, regular price 40c, ours	25c
The Sweetest Story ever Told, regular price 40c, ours	25c
My Beautiful Irish Maid, regular price 40c, ours	25c
The very old, new song, Ben Bolt, only	10c

We have also a choice selection of HIGH GRADE music at one-half regular music store prices.

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Dress Serges.

Just opened a solid case of 36-inch all wool Dress Serges, worth 50c. Friday 25c

Black Dress Goods.

50c the price for your choice of 50 pieces 40 inch all wool Jacquards, novelty Mohairs and Whipcords, value $1.00. Bargain Friday 50c

Gents' Furnishings.

99c for your choice of 25 dozen Gents' Handsome Negligee Shirts 99c

Gents' Cuffs.

10c or 3 pairs for 25c—50 dozen Gents' White Four-ply Cuffs. A Friday Bargain, per pair 10c

Silk Mitts.

25c—We will offer 100 dozen Black Silk Mitts, Kayser's make, worth 50c. Bargain Friday 25c

Shirt Waists. Second Floor.

A New Lot Just Opened.

48c—50 dozen Ladies' Shirt Waists, laundered, collar and cuffs, worth 75c. Bargain Friday 48c

WATCH THIS PAPER FOR.....

Saturday's Offerings!

WATCH!!

An Over Production of.....

Cut Roses

In Chicago today will make Roses cheap at the Glass Block Store

Tomorrow

5000 Assorted Roses--

30c Per Dozen

Be on Hand at 11 A. M.

Panton & Watson.

TAKE none of the pretended substitutes for Royal Baking Powder. Royal only is Absolutely Pure.

BOSTON

Christian Endeavorers Have Taken Peaceful Possession of the City.

Many Thousands of Earnest Christian Men and Women There.

Opening Addresses of Chairman Capen and Secretary Baer.

Boston, July 11.—Over 9000 enthusiastic Endeavorers crowded the tent "Endeavor." Crimson and white streamers waved all over the tent, the bunting being draped from the great center pole of the tent. Flags and colors of all nations interspersed streamers and aided by their variety the grand scene. High above all the flags of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and the stars and stripes floated. Upon the platform, at the extreme end, the grand chorus of 500 and the speakers and prominent members of the society were seated. Before the time for opening the service arrived the chorus and delegates spontaneously started an Endeavor hymn. Other songs followed, and the music was almost continuous until the Rev. J. T. Beckley, D.D., of New York, opened the meeting according to the program by announcing the first hymn, "Onward, Christian Soldiers." At the conclusion of the hymn Rev. W. W. Albright, of Boston, read a page from the Scriptures and then asked for the co-operation of the delegates on the opening session, and called for the testimony by delegates. For fifteen minutes from all parts came words of praise to the Almighty and good tidings to the Endeavor society. Mr. Beckley was forced to announce the next number before all who desired had testified. He called attention to the banner which hung over his head, inscribed: "For Christ and the church, welcome," and exhorted his hearers as they raised their voices to bear in mind that they should never forget the work for Christ and his church.

Following was the address of welcome as delivered by Chairman Capen, of the committee of thirteen:

As chairman of the committee of thirteen, it is my privilege and pleasure to speak the first word of welcome. But I speak not only for the committee of an unfortunate number, but also for the whole chorus of 3000 voices, for the committees on entertainment and accommodation and all the rest, yes, for the more than 5000 Christian Endeavorers who have in some way been joyously helping to prepare for your coming.

We welcome you, first, because you have come in the name of Christ. Christian Endeavor stands for Christ enthroned. It must never be forgotten that this is first, last, and always a religious gathering. There is no other name but that of Christ that would draw this more than 50,000 people together.

Massachusetts and Boston, its capital, have many attractions. It is the old Pilgrim commonwealth to which the children and the grandchildren love to come from all over the land. Here is Plymouth Rock and the Cradle of Liberty; but it is not for these that you are here today, but because of your loyalty to a personal Christ.

Some of you have come a long journey across the ocean and the continent at a sacrifice of time and strength to gather with us at the feast. We are from different nations, and live under different flags; we belong to various religious sects, but as Christian Endeavorers all such distinctions are forgotten.

This Christian Endeavor army is the grandest the world has ever seen. It speaks of the greatest movement of this generation and is rounding out magnificently this great missionary century. With its nearly 3,000,000 of members, it is belting the world with its light and with the enthusiasm of its service for Christ. And yet we are only two years in our teens and we have only just begun to live and to grow. We have no less a purpose than to conquer this whole world for God and truth.

We welcome you, therefore, as a part of this great, all-conquering army of the King. We have enjoyed the hospitality of other cities and states, and we are glad indeed that it is our turn to be the host. "Giving is better than getting," and we know that "the more we give the more we live." We have been getting from you in royal entertainment in the past; we want to "give" now; and we do give you all our warmest greeting, not to our city only, but to our homes and our hearts.

We welcome you because we want our citizens to see what splendid people you are. We have been boasting about you for months, and we know you will more than fulfill our proud boasting, for you are fulfilling one of the last injunctions of Bishop Brooks, "Be godly for man's sake; be manly for man's sake."

We welcome you to this city, which is so proud of its intellectual and material things, because it needs above all things a "religious stirring up." We want to get upon a higher level if we may, and breathe oftener and deeper of spiritual things. Many of our people think religion is a good thing for old men and women; we want to show them it is a better thing for the boys and girls. They think religion a good thing to die with; we want to show them it is a better thing to live with. They think it is gloomy and sad; we want to show them that it is the most joyous and glad thing in all the world.

We welcome you because you believe not only in the prayers and preaching if God's house, but also in the caurus and the ballot; and that the ballot box should be sacred as the ark of the Covenant. There can be no separation of piety from patriotism, and the man who neglects his civic duties is not a Christian citizen.

We welcome you because you are the foe of the political "boss," and you will not have this man to reign over you. We welcome you because you are opposed to the saloon and the evils which go with it, and to all who are trying to undermine in any way the Christian Sabbath and the sanctity of the home. We have some very clearly defined moral issues at least, and we have enlisted, not for three months or nine months, but for the war. We propose to lay aside all that hinders and go in all over and for all we are worth to win.

At one time the English war department was considering a change of uniform. The duke of Wellington, thinking he would get the opinion of an old soldier, said: "If you were to fight the battle of Waterloo over again, what kind of uniform would you like to wear?" Quick as a flash the reply came from the scarred veteran: "General, if I were going to fight it over again I should want to go in my shirt sleeves."

The Christian Endeavorers metaphorically have put on this garb for service and the devil's kingdom is doomed. And if the politicians think this Christian Endeavor movement for "Good citizenship" is only a passing wave of excitement and will soon be over, we will give the same answer that was given by John Paul Jones when asked: "Have you lowered your flag?" "No, we have not yet begun to fight."

Your coming this year has been especially propitious. Massachusetts is proud of its splendid list of governors, and we honor today in that position a fearless and incorruptible man, of spotless character, whose voice is ever ready to speak in the cause of righteousness, His Excellency Governor Greenhalge.

And then we have in His Honor Mayor Curtis one who is also in full sympathy with the moral purposes of our organization. In his position as chief magistrate of our city, he has from the beginning done everything in his power to assist the committee in their preparation of your coming. Nothing has been done by him in a half-hearted, perfunctory way, but ungrudgingly and generously. As a part of the welcome to our city, we want you all to see our public garden, which our superintendent of public grounds, Mr. Doogue, has, with lavish hand, decorated for us, making a floral exhibition which has never been equalled. He has made the very flowers in all their beauty speak the welcome in crimson and white of Boston '95. Yes, welcome, thrice welcome, to the home of Hancock and Winthrop, of Sam Adams and Paul Revere, of Governor Andrew and Col. Shaw, of Phillips Brooks and A. J. Gordon, the capital of the old Pilgrim and Puritan commonwealth.

The hymn of welcome, written for the occasion by the author of "America," was sung, and then Mr. Beckley introduced A. J. Crockett, president of the Boston Local union, who welcomed the delegates on behalf of the Endeavorers of Boston. The welcome of the city pastors was extended by Rev. D. M. Kneeland, D.D., of Boston. On behalf of the state of Massachusetts Lieutenant Governor Roger Wolcott then welcomed the delegates, and Rev. J. Barrows, of Chicago, responded to the welcome address on behalf of the society and the delegates. The report of Secretary Baer was then read in substance as follows:

The report of General Secretary Baer was quite lengthy. He likened the Christian Endeavor society to a large wheel with spokes radiating from the "hub" at Boston in every direction. According to his figures there are 41,229 societies in the world, distributed as follows: United States, 33,412; Dominion of Canada, 3105; rest of the world, 4712. There are in the world 9122 Junior Endeavor societies, with a membership of 340,000. The total membership is 2,473,740, of which 489 are Indians, 20,300 are Chinese or yellow skinned races; 109,400 are black skined and 2,343,560 are Caucasians, all united in one great inter-racial brotherhood.

During the year the society received contributions for missions at home and abroad, amounting to $425,000, the largest amount given by any one society being $1900, contributed by the Clarendon street Baptist church, Boston. In denominations in the Christian Endeavor ranks the Presbyterians lead, and the other sects, except the Episcopalians, being represented. The report, which is quite long, closes as follows:

You will agree with me, of course, that the growth of the local societies "is marvelous in our eyes," but what of the large number that have taken the "next step" and have joined the various churches East, North, South and West? In all, 202,185 have joined the churches since the last convention. In 1890, 70,000 new church-members were reported; in '91, 82,500; in '92, 120,000; in '93, 158,000; in '94, 183,650; and now in '95, 202,185. In the last six years, 810,335. What a ransomed host! "Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

How much or how little our individual work or that of the society has gained this blessed victory, we know not; sufficiently happy and thankful are we to know that these recruits to the number of 810,335 have come from our ranks in six years. Again I say, "Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

Now turn from this retrospect of magnificent achievement, pleasing, cheering, and comforting as it may have been, and with the spirit for the exaltation of Christ in our hearts and lives, let us think, plan and act for the future, believing that if each one of us stands strenuously for the preservation and faithful observance of the active members' pledge, which is the golden "tire" that binds the Christian Endeavor wheel together, felly, spokes, and hub, we shall have before us, when we gather next summer in Washington, a report which shall be a vision as splendid as ever fell on John's anointed eyes on Patmos. God grant it.

OHIO WIRE PULLERS.

New York, July 11.—Congressman Paul Sorg, of Ohio, is at the Holland house. Rumor has it that Mr. Sorg is here to meet Senator Calvin S. Brice and consult with him concerning the nomination for governor on the Democratic ticket when the convention meets next month. Ex-State Senator Jeremiah Sullivan, who is a power in Democratic politics in Ohio, is also here.

INSURANCE MEN ORGANIZE.

Portland, Ore., July 11.—The insurance men of Oregon, Washington and Idaho have completed an organization called the Northwest Insurance association. Henry E. White was elected president, Herbert Folger, secretary. The management of the association is placed in the hands of an executive committee. The object of the association is to control insurance rates in the Northwest.

NEW NAVY FOR CHINA.

San Francisco, July 11.—Capt. Webber, who was in command of a Chinese blockade runner during the war with Japan, left for Europe today on what is said to be an important mission. On account of the high esteem in which he has been held by the Chinese government it is said he has been entrusted with the task of reorganizing the Chinese navy. He has been authorized to purchase ships and contract for the construction of new ones.

CONTEST

Pacific Coast Senators Hustling to Secure a Committee Nomination.

Vacancy on the Commerce Committee Will Go to a Western Man.

Half a Dozen Senators Mentioned as Possible Place Fillers.

Washington, July 11.— There bids fair to be quite a contest among the Republican members of the senate from the Pacific coast states for the position on the committee on commerce, which has heretofore been filled by Senator Dolph, of Oregon. It is understood that Senators Perkins, of California, McBride, of Oregon, and Squire, of Washington, would each like to secure the appointment, while Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, might take it under certain conditions. The place is considered one of especial importance, as the committee deals with all questions of commerce which comes before the senate and acts in an advisory capacity to the appropriations committee in recommending appropriations for river and harbor improvements.

Being the oldest senator of the five mentioned and coming from the state which Senator Dolph represented, Senator Mitchell could probably secure the position if disposed to accept it at a sacrifice of some other important committee assignments. He occupies a peculiarly commanding position on the senate committees, standing as he does at the head of the Republican representation on the committ on claims, postoffice and privileges and elections.

It is understood, however, among his colleagues that he would prefer to allow his own assignments to remain as they are if he could secure the appointment of his new colleague, Mr. McBride, to the commerce vacancy. He realizes, however, that it will be difficult to secure for a new man an assignment of the importance of this, and one which is sought by older senators. Senator Perkins will meet with the objection of Mr. White, of his own state, who is now a member of the committee. Mr. Wilson, (Washington), is not a candidate in the ordinary sense, but some of his senatorial friends are urging his fitness for the place. The same objection which applies in Mr. McBribe's place would hold in Mr. Wilson's. There is very little or no doubt, however, that some of the Pacific coast senators will be appointed to the place.

Baseball Yesterday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 0; New York, 2.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 4; Brooklyn, 1.
At Louisville—Louisville, 8; Boston, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 23; Minneapolis, 11.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 10; St. Paul, 1.
At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 8; Milwaukee, 13.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 2; Terre Haute, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Baltimore	56	34	22
Pittsburg	66	39	27
Boston	68	34	24
Chicago	69	40	29
Cincinnati	63	36	27
Cleveland	67	38	29
Philadelphia	59	32	27
Brooklyn	62	29	33
New York	61	29	32
Washington	58	23	35
St. Louis	65	22	43
Louisville	60	11	49

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Indianapolis	59	38	21
Detroit	60	33	27
Kansas City	61	33	28
St. Paul	60	31	29
Milwaukee	61	31	30
Minneapolis	59	26	33
Grand Rapids	62	26	36
Terre Haute	59	23	36

ANTI-FIGHT MINISTERS.

Austin, Tex., July 11.—A delegation of the ministers of Austin have called on Governor Culbertson and earnestly appealed to the governor to prevent the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight at Dallas, saying that it was a burning shame The governor gave them a respectful hearing and assured them that if the provisions of the law were adequate that officers would see to it that the fight did not come off. The ministers say they want the laws made adequate so as to prevent the fight.

A PECULIAR CELEBRATION.

Boise, Idaho, July 11.—Today is set for celebration in Couer D'Alene of the anniversary of the blowing up of the Frisco mill and killing of non-union miners. The governor has been urged to inform President Cleveland that United States troops may be needed in Cour D'Alene. The governor says every resource of the state will be exhausted in preserving order before the president is called on.

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Max Wirth, druggist.

SENSATIONAL CAREER.

Rise and Fall of a Former Telegraph Operator.

Los Angeles, July 11.—The indictment against Clinton E. Mayne, for attempting to bribe members of the city government, by the San Diego grand jury, has caused his career to be looked up with the result that a very sensational story is revealed. Mayne was formerly a boomer in Omaha. He is reputed to have been one of the most successful real estate dealers in that city.

Beginning life as a telegrapher, he soon found his sphere too narrow at the key, so he branched out as a real estate dealer. In a short time he was reputed to be worth $2,000,000 or $3,000,000, but when the boom bursted he found himself a poor man. He speculated in real estate in Denver and other Western cities and came to San Diego, where he acquired some property. A few months ago he came to Los Angeles and opened a real estate office.

CLEVELAND NOT IN IT.

John C. New Says That Third Terms Must Not Be.

New York, July 11.—Col. John C. New, of Indiana, ex-consul general of the United States at London sailed on the American liner Paris. In an interview he said: "Grover Cleveland will not be a nominee of the Democratic party in '96. He has put himself outside of the circle of men who now control the party and would not receive any consideration in a convention. Besides this third term business is settled in this country for good and all. We ended all that in Chicago in 1880 when Gen. Grant ran. I was one of the "306" and when we were beaten the question was ended. The people think that two terms are enough. William C. Whitney, of New York, is today the strongest candidate the Democratic party can nominate. He is a man of ability and all in all, is a very strong man."

"What are Gen. Harrison's plans?"

"Gen. Harrison is not talking. He never talks and so I don't know."

MURDEROUS AUSTRIANS.

Kingston, N. Y., July 11.—The residents of Rosendale are alarmed because of the organization of a society of Austrians, which the villagers say was formed with aims similar to that of the Italian mafia. Over 500 Austrians are employed by the cement companies in the town and every one of them is a member of the society. The Austrians say the society was formed for beneficent purposes, but the Rosendale people allege that its chief aim is revenge. It is said a number of attempts at murder have occurred recently in the Austrian colony which can be traced to the society.

FOUR WERE DROWNED.

New York, July 11.—Two men and two women were drowned in the East river last night as a result of recklessness. Two of the women and one of the men were laughing and struggling on one of the piers when suddenly they were precipitated into the water. Their names are unknown. The fourth person drowned was a young man who heroically tried to rescue them. His name is given as McHale O'Neill, a young steel engraver of this city.

CHINESE DEPORTED.

Watertown, N. Y., July 11.—United States Commissioner George H. Walker, of this city, has ordered the deportation of six Chinese who were arrested by the customs officers on the St. Lawrence frontier in this locality a week ago. The prisoners are Joe Doon, Moy Noy, Sam Sing, Wing Sing, Chen Yen and Ney Sue.

SALE OF SEATS BEGUN.

Dallas, Tex., July 11.—The diagram of the ampitheater of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons glove contest was displayed in the office of the Florida Athletic club this morning, and the sale of seats began at 10 o'clock. Mr. J. T. Trescvant, president of the state fair association was the first man served. He took five seats. The sales by wire and personal application has reached $18,000.

SIX ROBBERS SHOT.

Nogales, A. T., July 11.—A courier has arrived here from Oposura, in the Montezuma district of Sonora, with the information that on July 4 near that place six men were publicly executed by the Mexican authorities for complicity in a series of robberies which had been unearthed over there.

"GID" BAXTER DYING.

Kansas City, July 11.—Gideon N. Baxter, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, is dying at the Midland hotel in this city, of pneumonia. Baxter was found in his room late last night unconscious by some of his friends and it developed that he had been delirious for several days. He is one of the oldest and best known railroad men in the West.

FAMILY OF COUNTERFEITERS.

Los Angeles, July 11.—I. S. Ormandy, his wife, son and daughter were arrested here today for conducting an extensive counterfeiting establishment. Ormandy confessed but said his family was ignorant of the business in which he was engaged.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Max Wirth.

EVERY MONDAY

In July and August you can buy tickets from Duluth to Banff, Laggan and Field, on the line of the Canadian Pacific in the heart of the Rockies, at $55 for the round trip, including double berth in first-class sleeping car both ways. For full particulars call on or write T. H. Larke, 426 Spalding house block.

For FRIDAY and SATURDAY ONLY: Any Suit in the House.....

$13.50.

The Big Duluth

Narcoti-Cure

CURES THE TOBACCO HABIT IN 4 TO 10 DAYS OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Use All the Tobacco You Want Till Your "Craving" is Gone.

NARCOTI-CURE is the only remedy in the world that acts directly on the nerves and drives the nicotine from the system in from four to ten days, It leaves the patient in better health than before taking, and is warranted free from any injurious ingredients.

NARCOTI-CURE is popular because it allows the patient to use all the tobacco he wants while under treatment, or until the "craving" and "hankering" are gone. It is then no sacrifice to throw away tobacco forever.

NARCOTI-CURE is sold at the uniform price of $5.00 a bottle, and one bottle cures.

Money refunded if a cure is not effected when taken according to the directions.

PROF. W. N. WAITE, Of Amherst, Mass., Chewed Tobacco for 46 Years and was cured by Narcoti-Cure.

AMHERST, MASS., Feb. 8, 1895.

THE NARCOTI CHEMICAL CO., Springfield Mass.

Gentlemen—Replying to yours of the 1st, would say that I have used tobacco for 46 years, and of late have consumed a 10-cent plug a day, besides smoking considerably. I commenced to use tobacco when I was only 11 years old, and have never been able to give up the habit until I took NARCOTI-CURE, although I have tried other so-called remedies without effect. After using your remedy four days all "hankering" for chewing disappeared, and in four days more smoking became unpleasant. I have no further desire for the weed, and experienced no bad effects whatever. I am gaining in flesh and feel better than I have for a long time. To all who wish to be free from the tobacco habit I would say use NARCOTI-CURE.

Yours truly, W. N. WAITE.

IF YOUR DRUGGIST IS UNABLE TO GIVE YOU FULL PARTICULARS ABOUT NARCOTI-CURE SEND TO US FOR BOOK OF PARTICULARS FREE, OR SEND $5.00 FOR A BOTTLE BY MAIL.

The Narcoti Chemical Co., SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

BEAR IN MIND THAT "THE GODS HELP THOSE WHO HELP THEMSELVES." SELF HELP SHOULD TEACH YOU TO USE

SAPOLIO

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria. Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results" EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY



RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

Sold in Duluth by Smith & Smith, 101 West Superior Street.

Established 1869

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER, Real Estate, HUNTER BLOCK.

Dr. Williams' Kidney Pills.

A remedy that has no equal in diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs, have you neglected your kidneys? Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your Kidneys and Liver? Have you pains in the loins, side, back, groins and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, especially under the eyes? Too frequent desire to pass urine? No matter what the cause, we know Dr. Williams' Kidney Pills will cure you, impart new life to the diseased organs, tone up the whole system and make a new man of you. Mailed on receipt of price, $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Props., Cleveland, O. Wholesale and retail at Wells Swan Drug store

MEMBERS OF THE DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

	Capital	Surplus
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	200,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	27,000
State Bank of Duluth	83,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	50,000	.....

IF YOU WISH TO— DRINK..... A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing glass of Beer—call for

FITGER'S BEER

10 CHIPS 5 CENTS. A DELICIOUS DIGESTER

DON'T BE WOOZY (HEW) FAULTLESS PEPSIN CHIPS

THE GUM THAT'S ROUND

DEALERS DON'T KEEP THEM THEY SELL THEM

SEND 5¢ FOR SAMPLE PACKAGE

COHN BROS & KLEE SOLE AGENTS PARK PLACE COR CHURCH ST N.Y.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Charles A. Peterson (unmarried), mortgagor, to Nellson T. Parker and Frederick W. Parker, mortgagees, dated July 1, 1891, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on August 31st, 1891, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in Book fifty-four (54) of mortgages, on page thirty-nine (39); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on January 1, 1895, amounting to the sum of forty dollars, and which default has continued for more than thirty days, and still continues, by reason whereof the said mortgagees have elected to exercise the option to them given in said mortgage by declaring, and they do hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, and twenty-one dollars insurance premiums heretofore paid by them in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand ninety-nine and 53-100 ($1099.53) dollars, principal, interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, viz.: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered seven (7), in block numbered thirteen (13), of the West End Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds for said county; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-seventh (27th) day of July, 1895, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption, as provided by law.

Dated June 12th, A. D. 1895.

NELLSON T. PARKER, FREDERICK W. PARKER, Mortgagees.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagees.

June 13-20-27-July-4-11-18.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Lena Olsen (formerly Ferguson) and Andrew Olsen, her husband, mortgagors, of St. Louis county, Minnesota, to the Union Building and Loan association, of St. Louis county, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of April, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 26th day of April, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 120 of mortgages, on page 105.

Said default consists in the non-payment of monthly interest on the principal sum for more than four months after the same has become due.

And whereas the seven shares of stock described in said mortgage have been sold for the non-payment of dues.

And whereas the mortgage contains a provision that in case of default in the payment of monthly interest or any part thereof, for the space of four (4) months after the same shall have become due, or should the 7 shares of stock described in said mortgage be sold for the non-payment of dues, then in such case the whole principal debt secured by said mortgage shall become immediately due and payable and recoverable. And the said mortgagors in such case authorize and empower the mortgagee to sell the mortgaged premises at public auction to satisfy the mortgage debt and interest and all costs and charges and also the sum of fifty dollars, as attorney's fees. Said mortgagee has elected to declare the whole debt due because of such default as aforesaid.

And whereas said mortgage provides that if mortgagors fail to keep mortgaged premises insured, then mortgagee may effect such insurance, and amount paid for insurance shall be secured by said mortgage. Mortgagee has paid $27.00 for insurance, and no part of same has been repaid.

And whereas there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of the first publication of this notice the sum of fourteen hundred forty-five and 40-100 dollars, $27.00 being for said insurance, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot eleven (11), of block seventy-two (72), West Duluth, Second division, St. Louis county, Minnesota, with, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of $1445.40 dollars and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, Minnesota at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 20th, 1895.

THE UNION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION. Mortgagee.

S. T. HARRISON, Attorney for Mortgagee, Rooms 609-611 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

June 20, 27, July 4, 11, 18, 25.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggists for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

WEST END

The West Duluth Orangemen Will Join in the Celebration Tomorrow.

Rev. Dr. Forbes is to Deliver the Address of the Day.

A Band Will Accompany Crystal Lodge of West Duluth.

Crystol L. O. L. No. 203 will join the Duluth lodges tomorrow in the celebration of the battle of the Boyne at Lester Park. This lodge was organized in February with twenty members and now boasts of a total membemship of about 100. S. Crothers holds the position of W. M. and C. Sills is secretary. The ladies auxiliary under the name of Ellen Loncey lodge has been lately organized with Mrs. S. Crothers W. M. and is also said to be in a flourishing condition. The West Duluth contingent will be accompanied tomorrow by the West Duluth band. Chartered cars will leave Central avenue at 9 o'clock a. m. Rev. Dr. Forbes will deliver the address of the day.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Insure your property with G. E. Hall.

Dr Kenney, dentist, over Mfr's bank.

Mrs. Frank Booth and children have gone to Madison, Ill., where they will join Mr. Booth and reside in the future.

Rev. Andrew Farrel, presiding elder of the Swedish Methodist church, is in the city and will preach next Sunday.

B. L. Ettinger entertained a party of young people on his steam launch Orion Tuesday evening.

Master Hugo and Lizzie Jacoby left today for Wabasha to visit their grand parents and other friends.

Alexander McLean has returned from Cloquet.

Dr. J. A. Beardsley returned to Minneapolis yesterday.

Work has commenced on the Bay View Heights green house.

A party of West Duluth young people will picnic on O-at-ka beach tomorrow afternoon.

A party of West Duluth ladies visited the county poor farm yesterday by invitation of Overseer Rockwell.

PRICE OF CAMPHOR.

How the China-Japan War Affected the Market.

The news that the price of camphor was advancing at the rate of a penny or two per pound every day, as the result of a recent war between China and Japan, and that England and the continent were threatened with something like a camphor famine, has caused considerable alarm, says the St. James Gazette. That this should be so is not surprising, seeing that camphor is an article of daily consumption, used as a medicine in diseases from the most fatal form of Asiatic cholera, to a mere cold in the head. Its value as a disinfectant is thoroughly established. Beyond this, its use has helped check the spread of Asiatic cholera. It has been tried in Naples by the famous Dr. Rubini, whose testimony as to the merits of camphor as a cure of cholera has never been disputed. In the great cholera epidemic of 1854, he administered camphor, taken internally, to 400 cholera patients, everyone of whom recovered.

Proctor, during the cholera epidemic in Liverpool in 1866, treated 123 cholera patients with camphor, and there was but three cases of relapse. The drug has indeed even more beneficial properties than the general public is aware of. A large dealer in the drug says the present unprecedented demand for it is due to the fact that more camphor has been sold for future delivery than is at the moment obtainable, and that the stock on hand does not exceed four or five thousand hundredweight.

The greater portion of our camphor comes from China and Japan. Before the war it was cheap, but as soon as hostilities were begun the price went up. With the close of the war the manufacturers thought camphor had reached its top price and must recede, so they did not increase their stocks. But it turned out that they were wrong, and those who delayed buying had to pay a higher figure for camphor, the price of which, like that of everything else, is regulated by the relation of demand to supply. Camphor costs today from £7 to £8 per case of a hundred weight; but a few years ago the price touched £9, and at a former period even reached £20. There is no reason why the price should not advance beyond the very moderate figure it stands at now, which is not excessive compared with what it was in former years. Camphor is dearer in China today than in London, a case that costs £7 10s in London being sold in China for £9.

It would appear, therefore, that there is less camphor in England today than is necessary to meet the requirements of the manufacturers; and when the continental buyers begin to purchase heavily it is more than likely that camphor may fetch £12 or perhaps even £14 a case. Should a warm summer bring dysentery or cholera to England, the demand for the drug will be very great. Camphor has been nearly all obtained by the Chinese, who are greatly demoralized by the result of the war, or by the Japanese, whose government has restricted the production by passing a law that the camphor trees shall not be cut down, but only tapped. It will take the Chinese seven or eight months to prepare the new crop of camphor for the market, camphor making from the gum being a very tedious process.

THE OLD DREAM.

Oh, let me dream the old dream
That set my heart aglow
When all the skies were blue abeam
Above the fields a-blow.
Let me recall each tender word
My loving ears with rapture heard
Until my eyes with tears were blurred.
Because I loved you so;
Oh, let me dream the old dream
I dreamed so long ago.

Oh, let me dream the old dream
I dreamed when love was new;
If memory lights its faded gleam
'T will bring no woe to you.
A moment let my heart forget
The aching present grief beset,
And let me dream you love me yet—
Alas, my joys are few;
Oh, let me dream the old dream
That never can come true.
—Samuel Minturn Peck, in Boston Transcript.

THIS WEEK ONLY--
Choice of any Suit in the house..... $13.50
The BIG DULUTH

SAVE DOCTOR'S BILLS

by paying attention to properly regulating the bowels thereby preventing a thousand and one derangements of the system which follow neglect of this precaution. Once used for this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are always in favor. They're purely vegetable and far better, as a liver pill, than blue pills or calomel. Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and regular—not to constipate.



MISS ANGUISH.

Miss MARY ANGUISH, of Glen Easton, Marshall Co., W. Va., writes: "Two years ago I was pale and emaciated, food fermented in my stomach. A physician pronounced my case 'Catarrh of the Stomach,' but he could not help me. I lived a month without solid food and when I tried to eat I would vomit. At this time I began taking Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and in two weeks I was decidedly better. I am now in good health, and never felt better in my life. I have a better color, eat more, and have no distress after eating—having gained thirteen pounds since I began taking them.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN DULUTH.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, extra	16½@ 7½
Dairies, fancy, special make	13@14
Dairies, choice	13 @14
Dairies, good fair and sweet	9
Roll butter, fancy	11 @13
Packing stock	5@ 7
CHEESE.	
New York, October	8 @
Wisconsin and Minnesota, new	8 @ 9
Wisconsin and Minnesota, October	5 @ 6
Full cream, Young America	10 @11
Full cream, second grade	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice	9½@
Brick No. 1	10 @11
Brick No. 2	7 @ 8
Primost	4½@ 5½
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh	11 @11½
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	14 @15
Dark honey	12 @13
BEANS AND PEAS.	
Fancy navy, per bu	$2 25@$2 35
Medium, hand picked, per bu	2 15@
Dirty lots, per bu	1 20@ 1 25
Brown beans, fancy	2 00@ 2 20
Green peas, per bu	1 15@ 1 25
Yellow peas, per bu	1 10@ 1 20
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota	45@ 50
Potatoes, Western stock	60@ 70
Sweet potatoes, Illinois	$3 25@$3 75
VEGETABLES.	
Cabbages, California, per 100 lbs	3 50@3 75
Onions, per bbl	3 25@3 50
Onions, yellow Danvers, per bu	1 15@1 25
Parsley	25@ 30
Squashes, per doz	1 50@1 75
Rutabagas, per bu	35@ 40
Beets, per bu	60@
Carrots, per bu	60@
Carrots, per bbl	1 75@
Parsnips, per bu	70@
VEGETABLES, ETC.	
Lettuce, per basket	25@
Cucumbers, home grown	50@ 75
Radishes, per doz	15@ 20
Mint	35@ 40
Spinach	25@ 35
Tomatoes, per crate	$2 25@2 50
Beets, per doz	40@ 50
Asparagus, per doz bunches	30@ 50
Rhubarb, per lb	1¼@1½
Green onions, per doz	15@ 20
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	3 25@3 50
Carrots, per box	15@ 25
Horse radish, per lb	6½@ 7
New potatoes, California, per sack	1 75@
Bermuda onions, per crate	1 50@
Mushrooms, hot house	45@
FRUITS.	
Strawberries, per case, 16 quarts	2 50@
Bananas, bunches	1 25 @ 2 25
Navel oranges	2 25 @ 2 50
California seedlings	2 25 @ 2 50
Mediterranean sweets	3 00 @
Lemons per box	5 50 @ 6 50
Apples—Stock almost cleared up.	
Baldwins	4 50 @ 6 00
Ben Davis, fancy	6 50 @ 7 00
Cranberries, fancy Jersey per bbl	8 25 @ 9 00
Pineapples	1 00 @ 2 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6 @ 7
Veal, choice	5 @ 6½
Veal, heavy, thin coarse	2½@ 3½
Veal, light, thin	2½@3½
Mutton, fancy dressed	5 @ 6½
Spring lamb, pelts on	7 @ 8
LIVE POULTRY.	
Mixed old and young	8 @
Straight hens	8½@ 9
Roosters	6 @
Turkeys	8 @ 9
Geese	8 @ 9
Ducks	8 @ 9
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	12 50@13
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks included	13 00@13 75
Middlings, 100 lbs, sacks included	16 00@17 50
Red dog	14 50@15 00
Ground feed No. 1	19 50@20 50
Ground feed No. 2	18 50@19 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn	9 00 @10 00
Northern Minn	8 50 @ 9 50
Medium	6 00 @ 7 00
Poor	5 00 @ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice Timothy	11 00 @12 00

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 11.—Butter firm, creamery, 10@16½c; dairy, 10@14c. Eggs steady, 11@12c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 11.—Butter steady; western dairy, 9@14c. Creamery, 14@17c. Elgins, 17c. Eggs, quiet; western, 12½@13½.

PRETTY GIRLS NOT WANTED.

Here is a little story, says the Cincinnati Tribune, which seems to indicate that the pretty girl's business prospects are hampered by her prettiness:

The secretary of a large Eastern insurance company decided a short time since to introduce half a dozen or more women as typewriters, operators and assistant bookkeepers. He had noted that of the feminine employes in his office the pretty ones were the least effective and attracted the most attention, to the detriment of th work of the other clerks. So he decided to engage only women of mature years and experience in office work. First he advertised, stating that applicants should give age and number of years' experience. He did not succeed in getting a single satisfactory reply. Then he went to a well-known business college and told the manager that he did not suppose he would have any trouble in aiding him, as he did not want a young or attractive-looking woman.

The manager listened to him while he explained his wants, and then, going to a desk, took out a file of letters with a smile and laid them before his visitors. There were upward of half a hundred applications from banks and commercial institutions, and every one of them, without a single exception, asked for a woman of mature age. The manager said that it was absolutely impossible to supply the demand for employes of the description that business men now demanded, but he had rafts of pretty girls at all times who were applicants.

UNUSUAL OCCURRENCE.

An odd incident occurred here last week, as a man began building a house for another for whom thirty-two years ago he erected a gallows, says the New York Sun. The man was tried for killing another, was found guilty and sentenced to be hanged. When the facts were laid before Governor Stanford he commuted his sentence to a brief term in prison. The release from death, however, did not come until within an hour and a half of the moment of execution.

The man in jail was a young German who at Magtia had killed a fellow countryman in self-defense on election day. He saw the gallows built and watched the rope adjusted, but when all the preparations were completed and the time nearly up an express rider brought a commutation of the prisoner's sentence. After a short term in prison he returned to the mines, and this summer came back to Ortonville, where last week he employed the same man to build the gallows on which he was to be hanged.

SOARING

Wheat Started Out Weak Today, But Became Strong and Higher.

Damage Reports Were Numerous and They Were the Great Factor.

Large Business in Cash Stuff Added to the Bullish Feeling.

Wheat started weaker today owing to lower cables and the claim that the government crop report was bearish, but it was soon recognized that with the knowledge now possessed of damage to a considerable extent to spring wheat in the Northwest since July 1, that the government report was an additional inducement to embrace the long side. The damage reports were again numerous. The immense business done on the Duluth board yesterday in cash wheat and good business in cash here and at Chicago today had a stimulating effect and the market became quite buoyant. The lower cables were lost sight of and the one great fact of damage to the spring wheat crop dominated everything and caused prices to soar September, which opened at 63¾c and declined early to 63¼c, sold up steadily to 65¾c near the close, and the last sales were made at 65¾c. December sold up from 65½c to 67¾c. The close was 1¾c higher than yesterday for cash, 1½c higher for September and 1⅜c higher for December. Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard cash 68¾c, July, 68¾c. No. 1 northern cash 68¼c, July 68¾c, September, 65¾c, December, 67½c. No. 2 northern cash 65¼c, No. 3 60¼c. Rejected 58¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard 68¾c, No 1 northern 68¾c. Rye 49c. No. 2 oats 26½c. No. 3 oats 26c.

Car Inspection—Wheat 49. Receipts —Wheat 45,776 bus, oats 3327 bus. Shipments—Wheat 90,990 bus, oats 2813 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, July 11.—Hogs, receipts, 1600; left over, 1750. Market active, 5@10c higher. Light, $4.80@5.15; mixed, $4.70@5.10; rough, $4.35@4.80. Cattle, receipts, 8000, including 1000 Texans. Market steady. Texas steers, $2.50@4.40; bulk, $3.35@3.90. Sheep, 5000. Market quiet and steady. Official receipts yesterday, hogs, 25,417; shipments, 2166 Cattle, 15,579; shipments, 3805. Sheep, 4768; shipments, 682. Estimated hogs tomorrow, 14,000.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, July 11.—Wheat, spot, quiet, demand poor. No. 2 red winter 5s 2d. No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 5½d; No. 1 California, 5s 11½d. Futures opened easy with near and distant positions 1½d lower; closed steady with near positions 1¼d lower and distant positions 1½d lower. Business about steady and equally distributed. July, August, 5s 1½d; September, 5s 1d; October, 5s 1½d; November, 5s 2d; December, 5s 2½d. Corn, spot, steady; American mixed new, 4s 2½d. Futures opened dull and unchanged; closed steady with near positions 1¼d lower and distant positions 1½d lower; business heaviest on near positions. July, 4s 11¼d; August, 4s 11¼d; September, 4s 11½d; October, 4s 3¾d; November, 4s 1¼d December, 4s 1½d. Flour dull, demand poor; St. Louis fancy winter, 7s 6d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 11.—Money on call nominally 1@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange dull, but firm, with actual business in bankers bills at $4.90@4.90¼ for demand and $4.89½ for 60 days. Posted rates $4.90½. Commercial bills, $4 88½. Certificates silver, 67½, no sales. Bar silver, 66⅞.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, July 11.—Wheat, July, 65¾c; August, 66¼c; September, 67⅛c; December, 69¾c. Corn, July, 44c; September, 44⅜@½c; November, 40¾c; December, 36¼c; May, 38½c. Oats, July, 24c; September, 23½c; May, 27¼c. Pork, July, $11.22; September, $11.35. Lard, July, $6.35; September, $6.45; January, $6.37. Ribs, July, $6.20; September, $6.30; October, $6.27. Cash: Wheat, 65¾@⅞c; corn, 44c; oats, 24c; pork, $11.22; lard, $6.35; ribs, $6.20. Whisky on the basis of $1.25 for high wines. Rye, cash, 48c; October, 52c; barley, September, ——. Flax, cash, $1.36; September, $1.24@1.25; May, $1.24½; August, $1.26. On track, $1.27. Timothy, cash, $5.80; August, $5.30.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 11.—Wheat, July 70c; September, 71c; December, 73¾c. Corn, September, 48⅝c. Oats, September, 23¼c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, July 11.—Wheat, September, 63¾@¾c; December, 65½@⅝c. On track, No. 1 hard, 71¼c; No. 1 northern, 66½c; No. 2 northern, 65½c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade.

The wreckers thought they could smash the wheat market in spite of an extremely bullish government report, indicating a total crop of 390,000,000 bus. They did get down over 1c but the rebound carried prices up so fast that short sales were covered at a considerable loss. Reports received from a dozen different sources in the Northwest emphatically state that the crop has been seriously damaged in the past ten days and conservative authorities place it at 25 per cent in Minnesota and South Dakota. It is doubtful if returns on present conditions would indicate a yield above 350,000,000 bus for the entire country. On such an outlook there ought to be a reaction of outside trade and it will be surprising if we do not soon run into a strong bull market. It is reported that 1,250,000 bus of wheat was taken in Duluth today. Cash wheat there is quoted 72¼c for 1 northern and 73c for No. 1 hard.

Corn and oats—An attempt to raid the market was made early, the inducement being the bearish report, but the oversold market rallied on covering by the shorts who remembered that the corn outlook at this time last year was about as good as now and there might be a repetition of last year's disaster. Provisions have not been affected much by the strength in the grain markets. The speculative demand is very light.

The stock market weakened slightly on a less favorable crop report than was expected. We think the market will be a good buyer on any further decline.

Puts, September wheat, 65⅝c.
Calls, September wheat, 69¼c.
Curb, September wheat, 67¼c.
Puts, September corn, 43⅝c.
Calls, September corn, 45⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	21½	21½	20¾	20¾
Atchison	10⅝	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛
Sugar Trust	111⅝	112⅝	109⅝	109⅝
Canada Southern	53¾	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝
C., B & Q	86⅝	86¾	85⅝	85⅞
St. Paul	5--⅝	69⅝	64½	65¾
Chicago	56	57⅛	54½	55
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	36¼	36¾	36¼	36¼
Erie				
Reading	18	18	17½	17¾
Louis. & Nash	60⅜	60⅜	59	59½
Manhattan	111¼	111¾	111	111
Missouri Pacific	34	34⅛	32⅝	32⅝
New England	52⅝	52⅝	51⅛	51⅛
Chicago & Nor'w'en	99⅛	99⅝	98⅝	98⅞
Nor'n Pacific pf'd				
Rock Island	72⅞	72⅞	71⅝	71⅝
Union Pacific				
Western Union	91¾	91¾	91¼	91¾
C., C., C. & Indiana				
Lake Shore	147¼	147¼	147	147

J. C. TURNER & CO.
Northwestern Mining and Milling Exchange.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND STOCK BROKERS.
Hotel St. Louis, 324 W Sup St, Duluth

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND.

The "Consecrated Blizzard" is a Very Wealthy Man.

The late Cardinal Manning was wont to say that the proper way for a priest or bishop to die was without money and without debts. The great English prelate followed out his own teachings in this respect, and it has been the usual rule with American bishops also. Few, if any, of them have died possessed of any personal fortune, although the opportunity to amass wealth was often present, says a New York paper. Here in New York, for instance, the late Archbishop Hughes and Cardinal McCloskey could, if they had been so disposed, have easily accumulated fortunes through speculations or investments. Neither had anything to bother him at his demise. The late Archbishop Wood, of Philadelphia, was noted for his ability as a financier, having large experience in business before he entered the ministry. All his talent in this direction was exercised to improve the diocesan property. He left nothing of his own. The pioneer bishop of Brooklyn, Ra. Rev. John Loughlin, was famous for his shrewd foresight of real estate values. He secured property all over the city in the best sites long before the city limits enhanced their value. With the resources at his command he could have easily been a millionaire. All he disposed of in his will was his watch and a set of old spoons, which he gave to his sister. A year before his death the people of Brooklyn gave him a purse of $25,000 at the celebration of his sacerdotal jubilee. With this money he paid off the debts of some of the charitable institutions.

The only modern prelate on record who tried to make money was the late Archbishop Purcell, of Cincinnati, who started a banking annex to the Episcopal palace. What a disastrous failure it was need not be recapitulated here. Yet it was his brother more than the archbishop that was to blame in the matter, and the object of the scheme was not for personal gain. It was a means adopted to better the resources of the diocese to meet the demands of the increasing population for churches and priests.

Of the present members of the hierarchy of the United States Archbishop Ireland, "the consecrated blizzard" of St. Paul, is probably the wealthiest. His personal fortune comes from land investments made before the marvelous growth of the Western cities near his home and from railroad enterprises in which he had been included by the intimate and powerful friends he has among the Western trunk line magnates. According to his admirers, the bulk of his income goes to the poor missions and churches that form no inconsiderate part of his province. Archbishop Corrigan has a modest patrimony from his father's estate. It is doubtful if he has increased it from the salary of his office, which, as has already been explained, is well balanced by the demands continually made on it. He is now much interested in the completion of the new diocesan seminary near Yonkers. His personal contribution to it is the erection of the chapel of the institution. This will probably cost him $75,000. Cardinal Gibbons does not get a very large income from the comparatively small diocese of Baltimore. It is well known that he hesitated for some time about accepting the red hat, for the simple reason that he was too poor to incur the very considerable expense that accompanied such an honor.

Archbishop Williams, of Boston, whose name has more than once been mentioned for the second hat, has also given this reason for a refusal. The other day he commemorated his sacerdotal jubilee, and one of the gifts from his admiring subjects was a check for $50,000. Perhaps he may now see his way to an acceptance of a seat in the senate of the church, where, it is said, the pope desires to have him. Archbishops Feehan, of Chicago, Riordan, of San Francisco, Gross, of Oregon, Ryan, of Philadelphia, Chapelle, of Santa Fe, Katzer, of Milwaukee, Janssens, of New Orleans, and Hennessy, of Dubuque, are all comparatively poor men. There is not a money spinner among them. Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati, has a considerable reputation as a financial executive, but all his energies have been spent in getting the diocese out of the tangle into which the Purcell disaster threw its affairs.

FOR INSURANCE AGENTS.

Springfield, Ill., July 11.—Attorney General Moloney today rendered an opinion holding that an insurance agent who is a member of a school board, or any other public officer, elective or appointive, cannot legally insure school or public property in his county.

THE SEARCH FOR A SYNONYM.

Washington Star: "Mother," said the emancipated woman's boy, "it isn't proper to say pants."

"Certainly not. There are many substitutes for the word that are far more elegant."

The boy played on with the dog in silence for awhile, and then, looking up into her face, said:

"Mother."

"What is it?"

"Don't you think it's dreadful?"

"What, dear?"

"The way Fido bloomers this warm weather."

$13.50 TAKES YOUR CHOICE OF ANY SUIT IN THE HOUSE.
The BIG DULUTH

A Popular Want is—Not to Want.
Herald Wants are popular you will find;
They make your wants no wants that is why
Herald Wants are the popular kind.

ONE CENT A WORD!

It Costs Nothing
To advertise
For a position
In The
Evening Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE

WANTED—SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook with good references. Call 119 First avenue east. Upstairs.

WANTED—First-class dressmaker would like work sewing for families by the day. 18 East Second street.

WANTED—Situation in office by lady. Has had experience in stenography. Will work for small salary. Address H 108, Herald.

A MIDDLE-AGED German lady would like a situation as housekeeper or cook in a respectable family or hotel, where she could keep her small girl of 2 years with her. Address P. N. Swenson, Wrenshall, Carlton county, Minn.

WANTED—Situation as manager or superintendent, by all round mill man and lumberman. Can give references. Charles E. Smith, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper by lady where she can keep her two children. Call at 20½ East Fourth street.

TO EMPLOYERS—If you are in need of honest, reliable young men they can always be found with first-class references by applying to the general secretary, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—House cleaning, or stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

SALESMEN—We will send samples and pay good salary and expenses, or big commission, to proper applicant; goods sold readily; experience not necessary. Address P. O. Box 1354, N. Y. City. 3

COLLECTORS and solicitors, two good references and small bond required. Apply room 403 Chamber of Commerce building.

WANTED—Men and women to take advantage of an exceptional opportunity to make money, and a chance to build up a good business. Address A. D., Rand, McNally & Co., 168 Adams street, Chicago.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at once. Call at 417 Third avenue east.

A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT GIRL for general housework, must be neat and a good cook. 13 Chester terrace.

GIRL for general housework. 1914 East Fourth street.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Must be competent and well recommended. Apply 122 East Second street.

WANTED, girl for general housework in small family; Irish or German preferred. Address D 4, Herald office.

WANTED—AGENTS.

$40 PER MONTH, energetic ladies and gentlemen wanted to canvass, above salary guaranteed. Apply or address 510 Lowell block.

FOUND.

A COW found at 806 East Ninth street, today, July 9. A red cow with white stripe along the back, was seen in the yard here and taken and will be cared for till the owner comes and pays for this advertisement, etc. S. Johnson.

GET ALL THE NEWS

THE HERALD has always the news. Why read only a part of the news, when you can get all the news? No paper published in Duluth gives as much or such reliable information. All the world brought to your home every evening. Ignorance is simply criminal when knowledge is so cheap.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD AND KNOW AS MUCH AS YOUR NEIGHBOR.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE
C St P M & O R'Y
Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:
10:55 A. M. EX. SUN.—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 5:50 p. m.
5:10 P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee, Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10:30 a. m
11:00 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis, Has Pullman Sleeper. Arrives Duluth 7:00 a. m.
G. M. SMITH, General Agent, 405 Messaba Block, Opposite The Spalding.
B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FRATERNITIES

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, July 15th, 1895. Work, Third degree. W. E. Covey, W. M. Edwin Moers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month. Next meeting July 8th, 1895, at 8 p. m. Work, First degree. A. R. McDonald, Act. W. M.; H. C. Hanford, secretry.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1895. W. B. Patton, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1895. W. E. Richardson, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

UNION EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.—Ladies wanting help and good girls wanting places please call at 112 West Superior street. Mrs. Fogleson.

LADIES—Can always find good girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Seibold's, 225 East Superior street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED rooms, nice location, $5 and $6 per month. 512 West Third street.

BASEMENT for rent, four rooms, water and closet. Cheap. Inquire of F. Schofield, 222 East Second street.

FIRST-CLASS board and rooms at the Clifton. Lowest rates to steady boarders.

NICELY furnished rooms. Lowell block.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath. 129 West Fourth street.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms at 206 West Superior street. Graff block. For gentlemen only. Apply room 4.

FURNISHED rooms. 617 East Third street.

WELL furnished rooms, modern conveniences; fine view. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—Floor room in O'Brien & Knowlton block, for storage or manufacturing purposes, hall 50 by 90. Fred Knowlton.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—On Aug. 1, well-located 8-room house, steam heated, all conveniences. Also houses in all parts of the city. W. M. Prindle & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS houses and flats to rent in all parts of the city. R. P. and J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FURNISHED 6-room house, upper side of London road to rent for summer. Address J. D., 8 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House in rear of 1020 East Fourth street, $5 per month, water included. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—House No. 118 East Third street for rent. J. C. Hessian, 604 Palladio.

FOR RENT—An 8-room modern house, all conveniences, nicest location in the city, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to William E. Lucas, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

FOR RENT—We have houses in desirable locations to rent. Duluth Trust company, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—8-room flat. Ingalls' flats, 216 East Fourth street.

PLEASANT 5-room flat. Inquire 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—Flat, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—To rent house, seven or eight rooms between Sixth avenue west and Third avenue east. Jamison Bros., rental agency, Torrey building.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Jesie G. Scott to William Danahy, part block 4, Virginia	$ 155
G. B. Lindeskog to Charles Swanson, west 35 by 150 feet lot 12, block 101, Endion division	2000
J. H. Shearer to S. E. Shearer, lot 118, block 23, Duluth proper, Third division	5500
C. E. Stetson to Simon Johnson, lands in section 25-50-15	400
Virginia Improvement company to Jessie G. Scott, block 4, Virginia	200
Alfred Kjellin to Augusta Wills, part lots 13, 14, 15, 16, block 16, Carlton Place addition	500
J. E. Lindsay et al to T. H. Shevlin et al, lands in 58-20, 59-20, 59-21	36,549
Cloquet Lumber company to T. H. Shevlin et al, lands in 59-21	6000
Two unpublished	3009
Total transfers	$ 54,295

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.
Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.
TIME CARD.

A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.
10 30	Ar Duluth Lv	3 05
9 45	Ar Cloquet Lv	4 07
8 44	Ar Stony Brook Junction Lv	4 53
7 53	Ar Floodwood Lv	5 30
7 10	Ar Swan River Lv	6 25
6 37	Ar LaPrairie Lv	7 10
6 30	Ar Grand Rapids Lv	7 20
5 30	Lv Deer River Ar	8 20

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR,
General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

D., M. & N. RAILROAD TIME TABLE.
Daily, except Sunday; in effect, Feb. 4, 1895. Train No. 1 northbound—

Lv Duluth (Union depot)	7:45 am
Ar Virginia	10:45 am
Ar Biwabik	11:05 am
Ar Mountain Iron	11:00 am
Ar Hibbing	2:45 pm
Train No. 2, southbound—	
Lv Virginia	12:40 pm
Lv Mountain Iron	12:25 pm
Lv Biwabik	12:10 pm
Lv Hibbing	8:35 am
Ar Duluth (Union depot)	3:30 pm

G. C. GILFILLAN,
Gen'l Pass. Agt.
D. M. PHILBIN,
Gen'l Manager.

We move everything and anything and almost everybody.
Trunks to any part of the city 25 cents

DULUTH VAN COMPANY
Telephone 492, Office 210 W. Superior St.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FINANCIAL.

LOANS on furniture, diamonds, horses. Notes, time checks bought. 715 Torrey building.

MONEY—On hand for mortgages of any size, also houses and stores for sale. William E. Lucas, 1 Exchange building.

MONEY—To loan on diamonds, watches, etc. Low rates. 430 Chamber of Commerce.

MONEY—To loan, any amount. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY—Loaned on diamonds, whtches, jewelry, etc. Standard Loan office, 324 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

Have your Gasoline Stoves Repaired by an expert before the rush comes. Linings for different ranges on hand. AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 118 East Superior Street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

PLEASANT rooms with board. 28 West Second street.

WANTED—Twelve boarders for the summer. Pleasantest location in Duluth. The best of everything in market at proportionate prices. A 114, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—Superfluous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 307 Masonic Temple, Duluth, Minn.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—The only fireproof storage in Duluth is that of the Duluth Van company, with offices at 210 West Superior street. Storage rooms, Michigan street floor Torrey building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR G. ANFIN, clairvoyant, can be consulted at 2 West Second street, for one week.

LAST week's stay. Dr. Harvey, trance medium and clairvoyant. 614 West First street. Open evenings.

MEDIUM—Mme. Sandell gives advice on all business or love affairs without asking any questions; $500 challenge to any medium that excels her. 603 West First street, upstairs.

MRS. LAMONT, clairvoyant, don't fail to visit this most wonderful phenomenon; she tells you your whole life, gives names in full; no matter what trouble you may have with yourself or others she can help you out of your difficulties; to appreciate, you must consult her; open Sundays. 521 West First street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

DYE WORKS—Northwestern Dye Works, No. 112 and 732 West Superior street. Ladies' and gents' clothing cleaned, dyed and repaired.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO EXCHANGE—Two modern houses, eight rooms, all conveniences nicest location in city, handy to business, no street cars. Will exchange for unimproved property in East End or other good location. Address, with full particulars, A 101, Herald office.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 9th, 1895.

In the matter of the estate of John C. Eckert, Deceased:

Letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto David S. Eckert, of Fort Wayne, Indiana.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be pres

EVENING HERALD

PUBLISHED BY THE DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

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Telephone: Business office, 324, two rings; Editorial rooms, 324, three rings.

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Daily, per three months..... 1 80
Daily, per month..... 60
Weekly, per year..... 1 00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., July 11.—Showers are generally reported at stations within a narrow belt extending from Wyoming southeast to Arkansas; elsewhere the weather has continued fair, with a slight but general rise in temperature in the lake region, the Ohio, Upper Mississippi and Red River valleys and Manitoba.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 66; maximum yesterday, 73; minimum yesterday, 56.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 7 p. m. tomorrow: Fair; slightly warmer today; fresh southwest to northwest winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 11.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Fair and warmer tonight and Friday, except probably showers in north portion Friday; increasing southerly winds. Minnesota: Fair tonight with warmer in east portion; Friday fair; southwest winds.

Depth of water over miter sill in St. Mary's ship canal 14 feet 3 inches and the forecast is that it will rise during the next twenty-four hours. Upper lakes: The weather will be fair today, probably showers in extreme north portion tonight and Friday with increasing southerly winds.

A storm is developing north of Minnesota, but as yet is has been attended with but little disturbance. The temperature has risen in the upper lake region and in the states lying westward to the Rocky mountains, but in nearly all districts the temperature is below the normal for this season of the year.

REPUBLICAN DOCTRINE.

In a recent issue the Elk River Star-News expressed a doubt whether the views that Mr. Towne is expressing upon the monetary question were in accord with the platform adopted by the Republican district convention which placed him in convention. It took exception to The Herald's claim that Mr. Towne is standing squarely upon that platform, although it confessed that its recollection of the contents of the platform was rather dim and misty. And then Bill Merriam's man Friday, ex-Senator Eaton, of the Buffalo, Wright county, Journal, suggested that if Mr. Towne intended to stick to his recently expressed financial views, he should resign, as those views were not in accord with Republican doctrine. Of course, what Editor Eaton meant was that Mr. Towne's views were not in accord with those of Mr. Merriam and the other goldbugs, whose most obsequious servant is the ex-senator from Wright county. For fear that some people may be misled by these assertions of the goldite papers, it is perhaps well that the financial plank of the platform adopted by the Sixth district Republican convention should be reproduced. The platform itself is the most complete answer that can be furnished to the assertions of the papers at Elk River and Buffalo, because it shows that those papers, in supporting the single gold standard, are not in line with the Republican doctrine which has been promulgated by the Republicans of the Sixth district, and to support which Mr. Towne pledged himself at the convention, amid the applause of the assembled delegates from every county in the district. Here is the platform adopted by the Republican district convention at Brainerd on Aug. 28, 1894:

"By tradition, interest and conviction the American people are favorable to bimetallism, and the Republican party of the United States and of Minnesota is pledged thereto in the state and national platforms. To this principle we declare our adherence. Bimetallism is the equal coinage at government mints of both gold and silver, and inasmuch as the party is pledged to that achievement and believing it to be in the interest of the people, we therefore demand certain and speedy accomplishment of it under such conditions as shall insure the parity of the two metals and their employment as the ultimate standard money, in effecting exchanges and payment of debts. There is no doubt that a majority of the governments of the world, embracing many of the commerce creating nations and especially those whose markets offer most alluring prospects to our export trade, would instantly upon our invitation become parties to an agreement providing for free and equal coinage of both gold and silver at mints of the associated governments at a ratio to be determined by the same considerations as those which originally guided the United States in the choice of a ratio for our coinage system. A discriminating tariff duty upon imports from countries refusing to accede to the convention, coupled with the rapid growth of our commerce with bimetallic nations, would speedily secure the co-operation of hesitating powers."

In his speech accepting the nomination as the congressional candidate, and after the platform containing the above had been unanimously adopted by the convention, Mr. Towne said, among other things: "I will only say that I am in accord with your enunciation of principles, and shall do my best as candidate and representative to give them expression and effect." Mr. Towne has consistently followed that course. He is today an advocate of the genuine bimetallism described in the above platform, and in further accordance with its demands he advocates the "certain and speedy accomplishment of it under such conditions as shall insure the parity of the two metals and their employment as the ultimate standard money in effecting exchanges and payment of debts." If any people are to be read out of the Republican party, in this district at least, it must be those who have abandoned the above platform and are now advocating the single gold standard. Mr. Towne still stands upon the platform of the Sixth district Republicans.

AN ABSURD CLAIM.

The Kansas City Star says: "The cloth market at Manchester, England, has been dragging for some time past, and the output recently has been much below the average. It is possible that the British manufacturers are beginning to feel the effect of competition from American firms, which have been able, under the new tariff law, to establish a market for their goods in Great Britain and other parts of Europe."

The first sentence of the above paragraph is probably correct, because similar statements appear in other papers. The second sentence, however, contains such a manifest absurdity that it should not be permitted to pass without comment. The Star is a free trade paper and the absurdity of its assertion is therefore entirely unperceived by it. It believes that by reducing the tariff we create a market for the goods of our manufacturers in other countries. Such reasoning is absolutely fallacious. How can the removal of duties on our imports of cloth create a market for American cloths in England? The decrease of the duty on imported cloths does not reduce the cost of manufacturing cloth here, nor does it increase the prices paid for cloths in England. If it did reduce the cost of manufacturing there, it would do so by a decrease in the wages paid to the men working in the cloth factories. There is no escape from this conclusion.

Free trade never opened a market for a single article produced by the country in which the free trade policy is pursued. It is nonsensical for the Star to claim that American firms have been able, under the new tariff laws, to establish a market for their goods in Great Britain. If the Star had said that English firms have been able, under the new tariff, to extend the market for their goods in this country, its statement would have been nearer the truth.

THE BEST NEWS SERVICE.

The splendid reports given by the Associated Press of the great regatta at Henley-on-the-Thames deserve special mention. The columns of The Herald during the past few days have borne witness to the completeness of the reports of that great aquatic event furnished by the Associated Press. Its reports of the races were so far superior to those found in the United Press paper that there can be no comparison. The United Press papers were scooped badly every day on the interesting details of the various events.

Another instance of recent date of the superior news service of the Associated Press was the full report of the terrible accident on the Grand Trunk which appeared in The Herald of Tuesday. All the details were given, including a complete list of the dead and wounded, while the United Press papers had but a brief story containing only a few facts. These are only a few instances of what is happening almost every day, as any one can see by comparing The Herald with the United Press papers.

Ex-Governor Campbell makes this thrust at the administration, talking about the Monroe doctrine: "He who takes high ground in favor of forcibly asserting this ancient principle,- which Jefferson declared to be the most momentous since independence, is jeered at by hasty newspaper writers and facetiously dubbed a 'jingo,' which is intended as a term of ridicule and disparagement. It is to be hoped, however, that those to whom this name is applied may live to see it no longer an epithet of attempted opprobrium, but a term of honor and respect; for, if to adhere to the Monroe doctrine, or to any other doctrine which seeks to uphold the power and dignity of the United States of America, whether in peace or in war, makes one a jingo, then is every man such who loves his country, her institutions, her people and her flag."

Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, is still on the stump advocating free coinage. In a speech in Trimble county last week, in speaking of the state platform, he said it did not contain all he desired but he could stand on it; that it suited the silver men and the gold men wanted it—then all should be pleased. That it indorsed the Chicago platform of 1892, which declared for both gold and silver, and that was just what the silver men wanted. Senator Blackburn is fighting for re-election,and there is good reason to believe that he will be successful, despite the strong efforts of Secretary Carlisle and the goldites to defeat him.

A weeping young woman called upon the relief society agent in St. Paul the other day and wanted her fare paid to Duluth, where she said her husband had just been killed by a locomotive. Of course the story was not true, but it shows to what extremes people will go in order to come to Duluth. You cannot keep them away.

Chauncey M. Depew says the Republican national convention should be held in Pittsburg, and Depew presidential stock is booming in the "Smoky City."

Marriages seem to be going out of fashion in Berlin, and hard times are said to be the reason. The statistics for 1894 show that the number of weddings has decreased from 17,810 in 1899 to 16,955 in 1893 and 16,820 in 1894. And this despite the increase in population of about 35,000.

Matt Quay is making a vigorous fight in Pennsylvania to retain control of the Republican machine, but owing to the opposition of some of his former lieutenants, including the notorious David Martin, he will probably be defeated this year.

Charles H. Cramp says the yacht of the future will be of steel, and that its motive power will be electricity. He has an order for a yacht bigger and faster than the 100-ton Giralda, the fastest yacht afloat, and says that this order will be filled.

The headquarters of the Christian Endeavor societies will remain in Boston. Mr. Kohlsaat's generous offer of $5000 a year, to secure its removal to Chicago, was declined. But Chicago will keep up the struggle, and next year another attempt will undoubtedly be made to capture the headquarters.

The elections for members of the new British parliament will be held in most of the constituencies on Saturday of this week. They do not have long drawn out campaigns in England, and in this respect they are very sensible.

This talk about the wonderful replies of little Gertie Cochran to numerous difficult questions may be justified by the facts, but has she ever tackled the questions on a civil service examination paper?

Elections for state officers will be held in the following states in November of this year: Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia.

Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, who was recently supposed to be dying, has recovered and is now almost as well as ever. He made a hard fight for life and his determination won the day.

A Daily Hint from L'art de la Mode.



Dress for the seaside of striped white and red cheviot with skirt bias front and back; the waist and skirt has a trimming of black net. Seven yards double width goods.

WHITE.

Like pure white roses are her cheeks in hue;
Of snowy velvet is her sumptuous gown,
Lace-garnitured, and edged with eider-down;
Upon her throat pearls gleam like sun-kissed dew;
Her ermine cloak half hides a white Suede shoe,
While valley lilies and white violets crown
The splendor of her beauty, whose renown
Is great as that which Titian's models knew.

As slowly she descends the marble stair,
A radiant vision in the brilliant light,
She looks like some white statue fraught with breath;
And I, who marvel she can be so fair,
Know that her vestal soul is just as white,
And that she will be faithful unto death!

—Arthur Grissom.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Indianapolis Journal: "Sir," said the indignant alderman, "are you not aware that were I to vote for your measure I would be exposed to the condemnation of all the good citizens in my ward? And that sort of thing," he added, lowering his voice, "comes pretty high, you know."

STORY OF A MAN IN LONDON.

Charleston Mercury: An exchange paper tells a story of a man in London who determined to spend all he made during the first year in advertising. He soon found that it was impossible, for the simple reason that the more he advertised the more he made, and after a strenuous effort to get rid of his money in advertising he had to give it up. If you don't believe it, try it.

AT CROSS PURPOSES.

Cincinnati Enquirer: "Do you miss him much?"
She, to the surprise of the questioner, smiled.
"Not so much as I used to. Even a woman can learn to throw straight when the distance is measured merely by the width of the breakfast table.

STUB ENDS OF THOUGHT.

Detroit Free Press: Diplomacy is not a science, but an art.

It is because a woman doesn't know what to do with a secret that she can't keep it.

Solitude is the salt of thought.

The worry of the day is a bad bedfellow.

Women talk better than men because they have more practice.

Good advice is harder to take than bad.

Love is simple in sentiment and complex in action.

Babies are the best educators of women.

Poverty is pulverized prosperity.

Talk moves fast when the burden of thought is light.

The Greatest Purchasing Opportunity Of the Age!

Prices guaranteed the lowest,
Goods guaranteed the best,
And every tenth purchase is yours free.

Howard & Haynie

BORROWED FUN.

Long they lingered by the gateway
In the garden—he and she.
He was tall and straight and stately.
She was lovely as could be.
Pale his face almost to wanness,
As he kissed and kissed her still,
And the oneness of their goneness
Was a sight to make men ill.
—Chicago Times-Herald.

He threw a firecracker in the air,
Oh, wicked little brother Sam!
It came down on his sister's hair,
And went off with a bang.
—Brooklyn Eagle.

Chicago Record: Playwright (author of Capt. Anson's play)—Do you think Anse will be able to throw enough feeling into his denunciation of the villain in act II?

Stage manager—Sure. I've engaged an old base ball umpire to impersonate the villain.

Yonkers Statesman: Bacon—What do you call your cat Trolley Car for?

Egbert—We count on its being good for nine lives, at least.

Indianapolis Journal: "I notice you never give credit in your columns," said the captious reader.

"No," said the editor of the Plunkville Bugle, "but you ought to see my subscription list."

Chicago Record: "How in the world do you expect to get guests enough at your summer resort hotel?"

"That's all right," said the landlord briskly. "You wait till you've seen my advertisement announcing that half the hotel is reserved for the use of bachelor guests."

Boston Courier: Hero—Why are some fools of men like the footlights?

Villain—I don't know, why?

Hero—They go out between the acts.

New York World: Dusty Rhodes—Fitzsey an' I was partners for years, but I had to scare him away.

Weary Walker—Did he do wrong?

Dusty Rhodes—Yep; he got so he'd sit by the roadside for hours, takin' what he called a "sun bath."

Harper's Magazine: The small son and heir had been sent into the garden to fetch a stick with which he was to be punished. After some delay he returned, saying with a sigh, "Couldn't find a stick, mover; but here's a little stone you might throw at me."

San Francisco Call: Slow matches sometimes lead to the loudest matrimonial explosions.

Youth's Companion: David was only about 5 years old, but he was very anxious to be a man. One day he came to his mamma and said, "Oh, mamma, I do wish I had a vest and a bald head."

Lewiston Journal: Teacher—Children, you should always respect your teacher. Now, Willy Green, tell me why you should respect me.

Willy—On account of your age.

Harper's Bazar: "Barker got into a rumpus with a policeman the other night," said Pinckney. "He offered to bet the policeman he didn't dare arrest him."

"What did the copper do?"

"Took him up."

Indianapolis Journal: "The great American desert," said the geographical boarder, "is gradually being reduced to naught."

"So I notice," said the Cheerful Idiot. "That is the third piece of pie you have had at this one meal."

Truth: Clubfellow—I have resolved on suicide, James. It is my only recourse.

James—Good gracious, sir. Clubfellow—Not a word, James. You shall see how a brave man dies. Bring me the cucumbers.

Cincinnati Tribune: "I have a great notion to apply a trunk strap to you," said the irate father. "To what end?" asked the boy. The father looked at him long and suspiciously, but the youth looked so innocent that the old man concluded to let it go at that.

Chicago Tribune: Kiljordan—Kajones, you are a gentleman. I told you a story yesterday which I now remember having told you a few weeks ago, and you took it the second time without wincing.

Kajones—I beg to assure you that I did not remember that you had ever told me the story before.

Kiljordan—Then I take back my first remark.

Washington Star: "A statesman's motto," said the earnest patriot, "should always be, 'be sure you're right, and then go ahead.'"

"Maybe so," replied Senator Sorghum, thoughtfully. "But that's not my platform."

"What is it?"

"Go right ahead and square it afterward."

A NEW SECRET ORDER.

The traveling men who journey through Oklahoma and Indian territory selling goods and making friends for their employers have a hard enough time without any extras, says the Kansas City Star. Trips off the line to small interior towns, living on the loan of the land in a country where there are few hotels and no baths, is not any fun to speak of. But when struggling members of the Cook and Dalton gang and all sorts of Dick Turpins got into the habit of stopping them on the road at the point of their pistols and drinking up all their samples and dividing their expense money, they thought it time to do something or other. So they formed a society called the Oklahoma Commercial Men's Mutual Anti-Robber-Drink-All-the-Samples- Ourselves association, with a secret ritual and signs and passwords.

No one outside of the organization knows the ritual or the passwords, but the signs are frequently seen by persons who are closely observant. The hailing sign is given whenever a traveling man meets a customer. It is given by raising the hands opposite the shoulders and extending the hands in a horizontal position; the hands are then waved back and forth. The signal of distress is also known and frequently seen on the road in that country. It is very simple. The arms are suddenly raised at full length above the head with palms empty and to the front. The ritual not being known, it would be difficult to say in what manner they propose to stop the division of the samples.

HASHED HAPPENINGS.

Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, denies that he has withdrawn from the senatorial race, and says he is quite confident of success.

Iowa Republicans in state convention, nominated Drake for governor on the sixth ballot, Parrott, of Waterloo, for lieutenant governor; Sabin, for superintendent of public instruction; Perkins, for railroad commissioner and Judge Given for the supreme court. The platform, which was unanimously adopted, favors the parity of gold and silver and roasts the Democratic party.

The seating capacity of the big Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight pavilion at Dallas is 52,385. There are 17,685 reserved seats, exclusive of 652 press seats.

The Lewis forgeries at Urbana are still growing. They now amount to $11,000.

Trouble in the Elkhorn, Va., mining district is feared, and the militia will be called out again. The strikers are undeniably beaten and this makes them ugly.

A call for a special grand jury has been issued in Chicago to investigate charges of bribery in the city council. Evidence is said to be very conclusive.

John Duxbury has arrived at San Francisco on a bicycle from Providence, R. I. He will start back again, the same way, in two weeks.

The Kansas floods, under continued heavy rains are spreading, but the farmer sare glad.

Bakers in Madrid, Spain, have struck and sixty have been arrested.

JESTS IN JINGLE.

She is in a deal of trouble,
For she has lost her good name.
'Twas engraved on her umbrella
And somebody stole the same.
—Washington Star.

"I think it is unjust," said Kate,
"That women on the farms
And in the cities cannot vote
Because they don't bear arms."
Jack arched his brows and whistled low,
Then wickedly replied:
"Oh, don't they, though!—not only arms,
But necks, and lots beside."
—Kansas City Journal.

At midnight in his guarded tent
The Turk was dreaming of the hour
When Greece her knee in suppliance bent
Would tremble at his power.
And in his dreams the foeman fell
Before his blade's fell stroke,
And everything had come his way—
And then the baby woke.
—Detroit Tribune.

COMPENSATION.

Detroit Tribune: "Yes," sighed Hammock, regretfully, "it was my fault that those sweet young people fell out."

"Never mind," rejoined the Bicycle Built for Two, with a merry little twinkle in its nickel-plated spokes. "I shall see to it that they are much thrown together."

Thus again a compensatory juxtaposition of natural forces was established.

A RIVAL'S RABID RETORT.

New York Weekly: Pretty girl—I'm engaged to Mr. De Shy.

Envious rival—I am astonished.

Pretty girl—I thought you would be.

Envious rival—Yes. Everybody said he was so bashful that only an experienced widow could bag him.

WHY DRUNKARDS SEE DOUBLE.

The reason that a man sees double who has gazed too long on the wine when it is red is that the nerve centers are changed by the action of the alcoholic poison, says the New York World. There is a want of harmony in the action of the muscles which move the eyeballs. Consequently, instead of both eyes being focused simultaneously on an object, one eye receives an impression independently of the other. The two impressions are communicated to the brain and the object is therefore seen twice.

The inflamed condition of and loss of energy in the brain centers from overdoses of alcohol also account for the staggering gait of an intoxicated man.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Book *free* at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

All our Finest Tailor Made and $20 Suits Selling Friday and Saturday at..... $13,50 $28. $25. $22

The Big Duluth

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Duluth Trust Co.,

Trust Co. Building.

Depository for Court and Trust Funds and General Deposits. Liberal interest paid on Balances and Certificates of Deposit.
Transacts a General Trust Business.
Loans money on bond and mortgage
Takes entire charge of Real Estate.
Acts as Trustee, Registrar, Transfer Agent, Executor, Guardian, etc.
No mortgages or paper guaranteed.

FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, Pres't.
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't.
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y and Treas.



IN SUMMER

cooling drinks are necessary. They are the universal antidote for excessive warmth. Nothing is so popular with the fair sex in Duluth as our soda served in all the various flavors and with cream for only a nickel a glass. To have their attentions well received, young men should treat their sweethearts coolly, by inviting them to enjoy our soda, which is really the coolest and most delightful summer drink in Duluth, wholesome, healthful and invigorating. Soda heads the list of summer beverages, and the foaming stream from our fountain heads the list of all sodas.

Boyce's Drug Store

Hartman General Electric Co.

.....ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH

Electric Current

FOR—

ARC AND INCANDESCENT LIGHT AND MOTOR SERVICE.

GENERAL OFFICE:

Room 3 Exchange Building.

NOTICE OF School Election.

Office of Board of Education,
Duluth, Minn., July 8, 1895.

Notice is hereby given of the annual school election to be held on Saturday, July 20th, 1895, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing members of the board of education of the city of Duulth.

Three directors for the term of three years each are to be elected in place of H. M. Bradley, E. J. Luther and Wm. H. Leonard, whose terms are about to expire.

The following named places have been designated polling places in each of the several polling precincts of the city of Duluth, to-wit:

FIRST WARD.

First precinct—Lester Park school building.
Second precinct—Lakeside school building.
Third precinct—Endion school building.
Fourth precinct—Engine house No. 4.
Fifth precinct—Glen Avon school building.

SECOND WARD.

First precinct—631 East Third street.
Second precinct—Jefferson school building.
Third precinct—No. 811 East Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—Franklin school building.

THIRD WARD.

First precinct—No. 31 Pearson block.
Second precinct—Basement St. Paul's Episcopal church.
Third precinct—No. 103 West Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—No. 123 East Fourth street.

FOURTH WARD.

First precinct—Old Park Point school building.
Second precinct—Cleveland school building.
Third precinct—Bethel building.
Fourth precinct—No. 14 East First street.
Fifth precinct—Washington school building.

FIFTH WARD.

First precinct—Jackson school building.
Second precinct—531 West First street.
Third precinct—No. 701 West Second street.
Fourth precinct—Emerson school building.
Fifth precinct—Town hall, Duluth Heights.

SIXTH WARD.

First precinct—No. 1102 West Superior street.
Second precinct—Basement of Second Presbyterian church.
Third precinct—No. 2004 Piedmont avenue.
Fourth precinct—Adams school building.
Fifth precinct—Madison school building.
Sixth precinct—No. 916 Garfield avenue.

SEVENTH WARD.

First precinct—Basement of Grace Methodist church.
Second precinct—Monroe school building.
Third precinct—Bryant school building, West Park.
Fourth precinct—Oneota school building.
Fifth precinct—Vestry room of Congregational church.

EIGHTH WARD.

First precinct—City hall, West Duluth.
Second precinct—Longfellow school building.
Third precinct—Fairmount school building.
Fourth precinct—Irving school building.
Fifth precinct—O. S. Olson's store, corner Sixty-first avenue and Raleigh street.
Sixth precinct—Smithville school building.
Seventh precinct—Stowe school building, New Duluth.
Eighth precinct—School house Fond du Lac.

By order of the board of education of the city of Duluth.

H. W. PEARSON,
Clerk.

THE ★ PAVILION...

Week of July 7.

ATTRACTIONS BETTER THAN EVER.

The Great—the Only

BORANI BROS.,

The Indescribable and Immensely Funny

Disappearing Demons,

In wonderful situations and magical disappearances.

HILDA THOMAS,
The Queen of the Vaudevilles, assisted by
MR. FRANK BARRY.

THE MARVELOUS CHILD,

Gertie Cochran..

The Infant Prodigy and Phenomenon of Phenomena.

Though only 5 years old Answers correctly from memory over 4000 questions, historical and otherwise.

The World-Famous

Annabelle, ★

In Brilliant Specialties,

With the most wonderful effects electric lights can produce.

Great as the greatest—our own and only

Duluth City Band.

Always popular and always Welcome.

Daily performances at 3 and 8:30 p. m.

Admission—5c, 10c and 15c

THE LYCEUM.

Duluth's Leading Theater.
L. N. Scott, Manager.

TONIGHT.

Villars-Owen Co.

DOUBLE BILL.

"SERIOUS FAMILY."

Famous REGENT QUARTET, N. S. Murphy, Geo. Pyke, Frank Fahey, J. L. Weber.

PRICES--50, 25 and 15 CENTS.

Grocers' Picnic

To Fond du Lac

July 18.

Trains leave Union Depot 7 a. m., 9:40 a. m., 1:30 and 5 p. m.

Tickets 50c Round Trip.

For sale by all grocers and at gate at Union depot.

See Program for Events and Prizes.

Everybody come. This will be the most popular picnic of the season.

A TRIUMPH OF MODERN BREWING IS THE



Gilt Edge Beer

$3.00

TAKES A CASE OF 24 QUARTS OR 36 PINTS IF CASE AND BOTTLES ARE RETURNED.

Minneapolis Brewing Co.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Orders Promptly Filled by
A. G. ANDERSON, Agent,
120 Nineteenth Avenue West,
DULUTH, MINN.

HONORED

Two Duluth Men Elected as Officers by the Independent Foresters.

N. B. Morrison is High Vice Chief Ranger of the Order.

Samuel F. Fullerton Was Selected as Chaplain of the State Court.

The Duluth delegates to the meeting of the state high court of the Independent Order of Foresters returned this morning from Stillwater, where the meeting was concluded last night. They report a very pleasant meeting and a very flourishing condition of the order, which shows an increase of 800 members in the state during the past year.

The Duluth delegates were N. B. Morrison, R. Dinham and S. F. Fullerton, and each took a part in the meeting, two of them receiving offices. Mr. Fullerton was chairman of the committee on the state of the order and Mr. Dinham was chairman of the committee on distribution. Mr. Morrison was elected high vice chief ranger and Mr. Fullerton was elected high chaplain.

Last evening the court was given a banquet by the Stillwater court, and a pleasant time is reported.

PETER GORDON'S DEATH.

The Verdict Given by the Coroner's Jury.

The coroner's investigation as to the death of Peter Gordon was resumed yesterday afternoon at Stewart's undertaking establishment. Dr. A. J. Braden, who had attended the man, gave some technical testimony. Sjolund, the man who struck the blow that is supposed to have caused Gordon's death, was present at the inquest in charge of Deputy Sheriff Klippen. The jury decided it was unnecessary to call on him for any statement. The finding of the inquest was as follows:

That said Peter Gordon came to his death on July 7, 1895, at Duluth, Minn., by suffering a dislocation of the fourth cervical vertebra, which dislocation was caused either by a blow inflicted upon him by one Fred Sjolund with his open hand or by a fall which resulted from said blow or by said blow and said fall, that said blow was inflicted without felonious intent and was so inflicted June 26, 1895.

Higher than all others at the great fairs ranked Dr. Price's cream baking powder. First award at Chicago and San Francisco.

PUPILS' RECITAL.

Tonight at Catholic Association hall Miss Margaret McDonald's pupils' recital will be given, and a pleasing program has been prepared upon which, in addition to Miss McDonald's pupils, appear Miss Winifred Holmes, Miss Julia Donavan, Franz Schultz and the Cathedral quartet. The program follows:

Song—"Forsaken"..... ..Krochat
Cathedral quartet.
Solo—a. "Cradle Song"..... ....Rosatel
b. "Flower Girl"..... ...Bordese
Miss Mae Kennedy.
Duet—"Fly Away, Birdling"..... ...Abt
Miss May Miller and Miss Minnie McDonald.
Tenor solo—"Had I My Wish"..Knowlton
J. D. Sattler.
Contralto solo—Aria from Marco Visconti.. ....Petrella
Miss Julia Donavan.
Piano solo—Selected..... .....
Miss Winifred Holmes.
Bass solo—"Scheiden"..... .. ..Frenceili
Franz Schultz.
Duet—"In Dreams"..... .....Wade
Miss Theresa Lynn and James Lynn.
Solo—Vocal Waltz"..... .....Patterson
Miss Florence Lautenschlager.
Solo—"Dolores"..... ..Campbell-Tipton
Miss Alice Carroll.
Solo—"The Gypsy Girl"..... ..Campana
Miss Mae Kennedy.
Duet—"The Wanderer's Night Song"..
....Rubenstein
Miss Margaret Jones and Miss Minnie Schultz.
Solo—"Gaily Chant the Summer Birds"
....De Pinna
Miss Lynn.
Solo—"Romanza La Cieca"... ..Panchetti
Miss Donavan.
Solo—"Vulcan Song"..... ..Gounod
Franz Schultz.
Song—"Good Night"..... ..Sarrelli
Cathedral quartet.

Money.

The owner of the 3-story store building, 119 East Superior street, desires to let the entire building to one tenant. Suited for manufacturing or jobbing. Low rent. Well situated for business. Elevator and rear entrance if desired.

Store, basement and rooms in the O'Brien block for rent. Heated by steam and usual conveniences.

One ten-room brick house for sale, central, supplied with every convenience, in excellent condition. Easy terms if desired.

Money to loan. Fire insurance written. Bank stocks for sale. Goods properties for sale. Houses for rent.

WM. E. LUCAS,
1 Exchange Bldg.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE VILLARS-OWEN COMPANY.

The Villars-Owen company at the Lyceum last night gave the English melodrama, "Taken by Storm," to an audience which made up for its smallness bythe liberal approbation bestowed on the players. "Taken by Storm" looks like and evidently is a piracy from the "Black Flag," which made Edwin Thorne famous, but its origin is a matter of little concern, as it proved acceptable to those who saw it last evening, including a large full-dress party from Superior. The play calls for more attention to scenic details than any other which this company has given here, and the stage effects were very well disposed of, particularly in the penal settlement scene in the second act.

Of course Jessie Villars as Florence Wyndham was good. She is a wonderful little woman, full of vivacity and with a great amount of versatility. The Philip Hetherington of William Owen was a fine piece of rather difficult character work, perhaps a trifle overdrawn in the second act, but a part which, as he played it, drew out very hearty applause. William McConnell as the gypsy Nathan and Mr. Stoddard as Black Jack were both pleasing, and Frank Fahey as Pat Maloney was simply immense. The other male characters were all well taken except the dual roles of Mr. Keenan, who as Lord Normanhurst and Maj. Danville did not seem to have enough life to come in out of the rain. Miss Hayward as Una Lee gave general satisfaction, and the other ladies of the company did well. The various specialties by several members of the company all received liberal encores, especially Miss Villars' character songs, which necessitated three recalls, her "Alabama Coon" being about the best.

Tonight "A Serious Family" will be repeated, with the singing specialty, "The Lifeboat Crew."

Health and economy demand the use of Dr. Price's baking powder, the purest and most wholesome made.

AN ENJOYABLE RECITAL.

Last night the First Presbyterian church was well filled with an audience of musical enthusiasts. The occasion was a piano recital given by Mrs. William Hunter Brown. Mrs. Brown is an artist of rare ability and delighted her audience with a program of selections of widely varying character, which gave her excellent opportunity to display her ability to express every shade of feeling. She played with wonderfully sympathetic expression and perfect technique. Mrs. Brown was assisted by Mme. Renard, accompanist, and Misses Rebecca McKenzie and Louise Hall, who added much to the artistic success of the recital by their charming rendition of several vocal selections.

ONLY absolutely pure grape cream of tartar is used in Royal Baking Powder. Unlike other powders, Royal leaves no acid or alkali in the food.

A STRONG MAGNET.

This Week's Program at the Pavilion Draws Well.

The people crowded the Incline cars last night and jammed and packed the Pavilion. Annabelle floated on the stage like a dream and her wonderful dances were repeatedly encored. They are over all too soon. There is a momentary vision of golden curls and magnificent draperies resplendent from the electricity, a few quick pirouettes, and all is over. Last night the dansuese tossed a large bunch of carnations to the audience and her favors were eagerly sought.

The Borani Brothers have acquired a habit of disappearing mysteriously. When they are tied together in a complicated knot of legs and arms one thinks they cannot get away, but, presto, and they are gone, reappearing as mysteriously. Little Gertie, the child wonder, is attracting the attention of scientists all over the country, and at last night's performance the little girl answered correctly and unhesitatingly a number of Biblical questions that would have bothered a theological student.

Hilda Thomas and Frank Barry put on a very clever vaudeville act, and the Duluth City band did itself proud.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Max Wirth's drug store.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

Tomorrow the Orangemen of the city will celebrate the anniversary of the battle of Boyne with a picnic at Lester Park. The literary and musical program follows:

Introductory remarks..... .....
....Robert T. Clark, chairman
Song—"Star Spangled Banner"...Quartet
Address..... ..Rev. Greenshields
Song..... ..S. C. Sloan
Address..... .....Rev. M. Larson
Whistling solo..... .....James Kelly
Song..... .....Quartet
Address—Speaker of the day..... .....
....Rev. R. Forbes
Song—"My Country 'Tis of Thee"...Quartet

The following list of sports will be given: One hundred yard dash, open to all comers; 300 yard dash, open to all comers; standing hop, step and jump, running high jump, ladies' fifty yard race, carrying egg and spoon; fifty yard race for married ladies, putting shot, 200 yard fat mans' race, standing broad jump, 100 yard race for girls under 14, fifty yard race for girls under 8, 100 yard race for boys under 12. Special prizes for best collection of wild flowers.

Francis C. Campbell, supreme grand master of the Orange institution, will arrive in the city this morning and will assist in the exercises tomorrow.

FOR A BRAIN STIMULANT

USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. W. F. Toombs, Morrillton, Ark., says: "It is certainly the finest brain stimulant I have found."

DECLINED TO BOYCOTT IT.

The Grocers' association met last night and tabled a resolution to boycott the Imperial mill. A committee from the Federated Trades assembly and a number of representatives of the Imperial mill were present and discussed the grievances of the coopers who wished the grocers to endorse the boycott. Mr. Wheeler and B. C. Church explained the position of the milling company.

Well Satisfied with Ayer's Hair Vigor.

"Nearly forty years ago, after some weeks of sickness, my hair turned gray. I began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, and was so well satisfied with the results that I have never tried any other kind of dressing. It requires only an occasional application of



AYER'S Hair Vigor to keep my hair of good color, to remove dandruff, to heal itching humors, and prevent the hair from falling out. I never hesitate to recommend Ayer's medicines to my friends."—Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, Avoca, Nebr.

AYER'S Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla for the Complexion.

GEN. ANDREWS AT WORK.

Steps Being Taken to Prevent Forest Fires.

Gen. C. C. Andrews, chief fire warden of the state, is as rapidly as possible securing data which will enable him to administer the affairs of his office promptly and satisfactorily. The first thing which he did after appointment was to write to all county auditors in the state requesting them to furnish him with the names of the chairman of the boards of town supervisors. From these supervisors he is now learning what parts of the state are liable to fire, by reason of being prairie or forest, and to these parts he is sending out printed notices, which are to be posted at frequent intervals, calling attention to the new law and its penalties, and warning people not to set fires going in exposed or dangerous places.

The railroads are doing all that they can to assist in the work of notifying the people of the intent of the new law. They are having copies of all printed notices posted in railroad stations and at other places along the line. From reports that come in to Gen. Andrews the belief is general that sparks from locomotives are responsible for the great majority of forest fires in the state. Hunters and fishers may do some of it, but the railroads are believed to do the most. To this proposition the roads do not enter a very positive denial. They do say, however, that they have now provided their locomotives with first class spark arresters, and that in the future there will be much less of this thing than ever before.

In the districts of the state where there is no danger from fires. Gen. Anarews is doing very little. These districts embrace the older and more thickly settled counties, where almost all of the land is under cultivation, and where there is little or no wild prairie or timber. No tracts of prairie or timber smaller than a section are taken into account. The data which the fire warden is collecting will prove to be very valuable to the state, for they will locate with more than usual accuracy the timber and prairie districts of the state, and enable fire fighters to work intelligently.

Dr. Price's baking powder is a synonym for purity, strength and perfection.

CITIZENS' MEETING.

The visit of D. W. Hines, promoter of the Duluth & North Dakota railroad, has resulted in stirring things up to such an extent that a meeting of citizens was called yesterday to take place in the chamber of commerce this afternoon. President Hines and Director J. D. Wallace spoke in explanation of their plan and its needs.

THE OLD CURIOSITY SHOP.

Can ou locate it? You ought to be able to because you live in it. This world is the biggest curiosity shop that we have known anything about up to date. Jupiter or Saturn may be able to discount it. Perhaps, and perhaps not. It is pretty full of people who are continually tinkering with themselves—patching themselves up—so to speak, in a medicinal way. If they are constipated, bilious or dyspeptic they rush to the nearest druggist for a violent purgative. If they are malarious they fly for relief to that ancient but ineffectual reliance—the sulphate of quinine. That is what they shouldn't do. What they should is to begin and pursue a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the primest of alteratives and anti-malarial specifics, particularly valuable for rheumatism, neuralgia, nervousnss and debility, and a promoter of sleep and appetite beneficial to all chronic invalids.

WEAK, WEARY AND WASTED

People may become strong, vigorous and healthy by taking Foley's Sarsaparilla, a perfect blood purifier, a splendid tonic. Trial size 50 cents. Max Wirth.

SSS

CURES THE SERPENT'S STING.

HEALS RUNNING SORES.

A FICTION EXPLODED.

H. C. Spalding Punctures a Story Going the Rounds.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The following specimen which is going the rounds of the papers is an amusing illustration of the lengths to which scribblers will go who draw upon their imaginations for their facts. It is almost as good as Weems' yarn about George Washington and his hatchet:

"Elias Howe almost beggared himself before he discovered where the eye of the needle of a sewing machine should be located. It is probable that there are very few persons who know how it came about. His original idea was to follow the model of the ordinary needle and have the eye at the heel. It never occurred to him that it should be placed near the point, and he might have failed altogether if he had not dreamed he was building a sewing machine for a savage king in a strange country. Just as in his actual waking experience he was rather perplexed about the needle's eye. He thought the king gave him twenty-four hours to complete the machine and make it sew. If not finished in that time death was to be the punishment.

"Howe worked and worked and puzzled and puzzled and finally gave it up. Then he thought he was taken out to be executed. He noticed that the warriors carried spears that were pierced near the head. Instantly came the solution of the difficulty, and while the inventor was begging for time he awoke. It was 4 o'clock in the morning. He jumped out of bed, ran to his workshop, and by 9 a needle with an eye at the point had been rudely modeled. After that it was easy. This is the true story of an important incident in the invention of the sewing machine.—Philadelphia Press."

The above is as complete a fiction as anything written by Jules Verne. Mr. Howe never pretended to have invented the sewing machine needle. An examination of his patents will confirm this statement. As a matter of fact the needle with the eye near the point had been in use in the lace-making machines in Nottingham, Engl., long before the beginning of Howe's experiments in sewing machine construction, and was well known, having often been described in printed publications. What Howe really did invent was the interlocking of two threads together, by means of a needle and shuttle.

The writer was well acquainted with Mr. Howe for many years. In 1857 and 1858 we worked together in attempts to further improve on sewing machines, by making one which could form all the various stitches in vogue among hand workers with the needle. Howe's first machine was in the room where these experiments were carried on and was well known to me. It looked about as much like the present sewing machine as a buckboard wagon looks like a bucksaw. I had a long frame upon which the work was fastened with sharp pointed wires. These were secured to a metallic plate extending the length of the frame. The needle was mounted on a sliding carriage which traveled on ways parallel to the row of pointed wires, while the needle and shuttle, co-acting, looped the threads together so as to make the well known double thread sewing machine stitch.

Walter Hunt, a well known Baltimore inventor, made a sewing machine before Howe began his experiments, but he could not make the loop in the thread come always on the same side of the needle. Consequently the machine "missed stitches" so often that it was abandoned. The real father of the sewing machine was Allen B. Wilson, who first combined a table, on which to place the work, a presser foot to hold the fabric down onto the table, a feed, coming up against the presser foot, and a needle, moving up and down through an aparture in the table. None of these elements entered into the Howe machine, in which the needle moved horizontally. Howe was the first man who made the loop (in the needle thread) come always on one side of the needle, so that the shuttle could pass through it. H. C. Spalding.

Duluth, July 11.

Insist on having Price's cream baking powder; its purity and goodness have never been questioned.

LOOKING OVER THE CITY.

A number of the delegates who were in attendance at the convention of the Mississippi and Missouri Valley Hardware Dealers' association held on Tuesday at Lake Minnetonka are in the city today. They will spend the day in looking over the city, and will return to Minneapolis on the late train this evening. In the party are J. W. Concher, Dubuque; C. A. Knapp, Sioux City; T. G. Walther and F. P. Strong, St. Paul; Robert Donahue and Walter Schenk, Burlington, Iowa; W. H. Kalbach, Arkansas; S. H. Harper, Oltumwa; H. J. Lee and W. S. Wright, Omaha; E. W. Crancer, Leavenworth, Kan.; G. T. Sprake, St. Joseph, Mo.

"BRAD" TAYLOR'S CONDITION.

A great many of our readers will no doubt remember William Taylor, commonly called "Brad," who was so badly burnt during the fire which swept away our first city, says the Virginia Hustler. Bradley was endeavoring to get some women out of H. Miner's place when the building was in flames. He rescued them, but was so badly burned that he will never be able to do much manual labor. He was taken to Duluth, and as soon as he could be removed his mother came and took him to his home at Coopersville, Mich. He has been under the doctor's care for the most of the time since. The city of Duluth donated about $600 to help defray his expenses, and this has been entirely used. Brad is now married and endeavoring to make both ends meet by working a small farm, but in his condition it is uphill work.

WHY?

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. $500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old. It is grand in sickness or where a strengthening cordial is required; recommended by physicians. Be sure you get Royal Ruby. Sold only in quart bottles; price $1. For sale by S. F. Boyce, druggist. 2

HIGH TARIFF OR LOW TARIFF

Does not interest the individual who is suffering from colic or diarrhoea. What he wants and wants badly is Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. 25 and 50 cents. Max Wirth.

Auditor's Office, St. Louis County.
Duluth, Minn., July 9, 1895.

The county board of equalization will meet on the third (3rd) Monday of July, being July 15, 1895, at the office of the county auditor, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., and continue in session for three weeks or less.

All applications for correction of assessments must be presented in writing.

O. Halden,
County Auditor.

High Chief Ranger O'Keefe, of the Independent Order of Foresters, will speak at court meeting Friday evening, July 12. All Foresters are expected to be present. N. B. Morrison,
Chief Ranger.

MUNYON'S HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES

Act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Rheumatism cured in from 1 to 3 days. Dyspepsia and all stomach troubles quickly relieved. Catarrh positively cured. Headache cured in 5 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new life and vigor to weak and debilitated men. Ask your druggist for a 25-cent vial of one of Munyon's Cures, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded. This Company puts up

A cure for every disease

PRICES BOOMING.

Iron Market, Except in Billets, is Very Active.

Cleveland, July 11.—The Iron Trade Review this week will say: A further heavy inroad on unsold stocks of pig iron was made in June, according to Western pig iron association returns, and while another month will show quite an increase in production, the recent resumptions have not yet told strongly on the column of active capacity. The fact that even under the latest advances, buyers of foundry iron are still trying to make purchases beyond time limits set by most producers, would indicate a belief that the advance had not yet spent itself and that buyers are getting work in hand that makes them more willing to cover at fully current prices than they were to buy in 100 tons lots four months ago.

The Eastern Pennsylvania advance of close to $1 a ton, bringing Lehigh Valley iron to a basis of $12.50 for No. 2 X foundry, and gray forge to $11.50, was an index of actual conditions—the withdrawal of Southern competition, through the taking up of the product for several months ahead, and the engagement of the capacity of all Eastern furnaces for from sixty to ninety days ahead. Bessemer iron, taking the average of the week's sales, is fully 50 per cent higher than that in the previous week. Several blocks of metal were sold in the latter portion of the weeks at $13.25 in the valley. A later sale is reported at $13.50. Consumption is still plainly in excess of production and the tonnage of finished steel in all forms shows no signs of relaxing. The billet market is becoming more conspicuous by the absence of sales. There are few buyers and fewer sellers.

It is free from every trace of adulteration, Price's Cream Baking Powder.

JOSE MARTI'S DEATH.

Correspondent Woodward Tells His Story About It.

New York, July 11.—Frank Woodward, the Cuban war correspondent, arrived today on the steamer Ardandhu from Gibara, apparently none the worse for his trying experiences in Cuba. Woodward, after many weeks of hardships, managed to reach Gibara. He met Jose H. Bola at the house of the United States consular agent. Bola, Woodward asserts, treated him in a most discourteous manner, advising him to give himself up to the Spanish authorities, which meant imprisonment for a long period. He was compelled to seek the protection of the British flag aboard the tramp steamer Ardandhu, and through the kindness of Captain Walker, managed to reach home alive.

Bola, Woodward says, refused to recognize him as an American citizen and declined to communicate with Santiago De Cuba, where Woodward stated his papers had been filed with Consul Hyatt, and declared that all American reporters were paid by the Cubans to write lies. Woodward tells the following story of the death of Gen. Marti, of the Cuban army:

While Marti with about 200 Cubans, was reconnoitering in the vicinity of Gibara, he fell in with a force of Spanish troops, numbering nearly 2000 men, who were drawn up on the banks af a small river. The insurgent scouts were about to retreat when Marti ordered a charge. The Spaniards, taken by surprise, soon formed in a square. Gen. Marti, mounted on a large gray stallion, which he spurred furiously into a gallop, charged madly on the Spanish squadron, breaking down their ranks. The horse became unmanageable and plunged violently, goaded and pierced by the Spanish bayonets. Marti was dragged from his horse and bayonetted and his body was afterwards riddled with bullets.

Last summer one of our grand children was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Our doctor's remedies had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. We regard it as the best medicine ever put on the market for bowel complaints.—Mrs. E. G. Gregory, Fredericktown, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine ever put on the market for dysentery, summer complaint, colic and cholera infantum in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many mothers have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cures it has effected. For sale by all druggists.

Mrs. Rhodie Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhoea set in. She took half a bottle of blackberry cordial but got no relief. She then sent to me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for about a week and had tried different remedies for diarrhoea but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sidney, Mich. For sale by all druggists.

BANFF, THE BEAUTIFUL.

There is no more fascinating resort on all this continent than Banff, on the line of the Canadian Pacific, and on every Monday in July and August the Soo Pacific line will sell round-trip first-class tickets, good for fifteen days, including double berth in the first-class sleeping car, Duluth to Banff and return, for the low price of $55.

For full particulars see or write
T. H. Larke,
426 Spalding house block.

THIS WEEK ONLY--
Choice of all $28, $25, $22 and $20 Suits at
..... $13.50
The Big Duluth

The Greatest Purchasing Opportunity Of the Age!

Prices guaranteed the lowest,
Goods guaranteed the best,
And every tenth purchase is yours free.

Howard & Haynie



Primus!

IS THE BEST.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
ALL GROCERS HANDLE IT.

T. B. Hawkes & Co., Manufacturers.

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS ARE STRICTLY FIRST CLASS AND AMONG The Largest, Fastest and Finest in the World.
Passenger Accommodation Unexcelled.

SALOON, SECOND CABIN AND STEERAGE passengers booked to and from GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, BELFAST, LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND ALL CONTINENTAL AND SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates. Sailings from New York every Saturday as follows:
FURNESSIA, July 13 — No steamer Aug. 3.
ANCHORIA, July 27 — ETHIOPIA, Aug. 10

For further information apply to local agent or Gen'l Agents, HENDERSON BROS., 176 Jackson Street. CHICAGO.

Office Supplies

THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS LINE IN THE CITY. WHY NOT BUY THE BEST WHEN THEY COST NO MORE. COME TO US FOR WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain & Taylor's

BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.

HAYWARD'S STAY.

Appeal Will be Heard in the October Term.

Mnneapolis, July 11.—The supreme court has granted a stay of execution in the case of Harry T. Hayward, under sentence of death for murder, until after the appeal can be heard in the October term.

MADE FALSE STATEMENTS.

Chicago, July 11.—The recent failure of the Leader department store took a sensational turn today when the members of the firm were arrested at the instance of J. V. Farwell, Carl Derburg, Lhman Glick and Joseph Horner, members of the insolvent firm were taken into custody upon an affidavit made by J. V. Farwell & Co., charging them with making false statements in regard to their credit and obtainig goods on the strength of such statements. The three men were released under heavy bonds.

TO BE OPENED TO SETTLEMENT.

San Francisco, July 11.—Seven hundred thousand acres of land in the northern part of Los Angeles county, and heretofore claimed by a railway, are likely at any day to be thrown open by the government for settlement. The secretary of the interior will use his discretion as for the time for opening the land, or he may await the final determination of the character of the lands by the supreme court on an appeal which will probably be entered by the Southern Pacific. The lands comprise a territory seventy-five miles long by forty miles wide. The land has an elevation of about 1400 feet, and will therefore not produce oranges, but with water, alfalfa, grain, vegetables and deciduous fruits flourish.

CALIFORNIA'S DISTINCTION.

San Francisco, July 11.—California will have the unique distinction at the Atlanta exposition of having a state building on the grounds and displaying its exhibit in the agricultural building. Mrs. S. C. Doley, of Los Angeles, obtained a concession to erect a California building as a private enterprise, but asked a rental so high that the state board of trade engaged no space in the building.

A FRIEND OF THE CZAR.

Oakland, Cal., July 11.—The trial of a suit against S. A. Ambrosemf for practising medicine without a license disclosed the sensational career of a man who is either a count and a friend of the present czar of Russia or one of the wildest romancers who ever faced a judge. He claims to be a class mate of Czar Nicholas II, and says that he is a count and heir to vast estates in Russia, and claims that the present suit is a plot to deprive him of his title and the estates.

Grand excursion to Fond du Lac tomorrow on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot Fifth avenue at 10 a. m. Round trip 50 cents.

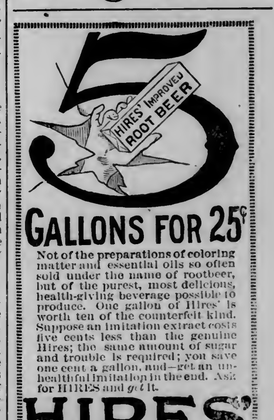
J. Flood's cigar store, fine imported Key West and domestic cigars, smokers sundries. St. Louis hotel annex.

Dr. Forin, formerly with Dr. Stone, St. Paul. Practice limited to diseases of women. Offices 214 West Superior street, over Commercial bank.

DON'T STOP HIM!

He has a bad attack of colic and is making for Max Wirth's drug store after a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. 25 and 50 cents.

CHOICE OF ALL--
$28, $25, $22 and $20 Suits....
$13.50.
The Big Duluth



GALLONS FOR 25¢

Not of the preparations of coloring matter and essential oils so often sold under the name of rootbeer, but of the purest, most delicious, health-giving beverage possible to produce. One gallon of Hires' is worth ten of the counterfeit kind. Suppose an imitation extract costs five cents less than the genuine Hires; the same amount of sugar and trouble is required; you save one cent a gallon, and—get an unhealthful imitation in the end. Ask for HIRES and get it.

HIRES' Rootbeer
THE CHAS. E. HIRES CO., Philadelphia.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Syphilis permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Syphilitic BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.



This Famous Remedy cures quickly and permanently all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, **Lost Vitality**, nightly emissions, evil dreams, impotency and wasting diseases caused by **youthful errors or excesses.** Contains no opiates, is a **nerve tonic and blood builder.** Makes the pale and puny strong and plump. Easily carried in vest pocket. $1 per box; 6 for $5. By mail prepaid with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Write us for **free medical book,** sent sealed in plain wrapper, which contains testimonials and financial references. **No charge for consultations.** *Beware of imitations.* Sold by our advertised agents, or address **NERVE SEED CO.,** Masonic Temple, Chicago.

Sold in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and by Max Wirth, Druggists.



We Guarantee
To save you enough on a suit bought at this sale to cover both your head and your feet.



The Great Eastern Duluth



Our Quick March
Along the avenues of trade proceeds with exciting progress far in advance of rivalry meeting with ovations at every turn.



Catching Sales is like catching Fish—First of all it is necessary to get the right kind of tackle.

A Terrific Volley!!

A Regular Broadsider!!!

That is simply carrying away all profits and costs.

THE CHOICE OF ANY SUIT in this great stock and HOUSE for

$14.98—FOURTEEN DOLLARS AND NINETY-EIGHT CENTS—$14.98

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

A price, men, that don't positively in lots of instances cover the cost of the material in these suits. But we've made up our mind to reduce this whole stock, which is twice as big as it ought to be, and move it we will at any cost. We've ignited a devouring flame of sweeping reduction that has lighted every department with a blaze of values that will shine as bright as the noon-day sun.





MEN'S SUITS

We'll hammer the life out of this stock with a sliding scale of prices from the best down the line.

200 Men's Suits $2.99; 300 Men's Honest Made Suits $4.99.

300 perfectly made business suits, light and dark colors, $8, $9, $10, $11 and $12. Greatest value on earth for the money.



Furnishing Goods Dept.

36 dozen, colors Blue and Brown—Genuine French balbriggan Undershirts and drawers, sewed with silk throughout, pearl buttons, and suspender taps on drawers, really worth 75c. Choice, any size to 46..... **50c**

HOSIERY—100 dozen black cotton ½ Hose, Hermsdorf dye, guaranteed fast colors, sizes 9½ to 11½, sold all over for 25c. Now 15c or 2 pairs for **25c**

NECKWEAR—75 dozen silk Neckwear, Tecks and Four-in-hands, great variety patterns and styles, always sold at 50c and 75c.. **25c**

HANDKERCHIEFS—50 dozen pure silk hemstitched Handkerchiefs, ½ or 1 inch borders, worth 50c. This sale..... **25c**

FANCY WASHABLE VESTS—Double or single breasted, choice of our entire line, worth $3.50, $3.00 and $2.00. Friday and Saturday only..... **$1.00**

Hat Department.

A Regular Slaughter of Prices--

Any Straw hat in the house at

Half Price

$5.00 STRAWS..... $2.50
$4.00 STRAWS..... $2.00
$3.00 STRAWS..... $1.50
$1.00 STRAWS..... 50c
50c STRAWS..... 25c

All Yachting Caps, Bicycle and Outing Caps reduced.

100 dozen Men's Derbys, silk trimmed satin lined, black and brown colors, worth $2.50. This sale **$1.48**

100 dozen Men's Fedora, satin lined, with extra heavy wide silk bands, worth $2.00 and $2.50..... **$1.39**

Mens' Shoes.

Here's a Shoe Bargain that knocks clean out of sight any offered by any other store in the the town. No matter what they say.

Caught a she manufacturer hard up and pressed for cash. Had 850 pairs fine calf shoes, laced and congress, Goodyear welt, made to sell for $3.00 with a big honest $3 stamp and guarantee right on the sole. We picked them up mighty quickly at a price and offer them to you at

$1.98.

All our fine Tan and Patent Leather Shoes reduced for this Sale.

Men's Trousers.

Here's some bargains that in the matter of value-givings beat anything we have ever attempted before.

300 pairs Men's Finest Tailor-made Trousers, all bright, new goods, light and dark colors, stripes and neat dressy effect; worth and sell regularly for $5.00 and $6.00. Placed on a separate table and offered in this sale for..... **$3.98**

500 pairs Men's Fine Working Pants, strongly and honestly made, guaranteed not to rip. Wear like so much leather. Worth $2.00; this sale..... **$1.48**

Jean Pants, Overalls and Jackets cheaper than any other store.





BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.

50 doz Boys' Corduroy Knee Pants, made up with stayed seams, reinforced waist bands; will wear like iron. A bargain that will make them fly like wildfire. Price..... **39c**

Every Boys' and Child's Straw Hat in the house Friday and Saturday,

AT HALF PRICE

$4.00 AT $2.00
$3.00 AT $1.50
$2.00 AT $1.00
50c AT 25c

SHIRT WAISTS.

200 dozen Shirt Waists and Blouses, this sale..... **18c**

300 Boys' Long Pant Suits, single and double-breasted, light and dark colors; worth $10, $12, $15 and $18. This sale **$7.50**

600 KNEE PANT SUITS, single and double-breasted, Zouave Suits, Sailor Suits, 3-piece Knee Pant Suits; not one in the lot worth less than $5 and most of them sold all season at $6.00, $7 and $8. This sale.... **$3.95**

KILT SUITS.

175 Kilt Suits, worth $4, $5, $6; all neatly finished and well made. Take 'em to close out at the reduction price..... **98c**

75 Kilt Skirts, worth $2.00. This sale..... **49c**

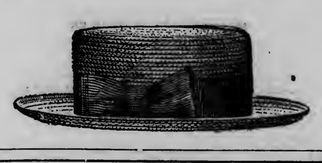
M. S. BURROWS & CO.













CROPS LOOKING WELL.

Harvesting Will Begin About Two Weeks Earlier.

Judge Mills, of the railroad and warehouse commission, is at the Spalding. He states that prospects for an excellent crop in the Red River valley are very bright. The yield of wheat, he asserts, will be larger than for the past ten years, and there is a large amount of flax, and a considerable amount of various kinds of small grains to be harvested.

On the higher land the harvest will begin on about July 20, from ten days to two weeks earlier than usual. In the low district immediately along the river, ripening will be later and the cutting will probably begin about the first of next month.

While men are not coming in in any great numbers as yet, it is generally anticipated that plenty of labor for handling the crop can be secured. The effect of the bright crop prospects has been felt in an immense increase in the volume of trade.

Mitchell Joins in the Fight.

Another of the stockholders of the Duluth & Winnipeg road joined this morning in the fight which has begun in the federal court against the bondholders and mortgagors. R. C. Mitchell, owner of 270 shares of the capital stock of the line filed his answer as intervenor. In his answer he states that he adopts as his all the allegations contained in the answer of the intervenors, John C. Hunter and others, which was filed yesterday.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by all druggists.

PRODUCE MEN'S PICNIC.

They Will Take an Excursion Up the River.

Last night, at the meeting of the produce exchange, the commission men of the city decided that they are doing altogether too much work and concluded to take a day off. They felt that the most pleasant way to amuse themselves would be to give an excursion and picnic, and set the date for such an entertainment on Aug. 1.

Plans for the event were discussed at some length, and it was decided that the picnic should not be a public one, but should be exclusively for the benefit of commission men and their employes. By resolution an invitation was extended to the commission men of Superior and their employes.

It is the intention, if satisfactory arrangements can be made, to charter the Henrietta and go up the river to Fond du Lac, where the day will be spent. A committee of invitation and arrangements was appointed, consisting of William Wilson, of the Smith Fruit company, G. H. Reeves and R. D. Arundel.

The insurance firm of Mosher & Prudden has this day been terminated by mutual consent, the business to be conducted in the future by W. P. Mosher, to whom all accounts due the firm should be paid.

July 11, 1895.

Wendell P. Mosher.
George H. Prudden.

A FAR-OFF COLLISION.

Buenos Ayres, July 11.—In a collision which occurred between two immigrant trains at San Pablo, province of Corrith, fifteen persons were killed and three injured.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.

BEST MADE.

HIGHEST GRADE

CAPTURED

J. C. Smith, a Well Known Hibbing Butcher, Placed Under Arrest.

John Clark His Right Name and He is an Embezzler.

Skipped From Farwell, Mich. Nine Years Ago With Village Funds.

Over a prosperous looking store in Hibbing appears the sign "J. C. Smith, Meat Market." The proprietor is in Duluth today, and he is in a peck of trouble, an old episode in his life having bobbed up and resulted in his arrest on a charge of embezzlement.

Three years ago John Clark was a prosperous citizen and hotel keeper of the village of Farwell, Claire county, Mich. He was also village marshal. One day he disappeared and the village of Farwell knew him no more. He was remembered, however, for it was discovered that in his official capacity he had collected about $300 in personal taxes and that he had taken this money, together with all the funds he could accumulate, with him.

It is said that he left a charming family, consisting of a wife and two girls, in rather poor circumstances. His bondsman, L. White, was held for the amount of his deficit, something over $800. Every effort was made to find the missing man, but though he was seen twice, once in Chicago, he successfully eluded pursuit each time. Within the last week he has been apprehended through the agency of S. C. Tiney, a Methodist minister, who is a former resident of Farwell, and who boarded with the Clarks five years ago. When he was coming to Minnesota a short time ago he met on the train a lady who lived in Farwell. As he had been away for several years he asked about his friends, and was surprised to learn that Clark had disappeared, leaving his family in destitute circumstances.

While engaged in his church work Mr. Tiney had occasion to visit Hibbing, and he was given a number of names of prominent citizens whom he might interest in his work. Among them was J. C. Smith, butcher. Mr. Tiney went to see him and was introduced to him. Upon looking at his face he instantly recognized him as the embezzler. The missionary wrote to the marshal of Farwell last Monday and last night Deputy Sheriff Breed, of Claire county, and L. White, Clark's bondsman, arrived in the city. About the same time the necessary requisition papers came to Sheriff Butchart.

This morning the party went to the Union depot to take the train for Hibbing. Almost the first man they met was J. C. Smith, alias Clark, and he was arrested. Today Mr. White, the bondsman, was trying to make arrangements with Clark to have him turn over his Hibbing property to secure him for his loss. Clark is willing to do that if they will allow him to go, but the deputy from Claire county will probably hold him. In case Clark refuses to turn his property over White will institute legal proceedings to obtain it.

AN UNPALATABLE DRINK.

Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph: "An unusual number of saloons are in financial difficulties," remarked Dinwiddie.

"That adds another sort of liquor to the supply usually kept at such places," replied Hilland.

"What sort?"

"Sheriff's ale."

ARE YOU FROM PENNSYLVANIA?

Ever visit the old home? Going through Chicago, of course? From there the best route is the Pennsylvania lines. It's the favorite with Pennsylvanians, and passes through the entire Keystone State. Trains run via Pittsburg without change. Full information may be obtained by addressing Dering, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

SAWMILLS ARE BUSY.

The Majority of Them Are Working Overtime.

That the Duluth sawmills are keeping still and sawing wood is indicated by the number of hours per day that the majority of them are working. The St. Louis Lumber company, Scott & Holston and Merrill & Ring are operating day and night, Hubbard & Vincent are running twenty-two hours, while Mitchell & McClure, Murray & Jones and the Le Seuer company are running only ten hours.

At the present rate this season's production will exceed that of last year by 30 or 40 per cent. Much of the stocks at the mills has been sold out, and while there has been little lumber moved down the lakes this week on account of the fact that most of the lumber fleet is at lower ports, there will be no active movement of stock until late in the fall.

Mr. Richardson, of Richardson & Avery, of Saginaw, is here looking over stock which his firm has purchased and arranging for its transportation down the lakes.

Secretary Lamont Coming.

Secretary of War Daniel Lamont is expected in the city tomorrow on a special train over the Great Northern. He is coming from the West, where he has spent some time visiting different Indian posts and points of interest in Yellowstone park and vicinity. In Secretary Lamont's party there are about fifteen ladies and gentlemen, but it has been impossible to secure their names. They went West over the Burlington and will return by the Great Northern, taking the lake trip on the North Land. It is not yet known by the officials of the Great Northern at what time the train will arrive.

NOTHING can be substituted for the ROYAL BAKING POWDER and give as good results. No other leavening agent will make such light, sweet, delicious, wholesome food.

30 ACRE SAWMILL SITE

Near Holston, Bielock & Co., West Duluth, for sale cheap if improved.

J. C. & R. M. Hunter.

PERSONAL.

Jesse Norton left for the East yesterday and it is reported that he will not return alone.

Samuel Frantz, who has been visiting his sons A. J. and C. F. Frantz, returned yesterday to his home in Waynesboro, Pa.

C. B. Stewart, who has been attending the high school, leaves for the East today to spend the remainder of his vacation.

E. G. Arnot, of New York, inspector for the Standard Elevator company, and T. B. Kelleher, of St. Paul, agent of the same company, are at the St. Louis today.

James Anderson left today for Hendrum, Minn., where he will remain all summer looking after the etate of the late Charles H. Canning.

James C. Hunter yesterday moved into his new residence at Hunter's Park.

Mrs. J. K. Bernstein, of Ithaca, N. Y., is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Bondy.

Sam Baldauf and J. B. Sax, the leading merchants of Oskaloosa, Ia., are in the city accompanied by their wives.

Frank Williamson, who has been at Deerwood for a few days, returned home this morning.

Mrs. John H. Horton, of St. Paul, is visiting her mother, Mrs. H. F. Williamson.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Myers returned today from Deerwood.

SEEKIN A DEFAULTER.

Chief Armstrong has received a communication from the Chicago chief of police asking him to look out for a defaulting cashier named Christopher A. Larrabee, who is supposed to be in the iron range country. A reward of $300 is offered for his arrest. The description is as follows: American, age 41, height 5 feet 4 inches, light complexion, long blonde mustache and wears glasses.

BATHING WITHOUT BLOOMERS.

The water in the vicinity of Tenth avenue west was in a delightfully warm condition this noon and three youths took advantage of the fact to go swimming. They disdained bathing suits as they preferred greater liberty of action. All three were brought to the central station and locked up. They were released in about an hour and dismissed with a reprimand by the chief.

CAMPERS.

Have your Herald delivered to your camp on Park Point.

Take Your Choice This Week of any Suit in the House at..... **$13.50**

The BIG DULUTH

THEY WALKED BACK.

The Unpleasant Experience of Victor Hugo's Guests.

A party of young ladies and gentlemen of Duluth's younger social set had a decidedly unpleasant experience on the bay last evening. They were out for a trip in Victor Hugo's launch, and when they had gotten some distance up the river toward Fond du Lac the grates dropped down in the fire box.

It became evident that there was no possibility of proceeding further or returning in the launch, and Hugo waded ashore and secured a boat by means of which the others were taken to terra firma. A walk of several miles to the end of the street car line completed the adventure. Members of the party were Messrs. Victof Hugo, Hamilton Martin, Don Gearhart and Lawrence Horton, and Misses Dickenson, La Vaque, Elizabeth Fraser and Bessie Strayer.

Weakness is the symptom, impoverished blood the cause, Hood's Sarsaparilla the cure. It makes the weak strong. 10

Great Reduction in Rates At Hoeniger's

Deerwood (Inn) Hotel
Next to Depot.

Rates reduced to $1.50 per day INCLUDING

Absolutely Free Use of Boats.

Cuisine as excellent as before.

5% $100,000.00 6%
TO LOAN.
Sums to Suit...
The Duluth Banking Co.,
400 Burrows Building

Mortgage Loans!
Various amounts, at lowest rates, without delay. Money always on hand.
ROSS L. MAHON,
577 First National Bank Building.

HAYWARD

The State Supreme Court Has Granted a Stay of Execution.

Doubts as to Rulings of Lower Court on Some Points.

This Gives Hayward a Lease of Life Until Next January.

St. Paul, July. 11.—The supreme court this morning granted an application of Harry Haward's attorneys for an appeal from the decision of the court below, denying a new trial, and issued an order granting a further stay of execution until the case can be tried and determined at the October term of the court. The decision is by the full court, and in the opinion it is stated that while they entertain no reasonable doubt as to the correctness of the lower court on many of the points raised, they do entertain such doubts upon some of them, so the application is granted.

It is made plain that it is not granted as a matter of right, nor on the other hand is the expression of the court an opinion upon the merits of the case, but the hearing is granted under the rule which makes it imperative to grant it in a case where human life is at stake, and there is a reasonable doubt as to the correctness of the decisions. This ruling of the court undoubtedly gives Hayward a lease of life until next January at least. The case will come up in regular order at the October term of court, and naturally the attorneys for the defense will have it placed as late as possible on the calendar, both because they want their client to have all the chance there is for life in case the decision of the lower court is sustained, and because they wish to allow as much time as possible for the excitement over the case to subside.

After the supreme court has decided the case if the lower court is sustained, Hayward will again find his fate in the hands of the governor, upon whom will fall the duty of fixing another date for the execution. Under this order of things, Hayward will naturally have about thirty days' time after the decision of the supreme court is rendered. The full text of the decision is as follows:

"The defendant was convicted in the district court in and for the county of Hennepin on March 8, 1895, of the crime of murder in the first degree, and March 11, 1895, such court adjudged that after the elapse of three months and at the time to be fixed by the governor of the state, the defendant be taken to the place of execution and there hanged. A motion to set aside this judgment and for a new trial was made on behalf of the defenrant and denied by the court on April 20, 1895, from such order he appealed to this court.

On June 19, 1895, he moved this court for a stay of execution of the sentence until such time as his appeal can be heard and determined by this court. The right to a stay, even in a capital case, is not coincident with the right of appeal. It is not a matter of absolute right and the courts may refuse, if satisfied on inspection of the record, that there is no merit in the appeal. In a case where the appeal involves a human life, unless we are free from reasonable doubt, upon all of the errors assigned, we ought not to pass on them before they are fully and formally agreed upon the hearing of the appeal.

"We have examined the defendant's assignments of errors, and while we entertain no reasonable doubt that many of them are without merit, yet as to some of them, we have such doubt. We are not to be understood as intimating any opinion as to the alleged errors upon which we have doubts, for the only opinion we have formed in the premises is that they come within the rule stated and that we ought to not to pass upon them before they are fully and formally argued upon at the hearing of the appeal. Motion must be granted. So ordered."

CAPT. BUNDY RETIRES.

Milwaukee, July 11.—A special to the Wisconsin from Ashland, Wis., says: Capt. Bundy, for thirty-seven years a missionary among sailors on the great lakes, today sold his gospel boat Glad Tidings to Washburn parties and will seek retirement in his old age at Chicago.

THE WARRING PYTHIANS.

Detroit, July 11.—The hearing of the injunction suit of Knights of Pythias against the Improved Order, Knights of Pythias, which was to have taken place today, was postponed until Saturday.

SHOT HIS SWEATHEART.

Milwaukee, July 11.—A special to the Wisconsin from Appleton, Wis., says; Thomas Running, who in a fit of jealous rage shot his sweatheart, Lydia Leby, at Dale on July 4, pleaded guilty of assault with intent to kill, and was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

KILLED HIS WIFE.

Butler, N. J., July 11.—Daniel Ackerman, a resident of Smith's Mills, stabbed his wife and then himself with a pocket knife today. His wife died in a short time and Ackerman is not expected to recover. Mrs. Ackerman left her husband for another man some time ago, and this supposed to have been the cause of the murder and attempted suicide.

MUST PLAY ELSEWHERE.

St. Paul, July 11.—Judge Otis, of the district court, today issued a permanent injunction against playing ball in the regular ball park on Sundays, residents of that neighborhood having asked it on the ground that the park was a nuisance. The old ball park on the West Side has been fixed up and all Sunday games are to be played there.

Any Suit in the house, this week... $13.50

The BIG DULUTH

RUTH, ESTHER, NAOMI.

Curious Coincidence Elicits a Response From Cleveland.

Pittsburg, July 11.—Frank Kay and wife, of Grafton, have three little girls, named Ruth, Esther and Naomi, born in the order given. Mr. Kay is a jobber of glassware. Struck by the coincidence in his family and that of the president, he wrote to the latter. He received the following reply:

"My dear sir: The president directs me to acknowledge the receipt of your kind favor, in which you inform him that your two eldest children bear the names of Ruth and Esther, and were named, in each case, before the children of the president were named. Both Mrs. Cleveland and the president are much interested in this coincidence, and beg leave to express the wish that your little children may have long and happy lives and that they will always be a joy and comfort to you. Henry F. Thurber, Private Secretary."

SEARCH FOR PEARY.

Steamer Kite With the Expedition Leaves Today.

St. Johns, N. F., July 11.—The steamer Kite will sail with the Greenland scientific expedition today, to relieve Lieut. Peary. Capt. John Bartlett, the master, is an able mariner. He commanded an expedition to Greenland in 1869, when only 24 years old. His chief assistant is Patrick Dunphy, who was North two years with Peary's first expedition. McKinlay, the engineer, has a similar record.

The weather reports from Greenland indicate a mild winter and little ice, and it is thought it will be posible to reach Peary's headquarters at Falcon harbor, Bowdouin bay, about Aug. 4 or 5. All hope to be safely back in St. Johns by the end of September. Peary is supposed to be somewhere in the extreme north of Greenland.

ABBOT ENGEL'S BENEDICTION.

St. Joseph, Minn., July 11.—Several hundred enthusiastic members of St. John's Alumni association gathered at St. John's Abbey, Collegeville, yesterday and are enjoying the hospitality of the university which is being lavished with an unstinted hand. Large contingents are present from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Stillwater, St. Cloud, West Superior and many other places, and many dignitaries of the Catholic church, including Archbishop Ireland, Bishops Shanley, Marty and McGolrick are also here to attend the benediction of Abbot Engel, which takes place this morning. At a meeting of the alumni held last evening the following officers were elected: George Mitch, Jr., St. Paul, president; William Hoy, Minneapolis, J. B. Rosenbery, St. Cloud, N. P. Schmidt, West Superior, and M. J. Weiskopf, St. Paul, vice presidents; Rev. Alexius Hoffman, St. John, corresponding secretary; Daniel P. McDonald, Duluth, recording secretary; Peter Medved, Little Falls, treasurer.

THE PACKING BUSINESS.

New York, July 11.—Philip D. Armour, the wealthiest man in Chicago, was a passenger on the Fall River boat. He reported he said before leaving: "The beef and pork packing industry is still in a very unsatisfactory condition. The public has had an erroneous idea with regard to the business in which I am interested. There has been no trust formed to advance prices, nor to take advantage of a mythical scarcity of cattle to corner the market. The cattle raisers are masters of the situation. They are holding their cattle at such figures as compel the packer to pay unprofitable prices for stock, and in order to get through without any loss we have had to advance the prices to the market men. The result is that there has been no money in it for a long time.

JOSE MARTI AVENGED.

New York, July 11.—A special from Havana says: It is said in insurgent circles that Sandoval, who commanded the Spanish troops that surprised and killed Jose Marti while the latter was making his way to the coast, has been captured by a column of mounted guerillas, commanded by Gen. Jose Maceo. Col. Saudoval was immediately accorded a court martial, speedily condemned of treason and of the murder of the Cuban chief, and sentenced to be shot. The sentence was carried out and the body buried. A mark was placed on the grave.

MICHIGAN FOREST FIRES.

Muskegon, Mich., July 11.—The dense clouds of smoke from the forest fires have now lifted and all danger is believed to be past. The wind, which became a hurricane Monday night, has abated and the fires are not running so rapidly. The rumors that barns, houses, etc., have been burned are not true, but great damage has been done to crops and timber, both standing and falling. The burned district is five miles square and filled with good timber preserves and some of the best land in Muskegon county.

HIS STEALINGS FOUND.

Lead City, S. D., July 11.—The Homestead company unearthed 283 ounces of crude gold buried by the robber, Alex Streets, who is now serving three years in the penitentiary for the theft. A year ago Streets was a trusted employe of the company. They repeatedly missed gold from their strong box and finally caught him in the act. Last week the mine officers visited the convict and in some manner learned his secret. The money was found in the local cemetery under a tombstone. It is valued at $10,000.

A SIMON PURE FAKE.

Washington, July 11.—A special to the Post from Norfolk, Va., says the dispatch from that city, stating that near Wauchoprague, Va., a sailboat containing thirteen excursionists capsized and six were drowned was a fake pure and simple.

A CHINESE RIOT.

Denver, July 11.—About noon today a large number of policemen were sent to the Chinese quarter in response to a riot call. About twenty Chinese were fighting with axes, knives, clubs and stones, but on the appearance of the police wagon they scattered. Sam Lung Wa, proprietor of an opium joint, was found with severe wounds on the head which may cause his death. He had been struck with an ax by My Gow, a business rival, whose place had been raided by the police, and who believed the raid had been made at the instigation of his rival. My Gow has not been caught.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Minneapolis, July 11.—Siebert Hola, a well digger, while sinking a well at the residence of H. B. Kram, 3226 Fifth avenue south, this morning, was buried by a caveln. It was only by the prompt response of the police and the fire department that the man was saved from smothering to death. He was removed about 1:30 p. m.

THREE DROWNED.

Southampton, July 11.—A boat of the British schooner Speedy foundered today. Three persons were drowned.

THE TEACHERS.

National Educational Association Busy at Denver.

Denver, July 11.—At today's session of the convention of the National Educational association after the nominating committee reported the following officers were unanimously elected: President, Newton C. Dougherty, Peoria; first vice president, Nicholas Murray Butler, New York city; second vice president, Mrs. A. J. Peavey, Denver, Col.; third vice president, W. H. Bartholomew, Louisville, Ky.; fourth vice president, L. C. Schaffer, Harrisburg, Pa.; fifth vice president, W. N. Sheats, Tallahassee, Fla.; sixth vice president, Henry Sabin, Des Moines, Iowa; seventh vice president, E. E. McElroy, Portland, Ore.; eighth vice president, C. G. Pease, Beatrice, Neb.; ninth vice president, Henry R. Pattengill, Lansing, Mich.; tenth vice president, D. H. Halsey, Oshkosh, Wis.; eleventh vice president, T. B. Lewis, Ogden, Utah; twelfth vice president, Estelle Reed, Cheyenne, Wyo.; secretary, Irwin Shepard, Winona, Minn.; treasurer, I. C. McNeill, Kansas City. Directors consisting of one person from each state or territory, were next in order, the Minnesota director being C. B. Gilbert, of St. Paul.

The general subject of the papers for the morning session was "The duty and opportunity of the schools in promoting patriotism and good citizenship." George H. Martin, supervisor of schools in Boston, delivered a brilliant address on the subject which was listened to with marked attention.

Joseph B. Baldwin, of Austin, Tex., talked on the subject of "Patriotism of the Southland." He said the people of the South rejoice today that the lost lost cause is a lost cause. The great question in the South is the lifting up of the colored race to citizenship and it was being done. He spoke in defense of the whites in restricting the political rights of the blacks.

A. F. Marble, superintendent of schools at Omaha, Neb., read a paper on "The ethical element in patriotism."

PAID FOR PROTECTION.

The Lexow Inquiry Across the Bay Continues.

Superior, Wis., July 11.—The Starkweather investigation was resumed this afternoon. Herbert Pratt, agent for the Kalamazoo slot machine, a gambling device, testified that he had paid to Detective Mart Gallagher about $75 for police protection. The first payment was $50, which he gave him on the porch of the West Superior hotel. Officer Schliecker admitted that he gave $10 towards Starkweather's campaign, but he was a most unwilling witness.

YELLOW FEVER SPREADING.

Washington, July 11.—Advices to the surgeon general of the marine hospital service indicate quite an alarming increase in yellow fever in Cuba and other West Indian islands. The week ending June 29 recorded twenty-eight deaths in Santiago, thus equaling the average of five deaths daily at Puerto Principe, a city of about 45,000. There are about 100 cases in the military hospital at San Juan De Puerto Rico, and the disease is rapidly increasing.

GOULD'S EXAMINATION.

Jersey City, N. J., July 11.—A motion to subject George J. Gould to a preliminary examination in the case of Zella Nicolas Ruhmann was heard by Justice Lippincott, of the supreme court, in his private office today. The suit is to recover the value of a $40,000 check which Mrs. Ruhmann says George Gould gave her and subsequently took from her. Justice Lippincott reserved his decision, and said he would probably make it public in about a week.

WILL SELL HIS HORSES.

Lexington, Ky., July 11.—W. C. France, the breeder of the trotting horses, has retired from the business. He has commissioned certain dealers to sell all his stallions, brood mares and horses in training, eighty in all.

JUSTICE ORTON'S SUCCESSOR.

Madison, Wis., July 11.—Governor Upham today appointed Judge M. Webb, of Grand Rapids, judge of the Seventh circuit, to fill a vacancy on the supreme bench created by the death of the late Chief Justice Orton.

A TOWN BURNING UP.

Denver, July 11.—A special to the Times from Alberquerque, N. M., says: The town of Williams, on the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, is burning. Fire broke out on First street at 8 a. m., and two blocks of the business portion are now in ashes. The fire originated from a gasoline stove explosion. The town is without a fire department. The bucket brigade formed by citizens was inadequate to stem the flames. A high wind is blowing, and the flames are sweeping everything.

PEORIA WANTS WATER.

Chicago, July 11.—Mayor W. M. Allen, of Peoria, went before Judge Showalter in the United States court today, demanding that the court mandate the Peoria Water company to increase the supply. It was represented that the water supply of Peoria is very low and that the city is in danger of burning up. Judge Showalter was unable to give the matter an early hearing and the case will probably be taken before Judge Jenkins.

ACQUITTED OF ONE CRIME.

Huntington, W. Va., July 11.—Charles Bing, who has been on trial for the murder of Gibbie Finley, his little stepson, on March 18, was this morning acquitted. He will be tried next court on the charge of murdering another one of the little step-children on the same night. Public sentiment is strong against him.

PRIZE FIGHT FORBIDDEN.

Columbus, Ohio, July 11.—Mayor Allen has forbidden the proposed pugilistic encounter for tonight between Tom White, Chicago, lightweight, and Billy Murphy, of Australia.

A CHICAGO FAILURE.

Chicago, July 11.—The Mutual Reserve Contract company, an investment institution, went into the hands of a receiver today.

FLOODS IN KANSAS.

Salina, Kan., July 11.—The Smoky River reached its highest point at 10 o'clock last night, and had fallen three inches by noon today. A large portion of the city is still flooded, and hundreds of people cannot reach their homes.

Choice of any Suit in the house... $13.50.

The BIG DULUTH

JOHNSON

Interesting Epoch in the Greatest of all Impeachment Cases.

A Chat With Ex-Senator Ross on the Famous Presidential Trial.

Graphic Description of the Closing Scene of the Historic Action.

A correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat discovered in an obscure corner of Albuquerque, N. M., a man who participated in the famous impeachment trial of President Andy Johnson, and whose vote turned the scales of justice in favor of the president. The man was Edmund G. Ross, United States senator from Kansas from 1865 to 1871.

Mr. Ross is a printer and publisher and was found with printer's stick in hand diligently setting type. Gray-haired and spare of build, there was nothing in the appearance of the man to indicate that he was a participant in one of the most memorable scenes in American history.

In sketching the leading incidents of his life Mr. Ross graphically described the closing scenes in the impeachment trial. He said: "President Johnson was obstinately bent upon the carrying out of what he called his policy, in which many found convincing proof of his disloyalty, but from the very first I was persuaded that there was nothing in his conduct justifying the extreme measures proposed by the advocates of impeachment, which, if carried, would make a political pariah of the president. The personal humiliation of the president was no light matter, but it seemed to me that the degradation of the office he held was of far greater importance; that, if accomplished, the presidency, ceasing to be a co-ordinate branch of the government, would become the pliant tool of congress; that in the face of the increase of legislative power thus prepared for, the judiciary would also be subordinated in turn, and that what was contemplated was the transformation of our wisely balanced government into a congressional autocracy. Moreover, it was proposed by the political cabal, then all-powerful in Washington, to replace Johnson with Wade Senator, thus to succeed, and I was as well enough acquainted with the latter to know that the impetuosity, bigotry and unreasoning hatred that helped to make him a power in the senate would in all probability make him one of the worst of executives. And so, carefully considering all these facts, I could not help regarding the proposed impeachment as a blunder worse than a crime, and decision as to how my own vote should be cast was, therefore, taken without delay."

"The president's impeachment was made a party question from the first was it not?"

"Such to the deep regret of those who desired the free exercise of a dispassionate judgment, was unfortunately the case. In the house every Republican save one voted for the adoption of the articles of impeachment, while every Democratic member voted against them, and the senate and public were sharply divided on the same partisan lines. The indictment of the president having been adopted by the house, came to the senate sitting as a high court of impeachment. Here, with due regard for the order, dignity and solemnity of the occasion, testimony was taken, arguments were heard and a day set for a vote. During the few days' recess between the closing of the hearing and the time appointed for a vote excitement at Washington was at fever heat. The city was crowded with people from all parts of the country, attracted to the capital by interest in the trial and the hope of securing office should the removal of the president be effected. To secure this result the votes of two-thirds of the fifty-senators, all of whom were present, would be necessary. It became known during the recess that eighteen senators were certain to vote for acquittal. A single assession to their ranks would defeat impeachment, and it was sought by offers of money and patronage, as well as intimidation and threats of violence, to bring all doubtful senators into line for conviction. In some cases, when all these things failed scandal was made use of as a weapon of coercion, but the result showed how sadly those who employed these weapons had mistaken their intended victims."

"Had you given it out how you intended to vote?"

"No, but my silence aroused the apprehensions of the advocates of impeachment, and on May 14, 1868, the evening before the vote was to be taken I received a telegram signed by D. R. Anthony and 1000 other Kansas Republicans which stated that Kansas had heard the evidence and demanded the conviction of the president. I at once replied that I did not recognize their demand, that I should vote either for or against conviction. I had taken, I said, an oath to do impartial justice according to the constitution and laws, and trusted that I should have the courage and honesty to vote according to the dictates of my judgment and for the highest good of the country. I had written and signed this message and it was lying on the table before me when Gen. Thomas Ewing, who was one of my warmest personal friends, called upon me and asked how the vote was going to go on the morrow. I handed him the dispatch I had just written and told him I held the decision of the question in my hands, but that no living soul should know what my vote was going to be until it was cast on the folllowing day."

"The events on May 15, 1868," he went on, "have long been a part of history, but the scene comes back to me as though it were a happening of yesterday. When the senate came to order just before noon every senator was in his seat; the house had adjourned to permit the attendance of its members; the president's cabinet and counsel, and the entire diplomatic corps were present, and the galleries were thronged by a brilliant and eager audience. Chief Justice Chase, who had presided over the trial from the beginning, called the court to order. Instantly a profound stillness settled upon the great assemblage, and when the voting began a pin's fall could have been heard in any part of the room. The names of the senators were called in alphabetical order, and each gave his response standing at his desk. It was well known what the first dozen responses would be, but when the name of Senator Fessenden was called, subdued whispering and a token of an increased interest, was heard on every hand. In the senate caucus a few days before Senator Fessenden had argued with earnestness and power against the impeachment of the president, and since then unexampled efforts had been made by members of the party of which he had long been an honored leader to induce him to favor conviction—all without effort. His pale face and the tense lines about his mouth showed that he saw clearly the personal consequences of the step he was about to take, but in a firm voice he voted against conviction, thus invoking the political martyrdom that put a sudden period to an illustrious career and soon drove him to his grave.

"Senator Fowler, of Tennessee, one of the youngest members of the senate, was the next to vote. He was a radical Republican and personally unfriendly to the president, but did not feel that the case against the latter had been proved, and he also voted 'Not guilty.' After this the name of Senator Grimes, of Iowa, was called by the chief justice. Stricken with a fatal illness, this venerable statesman had come from a sick bed at the imminent risk of his life to record his vote, and had to be supported on either side by friends as he rose to his feet. His vote was against conviction, and it was the last important public act of a noble career. Senator Henderson, of Missouri, was the next anti-impeaching Republican to cast his vote, and then the call went on down the alphabet, with responses of "Guilty" from the Republican senators, until my own name was called, and I knew that the decisive moment of my life had come.

"The vote, you will remember, was being taken on the eleventh and last article of impeachment. A majority of the senate had ordered that a vote should not be taken on the first article in its order, for the reason that two prominent Republican senators had announced in caucus that they could not vote for the conviction of the president on the charge contained in that article, but would so vote on others. Accordingly, the vote was being taken on the eleventh article or count in the indictment. When I arose to my feet in response to the inquiry of the chief justice as to how I should vote under this article, silence again settled upon the great audience, whose interest, a trifle dulled by the monotony of the last dozen responses, the nature of which had been well known for many weeks, had begun to stir restlessly and break here and there into low tones of conversation.

"The stillness in the senate chamber following this momentary relaxation was not unlike that which prevails on the prairie on a windless summer afternoon. It was so intense as to be almost oppressive, and, the focus toward which 1000 pairs of eyes were turned, no one felt its influence more than I. Standing at my desk and facing the chief justice, it is the simple truth to say that I saw yawning before me an open grave, in which were about to be buried friends, position, the hope of future honors, and the other things that men prize most in life. The most stolid would have been awed and thrilled by the heavy responsibility circumstances, without my seeking, had placed upon my shoulders, and I am not ashamed to confess that a dread my voice trembled and sank to nervous whisper. In an instant, however, self-control returned, and when distant senators called for a repetition of my answer the voice in which I uttered the words 'Not guilty' reached all parts of the chamber.

"The chief justice promptly checked the confusion which followed the casting of my own vote, and then the call went on down the alphabet. Two additional Republican votes, those of Senators Trumbull and Van Inkle, were cast for acquittal, and as the end was reached the chief justice announced the president's acquittal of the charges contained in the eleventh article. After this the court adjourned for ten days, when votes were had on the second and third articles, but the result was the same, and the remaining eight articles were never put to the test of a vote. The die was cast beyond recall, and the greatest trial of a century had ended in a triumph for the form of government wisely fashioned by the fathers of the republic."

"Your forecast of the personal consequences of your own vote did not prove a mistaken one?" I asked.

"No. My own state, which was radically Republican, turned against me almost to a man. I was burned in effigy by members of my old regiment, and stormed with abuse and anathemas. Nothing, indeed, was left undone that could tend to wreck my future. I had anticipated all this, but to attacks upon my private honor I made such reply as dignity and self-respect would permit. Defending my course on the floor of the senate I declared that I should not, while the light before me, declare the president guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors on mere differences of governmental policy and I challenged my detractors to appear before the senate and exhibit evidence showing that I had been influenced by mercenary or corrupt motives to vote as I did. But not one of them ever saw fit to take up this challenge, and, to my thinking, thirty years of honorable poverty have given final answer to their charges. Beyond this, however, I was content to leave the justification of my motives to the sober second thought of the nation, and it is no mean satisfaction to know that many of those who in 1868 were most bitter and unreasoning in their animosity now confirm without reserve the wisdom and justice of the course I then saw fit to take."

"I retired from the senate in 1871 and became editor and proprietor of a weekly paper in Coffeyville, Kan. In 1873 I became connected with the Lawrence Journal, and a little later established the Lawrence Standard, which I moved to Leavenworth in 1875. I opposed Grant's second election to the presidency in 1872, and have ever since acted with the Democratic party. The Standard did not prove a success, and after a long fight against odds I left Kansas for New Mexico. I was employed as a printer on the Albuquerque Democrat, when, in 1885, President Cleveland appointed me governor of New Mexico, which office I held for four years. After that I was for a time editor of the Deming Headlight, but finally returned to Albuquerque, where I shall probably end my days. Fortune has dealt me a good many hard blows, but I have always had my trade and a clear conscience to sustain me and do not complain."

"Counting all it cost you, senator," I asked in conclusion, "have you ever regretted your course in the Johnson trial?"

"Not for an instant," was the prompt reply. "The principal article in the impeachment of the president was the removal of Secretary Stanton in defiance of the tenure-of-office act, a measure which, when it first came from congress, Stanton himself had stamped as unconstitutional. With the accession of Grant the act fell into desuetude, and a few years later a Republican senate voted for its repeal. I contend there was no vital principle in an act that could thus be neglected with impunity by Republican successors of Johnson and repealed by a Republican senate. By the votes of the senators who opposed impeachment a vicious precedent was avoided and the country saved from a fatal blunder."

"If you don't take The Evening Herald you don't get the news."

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by John R. Marshall and Margaret Marshall, his wife, mortgagors, to Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, dated October, 22, 1894, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on October, 22, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page two hundred ninety-eight (298); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on May 1st, 1895, and which at said date amounted to the sum of forty-four and 5-100 ($44.05) dollars, no part of which has ever been paid; by reason whereof said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to her given by the terms of the note and mortgage securing said debt by declaring, and she does hereby declare, the whole of the principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand eighty-two and 47-100 ($1082.47) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therin, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwesterly corner of lot ten (10), in block seventy-nine (79), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, and running thence, in a northerly direction, along the westerly line of said lot ten (10), a distance of eighty-seven (87) feet; thence in an easterly direction, at right angles to last mentioned line, a distance of twenty-five (25) feet; thence in a southerly direction, at right angles to last mentioned line, a distance of eighty-seven (87) feet, to the southerly line of said lot ten (10); thence in a westerly direction, along the southerly line of said lot ten (10), a distance of ten (10) feet, to the place of beginning, being the southerly eighty-seven (87) feet of the westerly one-half of said lot ten (10). Also the right of way over the following described property: Beginning at a point on the westerly line of said lot ten (10), eighty-seven (87) feet northerly from Bench street; running thence northerly, along westerly line of said lot ten (10), a distance of ten (10) feet; thence at right angles to last mentioned line, in an easterly direction, a distance of one hundred (100) feet, to westerly line of New York avenue; thence southerly, at right angles to last mentioned line, along the westerly line of New York avenue, a distance of ten (10) feet; thence in a westerly direction to place of beginning; being the northerly ten (10) feet of the southerly ninety-seven (97) feet of lots nine (9) and ten (10), of block seventy-nine (79), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the twenty-seventh (27) day of August, A. D. 1895, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 10th, A. D. 1895.

N. M. POMEROY,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
July-11-18-25-Aug--1-8-15.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by John R. Marshall and Margaret Marshall, his wife, mortgagors, to Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, dated October, 22, 1894, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on October, 22, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page three hundred two (302); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on May 1st, 1895, and which at said date amounted to the sum of thirty-six and 67-100 ($36.67) dollars, no part of which has ever been paid; by reason whereof said assignee of mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of the note and mortgage securing said debt, by declaring, and he does hereby declare the whole of the principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand eighty-two and 47-100 ($1082.47) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therin, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwesterly corner of lot ten (10), in block seventy-nine (79), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, and running thence, in a northerly direction, along the westerly line of said lot ten (10), a distance of eighty-seven (87) feet; thence in an easterly direction, at right angles to last mentioned line, a distance of twenty-five (25) feet; thence in a southerly direction, at right angles to last mentioned line, a distance of eighty-seven (87) feet, to the southerly line of said lot ten (10); thence in a westerly direction, along the southerly line of said lot ten (10), a distance of ten (10) feet, to the place of beginning; being the southerly eighty-seven (87) feet of the westerly one-half of said lot ten (10). Also the right of way over the following described property: Beginning at a point on the westerly line of said lot ten (10), eighty-seven (87) feet northerly from Bench street; running thence northerly, along westerly line of said lot ten (10), a distance of ten (10) feet; thence at right angles to last mentioned line, in an easterly direction, a distance of one hundred (100) feet, to westerly line of New York avenue; thence southerly, at right angles to last mentioned line, along the westerly line of New York avenue, a distance of ten (10) feet; thence in a westerly direction to place of beginning; being the northerly ten (10) feet of the southerly ninety-seven (97) feet of lots nine (9) and ten (10), of block seventy-nine (79), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the twenty-seventh (27) day of August, A. D. 1895, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 10th, A. D. 1895.

MARION E. BACON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
July-11-18-25-Aug--1-8-15.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by John R. Marshall and Margaret Marshall, his wife, mortgagors, to Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, dated October, 22, 1894, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on October, 22, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page three hundred (300); which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured was thereafter assigned by said Marion E. Bacon to Addison M. Farwell, by an instrument of assignment, dated October 27th, 1894, and recorded in said register of deeds' office on November, 5th, 1894, at 11:40 o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page one hundred fifty-three (153); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on May 1st, 1895, and which at said date amounted to the sum of thirty-six and 67-100 ($36.67) dollars, no part of which has ever been paid; by reason whereof said assignee of mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of the note and mortgage securing said debt, by declaring, and he does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand eighty-two and 47-100 ($1082.47) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the said power of sale, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therin, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwesterly corner of lot nine (9), in block seventy-nine (79), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, and running thence, in a northerly direction, along the easterly line of said lot ten (10), a distance of eighty-seven (87) feet; thence in an easterly direction, at right angles to last mentioned line, a distance of twenty-five (25) feet; thence in a southerly direction, at right angles to last mentioned line, a distance of eighty-seven (87) feet, to northerly line of Bench street; thence in an easterly direction along the northerly line of Bench street, a distance of twenty-five (25) feet, to place of beginning; being the southerly eighty-seven (87) feet of the westerly one-half of said lot nine (9). Also the right of way over the following described property: Beginning at a point on the easterly line of said lot nine (9), eighty-seven (87) feet northerly from Bench street; running thence northerly, along easterly line of said lot nine (9), a distance of ten (10) feet; thence at right angles to last mentioned line, in a westerly direction, a distance of one hundred (100) feet to the westerly line of lot ten (10), in said block; thence southerly at right angles to the last mentioned line, along westerly side of said lot ten (10), a distance of ten (10) feet; thence in an easterly direction to place of beginning; being the northerly ten (10) feet of the southerly ninety-seven (97) feet of lots nine (9) and ten (10), of block seventy-nine (79), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said county and state on the twenty-seventh (27) day of August, A. D. 1895, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 10th, A. D. 1895.

ADDISON M. FARWELL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
July-11-18-25-Aug--1-8-15.

COLD.

Detroit Tribune: See the young woman. Have young women cold hearts?

Well, rather.

See this young woman, for example. See the young man melt her heart with ice cream soda.

Yes, indeed.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by John R. Marshall and Margaret Marshall, his wife, mortgagors, to Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, dated October, 22, 1894, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on October, 22, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page three hundred (300); which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured was thereafter assigned by said Marion E. Bacon to Addison M. Farwell, by an instrument of assignment, dated October 27th, 1894, and recorded in said register of deeds' office on November, 5th, 1894, at 11:40 o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page one hundred fifty-three (153); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on May 1st, 1895, and which at said date amounted to the sum of thirty-six and 67-100 ($36.67) dollars, no part of which has ever been paid; by reason whereof said assignee of mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of the note and mortgage securing said debt, by declaring, and he does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand eighty-two and 47-100 ($1082.47) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the said power of sale, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therin, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwesterly corner of lot nine (9), in block seventy-nine (79), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, and running thence

OUTRAGE

The Plan to Build Garfield Avenue Viaduct From Superior Street.

All the Property Owners In the Vicinity Opposed to It.

Would Damage Michigan Street and Be of no Extra Benefit.

The proposition made by the board of public works to build the Garfield avenue viaduct from Superior street, instead from Michigan street, is meeting with very decided expression from owners in that locality. The only advantage of such a plan is that the grade will be slightly decreased. But the additional cost will be large enough to make up for a very large difference in grade, and one need not go far to learn that the city is in no position to make such a tremendous expense unnecessarily. No one has asked that the viaduct be built from Superior street, and no one had thought of it until the board of public works made its extraordinary proposition.

Michigan street at that point is one of the principal business sections of the West End. One result of the board's idea would be to practically kill all that part of the street for some distance on each side of the viaduct, as the latter would be raised above the buildings now on the street at that point, and it would be necessary to go around several blocks in order to cross or to get upon Superior street.

The damage to the Michigan street property would be heavy, and the city would have to pay this, aside from the additional cost of building the viaduct a block longer and much higher than would be necessary were it built from Michigan street. "From a calm, dispassionate standpoint, the project as it now stands, is idiotic, unnecessary, and unreasonable," said one who is interested, this morning.

LARGE SUIT STARTED.

Biwabik Bessemer Company Sues on Stripping Contract.

Yesterday afternoon the Biwabik-Bessemer company instituted a large suit against Fitzgerald Bros. & Siske to recover for an alleged breach of a stripping contract. It is claimed that the defendants contracted to excavate and mine a certain quantity of ore, and that after mining 90,048 tons the contract was abandoned.

It is alleged that an overpayment of $498.06 was made. Another claim is that while the contractors were to do the work for 21½ cents it will now cost $387,736.80, or 27½ cents, and suit is brought for $84,736.80, the difference. Still another claim is for $14,086.40 paid out for labor, making a total claim of $86,581.58. Billson, Congdon & Dickinson are plaintiff's attorneys.

Mary W. Beattie has sued Robert and Thomas Tullock for $540 on a note. Francis W. Sullivan is plaintiff's attorney.

NEW PAINTERS' UNION.

Local Union No. 106 of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators of America, was organized last night by Deputy General Organizer R. D. King, with twenty-eight charter members. The following officers were elected and installed: President, W. J. Long; vice president, James Powers; recording secretary, John Johnson; financial secretary, D. A. Lamont; treasurer, Martin Holtried; conductor, Swan Olander; warden, F. McGuire; trustees, Oscar Christenson, Eugene D. Danielson and T. C. Stevenson.

MRS. MAYBRICK AGAIN.

London, July 11.—The friends of Mrs. Florence Maybrick are once more renewing their efforts to obtain her release from prison.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50 cent bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullom, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Dr. Schiffman pulls teeth without pain.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Choice fruit, Seecamp's opp. Y. M. C. A.

Miss Ethel Hobday and C. E. Storer, the well known insurance agent, were quietly married last night at the residence of Dr. W. Hobday at Lakeside. Dr. Hobday is a cousin of the bride.

The following changes have taken place in the Duluth batallion of state militia pursuant to general orders: Commissioned, E. J. Wilkinson, second lieutenant Company H; dishonorably discharged for nonattendance at drill, M. Christenson, F. A. Bell, C. Sandby, D. R. Smith, T. J. Watts, privates of Company A.

The funeral of Mrs. William Barton Chapin took place from the late residence, 14 Chester terrace, at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and it was attended by the many friends her pleasing personal qualities had gained.

A teachers examination is in progress at the High School building today under the direction of Superintendent Stultz. Thirty-five applicants are being examined, including thirty young women. The examinations will conclude this evening.

A permit was granted today by the building department to Howard T. Abbot for the erection of a two-story frame dwelling on the south side of Third street east, between Third and Fourth avenues, to cost $3300.

The birth of a daughter to Arthur and Nellie Lavasseur, 1612 West Superior street, was reported to the health department today.

The morning in the municipal court was occupied by the hearing of a horse trade case. In special Judge Boyle's court Frank Smith, John Maher and Percy Cameron were given fines of $10 and costs each for drunkenness.

The case of Mrs. Barts, of West Duluth, charged by Humane Officer Haskins with selling cigarettes to minors, was dismissed this morning on motion of the assistant city attorney.

"Pursy" Cameron was brought in just before noon today by Detectives Benson and Hayden and locked up, charged with drunkenness.

Swain's cigar store, Providence bldg.

John Flood, cigars, St. Louis annex.

To exchange, a fine hotel property on Main street in Winnipeg for real estate in Duluth or Superior. Good chance for a hotel man. Inquire of Max Wirth, drug store.

Daniel Wells, attorney at law, is established for the practice of law, with offices at 706 and 708 Torrey building, in connection with the law offices of William C. White with whom he has been associated for the past year.

George H. Prudden has been appointed district agent of the Aetna Life Insurance company, of Hartford, Conn.

August Johnson was arrested last night at New Duluth by Officer Frank Provinski and given ten days in jail this afternoon by Judge Edson for drunkenness. The police say Johnson lives across the river on the Wisconsin side and terrorizes New Duluth whenever he gets on a rampage.

For ASHLAND, BAYFIELD and all intermediate points take STEAMER LIBERTY,

Passengers and Freight. Fast, neat, cozy. Leave Culver's dock Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 9 a. m.

MRS. BOENER ACQUITTED.

Judge Boyle Decides She Did Not Steal a Dog.

Judge Boyle this morning in the municipal court wrestled with the weighty question of whether Mrs. Boener, of 119 Third avenue west, had stolen Herman Hein's cocker spaniel. The judge decided she did not, and in summing up declared the action should never have been brought. Hein, who is a barber, had an array of about seven witnesses in court, mostly little girls, whose hair shone from recent applications of hair oil.

It appeared from the testimony that Mrs. Boener's husband was in the habit of dallying during most of his working moments, and while in a condition verging on tremens, he had given Prince to the barber. Mrs. Boener had brought the dog from Montana, and as she had raised it, claimed it belonged to her. On the advice of her lawyer she attempted to seize the dog and was knocked down by a brother of Hein's. Mr. Boener had the good grace to skip town immediately after parting with the dog, and is now at Ashland. The witness fees in the case were not allowed.

THE SAULT COMMERCE.

The Traffic Through the Canal During June.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The statement of commerce through the canal during June, which was delayed by work on the annual report, has just been issued. It shows that the eastbound freight during the month was 1,937,526 tons; westbound, 271,520 tons; total, 2,209,046 tons. The eastbound passengers numbered 2480; westbound, 2134.

Every item of the eastbound freight, except wheat and corn, shows an increase over June of last year, but the westbound freight shows a small decrease. The eastbound freight was as follows: Copper, 17,288 tons; building stone, 5868 tons; flour, 1,216,472 barrels; iron ore, 1,489,573 tons; pig iron, 2473 tons; lumber, 135,286 M ft; wheat, 1,584,571 bus; unclassified freight, 30,287 tons. The westbound freight was as follows: Coal, 218,885 tons; grain, 8900 bus; manufactured iron, 3311 tons; salt, 30,888 bbls; unclassified freight, 38,365 tons.

MORE PINE LAND PURCHASES.

The movement in pine lands is lively these days. Following those of yesterday, aggregating $85,000, come three more today, aggregating $53,000 and including 11,263.69 acres. The transactions are quit claim deeds from Robert Langdon and G. B. Warren, of Hennepin county. The Pine Land Investment company purchased 2685.77 acres in 62-13, 66-13 and 67-13 for $13,000; the Wisconsin Pine Lumber company purchased 2687.42 acres in 57-21, 58-21 and 59-21 for $18,000, and the Pine Land company purchased 4890.50 acres in 68-14, 67-15, 17 and 20 for $25,000.

STAKE MONEY ATTACHED.

Brooklyn, July 11.—Deputy Sheriff Thompson, of King's county, served attachment papers on Philip Dwyer for the $10,000 stake money of Robert Fitzsimmons that he had in his possession for the fighter, binding his match with Corbett. The complainant is Joseph H. Tooke, a theatrical printer of this city, who says Fitzsimmons owes the above amount for work done during last winter.

THE NEW INMAN TUG.

She Arrived Today and is a Beauty.

The Record is a very good tug, but she will have to take a second place in the affections of Commodore Inman, for the B. B. Inman arrived this morning and she is a beauty. On the new tug when she came in were Miss Lucia Cole, of Cleveland, a heavy stockholder in the Hutchinson line of vessels; Miss Mullen, daughter of Capt. John Mullen, of the Quito; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Inman, Commodore Inman's father and mother, and Mr. and Mrs. John McCormick, of Port Huron, brother-in-law and sister respectively of Capt. Inman.

When the B. B. Inman arrived this morning at 8 o'clock there was probably no one in the city who did not become aware that something was occurring, for the new tug came in at that time and a most prodigious noise of whistles was sent up.

The technical description of the tug has already been given, and it only remains to be said that she surpasses all expectations and that Capt. Inman's claim that she will be the best tug on the lake is a just one. On her trial trip from Port Huron to Cleveland she made thirteen miles an hour without a break, and on Lake St. Clair she developed a speed of sixteen miles. Her designer, Mr. Burton, of the Jenks Shipbuilding company, tested her power and developed 720 horse power. She has a fire pump making five fire tugs in the Inman line, steam capstan and everything that goes to make up a complete modern boat. Her captain will be Fred Benson and her engineer Charles Maples, both from the M. D. Carrington.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

(Specials to The Herald.)

Chicago—Cleared: Schuylkill, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Gladstone, Fronenac, Onoko, Macy, Hiawatha, Columbia, Crosthwaite, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared with coal: Shenandoah, Superior; F. B. Gardner, Birkhead, Chili, C. B. Jones, H. J. Webb, Duluth.

Milwaukee—Cleared: Gratwick, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Trevor, Duluth.

Huron—Cleared with coal: Roumania, E. Hutchinson, Duluth.

Lorain—Cleared with coal: Vega, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Ira Owen, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: Sitka, Duluth.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Holland, Monticello, Keating, Sweepstakes, 10:30 last night; Bannockburn, Winnipeg, Selkirk, Dunmore, 1:30 a. m.; Northern King, 2; Spencer, Pennington, 4; Stimson, Drake, 5; T. Wilson and whalebacks, 7; Fedora, 8; Aurora, Adams, 9:30. Down: Glidden, Sage, 10 last night; Peck and whalebacks, 11:30; Colgate and whalebacks, 1:30 a. m.; M. Hopkins, Porter, Hodge, 3; Mather and whalebacks, 4:30; Coffinberry, Camden, 6; City of London, Japan, Superior, 7:30; City of New York, Mystic, Star, Mont Blanc, Rogers, Sonora, 9.

Up yesterday: Nicholas, Sheldon, 11 a. m.; Servia and consort, 12; Iron Age and consort, Andaste, 1 p. m.; Gilchrist and consort, Pioneer, 2:30; Italia, Ford, 3:30; Oscoda and consorts, Vance, 5; Wawatam, Emily and consort, 6:30; Nimick, Monarch, 7:30; Specular and consort, 9. Down: Williams and consort, 11:30; Johnson and consort, 12:30; Selwyn Eddy, 1:30; Wallula and consort, 3; Australasia and consort, 4; Hebard and consorts, Stone and consorts, 8:30.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., July 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Glasgow and consort, 4 a. m.; Harper, 7:30; Nicaragua, 8:45; John Owen, 8:20; Arnold and Bargess, 9; Vanderbilt, 10.

Down yesterday: Pope, Nyanza, Oregon, 11; Whitney, Continental, La Salle, noon; North West, 3:30 p. m.; Manchester, 4:20; Monohansett and consorts, 4:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., July 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Forbes, McLachlan, 10 last night; Vega, 10:15; Maytham, Missoula, 12:30 a. m.; Iron Chief and consort, 1; Saxon, 1:30; German, 2; Sitka, Yukon, 3; Wade, 3:30; Grecian, 4:30; Tuttle, Holloran, Maritana, 5; Hiawatha, Crosthwaite, 6:30; St. Paul, 8:40; Hadley, 10.

Up yesterday: Germanic and consort, 11; Conemaugh, noon; Ionia, 12:30 p. m.; Sibly and consort, Progress, Raleigh, Tokio, 1:30; Lycoming, 4:10; North Star, 6; Moran, 9.

Port of Duluth.

ARRIVED.

Prop Carpenter, Lake Erie; light for lumber.

Schr Dashing Wave, Lake Erie; light for lumber.

Schr Stewart, Lake Erie; light for lumber.

Prop City of Duluth, Chicago; passengers and merchandise.

Prop Parks Foster, Lake Erie; light for ore.

Prop Elphicke, Lake Erie; light for ore.

Prop Sauber, Lake Erie; light for ore.

Prop Monohansett, Lake Erie; light for lumber.

DEPARTED.

Prop J. C. Lockwood, Ashland; light for ore.

Prop Gratwick, Buffalo; flour.

Prop Doty, Lake Erie; ore.

Schr Jeanette, Lake Erie; ore.

Prop St. Lawrence, Buffalo; grain.

Prop North Wind, Buffalo; flour.

Prop Arabia, Buffalo; flour.

Prop Parks Foster, Lake Erie; ore.

Prop Hunter, Ashland; passengers.

Prop Elphicke, Lake Erie; ore.

Prop Tacoma, Lake Erie; ore.

MARINE NOTES.

Clearances: Arabia, 14,000 barrels flour, Buffalo; Globe, 2350 tons ore, Buffalo; Corsica, 2250 tons ore, Buffalo; Canisteo, 700,000 feet lumber, Chicago.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

London—Arrived: Steamer Hispanola, Montreal.

London—Arrived: Greece, New York.

For Rent....

An 8-room Modern House—All Conveniences, nicest location in the City, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to

Wm. E. LUCAS, Exchange Building.

CAMPERS.

Have your Herald delivered to your camp on Park Point.

FISHING

Lake Erie the Greatest Fishing Pond in the World.

Lake Superior's Whitefish Beat Those of Any Other Lake.

Lake Michigan's Wonderful Supply of Trout is Largest.

No other body of fresh water on the globe produces so large a quantity of fresh fish as Lake Erie, and Sandusky, O., is the greatest market for fresh fish in the world, says the New York Sun. About 2,000,000 pounds of sturgeon alone are handled at Sandusky every year, nearly one-third of which are taken in the vicinity of that place. Three-fourths of that immense quantity of sturgeon are taken by Buffalo fishermen. Tons of sturgeon roe are spiced and pickled at Sandusky annually, and the trade in isinglass made from the air bladders of that fish is an important one. A sturgeon's roe will weigh from twenty to sixty pounds. Three-quarters of the Sandusky caviare is sent to Germany and is exported from that country back to this in large quantities, the same as the finest English dairy cheese is made up in Cattaraugus county, sent to England and shipped back here again. Sandusky gets 10 cents a pound for her caviare, and lays by quite a snug pile annually from its sale. Yet it was not until 1865 that the sturgeon was looked upon with even a small degree of favor by lake fishermen. Now smoked sturgeon is found not only in the markets of all the large cities and towns, but in country stores also, while fresh sturgeon is one of the highest-priced of fresh water fishes.

In none of the other great lakes do the conditions for fish seem to be so favorable as in Lake Erie. This is due in a great measure, fish culturists think, to the variations in the depth which are peculiar to that lake. The western end is shallow, and thus provides vast areas for spawning grounds. The deep water at the eastern end is an almost boundless retreat for the half-grown young. The line between deep and shallow water seems to be drawn at Cleveland, for west of that city the water is not more than sixty feet deep anywhere, and the average depth will perhaps fall below forty. East of that line the water grows rapidly deeper until it reaches a depth of 225 feet in some places.

There is something singular in the distribution of fishes in Lake Erie. The lake trout, one of the most valuable of lake fishes, is rare at the best in Lake Erie, but it is never taken west of Erie. On the other hand, pike and muskallonge are taken only west of Erie. If a fisherman is after lake herring, he knows he will be wasting his time if he sets his nets in the eastern waters. He seeks this beautiful and delicious fish at or west of Erie. The lake herring is the lesser white fish of Lake Erie. Here is another funny thing. At least it may seem so to those who don't know the reason. While Erie herring fishermen are hauling in fish by the ton in April and May, and getting a good many all along through the summer, the fishermen further west know better than to wet their nets during those months, for they wouldn't get herring enough to make a smell in a frying pan. When fall comes, though, the Erie fishermen know enough to take out their nets and keep them out, and the Sandusky and other Western fishermen put theirs in. In the Western water the champion month for catching herring is November. The reason for this is that in that month the fish are moving in enormous schools on to the spawning grounds around Bass island and grounds further west. A similar situation exists in the matter of whitefish. The most profitable months for taking them from the Erie deep water fisheries are July and August, and the shallow water fishermen to the westward don't get a chance at them until November.

One of the most lamentable facts about the fish of the lakes is that the muskallonge, that king of game fishes, is decreasing in numbers every year. The home of this great fish is in the deep waters of the lakes. It is only when it is on its annual spawning migration to the streams and tributaries of the lakes that the sportsman with rod and line comes in contact with the muskallonge. It ascends those streams to spawn, and when that duty is performed the gigantic pike turns its head homeward again, and seeks once more the depths of the lakes. It is not due to the fishing that the muskallonge is growing rarer every year in the lakes, but to the defilement of the spawning grounds by the sewage of towns and the refuse of manufacturing establishments.

There is something also that is playing hob with the sturgeon of Lake Erie, and one of these days, if the sturgeon fishermen don't mend their ways, they will wake up and find their ugly but valuable fish one of the has-beens. Sturgeon spawn in June along the rocky ledges of the eastern end of the lake and leave deep water the same month. They travel in schools. The favorite method the fishermen have of taking them is by grappling irons. Attaching a far-reaching grappling iron to a long rope, the fisherman throws it overboard and drags it along by rowing. When this overtakes a school of sturgeon the grappler knows it at once by the strike the iron makes on a fish. The line is then drawn up hand over hand, and if the grappling hook fixed itself firmly in the sturgeon the fisherman will probably get his fish aboard. If not, it will tear loose, perhaps mortally hurt. Thousands of sturgeon are killed in this way every year and become a dead loss.

Lake Erie fish have curious migrations. The sturgeon, the blue pike, and many other species regularly leave their spring and early summer haunts toward the end of July, and seek the Canadian shore of the lake, and it will be useless to look for them in their old haunts again until the coming of the fierce November gales. Soon after the first hard sou'wester the blue pike will appear on its old feeding grounds, and the sturgeon be found nosing around again in Sandusky bay.

Fishing in Lake Erie is done with pound and gill nets. The gill net is used almost exclusively by the fishermen at Erie, and, in fact, almost everywhere in the eastern waters. Half the whitefish taken from Lake Erie are caught in gill nets, which is to be regretted, for these nets are doing untold damage to the whitefish supply of the lake, on account, not of the fish they catch, but of the fish that are destroyed and wasted by them. The fish are caught by getting fast in the meshes by their gills, hence the name of the net. The fish thus caught soon die. Whitefish are so delicate that a few hours' delay in removing them from the nets make them worthless. Gill-net fishermen plan to lift their nets every forty-eight hours. Lake Erie is subject to fierce storms that frequently continue for several days, during which it is impossible for nets to be lifted. Thus hundreds of tons of choice whitefish, to say nothing of the other varieties, are held in the nets until they are of no use, and have to be thrown away. This feature of gill-net fishing has done more to lessen the number of whitefish in the lakes than any other one thing. The pound net is used almost exclusively in the western waters of the lake, and with the exception of whitefish a large percentage of the fish taken in Lake Erie are caught in pound nets. This device was introduced on Lake Erie at Dunkirk by a man named McClosky, in 1850. There are now several hundred miles of them stretched along the lake, some of the lines being from ten to fifteen miles in length.

The lake herring is a wonderful variety of fish. In spite of the thousands upon thousands of tons of them that have been taken from Lake Erie in the last few years, they are more abundant than ever, and they are the only lake fish of which that can be said. Sometimes the nets will be so jammed with herring that the market will be knocked galleywest.

It is estimated that 6000 tons of fish are salted along Lake Erie annually, not less than 5000 tons are frozen, and probably 2000 tons are smoked. The amount of fish sold from Lake Erie points fresh, which is principally a local trade, will reach 18,000 tons a year. These figures represent the catch of Lake Erie only. The other lakes west of Erie add something like 50,000 tons to the annual total of the supply. While Lake Erie produces more fish than any of the other lakes, the whitefish of Lake Superior surpass those of Lake Erie in quality—as they do all other whitefish. The lake trout of Lake Superior are also the finest in the world. Lake Michigan produces a close second to Lake Erie in whitefish, and exceeds all the other great lakes in amount of lake trout.

6 per cent Money in bank for any good loan, large or small. Call at once.

Some nice houses to rent cheap.

Do you want to buy a house? We have just what you want.

STEYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

BRITISH PREMIERS.

Men Who Have Filled the Important Position.

Now that the earl of Rosebery has resigned the office of prime minister of Great Britain it may be interesting to look at the list of premiers for the last sixty-eight years, with the dates of their taking office, which is as follows, says the Boston Transcript:

1. April 24, 1827, George Canning, Liberal.
2. Sept. 5, 1827, Viscount Goderich, Liberal.
3. Jan. 25, 1828, Duke of Wellington, Conservative.
4. Nov. 22, 1830, Earl Grey, Liberal.
5. July 18, 1834, Viscount Melbourne, Liberal.
6. Dec. 24, 1834, Sir Robert Peel, Conservative.
7. April 18, 1835, Viscount Melbourne, Liberal.
8. Sept. 6, 1841, Sir Robert Peel, Conservative.
9. July 6, 1846, *Lord J. Russell, Liberal.
10. Feb. 27, 1852, earl of Derby, Conservative.
11. Dec. 28, 1852, earl of Aberdeen, Liberal.
12. Dec. 10, 1855, Viscount Palmerston, Liberal.
13. Feb. 25, 1858, earl of Derby, Conservative, second time.
14. June 18, 1859, Viscount Palmerston, Liberal, second time.
15. Nov. 6, 1865, *Earl Russell, Liberal, Liberal, second time.
16. July 6, 1866, earl of Derby, Conservative, third time.
17. Feb. 27, 1868, B. Disraeli, Conservative.
18. Dec. 9, 1868, W. E. Gladstone, Liberal.
19. Feb. 21, 1874, B. Disraeli, Conservative, second time.
20. April 28, 1880, W. E. Gladstone, Liberal, second time.
21. June 24, 1885, marquis of Salisbury, Conservative.
22. Feb. 1, 1886, W. E. Gladstone, Liberal, third time.
23. July 26, 1886, marquis of Salisbury, Conservative, second time.
24. Aug. 18, 1892, W. E. Gladstone, Liberal, fourth time.
25. March 5, 1894, earl of Rosebery, Liberal.

From the foregoing it will be seen that there have been twenty-five administrations in a little over sixty-eight years. The longest were the second of Viscount Melbourne's and the second of Viscount Palmerston's which were six years and 141 days each. While there have been twenty-five administrations there have been only fourteen prime ministers, as Mr. Gladstone has served four times, the earl of Derby three times, and Viscount Melbourne, Sir Robert Peel, Viscount Palmerston, Earl Russell, B. Disraeli and marquis of Salisbury twice each. Mr. Gladstone has served the longest, more than twelve years, and next to him, Viscount Palmerston, a little over nine years. The Conservatives have been in office about twenty-five and one-half years of the time indicated, and the Liberals about forty-two and one-half years.

*The same man under different titles.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

THE HERALD

Is now being delivered to any camp from the canal to O-at-ka beach.

The largest stock of pianos at Coon's.

ANY SUIT IN THE HOUSE, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY..... $13.50

The BIG DULUTH

The Greatest Purchasing Opportunity Of the Age!

Prices guaranteed the lowest,
Goods guaranteed the best,
And every tenth purchase is yours free.

Howard & Haynie

ORANGE PICNIC!

BY THE ORANGE LODGES OF DULUTH, AT LESTER PARK.

Friday, July 12th.

Addresses will be Delivered by Rev. Dr. Forbes, Rev. M. Larson and others.

Good program of games. No professionals allowed to compete. Refreshments served on the grounds. Good Music. A ten-minute car service for the day.

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

Lodges will assemble at their respective halls at 8:30 a. m. sharp.



Keep It Up

KEEP YOUR GOODS BEFORE THE PUBLIC. THE CONTINUOUS ADVERTISER GETS THE TRADE.

A LITTLE advertising, like a little knowledge, is a dangerous thing. A man who advertises a little bit and then quits is sure to lose his money, and is sure to get erroneous ideas into his head. The first advertising that is done is merely preparatory. It introduces the advertiser to his public; it gains acquaintance for him. After a while he becomes so well known that in reality he is talking to old friends. The words of old friends have much more weight than those of strangers. There is no doubt about that. Anyone can take it right home to himself.

The first few times you meet a man and talk with him, you are taking his measure. You are deciding in your own mind what manner of a man he may be; what he does; what line of business he is in, and whether he is honest or not. It is only after the acquaintance has progressed a little that you give his words much weight.

Advertisements are the representatives of their authors. People become acquainted with a man through his advertisements. Trade comes after acquaintance; not before. The first few ads serve only as a foundation. If you build the cellar walls and quit, you will only have made a hole into which you are pretty sure to fall. ALL THE SUCCESSFUL MERCHANTS OF DULUTH ADVERTISE IN THE EVENING HERALD.

THOMAS F. OAKES, HENRY C. PAYNE and HENRY C. ROUSE, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

THE DIRECT LINE TO CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE, CROOKSTON, GRAND FORKS, WINNIPEG, FARGO, HELENA, BUTTE, SPOKANE, TACOMA, SEATTLE, PORTLAND.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS, ELEGANT DINING CARS, TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Dining Cars on Pacific Express.	Leave Duluth Daily	Arrive Duluth Daily
Pacific Exress for all Minnesota and Dakota points, Winnipeg, Yellowstone Park, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Alaska, San Francisco and all Pacific coast points.	3:45 pm	7:25 am
Chicago Limited for all Wisconsin Central & Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western points, Milwaukee, Chicago and beyond	3:50 pm	11:20 am

For information, time cards, maps and tickets call on or write,

F. E. DONAVAN, City Ticket Agt, 416 West Superior; or CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R

DULUTH SHORT LINE

Trains Leaving and Arriving Duluth.

9:00 *A. M. Daily Except Sunday.* Arriving St. Paul 2:50 p. m.; Minneapolis, 3:15 p. m.; Stillwater 3 p. m., making direct connections with all diverging lines east, south and west.

1:55 *P. M. Daily—The Fast Limited.* Arriving St. Paul 6:25 p. m.; Minneapolis, 6:40 p. m.; Stillwater, 7:10 p. m.; Chicago, 7 a. m.; Omaha, 9 a. m.; Kansas City, 4 p. m.; St. Louis, 8 p. m., connecting with all lines south, east and west. Parlor cars to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chicago, etc.

11:15 *P. M. Daily—Night Express.* Arriving St. Paul 7 a. m.; Minneapolis, 7:15 a. m.; Stillwater, 7:15 a. m.; with sleepers, Duluth and West Superior to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Direct connections with all morning trains east, south and west. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9 p. m.

Trains Arrive Duluth—Day Express, 1:50 p. m.; Fast Limited 6:45 p. m.; Night Express, 6:30 a. m.

For tickets to any point in United States or Canada, sleeping car berths, call at city ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Baggage checked direct from residences. Steamship tickets to and from Europe.

F. B. ROSS, Northern Passenger Agent.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LAST EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

LAST EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1895. THREE CENTS.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Concern.

The BIG DULUTH

Established in 1881.

STORE OPEN TOMORROW NIGHT TILL 10:30.

THE GREATEST EVENT OF YOUR LIFE

FOR FRIDAY
= AND SATURDAY =

ANY SUIT

OF CLOTHES

IN THE HOUSE

$13.50

Minn. Hist'l Society

You know well what this means with us. Our finest Tailor-made Suits at $20, $22, $25, $27, $28 and $30 selling at

Thirteen Fifty.

ENOUGH SAID, WE THINK!

No Coupons given during the months of July and August when our Discounts Sales are in progress.

Williamson & Mendenhall

125 AND 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

FREIMUTH'S

Strong Specials

FOR SATURDAY IN OUR HARDWARE AND CROCKERY DEPARTMENTS . . . .

Water Pitchers-
100 2-quart Decorated Water Pitchers, worth 35c each, Saturday they go at each 19c

Tumblers-
50 dozen Crystal Pressed Glass Water Tumblers handsomely engraved, worth 75c per dozen, Saturday per dozen 39c
☞ One dozen to a customer.

Glass Berry Bowls-
8-inch Crystal-pressed Glass Berry Bowls, imitation of cut glass, worth 25c each, Saturday each 10c

Fruit Plates-
300 Decorated Fancy Plates in Carlsbad, Vienna and French China; regular prices 35c up to 65c each, Saturday, each 25c

Berry Saucers-
300 dozen 4 inch Crystal Glass Berry Saucers, regular price 30c per dozen, Saturday, each 2c

Tea Spoons-
Sterling Silver Plate Co.'s Plate Tea Spoons, Saturday, per set 25c

Baby Carriages-
Clearance Sale Prices reign in our Baby Carriage Department . . .

$ 9.00 Carriages cut to.....	$ 6.95
11.00 Carriages cut to.....	8.95
12.00 Carriages cut to.....	9.75
13.00 Carriages cut to.....	10.50

Clothes Baskets-
Willow Clothes Baskets.

26-inch size, each.....	45c
28-inch size, each.....	49c
32-inch size, each.....	58c

Pott's Irons-
Mrs. Potts' Nickel-plated Sad Irons, 3 irons, handle and stand to set, Saturday, per set 63c

Clothes Wringers-
Metropolitan . . .
Clothes Wringers with 10-inch solid white Rubber Rolls, every Wringer guaranteed, Saturday, each $1.75

Wash Tubs-

No. 1 size Wash Tub	48c
No. 2 size Wash Tub	43c
No. 3 size Wash Tub	35c

Pudding Pans-
Good quality . . .
2-quart tin Pudding Pans, Saturday, each 3c

Ice Cream Freezers-

2-quart Magic Freezer.....	$ 1.50
3-quart Magic Freezer.....	1.83
4-quart Magic Freezer.....	2.25

The Magic Freezer is the only Freezer using the wire-whip dasher. Do not fail to see them.

Hammocks-
Saturday we sell a full-size well-made Sisal Hammock, worth 85c, at each 45c
A full line of Woven Hammocks at Clearance Sale prices.

FREIMUTH'S

SILVER and GOLD===

NEW EDITION OF "CARGILL'S FREAKS IN FINANCE."
DONNELLY'S NEW BOOK AND OTHER NEW WORKS AT

ALBERTSON'S. 330 Hotel St. Louis Blk.

NOMURA

Home Office Minister in the Japanese Cabinet is Very Busy.

Has Established a Rigid Press Censorship and Prohibited Meetings.

Russia's Mood Toward Japan is Now Quite Conciliatory.

San Francisco, July 12.—The steamer Gaelic arrived today with the following Japanese advices: Tokio, June 29.—Viscount Nomura, home minister, is the busiest man in the Japanese cabinet. Foreign affairs, except Corea, demand no immediate attention, and the government is chiefly occupied in devising measures for checking internal political agitations. The methods of Viscount Nomura are far more sweeping and decisive than any previously employed in Japan. He is determined that no newspaper shall continue to assail the administration for alleged failure to sustain the national dignity in the recent difficulty with the three European powers, and that no public meeting shall be held by the parties in opposition with a view of forcing Count Ito and his colleagues out of office.

Press suspensions are enforced at the slightest sign of an intention to overstep the prescribed limitations of editorial criticism. Prominent radical leaders are arrested and brought to trial for endeavoring to organize demonstrations hostile to the government throughout the empire. Count Ito appears to have definitely resolved that he will not resign his post, in obedience to the demand of the populace, and he can probably keep his enemies at a distance until the meeting of parliament in November. Then the real struggle will begin.

Count Inouye has reported the results of his experience as an envoy to Corea and is ready to formulate his opinion with reference to the future policy of Japan in Corea. He will probably advocate continuance of efforts to introduce reforms and build up a respectable system of government, but it is not certain this advice will suit the present disposition of the Japanese ministers of state, some of whom are beginning to look up the regeneration of Corea as a hopeless undertaking. The Japanese people, however, adhere to the conviction that the feeble monarchy must not be abandoned, and will continue the original project.

Count Inouye declares the Japanese residents are to blame for all the existing ill feeling in Corea. The Japanese behavior toward the natives he says is simply intolerable and he does not wonder the Chinese are better liked. As to the Corean government he has little fault to find with its reluctance to institute speedy reforms. Home Minister Faak, who has been accused of especial hospitality to the Japanese, is praised by Inouye as having done nothing but his duty in resisting extravagant demands for impossible privileges. Reports are current of conciliatory advances on the part of Russia towards Japan. There are strong reasons for believing the government at St. Petersburg has instructed its representative in Tokio to address himself to the task of allaying the irritation caused by the recent demonstration against the Japanese territorial scheme at Manchuria, and to discuss plans for restoring cordial relations between the two nations. Russia is said to be willing to explain in a friendly sense her objections to Japanese expansion on the continent, and to give assurances that she will not oppose the growth of the island empire in other directions, but will on the contrary regard such growth with satisfaction. Japan is requested to believe that the interests of her powerful neighbor would be materially served by the consolidation of Japanese strength in the Pacific and that if guarantees can be given that no interference will be attempted in Russia's projects for the development of Siberia, an alliance may be formed on terms mutually beneficial. This proposal, semi-officially conferred, has occupied the attention of the Japanese ministers for several weeks past.

No definite intelligence from the missionaries confined at Cheng Tu has been received. Whether the telegraph lines in the interior of the Gze-Chuan province are really broken or their use is prohibited by the local authorities, is not known, but no dispatches can be transmitted. A report is circulated that the members of the American Baptist mission have escaped to Chung-Kinag and confirmation of this news is eagerly awaited. The apathy of the Tsung Li Yamen in responding to the appeals of speedy action has compelled the consul of France to take a decided step. By his orders four French ships of war have started up the Yang Tse river with instructions to make a forcible demonstration at Nakiang and to proceed to such extremities as the case may demand.

The latest advices from Formosa state that all opposition to the Japanese occupation has subsided. A colored seaman of the United States ship "Yorktown" named Bush has been imprisoned at Nagasaki on a charge of murdering Japanese laborers. The Oaska mint is exclusively occupied in coinage of one yen silver pieces, of which 130,000 are produced daily. The object of this sudden and unusual output is unknown. The silver yen are never needed for domestic circulation in Japan. The Japanese consulate at Shanghai was reopened June 23. Consulates at other Chinese ports will be opened early in July.

BEATEN WITH AN UMBRELLA.

Sedalia, Mo., July 12.—Mrs. Herbert Collins, the wife of a well-known local turf man, entered a billiard room yesterday and commenced raining blows with an umbrella on the head of E. S. Lyon, the owner of the place. Mrs. Collins claims that Lyon has circulated ill reports about her. Lyon escaped from the infuriated woman by running through the back door.

TEACHERS IN DENVER

Listening to Discussions on Many Educational Topics.

Denver, July 12.—At today's session of National Educational association convention, the instruction and improvement of teachers now at work in the schools was the general subject of discussion. Professor Arvin Otis, of the state university, Lawrence, Kan., read a paper on the "Teachers' Institute." "The institute," he said, "is to the teacher what the newspaper is to the ordinary scholar. It has been a means of greatly improving the teachers' institute work, overcomes a sense of isolation, develops interests, disseminates the benefit of personal experience and gives proper emphasis to the ethical and spiritual element in education."

Professor Earl Barnes, of Stanford university, Cal., followed with a paper on "Teachers' Classes." "Difficulties in class work," he said, "are different degrees of ability and training of teachers, and scarcely of good leaders, and the results are often overwork, dissatisfaction and petty jealousies. If properly conducted, teachers' classes enable the superintendents to be generous, introduce the students to the teacher's work, give opportunity for free discussion, develop the give-and-take spirit and give unity and purpose to the work of the school department."

The "Work of the Reading Circle" was treated by T. H. Jones, of Cleveland. "The reading circle," he said, "selects the best books and arranges them in the best order for teachers; furnishes the key and gives suggestions as to its application; it furnishes an immediate and forceful motive for result reading. The fact that a large number of persons are reading on the subject is a great motive for diligent reading. The circle should not be confined to teachers, but should include all who will take up the work, as the enlargement of the circle increases in interest." The papers were discussed by Mrs. A. J. Peavey, state superintendent, of Colorado; James M. Green, New Jersey; N. C. Shafer, state superintendent, of Pennsylvania; and John R. Kirk, state superintendent, of Missouri.

FORFEITED GRANTS.

Duluth & Iron Range Hearing Comes Up Tomorrow.

St. Paul, July 12.—The attorney general this morning granted a hearing to interested parties in the application of the Fergus Falls, Black Hills & Northern Pacific Railroad company for the grant of the old Minneapolis & St. Cloud Railroad company, forfeited by the legislature last winter, the road making the application, which, is now a part of the Northern Pacific system, was granted 100,000 acres of land, but a provision was inserted in the act that the grant should be from lands forfeited by some company, and this is the first opportunity they have had to get the grant.

The Great Northern is opposed to making the grant on the ground that part of the lands are in Otter Tail county and may interfere with some of the grant on its main line. The matter has been taken under advisement by the attorney general, who will render an opinion to Auditor Dunn. Mr. Grover appeared for the Great Northern and Mr. Dudley for the Northern Pacific.

Tomorrow morning the attorney general will hear the charge on the question as to whether the Duluth & Iron Range road has forfeited its grant as claimed by Auditor Dunn.

SMITHS' APPOINTMENT.

Will Be Held Until Sutton's Case is Decided.

St. Paul July 12.—Grain Inspector Clausen, upon his return to St. Paul this morning, confirmed the statement made in these dispatches recently that Representative J. M. Smith is the choice of the grain and warehouse commission to succeed Mr. Fulton as chief deputy at Duluth, but that in view of the fact that the constitutional prohibition against members of the legislature holding office during the term for which they were elected, is to be tested in the courts, his appointment will be held in abeyance until the courts has rendered its decision.

In the meantime, Fulton will retire at the end of his term, Aug. 1, and from that time until the matter is decided in the courts, J. N. Barnard, who has been Fulton's chief assistant, will be in charge as chief deputy.

MURDERED WITH A PICK.

Deming, N. M., July 12.—Intelligence has just been received here that John Quigley, for ten years a resident of Deming, was brutally murdered June 25 near Corritas ranch, Old Mexico, while asleep. The deed was committed with a pick, his head being nearly split in twain. His partner, Bill Davis, is strongly suspected of the crime. Quigley is known to have $800 in gold, a watch and other personal property, which was taken by the murderer. Davis will undoubtedly be captured.

EZETA'S EXPEDITION.

Santa Barbara, Cal., July 12.—The statement that Antonio Ezeta, the banished president of Salvador, was preparing to ship ammunition and arms from this country by way of one of the Santa Barbara channel islands with the purpose of starting another revolution and reinstating himself, gains some credence here on account of recent mysterious doings, as well as significent visit of prominent natives of that country to wealthy revolutionists residing here.

SUNDAY LAW SUSTAINED.

St. Louis, July 12.—The Lancaster barber Sunday closing law has been sustained in the court of criminal correction, a fine of $25 being assessed against a barber for keeping open on Sunday, June 23. The case was bitterly contested and an appeal was taken.

APPEAR TO BE FIGHTING YET.

Yokohama, July 12.—Seven hundred Chinese attacked Kisenchu, on the island of Formosa, on July 10. Two hundred of them were killed and many captured. On the Japanese side the loss was 11 men.

REISSUE OF PENSION.

Washington, July 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—A reissue of pension was today granted to Samuel Wells, of West Duluth.

ADMITS THE THEFT.

Tacoma, Wash., July 12.—Chief of Police Smith returned from Hope, Idaho, today with Edwin S. Osborne, who admits having stolen his aunt's diamonds last week. Osborne is 20 years old and has been reared in luxury. He will be kept in jail until his relatives here can be heard from.

INNOCENT

Mrs. McDonald and Husband are Victims of a Conspiracy.

Report From San Francisco that She Had Taken $100,000 and Fled.

Her Denial and Story of a Remarkable Political Plot.

San Francisco, July 12.—Richard McDonald, Jr., who has been in jail for over a year, awaiting trial on a charge of wrecking the Pacific bank, of which he was president, is in more trouble. His wife, who has been very devoted to him during his imprisonment, is said to have fled to Europe and taken with her $100,000 with which McDonald hoped to regain his liberty.

McDonald expresses the belief that his wife will return, otherwise he will be left penniless to defend himself against the array of charges made against him. Mrs. McDonald formerly resided in St. Louis, where she was the wife of James B. Charlton, a prominent railroad man, who died a few years ago.

MRS. M'DONALD'S STORY.

St. Louis, July 12.—Mrs. Elise McDonald, reported to have fled from San Francisco with $100,000 belonging to her husband, Richard H. McDonald, Jr., was located here today. She is stopping with her sister-in-law, Mrs. John Charlton, at 2608 North Garrison avenue. At first she would not admit her identity, but after reading the report of her alleged flight she acknowledged that she was the wife of Richard H. McDonald. She then said: "Let me explain everything to you, since I have disclosed my identity. In the first place the report that I have fled with my husband's money is untrue. I have not handled any of his money for three months, and then the amount was not more than $5000. This is all that was ever entrusted to me for defending my husband."

She related the story of her first meeting with McDonald in 1890 and told of their marriage in 1893. "Three months after our marriage," she continued, "the trouble came on. Richard H. McDonald, Sr., my father-in-law, went to New York and then sent for us." She said: "When we arrived there he asked my husband to take me and go abroad. My husband said 'no,' that he was innocent and would go back to San Francisco and stand trial. Then his father begged him to go and even offered to pay our expenses. But still my husband refused, and the result was that we went back to San Francisco. His father remained in New York. Then followed my husband's arrest and all of this trouble of which I know nothing. I am totally ignorant of my husband's financial dealings, therefore I am not in a position to talk of them, but I know that my husband is innocent of the charge against him and is the victim of a political conspiracy. That is why his father wanted him to go abroad, as he said there were enemies in San Francisco who would resort to any means to pull us down.

"The conspiracy, or as much as I understand of it, was this: There was a plot gotten up by some politicians to secure chief justices' seats. The McDonalds were a power in San Francisco at that time, as their bank controlled millions, and they had other dealings outside of financial ones. The politicians set to work and without any good reason appointed a receiver for the bank. They declared it had gone under through the fraudulent dealings of the McDonald family, and would have arrested my husband, his father and my brother-in-law at once had they not fled. Frank V. McDonald, my brother-in-law, went to Japan. Now it is said that he took $60,000 belonging to the bank with him. That is false. Only three months ago I had to cable him $250, though he never received it. One of our lawyers received the money from me, but never sent it. Attorney Livingston, who is assisting in the defense, is doing so for nothing. He simply went into the case to try and make a reputation. This is our side of the charges against my husband."

Mrs. McDonald declares that she has not got a cent of money outside of actual living expenses. When the reporter called she was attired in a wrapper and engaged in cleaning the house. "It seems probable," she remarked sarcastically, "that I would be doing this if I had $100,000, does it not?" Mrs. McDonald says she will leave for San Francisco in a few days to be present at the trial.

CRUSHED BY LOGS.

St. Paul, July 12.—A Grantsburg, Wis., special to the Dispatch says James Kelligan, a young man from Chippewa Falls, who was foreman of Fleming's landing, twenty-four miles north of here, was killed last night and his remains have been brought here. A chain around the middle of a load of logs became fastened, and it was necessary to cut it. Kelligan stood on top of the load and, as he cut the chain, was caught in the rolling logs and instantly killed.

REFORMATORY IMPROVEMENTS.

St. Cloud, Minn., July 12.—Work on the excavation for the new cell house at the reformatory, for which an appropriation was made by the last legislature, commenced today. The building will be of granite, 155 feet in length, sixty feet wide and containing 130 cells.

STERNBERG IS DEAD.

Chicago, July 12.—H. M. Sternberg, who was shot by Charles Gorman, the robber, while the latter was attempting to escape from the police Monday night, died at St. Luke's hospital today. Sternberg was in the crowd watching the fleeing robber and was struck by a bullet aimed at a policeman just before the desperado was shot dead at the entrance to the Auditorium.

SATURDAY!

At the Glass Block Store

WILL BE MADE A VERY INTERESTING ONE TO OUR PATRONS.

Are You in Shape?

To take advantage of the Bargains we offer you here. If you are not we would advise you to prepare yourself before tomorrow morning. **BARGAINS** like the following are a rarity and can only be found at

PANTON & WATSON'S.

The Great Silk Sale
Still continues. The crowds grow greater every day. Come and see the bargains.
About 650 pieces different lengths ranging from 2 to 20 yards, well worth $1.50, $1.25 and $1.00. Take your choice at clearance sale price.. 39c
15 pieces all wool Mohair black dress goods, all new designs, former price $1.00. Saturday at..... 50c

Wash Goods.
50 pieces Cotton Challies, light and dark grounds, some houses ask 7c to 8c. Saturday at..... 3c
Come early. Only 50 pieces at this price.
Great clearing up of light Wash Goods. 100 pieces Figured Dimities, Dotted Swisses, Fancy Jaconets, beautiful Lawns and odds and ends of every description, worth 25c to 35c. Saturday you buy them at.... 12½c

Cloak Dept.
Great Shirt Waist Sale for Saturday.
48c—Good Calico Waists with full sleeves, former price 75c. now..... 48c
75c—Fine Percale Waists, very full sleeves, worth $1.00 and $1.25, for..... 75c
98c—Choice of our fine Madras cloth, Chambray and Percale waists, former prices $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75, for..... 98c

Duck Suits.
The largest assortment in town to select from at the lowest prices.
$1.59—Stylish Blazer Suits in light or dark colors, worth $2.00, for $1.59
$1.89—Pretty Eton Suits, made of heavy duck cloth, very full sleeves, in dark or light colors, worth $2.75. for..... $1.89
$2.35—Handsome Linen Duck Suits, blazer Jacket, full sleeves and skirts, worth $3.50. Your choice for..... $2.25
See our new line of handsome Pique Suits. Just received.
Special sale of Wrappers for Saturday at 65c, 75c and 95c. Great Bargains.
Ladies' Cotton Underskirts at 39c. 69c. 95c and $1.25, worth double.

Children's Wash Dresses.
95c—Fine Chambray, Gingham and Percale Dresses for ages 4 to 14 years, worth from $1.25 to $2. All go for..... 95c
Boys' Blouse and Shirt Waists go for 25c, 35c and..... 50c
BOYS' PANTS—Special bargains at 35c, 48c and..... 75c

Gents' Furnishings.
Jersey Ribbed Underwear—worth 75c, Saturday 50c
Lace Striped Balbriggan—worth $1.00, Saturday..... 75c
German Natural Wool Underwear, worth $1.75, Saturday..... $1.25
New Teck and 4-in-Hand Ties, worth 50c, Saturday..... 25c

For Saturday.

Crockery Dept.
Fruit Jars for Immediate Delivery.
One pint size..... 65c per doz
One quart size..... 75c per doz
Two quart size..... 95c per doz

Hardware Dept.
Lightning Ice Cream Freezers.
Two quart size..... $1.49
Three quart size..... $1.69
Four quart size..... $2.19
Six quart size..... $2.69
Eight quart size..... $3.39
Ten quart size..... $4.50

Millinery Dept.
Sweeping reductions in Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery . . . .
10 cases ladies' untrimmed Sailors in black, navy and brown, worth 25c, for..... 10c
19c—Ladies' untrimmed Sailors in fine Milan straw, worth 45c; your choice for..... 19c
25c—Choice of Ladies' and Misses' untrimmed shapes, worth 50c, 75c and 85c, for..... 25c

Ladies' Trimmed Hats.
Lot 1—$1.50—Hats worth $2.75 to $3.50..... $1.50
Lot 2—$2.50—Hats worth $4 to $6..... $2.59
Lot 3—$3.50—Hats worth $6.50 to $8.50..... $3.50
Lot 4—$4.50—Hats worth $9 to $11..... $4.50
Lot 5—$5.50—Hats worth $12 to $15..... $5.50

Linen Dept.
100 dozen hem-stitched huck and knotted fringe Damask Towels, worth 20c, Saturday..... 12½c
One case full-size Bed Spreads, Marseilles patterns, worth $1.25, Saturday..... 85c
10 pieces 60-in. Silver Bleached Damask, "soft finish," worth 75c, for Saturday..... 50c
60 pieces 32-in. Dotted Swiss, in pin dots and figures, sold at 35c, 40c and 50c, your choice Saturday..... 25c

Items of Interest
In Various Departments.
Ladies' Richelieu Ribbed French Lisle Hose, worth 75c; Saturday half price..... 37½c
Ladies' White Kid Gloves—All sizes 4-button, value $1; Saturday..... 69c
Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth 10c, for..... 5c
Silk Chiffons—Regular price 85c, 75c, 65c, 50c, 45c; pick.... 25c
Our entire stock of Novelty Neckwear, exactly..... HALF PRICE.
Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs—worth 50, for..... 25c
Umbrellas—Formerly sold at $7.50, $8.50, $8.75 and $10; pick..... $5.00
Silk Mitts—The 39c kind, Saturday..... 25c
White Rose Perfumery—worth 50c, Saturday, per oz.. 25c
Toilet Soap—The 5 and 10c kinds on sale Saturday per dozen..... 39c
Picture Frames—The 50c, 65c and 75c ones, all..... 25c
Laces—Assorted kinds... ... 10c, 15c, 25c and 3
All worth double.

Shoe Department.
Ladies you are actually losing money when you do not buy Curtiss & Wheeler's $5 Shoes for... $2.98
Only 3 dozen pairs of those fine Dongola "Juliets" left, they all go at..... $1.48
200 pairs fine Dongola hand-turned Oxfords in opera and square toes, been selling at $1.25 and $1.50, Saturday price 98c
150 pairs Misses' Dongola patent leather tip Oxfords, regular $1.50 grade, Saturday..... 98c
Gentlemen, if you want a nice light "Vici Kid" Shoe with a patent leather tip, buy our $2.75 Shoe, Saturday only..... $1.98
Your choice of any of our $3.50 and $4.00 Russet Shoes Saturday for..... $2.98
Our stock of "Hanans" grows smaller every day; they are gold dollars for fifty cents when you buy them at..... $2.75

GREAT SALE OF CUT FLOWERS

SATURDAY.

Store Open Until 10 p. m.

Panton & Watson.

UP EARLY

Christian Endeavorers in Boston Awoke With the Sun Today.

Early Services Attended by Thousands in the Various Churches.

Presentation of Prize Banners and Other Matters of Proceedings.

Boston, July 12.—The third day of the fourteenth international Christian Endeavor convention opened with ideal weather. Despite the immense amount of energy expended by the delegates at the great meetings of yesterday and the greater meetings of last evening, thousands of them were up with the sun this morning making their way to thirty churches in the city and vicinity to attend the early prayer meetings that began at 6:30 and lasted forty-five minutes. All of the churches were well filled at these early meetings, and it is estimated that fully 20,000 persons participated in them. Besides the delegates many residents of the city attended before beginning the exercises of the day.

Some of the largest meetings were those in the Park street church, near Boston common, the Shaumut Congregational church, the Old South Congregational church and the old Baptist and North avenue Baptist churches in Cambridge. After the church meetings rallies and song services were held in the streets in many parts of the city, and hundreds of people on their way to work stopped to participate in them. Many delegates who did not attend the morning meetings were astir early, bent on sightseeing, and went singly or in small battalions to the various points of interest about the city.

The morning sessions of the convention in tents Williston and Endeavor, and in Mechanics' hall, were attended by the same great hosts that were there yesterday. Before 9 o'clock a throng crowded the steps at the entrance to Mechanics' hall, singing Endeavor songs while they awaited admission. On the common the scene was duplicated. As on yesterday, hundreds were unable to secure admittance at the hall and later repaired to the tents. The sessions this forenoon partook more of a business character than their predecessors, interesting reports of the information committees and reports from the denominational meetings taking up an hour meetings. Features of the sessions were the presentation of the state banner for the largest proportionate number of local societies, made by Rev. Wayland Hoyt, of Minneapolis, in Mechanics' hall; of the state banner for the greatest absolute gain in the number of societies, by Rev. F. E. Hamilton, of New London, Mass., in tent Williston, and of the junior state banners for the greatest proportionate and greatest actual gain in the number of societies, by Rev. J. F. Cowan, D.D., of Pittsburg, in tent Endeavor.

Addresses on the principles of Christian Endeavor were made at Mechanics' hall by Rev. Knight Chaplin, D.D., of London, and Rev. O. Smith, D.D., of Evansville, Ind.; in tent Endeavor by Rev. J. L. Lamont, of Belfast, Ireland, and Rev. S. P. Rose, D.D., of Montreal. Owing to the international fame of the speakers these addresses attracted much attention. The open debates on live Endeavor topics at each of the meetings were earnestly participated in and were interesting features. The address of President E. A. Turner, D.D., of Lincoln, Ill., whose subject was "I ought, therefore I can," delivered in Mechanics' building, which was heartily received and produced much enthusiasm. The praise and prayer services at the morning meetings were not a bit less earnest than they have been since the convention opened, and with the chorus singing will continue to be the great inspiration at the gatherings.

BLOCKS THE PLAN.

Reorganization of Kansas City Road May be Stopped.

New York, July 12.—A judgment has been granted in the supreme court by Judge Patterson overruling the demurrers which are interposed to the complainant in the action brought by James H. French to have the scheme for the reorganization of the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City railroad declared illegal and void. French is the owner of 100 first mortgage bonds of the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City, and the first mortgage bonds of the Minnesota & Northwestern Railroad company.

He brought this action over a year ago to have the plan of the reorganization of the St. Paul & Kansas City by the lease to the Great Western railroad, and the substitution of the stock of the Great Western railroad for the securities of the St. Paul company, and the Northwestern company adjudged illegal and the lease declared void. Demurrers were interposed to the complaint upon the ground that the court had no jurisdiction; that the suit to obtain the relief demanded could only be maintained by the trustees of the mortgages, and that the complaint did not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

Judge Patterson overruled these demurrers, holding that the complaint does state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action, and that Mr. French is entitled to a judgment overruling the demurrers and giving leave to the defendant companies to withdraw the demurrers and answer the complaint. If this is not done, then a judgment may be entered declaring the scheme of reorganization illegal, and also the lease which was executed on June 3, 1892, between the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City and the Chicago and Great Western, together with the trust deeds made with the Manhattan Trust company, and enjoining any steps from being taken under the proposed plan of reorganization.

DELICATE WOMEN
Should Use BRADFIELD'S
Female Regulator
It is a superb Tonic and exerts a wonderful influence in strengthening her system by driving through the proper channel all impurities. Health and strength are guaranteed to result from its use.
My wife was bedridden for eighteen months, after using BradField's Female Regulator for two months is getting well.
J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
Sold by all Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

CHATTANOOGA PARK.

Great Gathering of Notables Will Attend the Dedication.

Washington, July 12.—Indications here point to a very large attendance of men of national prominence on the occasion of the dedication of the national military park at Chattanooga in September next. At the last session of congress provision was made for the participation of the national government in the ceremonies, the president, the heads of the executive departments, the supreme court, the heads of the army and navy, the committees of both houses of congress.

The details providing for the entertainment of the congressional committees were left to the sergeant-at-arms of the senate, who on July 1 sent forty invitations to the senators and members constituting the joint committee. He has received responses to a large number of these invitations, and in all cases except one has obtained assurance of the intention of the persons designated to attend.

Seven members of the senate participated in the battles in the vicinity of Chattanooga, and they are among the members of that body who are expected to take part in the dedicatory exercises.

SLEEPS IN A COFFIN.

Curious Habits of an Educated Oakland Man.

Oakland, Cal., July 12.—Professor Henry Kraus, of this city, seer, musician and physician, eats no meat, sleeps in a coffin instead of a bed, with only a scant blanket to cover him, and says that when he dies, his spirit will penetrate into the future and read the destiny of the human race. Kraus seems to be an educated up to date citizen, and talks plausibly in defense of his peculiar habits. He says his habits and spiritual achievements are all based upon strictly scientific principles. His coffin bed is constructed of rough pine boards. He says that the custom of sleeping on soft beds is responsible for much of the enervation in modern civilization. A hard, unyielding couch, he declares, is conducive to rugged health.

As for the coffin part of the program, Professor Krause says it is a daily reminder of the brevity of life, and is helpful, in that it enables him at night to concentrate his mind upon the invisible world. If it were practicable, he says he would go naked. He has a great admiration for Capt. Von Schmidt, who, without clothing, braves wind and rain on the Oakland estuary, and who is one of the most robust men in California. Professor Krause built six coffins for his children to sleep in, but they continue to repose on spring mattresses. He has succeeded, however, in getting some of them to adopt his vegetarian diet.

Baseball Yesterday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 5; Brooklyn, 4; ten innings.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 9; New York, 15.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 9.

At Chicago—Chicago, 3; Baltimore, 13.

At Louisville—Louisville, 2; Boston, 2; sixteen innings.

This game was one of the most remarkable played for several seasons. For the eight nine innings not a score was made on either side. Darkness put an end to the game which will be played out later.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 13; St. Paul, 8; seven innings.

At Detroit—Detroit, 15; Minneapolis, 2.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 7; Milwaukee, 11.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6; Terre Haute, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Baltimore	57	35	22
Pittsburg	67	40	27
Boston	58	34	24
Chicago	70	40	30
Cincinnati	63	36	27
Philadelphia	60	33	27
Brooklyn	62	33	29
New York	62	31	31
Washington	58	23	35
St. Louis	63	22	41
Louisville	60	11	49

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Indianapolis	60	39	21
Detroit	61	34	27
Kansas City	62	34	28
Milwaukee	62	32	30
Minneapolis	60	27	33
Grand Rapids	61	26	38
Terre Haute	60	23	37

HER ESTATE SETTLED.

San Francisco, July 12.—The public administrator has rendered his final account of the estate of May Brooken, the actress who committed suicide in this city a year ago on account of the death in New York of Fred Lovecraft, her lover. Besides $62.50 in cash the estate consists of a gold watch and other jewelry, five shares of the stock of Thompson Hydraulic company, of New ark, N. J., value unknown, and some books and papers. A draft for $400 drawn in favor of the deceased is in the possession of the Crocker Woolworth bank, and the bank book of the deceased with the Garfield National bank is in the possession of the administrator. The only heirs of the deceased are her brother, V. Crocker and May Crocker, both of whom live at Rosseau, County Wexford, Ireland.

MONUMENT FOR FREMONT.

New York, July 12.—The associated pioneers of the territorial days of California have issued a call to the late Gen. John C. Fremont's friends for funds to erect a suitable monument over the soldier's grave. The committee having the matter in charge is headed by Rear Admiral Richard W. Meade, U. S. N.

CHOLERA IN JAPAN.

Washington, July 12.—Reports received by the surgeon general of the marine hospital service do not confirm the unofficial statements concerning the prevalence of cholera to any alarming extent in Japan. The reports come by mail and are to the effect that up to June 10 there had been no cases at Nagaski, and none at Yokohama up to April 6. There had been fifteen cases at Osaka, and Hiago together, up to June 15.

EXPOSED TO SMALL POX.

Cleveland, July 12.—Five cases of small pox have developed in the family of David Reece, a tin worker at Aetnaville, Ohio, one child has died and half the people in the village attended the funeral, not knowing the nature of the disease.

Tired women need to have their blood purified and enriched by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will give them strength and health. 11

MURDER

Peter Winter Surrenders to the Police at Bridgeport, Conn.

Drives to the Police Station With the Body of His Victim.

Strange Revelation of a Killing on Account of Hard Cider.

Bridgeport, Conn., July 12.—Peter Winter entered the police station here last night and said: "I want to give myself up! I have killed a man! Go outside and you will see the body!"

An officer stepped out and found a horse and phaeton in the street, in the phaeton were a man and woman sitting bolt upright, between them was a corpse. The mouth was open and blood was dripping from a wound. The man was Charles Butler and the woman Mrs. Callaghan; the corpse was that of the latter's son by her first husband, Butler, and Mrs. Callaghan said the murder had been committed in the town of Trumbull. They had ridden to the city by moonlight holding the dead man between them while Winter sat on the stiffened knees of the corpse and drove.

The body was taken to the morgue and Winter was locked up. At the inquest he was bound over. Winter is 65 years old, a farmer and of good reputation. For several years he has employed Butler on his farm. The agreement was that Butler should receive part of his salary in hard cider. Butler had worked two weeks and had already drunk the supply of hard cider. He demanded more. Winter refused to give him any more. While Farmer Winter was asleep, Butler entered and struck him. Winter ran to an outbuilding, Butler following. Winter dodged back into the house.

Mrs. Winter and all the witnesses but one stated that Winter seized a hickory stick and struck Butler across the chest. Another hired man named Buck, however, said that Winter struck Butler with an iron bar in the chest and afterwards on the head. Butler was knocked insensible. Winter and his wife tried to revive him, but failing they placed him in the phaeton and drove to Butler's home. Before they arrived he died.

HUMAN JAWS.

Something About the Force Exerted in Eating Food.

Dr. G. V. Black, a dentist of Jacksonville, Fla., has made some interesting experiments upon the force exerted by the human jaws in the ordinary mastication of food, and also the greatest force which the jaws are capable of exerting.

By means of a spring instrument says the Scientific American, provided with a registering device he took records of about 150 "bites" of different persons. Of these, fifty have been preserved as characteristic of the ordinary man, woman and child. The smallest pressure recorded was thirty pounds, by a little girl 7 years old. This was with the incisors. Using her molars the same child exerted a force of sixty-five pounds. The highest record was made by a physician of 35. The instrument used only registered 270 pounds, and he simply closed it without apparent effort. There was no method of determining how far above 270 pounds he could have gone. This test was made with the molars. Several persons exceeded a force of 100 pounds with the incisors and 200 with the molars. The physical condition of the persons experimented upon seems to have little bearing upon the result. Dr. Black is of the opinion that the condition of the peridental membranes is the controlling factor, rather than muscular strength.

Dr. Black found that, in the habitual chewing of food, much more force is exerted than is necessary. In chewing a piece of beefsteak, the crushing point of which was from 40 to 45 pounds, from 60 to 80 pounds stress was actually employed at each thrust of the teeth. The principal articles of food tested had crushed points as follows: Steak, 40 to 45 pounds; Mutton chops, 35 to 40 pounds; broiled ham, 45 to 60 pounds; roast beef, 45 to 60 pounds; pork chops, 20 to 25 pounds, and the choicest parts of cold boiled beef tongue, 3 to 5 pounds. The tougher parts of beef and mutton required a crushing force of 90 pounds in some instances.

ORANGE PARADE IN BOSTON.

Boston, July 12.—Over 1500 members of the various Orange lodges in Massachusetts participated in the annual parade of the order in this city today in observation of the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne. At the head of the procession was a detail of fifty policemen. The rear was covered by another detail of fifty policemen. No hostile demonstration was made by the spectators, and the "little red school house" which was one of the features of the parade received only slight recognition. The lodges took trains for Highland Grove, where the games and festivities were held.

ALONE ON THE OCEAN.

New York, July 12.—The sailboat Richard K. Fox, Capt. McCallum, which left this port on June 13 bound for Queenstown, was spoken on the night of July 9 in lat. 41.21, long. 59.28, 652 miles east of Sandy Hook, by the North German Lloyd steamer Wittenkind, which arrived today from Bremen. Capt. Cuppers, of the Wittenkind, hailed the skipper, who replied "all well."

CAPT. WYCKOFF DEAD.

Ithaca, N. Y., July 12.—A dispatch has been received here stating that Capt. Wyckoff, of the firm of Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, died suddenly at his summer home on Carlton Island, Thousand Islands.

MURDER TRIAL BEGUN.

Keysville, Va., July 12.—The Marble-Polk murder trial began at Tunneberg court house today. The prisoners were escorted by militia to the court room. There is a large attendance of citizens and feeling is at a high tension.

DRIED FRUITS.

Germany is Discriminating Against Those from America.

Washington, July 12.—The stringent relations regarding the importation into Germany of American products have again been brought to the attention of the agricultural department by a report on dried fruits in the German empire. Shippers of these fruits are given warning of the severe restrictions imposed by Germany which the department views as commercial rather than hygenic and merely intended to shut out American trade. The report cites a recent court trial at Frankfort-on-the-Main, to determine whether these dried apples or "ring apples" were impure and injurious to the health, and subject to seizure under the provisions of the pure food law.

Government experts testified that they were sprinkled with a tinge of acetate of zinc, to give them a bright color and more inviting appearance. Apples so sprinkled, they claimed, brought on indigestion, dyspepsia and vomiting. The American goods were ordered destroyed as unwholesome. The report urges that exporters of these fruits thoroughly understand that it is immaterial how little zinc is found, as the presence of any amount warrants confiscation of the goods. Exporters are further advised that if they wish to increase the trade with Germany, they should be careful not to dry the fruit on zinc grates but to use grates made of canes.

The department of agriculture says they are confident if any zinc is introduced in the fruits, the amount is infinitely small and cannot be injurious. It is denied that the practice exists here of drying the fruits on zinc plates, as claimed by Germany, and the warning to discontinue the galvanized iron trays used for drying is intended to do away with any possibility of introducing the zinc and thus giving opportunity for foreign criticism on that score.

AS SANDERS SEES IT

Better Times in Montana---The Presidential Possibilities.

Chicago, July 12.—Ex-Senator Sanders, of Montana, is in the city. In an interview he said: We are seeing better times in Montana and all through the Northwest. Business is picking up. We have been forced to adjust ourselves to new conditions, and this in itself was good for us. The free silver talk by newspapers and demagogues is something wearying. There is not a newspaper between Minneapolis and the Pacific coast that is not full of the cries "16 to 1," "the crime of '73," "oppression to the poor," "international agreement," "John Sherman," etc., and they are full of all the rest of the rot. Religious papers are also devoting space to the discussion.

"There is an attempt by some free coinage men to boom Don Cameron for president, but it is unsuccessful. I should say the sentiment is divided between McKinley and Reed, with McKinley a trifle the stronger. There is some talk about Morton and some of Allison. Mr. Harrison made a good president, but I think the Montana people rather hold to the idea that one term is enough."

HARRISON'S WISHES.

No More Presidency for Him---Prefers the Senate.

New York, July 12.—A local paper says in an account of the visit of Ex-President Harrison to New York: "It was reported in this city that Gen. Harrison had taken to the political woods and ox teams cannot drag him to the Republican nomination for president. This announcement is reported to come from the ex-president himself, through the voice of Ex-District Attorney Chambers, of Indianapolis, in conversation with Republican leaders in this city. It is given out that Mr. Harrison, however, would not decline a seat in the United States senate."

PENSION DECISIONS.

Washington, July 12.—In the pension appeal case of G. W. Keith, of Rhode Island, who was wounded in the right foot in the war, and whose leg was amputated Dec. 25, 1886, Assistant Secretary Reynolds, of the interior department decides that the soldier was entitled to $45 a month from the date of the amputation, regardless of the date of medical examination. In two other cases Mr. Reynolds holds that the father of the deceased soldier has no claim to the dependent pension during the life time of the soldier's mother, or if she be married again, and that a soldier's mother who marries again after his death loses her pensionable status.

THE "NONPAREIL" A WRECK.

Vancouver, B. C., July 12.—Jack Dempsey, the ex-champion pugilist, passed through the city today en route to Pratt, Ore., where he will reside in the future. Dempsey is a physical wreck and looks as though he had but a short time to live. During the journey he fainted more than once, and but for the presence of a lady doctor traveling on the same train it is doubtful if he would have arrived alive. Dempsey had to be carried from the train to the steamer and his haggard appearance caused general comment.

A CUBAN'S SAD ENDING.

Waco, Tex., July 12.—The remains found half eaten by buzzards in a corn field near McGregor were those of Capt. Stephen V. Blake, who was exiled from Cuba for writing a letter in 1868 to New ork parties intimating that a fillbustering party at that time might be successful. His property in Cuba was confiscated and he came here and earned a living as a mechanic. He was making his way across the country on foot to Crawford, where a home had been offered, and became lost, and being famished he devoured green corn which killed him.

VAN LEUVEN'S CONDITION.

Vinton, Iowa, July 12.—United States Attorney General Harmon has authorized District Attorney Sells to have an examination made of George M. Van Leuven, who is confined in the Iowa penitentiary at Las Aminmas. He left last night accompanied by a physician. This examination is the result of the persistent reports that Van Leuven is about to die.

BANK WRECKER INDICTED.

Keokuk, Iowa, July 12.—In the federal court here E. R. Cassett, late president and alleged wrecker of the First National bank of Pella, Iowa, has been indicted for the embezzlement of $60,000. It is expected he will plead guilty.

VANCOUVER EXPORTS.

Victoria, B. C., July 12.—The report of the United States consul shows that the exports from Vancouver island to the United States for the year ending June 30 amounted to $2,500,000. The value of coal exported amounted to $1,900,000 while gold bullion is next with a total of $325,000.

The Only Remedy in the World that Refunds Purchase Price if it Fails to Cure the Tobacco Habit in 4 to 10 Days is

Narcoti-Cure

It Cures While You Continue the Use of Tobacco.

The greatest discovery of the age!

A certain, pleasant, permanent cure.

A lifetime's suffering ended for $5.00.

Why smoke and spit your life away? Why suffer from dyspepsia, heartburn and drains on your vital forces?

Stop using tobacco, but stop the right way! Drive the nicotine from your system by the use of this wonderful remedy!

Narcoti-Cure is warranted to remove all desire for tobacco in every form, including Cigar, Cigarette and Pipe smoking, Chewing and snuff taking.

Use all the tobacco you want while under treatment, and in from four to ten days your "hankering" and "craving" will disappear—the weed won't taste good. Then throw away tobacco forever.

Narcoti-Cure is entirely vegetable and free from injurious ingredients. It never fails to give tone and new vigor to the weakest constitution.

Remember Narcoti-Cure doesn't deprive you of tobacco while effecting a cure; doesn't ask you to buy several bottles to be entitled to a guarantee; doesn't require a month's treatment; and, finally, doesn't enable you to stop togacco only to find yourself a slave to the habit of tablet chewing.

With Narcoti-Cure, when you are through with tobacco you are through with the remedy. One bottle cures.

Send for book of prominent testimonies like the following:

Huntington, Mass., March 18, 1895.
The Narcoti Chemical Co.,
Springfield, Mass.

Gentlemen:—I have used tobacco for over twenty-five years, chewing and smoking every day from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., stopping only for meals.

On Monday, February 4, I called at your office in Springfield and bought a bottle of the Cure, which I used as directed, and on the tenth day the desire for tobacco had left me and it has not returned. I did not lose a meal while taking the Cure. My appetite has improved and I consider Narcoti-Cure a grand thing.

Very respectfully,
CHAS. I. LINCOLN.

Mr Frank H. Morton, of Chicopee Falls, Mass., late inspector of public buildings for Massachusetts, says:

I used tobacco for twenty-five years and was a confirmed smoker. In just eight days' treatment with Narcoti-Cure I was through with tobacco; in fact the desire for tobacco vanished like a dream.

Very respectfully,
FRANK H. MORTON.

If your druggist is unable to give full particulars about Narcoti-Cure, send to us for Book of Particulars free, or send $5.00 for bottle by mail.

THE NARCOTI CHEMICAL CO, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS,
The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILL ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies.
Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., - Cleveland, Ohio.
Sold in Duluth by Smith & Smith, 101 West Superior Street.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John M. Caplis and Anna Caplis, his wife, mortgagors, to the Penn Land and Loan Company, (a corporation) mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of April, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the fifth day of May, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 119 of mortgages, on page 167.

Such default consisting in the non-payment of the semiannual installments of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage which installments became due on the 28th day of October, 1894, and on the 28th day of April, 1895, respectively, by reason whereof the said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to it given in said mortgage, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and is due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred nineteen and 83-100 (519 83-100) dollars and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: lots seven (7) to twelve (12) inclusive, in block fourteen (14), in Kimberley and Stryker's Addition to Duluth, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the said register of deeds, said premises being situated in the said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the 12th day of August, 1895, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 28th, 1895.
PENN LAND AND LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
M'GIFFERT & M'CAFFREY and
CHARLES P. CRAIG,
Attorneys for mortgagee,
210 Herald Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
June-28-July-5-12-19-26-Aug-2.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of three hundred ninety-five and 40-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by R. H. Rathbun, mortgagor, to George Ross, mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of June, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 17th day of July, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 70 of mortgages on page 488; and whereas said default constitutes a default in the conditions of said mortgage and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number eleven (11), in block number thirteen (13), in Harrison's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 29th day of July, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated June 6th, 1895.
GEORGE ROSS,
Mortgagee.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
June-7-14-21-28-July-5-12

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John M. Caplis and Anna Caplis, his wife, mortgagors, to the Penn Land and Loan Company, (a corporation) mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of April, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the fifth day of May, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 119 of mortgages, on page 163.

Such default consisting in the non-payment of the semiannual installments of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage which installments became due on the 28th day of October, 1894, and on the 28th day of April, 1895, respectively, by reason whereof the said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to it given in said mortgage, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and is due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred nineteen and 83-100 (519 83-100) dollars; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: lots one (1) to six (6) inclusive, in block fourteen (14), in Kimberley and Stryker's Addition to Duluth, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the said register of deeds, said premises being situated in the said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the 12th day of August, 1895, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 28th, 1895.
PENN LAND AND LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
M'GIFFERT & M'CAFFREY and
CHARLES P. CRAIG,
Attorneys for mortgagee,
210 Herald Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
June-28-July-5-12-19-26-Aug-2.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Five hundred and thirty-five and 52-100 ($535.52) dollars is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a mortgage made by Per Erick Bjorkland and Charlotte Bjorkland, his wife, mortgagors, to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date Dec. 5, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, Dec. 7, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 60 of mortgages on page 188. By reason of default in the payment of said mortgage notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, viz: The westerly one-half of lot three hundred and sixty-four (364), of block one hundred and sixty-eight (168), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, which sale will be made at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth in said county and state on the 20th day of July, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., at public vendue, to pay said debt and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 7, 1895.
ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, a corporation,
Mortgagee.
CHAS. C. TEARE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
202 Palladio building,
Duluth, Minn.
June-7-14-21-28-July5-12.

IF YOU WISH TO—
DRINK.....
A Choice, Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing glass of Beer—call for
FITGER'S BEER

CLOSING
OUT SALE.

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Dry Goods, Shoes and Groceries to be sacrificed at less than half their value.

Choice patent Flour, $2.00; best patent Flour, $2.10 per 100; choice family Flour, $1.85 per 100.

CHOICE NEW POTATOES, 75c PER BU.

Good old Potatoes, 40c to 50c per bu; 45 lbs choice Oatmeal for $1.00, 50 chests choice new Teas, 8c, 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c per lb, half price; 5000 lbs choice Coffees, 12c, 18c, 20c, 25c, 30c per lb; choice Sugar Cured Hams, 8c to 11c per lb; dried Salt Pork and barrel Pork, 8c per lb; choice Bacon 11c per lb; choice Lard, from 6¼c to 9c per lb; Evaporated Apples, Peaches and Pears, 10c per lb; Prunes, from 5c to 8c per lb; English Currants, 4c; Raisins, 4c; Blackberries, 5c per lb; choice Dairy, 10c to 14c; fancy Creamery, 18c per lb; endless line of Canned Goods, choice Tomatoes, Corn, Lima Beans, String Beans, Peas, Pumpkin, Blackberries, and other brands from 50c to 75c per doz or 4 for 25c; large line of California Peaches, Egg Plums, Green Gages, Apricots, Pears, $1.50 per doz, or 15c per can; 45 bars good Soap for $1.00; 36 bars best Soap for $1.00. Strictly Fresh Eggs, 12c per doz. Prices subject to market changes.

Dry Goods and Shoes must be closed out in 30 days, regardless of cost. Come and take them at your own price. Will sell the entire stock for 50c on the dollar on actual wholesale cost.

Prompt delivery will be made to all points.

J. WILKEY,
Wholesale and Retail Department House,
203 & 205 E. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by James McCahill, his wife, mortgagors, to Alexander Macrae, mortgagee, dated April 13, 1894, and recorded in the register of deeds office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April 14, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page one hundred eighty-eight (188) thereof, which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter assigned by said Alexander Macrae to Elizabeth M. Bond, by an instrument of assignment, dated May 15, 1894, and recorded in said register of deeds' office, on May 16, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty-three (83) of mortgages on page six hundred thirty-six (636) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said mortgage debt, amounting to the sum of forty ($40) dollars, which became due on April 1, 1895, by reason whereof the said assignee of said mortgage has elected to exercise the option to her given in said mortgage by declaring, and she does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand fifty-three and 56-100 ($1053.56) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein; viz:

All those tracts or parcels of land situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered twenty-six (26), twenty-eight (28) and thirty-two (32), of block numbered one hundred fourteen (114), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; which said premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the seventeenth (17th) day of August, 1895, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 24th, A. D. 1895.
ELIZABETH M. BOND,
Assignee of Mortgage.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
July-5-12-19-26-Aug-2-9.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 26th, 1895.

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth E. White, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Elizabeth E. White, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Alma S. White has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things, that said Elizabeth E. White died at Pasadena, California, on or about the first day of June, 1895, testate, and that said petitioner is the sole executrix named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereof to her.

It is Ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 20th day of July, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock in the fore noon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is Further Ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 26th day of June, A. D. 1895.

By the Court.
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal.)
June 28-July-5-12

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Henrietta Ellen Gillett, Plaintiff,
vs.
Leonard Ward Gillett, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Duluth, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated June 14th, 1895.
CAMPBELL & STILSON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
313 and 314 Torrey building,
Duluth, Minn.
June 14-21-28 July 5-12-19.

SEWAGE

The Question of a New Sewer Outlet at West Duluth.

Necessary to Carry Off the Sewerage from a Large District.

At Present Central Avenue Sewer Empties Into an Open Creek.

The board of public works, the city council and the engineering department have in consideration the building of a sewer outlet in connection with the Central avenue sewer now in process of construction. The projected outlet is a future public necessity without question as its province will be to carry off the sewage from a large district. The consideration of its immediate construction is brought about by the threat that an injunction will be served restraining the city from the use of the Central avenue sewer when completed. The objections are raised by people who live in the vicinity and who are naturally opposed to the present plan of dumping the sewage into an open creek under their very noses. If the injunction stands the Central avenue sewer will be a useless hole in the ground until a main outlet is built. To get the refuse matter into the river channel without giving offense to any citizen or individual is the perplexing problem and its only solution appears to lie in the immediate construction of a trunk or main outlet.

It is understood that some of the people who object to emptying the sewer into the creek also object to granting the right-of-way for a trunk line through their premises and are selfish enough to fight the city in either case. The plan now under contemplation provides for running the main along Fifty-third avenue to the bay. In order to do this it will be necessary to condemn the property as no provisions have been made for the extension of this avenue through this district.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Insure your property with G. E. Hall.

Dr. Kenney, dentist, over Mfr's bank.

Store and rooms, near corner of street leading to mills, on Central avenue. Will newly plaster and paint, furnish plumbing and put said building in first-class shape. Enquire C. W. Hoyt.

Mrs. I. T. Burnside and daughter left yesterday for Cameron, Wis., for a few weeks' visit.

The 5-year-old child of W. Dunston, living on Nicolet street, is down with scarlet fever.

P. H. Martin, auditor of Carlton county, was here yesterday.

Mrs. S. Palm returned to Moose Lake yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Servant left yesterday for Woodruff, Wis.

A number of local Masons went to White Bear yesterday to witness the laying of the corner stone of the new school house at that place.

James Bovert and family left yesterday for Barnum on a fishing trip.

Officer Habbestad is receiving a visit from his brother, H. Habberstad, of Lanesboro.

C. W. Hoyt has four room, centrally located, newly papered, to rent at $1.50 each.

MICHIGAN FIRES.

Blazing Forests Are Creating Considerable Damage There.

Detroit, Mich., July 12.—The telegraph companies report communication cut off to Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoski and other points in that region. Trains on all railroads in that locality are delayed and in some cases cut off. Nothing has been received in response to inquiries from Thomsonville, where most of the residents of Benz county, who yesterday lost their homes by flames, have taken refuge. The new town of Cleary is also reported destroyed.

Forest fires are raging all along the road of the Grand Rapids & Indiana, but a slight shower in Mechanic City and vicinity last night is thought to have averted serious damage in that section. Oden, in Emmett county, between Petoskey and Mackinac City, was also reported in danger from fire, and at Mill Creek, considerable timber was destroyed. There are extensive fires in Charlevoix county and heavy damage is already reported.

CHARLES DICKENS' SONG.

A favorite song of ours—and I think my father enjoyed them all even more than we did, says Charles Dickens, Jr., in the North American Review—was one that was concerned with the history of Guy Fawkes: "Guy Fawkes, that prince of sinisters, who once blew up the house of lords, the king and all his ministers." The beginning of each verse contained some startling statement of this kind which was afterward modified and explained away in what we considered a most artful and humorous manner. I forget exactly what happened to interfere with the final stage of Guy Fawkes' nefarious project but in another verse it was stated that Guy "crossing over Vauxhall bridge that way came into London. That is, he would have came that way, to perpetrate his guilt, sir; but a little thing prevented him—the bridge it wasn't built, sir;" and also that when they wanted to arrest him "they straightway sent to Bow street for that brave old runner Townsend; that is, they would have sent for him, for fear he was no starter at, but Townsend wasn't living then, he wasn't born till arter that."

To each verse there was a chorus of the good, old-fashioned sort, with an "Oh, ah, oh, ri fol de riddy oddy, bow wow wow" refrain, and a great part of the point of the joke lay in the delivery of the introductory monosyllables; the first "oh" being given, as it were, with incredibility, or in a tone of inquiry; the second "ah," strongly affirmatively, and the last "oh" with an air as of one who has found conviction not without difficulty. Some of Tom Moore's melodies also formed part of the repertoire, and there were no doubt others, which I have forgotten, but the impression of the singer, as he sat in that rocking chair with us three children about or on his knees, has never in the least faded from my mind, though of his appearance at some other and later times the picture may be less vivid.

30 ACRE SAWMILL SITE

Near Holston, Elelock & Co., West Duluth, for sale cheap if improved.

J. C. & R. M. Hunter.

PIERCE GUARANTEES A CURE

OR MONEY IS REFUNDED.

Disease follows a run-down system with the liver inactive and the blood disordered. Pimples, Boils, Sores, Carbuncles, Ulcers, and like manifestations of impure blood, should be driven out of the system with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.



MRS. KUHN.

Mrs. Kuhn, of 618 E. 16th Street, *New York City*, writes as follows: "It pleases me to state that I had a running sore upon my neck, and had it operated upon three times, and still it was not cured. I was also run down very much. There was a decided change after using 'Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.' I took a few bottles and was soon cured. Later my husband had a lump behind his ear; he tried your medicine, and one bottle cured him. I shall always recommend your medicines.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN DULUTH.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, extra	16½@17½
Dairies, fancy, special make	13@14
Dairies, choice	12 @13
Dairies, good fair and sweet	9
Packing stock	5@ 7
CHEESE.	
[illegible] New York	
Wisconsin and Minnesota, new	9 @10
Full cream, Young America	10 @11
Full cream, second grade	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice	9½@
Brick No. 1	10 @11
Brick No. 2	7 @ 8
Primost	5 @ 6
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh	12 @12½
BEANS AND PEAS.	
Fancy navy, per bu	$2 25@$2 35
Medium, hand picked, per bu	2 15@
Dirty lots, per bu	1 20@ 1 25
Brown beans, fancy	2 00@ 2 20
Green peas, per bu	1 15@ 1 25
Yellow peas, per bu	1 10@ 1 20
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota	60 @
Potatoes, new	75 @80
VEGETABLES.	
Cabbages, home grown, per 100 lbs	1 75@2 00
Onions, per bbl	3 00@
Onions, yellow Danvers, per bu	1 15@1 25
Parsley	25@ 30
Squashes, per doz	1 50@ 1 75
NEW VEGETABLES, ETC.	
Rutabagas, per bus	50@ 55
Lettuce, per basket	25@
Cucumbers, home grown	10@
Radishes, per doz	10@
Mint	35@ 40
Tomatoes, per crate	$1 00@
Beets, per bus	40@
Asparagus, per doz bunches	25@ 30
Rhubarb, per lb	1¢@
Green onions, per doz	15@
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 50@2 00
Carrots, per doz	15@ 25
FRUITS.	
Watermelons	16@ 18
Strawberries, per case, 16 quarts	2 50@
Bananas, bunches	1 25 @ 2 25
Navel oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
California seedlings	2 50 @ 2 75
Mediterranean sweets	3 00 @
Lemons per box	5 50 @ 6 50
New apples, per bbl	3 00 @
Pineapples	1 00 @ 2 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6½@ 7½
Veal, choice	5½@ 6
Veal, heavy, thin coarse	4 @ 5
Mutton, fancy dressed	6 @ 6½
Spring lamb, pelts off	8 @ 9
LIVE POULTRY.	
Spring chickens, 1½ to 2 lb average	14 @16
Straight hens	9 @10
Roosters	6 @
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	$13 00@13 50
Short, 200 lbs, sacks included	13 50@14 25
Middlings, 100 lbs, sacks included	16 00@17 50
Red dog	15 00@15 50
Ground feed, No. 1	17 50@18 50
Ground feed, No. 2	17 50@18 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn	9 00 @10 00
Northern Minn	8 50 @ 9 50
Medium	6 00 @ 7 00
Poor	5 00 @ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice Timothy	11 00 @12 00
New hay 50@75c per ton lighter than above quotations.	

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 12.—Butter, steady: Western dairy, 9@13c; creamery, 13@16c; Elgins, 18c. Eggs, steady; Western 12½@13½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 12.—Butter, firm; dairy, 10@14c. Eggs, firm; 11@12c.

ROYAL FLUSHES A DELUSION.

"These stories about men making big winnings by actually catching a straight flush when luck seemed down on them make me very weary," said an amateur poker player, in the Indianapolis News, who has been "poking" off and on for about eighteen years, playing, however, nothing more imposing than "penny ante."

"I always class such stories with snake stories and fish tales," the player went on. "There may be some truth in them, but I have never had any such luck—and I have held my own very well at 'penny ante,' too. I have had just two 'royal flushes' in my experience. So far as the accidental and surprising part of them was concerned, that was all right, but for the big winnings, I never saw them. On the contrary, on both occasions, my opponent—I was playing two-handed games each time—lay down on me unceremoniously. And I don't think I gave my hand away, either.

"I'll tell you my actual experiences and may be it will be a warning to those inclined to boast about their luck at poker. The first royal flush I ever had the fortune to hold in my hand was about six years ago, when I was having a quiet little game with an old friend. It was a modest 'jack pot.' My opponent opened it for a nickel—the limit. I skinned my hand, but could not find a pair. A king and queen of hearts looked pretty and I chipped in my nickel and drew to them. Imagine my surprise when an ace, a ten and a jack of hearts came to me. I kept mighty quiet, hoping to make a 'killing.' My opponent threw in a nickel chip and I saw it and raised it the nickel limit. He lay down. He had not bettered a measley pair of jacks.

"The other time I had a royal flush was about a year and a half ago. My opponent asked me if I had ever had one and said that he had not. The second hand after his remark, I had the 'ace,' and he stayed in. I had a queen, jack and ten of clubs and thought I would try for a straight or a flush. The king and then the ace of clubs came to me. My opponent skinned his hand and then said 'I'll give it to you.' He had only an ace high with king next. I showed him my hand and he volubly congratulated himself that he had not 'bettered' his draw while I—well, I never swear in company, but I feld mighty like it."

IN THE FIRST ROUND.

New York World: It was the first quarrel after the honeymoon. The bride was giving the young doctor, her husband, particular fits.

"Hold your tongue," he shouted.

She simply looked at him.

"I don't think you are quite well," he added, apologetically, "and I merely asked you to hold your tongue out."

ENJOYABLE SPEEDING.

New York Weekly: Passenger—Conductor, we seem to be going at fearful speed.

Conductor—Trying to make up time. Rolling off 'bout sixty miles an hour now.

Passenger—Gracious! I notice that some of the passengers appear to enjoy it and others look scared.

Conductor—Yes, some have accident insurance tickets and some haven't.

The largest stock of pianos at Coon's.

HIGHER

Wheat Was Stronger Today But the Fluctuations Were Numerous Early.

Good Business Here in Both the Cash Stuff and Futures.

Cables Were Higher and the Crop Damage Reports Were Numerous.

The market was strong and higher today but fluctuating at times during the morning and it was a good day for the scalper. There was good business in futures, trade being freely active, while the mills bought quite liberally, taking about 70,000 bus of No. 1 hard to arrive, at 3c over September. The market started out firm. September opened ¾c up at 66¾c and advanced 1c before 10 o'clock. One hour later it sold off to 66¼c, but reacted to 67c. Then it fell back again to 66¾c but recovered and sold up to 67c at the close.

The foreign markets were higher. Liverpool was up 1¼d at the opening, Paris 10 centimes and Berlin 3 marks. The condition of wheat in the United Kingdom was placed at 79.3 on an area 20 per cent smaller than that of the year before. Export clearances were smaller. Chicago received 44 cars, 31 of which were new and eight of the latter were No. 2 red. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 71 cars against 76 last year. More positiveness was given to the later dispatches about damage in the Northwest, which also gave details of the extent of the country injured and secret opinion was more inclined to a belief in considerable damage. The seaboard reported no demand for export and Baltimore said new wheat receipts were in creasing without any outlet for the stuff. The Duluth close was ½c higher than yesterday for cash and 1⅜c higher for futures, as follows:

No. 1 hard, cash, 69¾c; July 70c, No. 1 northern, cash, 69¼c; July, 69¼c; September, 67c; December, 68¾c. No. 2 northern, cash, 63¾c. No. 3, 61¼c. Rejected, 55¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 70c; No. 1 northern, 69¾c. Rye, 59c. No. 2 oats, 26¼c; No. 3 oats, 26c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 12; oats, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 33,322 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 1300 bus; oats, 1246 bus.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, July 12.—Wheat, July, 66¾c; August, 67¼c; September, 68¼c; December, 70¾c. Corn, July, 48¼c bid; September, 45¾c; November, 41¾c; December, 36¼c; May, 36¼c. Oats, July, 23¾c; August, 22⅞c; September, 23¾c; May, 26⅞c. Pork, July, $11.17; September, $11.27. Lard, July, $6.32½; September, $6.42½; January, $5.37 asked. Short ribs, July, $6.14; September, $6.25 asked; October, $6.22 bid. Cash: Wheat, 66¾c; corn, 45¼c bid; oats, 23¾c; pork, $11.17; lard, $6.32; ribs, $6.15. Whisky on the basis of $1.25 for high wines. Rye, cash, 59c; September, 52c; October, 52c. Barley, September, 56c. Flax, cash, $1.33; August, $1.26@1½; September, $1.24@¼. Timothy, $5.85.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, July 12.—Hogs, receipts, 7000; official yesterday, 14,903; shipments, 11,819; left over, 13,000. Market opened active but became quiet and easier. Prices 5@10c higher. Light, $4.90@5.20; mixed packers, $4.75@5.27½; heavy packers, $4.70@5.25; rough, $4.35@5.00. Cattle: receipts, 4000, including 100 Texans. Market fairly active and steady. Bulk, $3.35@3.90. Sheep: receipts, 7000. Market steady. Cattle: Official receipts yesterday, 7256; sheep: Official receipts, 9413; shipments, 902. Estimated hogs tomorrow, 8000.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 12.—Wheat, July, 71⅜c; August, 71¾c bid; September, 72⅝c bid; October, 72¾c bid; November, 74⅝c asked. Corn, September, 50⅛c asked. Oats, September, 27¾c.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 12.—Noon—Money on call offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3 1-3 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business bills at $4.89½ for demand and $4.88@4.88 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.89½@4.90 and $4.90@4.91. Commercial bills $4.89. Silver certificates 67½. Bar silver 66½.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Numerous and apparently well authenticated reports of serious damage to wheat in the Northwest have been the chief factors in the market today. They come from farmers, millers, grain buyers, business men and travelers and the statements are positive and emphatic. Trade is improving and outside orders are increasing, but local sentiment is still bearish and the market encounters great opposition in its advance. It can hardly be doubted, however, that the situation warrants much higher prices and that they will be seen in the near future. The weather is getting hot and dry in the Northwest and more damage from hot winds tomorrow and Sunday is probable. Country millers are still buying a little wheat in Chicago, being unable to get it at home. An Associated Press cable says the English wheat crop is poor on a one-fifth acreage less than last year.

Corn has been strong with shorts nervous buyers. Our local stock has been reduced over 500,000 this week. Receipts are still small and a little damage to the crop would advance prices considerably. Privisions very heavy. Packers have been selling moderately and there has been a very small demand.

The stock market was dull and featureless today.

Puts, September wheat, 66¼c.
Calls, September wheat, 69¼c.
Curb, September wheat, 68¼c.
Puts, September corn, 44⅞c.
Calls, September corn, 46⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	20⅝	21¼	20⅝	20⅝
Atchison	10¾	10¾	10¼	10¼
Sugar Trust	110	110	107¼	108¾
Canada Southern				
C., B & Q	85⅞	86¼	85⅜	86
St. Paul	68⅝	68⅝	67½	68⅜
Chicago	55⅛	56⅜	54½	56⅛
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	36¼	36⅜	36¼	36⅜
Erie				
Reading	17⅜	18¼	17⅜	18¼
Louis. & Nash	59¾	59¾	59	59⅜
Manhattan	110¼	111⅞	110¼	111⅝
Missouri Pacific	32¾	33	32⅜	33
New England	47⅛	49	4 ⅝	49
Chicago & Nor'w'en	99	99	98⅜	99
Nor'rn Pacific pr'f'd				
Rock Island	72	72	71⅜	71⅜
Union Pacific				
Western Union	91⅜	91¼	90⅜	91⅜
C., C., C. & Indiana				
Lake Shore	147	147	147	147

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, July 12.—Wheat, spot quiet; demand poor. No. 2 red winter, 5s 2d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 7½d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 7d. Futures opened steady with near positions 1d higher and distant positions ¼d lower. Firm with near positions 1d higher and distant positions 1d higher. Business about equally distributed. July, 5s 2½; August, 5s 2¾d; September, 5s 2¾d; October, 5s 3¼d; November, 4s 4d; December, 4s 5¼d. Corn, spot steady; American mixed new, 4s 3d. Futures opened steady with near positions ½d higher and distant positions ½d higher, closed strong with near and distant positions 2d higher. Business heaviest on early positions. August, 4s 2¼d; September, 4s 2¼d; October, 4s 2¾d; November, 4s 3¼d; December, 4s 3d. Flour dull, demand poor. St. Louis fancy winter, 7s 5d.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, July 12.—Close wheat, July, 67c; September, 65@65¾c; December, 67c. On track—No. 1 hard, 69⅝c; No. 1 northern, 67¾c; No. 2 northern, 66¾c.

J. C. TURNER & CO.

Northwestern Mining and Milling Exchange.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND STOCK BROKERS.

Hotel St. Louis, 224 W Sup St, Duluth

ONLY AN IMMIGRANT.

What Fifty Years Did for a Thrifty Norwegian.

Mons Anderson, now called the "merchant prince of Western Wisconsin," celebrated his sixty-fifth birthday this week and without a doubt his mind wandered back to the time when he sat upon a doorstep of an East Water street dwelling in 1846 hungry and in tears, says the Milwaukee Journal. He had just arrived from his native Norway, penniless, friendless, alone. He was then 16 years of age. As he sat there with the tears running down his cheeks, Daniel Wells, Jr., who was landlord at the City hotel, discovered and took pity on him. Uncle Daniel invited the boy to the hotel, turned him loose on the breakfast bill and finally gave him a job. There he remained two years, doing odd jobs and attending Professor Bach's private school. Another year as a clerk in Herbert Reed's grocery store and young Anderson made his way to La Crosse, the point for which the pioneer railway was making its way across the state. Here he became a clerk in the general store of Samuel T. Smith in 1851. About this time Bad Ax, now Vernon, county began to fill up with Norwegian emigrants and these thrifty people made young Anderson a sort of depositary for their surplus funds, which he accepted in trust without interest. He became a partner in the store in a few weeks after his arrival, and before the end of 1852 was its sole proprietor.

With an eye single to the main chance Anderson purchased at ridiculously low prices the stocks of a large number of merchants who opened up mercantile shanties at Prairie La Crosse, as it was then called, and found little inducement to continue in business. He sold them out to his regular Coon Prairie and Bad Ax county customers. The stocks he purchased were from ambitious men who were unable to endure the sand, the sandburs and the fleas that comprised the main features of the locality. Mons Anderson prospered from the start. He indulged in the luxury of a one-story brick store building, the second building of the kind erected on the prairie, and on its destruction by fire rebuilt the site with a two-story affair that was the wonder of the early settler. Then the war broke out, and with the advantages he had for trade he prospered wonderfully. The next move of the enterprising merchant was to erect a large four-story "block" building devoted to his wholesale and retail business and purchase a mansion in which to house his family. The magnitude of this venture made him famous in Western Wisconsin and secured for him the title of "Merchant Prince." He was married in 1853 to Miss Jane Halverson, and has a family of nine children, one of his daughters being the wife of a son of Judge Bunn, of the United States district court for the Western district of Wisconsin.

NIAGARA'S GORGE.

Building a Railroad Alongside the Rushing Rapids.

More than 1000 laborers, says the Buffalo Express, are engaged at present in the world famous gorge between Niagara Falls and Lewiston excavating for the new Niagara Falls & Lewiston Electric railway, which is to convey passengers along the river's edge and almost in the spray of the most picturesque rapids in the world.

Hundreds of thousands of tons of rock overhang the line of the road along the section between the whirlpool and the Buttery elevator at the Whirlpool rapids, and here and there on the banks of the river lie immense boulders of hundreds of tons' weight, which have slipped away from the parent rock above and crashed down to their resting place beside the foamy river. Others have lodged half way down and these have to be removed to make way for the advent of the new railway. The route from Lewiston to the whirlpool is much easier to grade than the portion of the road lying between the whirlpool and the Buttery elevator, owing to the bank of earth which was formed along there by the building of the observation branch of the New York Central railroad. Near the devil's hole there will be a bridge—the only one on the line—and the road will be on an elevation of only twenty feet above the water's edge along the whole route.

Excavation is carried on in the face of great difficulty. The Italians who were employed in the work were obliged to hold on by their teeth almost, while getting a foothold on the steep sides of the walls which form the banks of the gorge. The embankments are formed largely of detritus from the rocky face of the cliffs above and mixed with a little dry earth. The footing there is almost as treacherous as quicksand. Heedless of the dire results of a misstep, the laborers clamber about these steep places, dislodging immense boulders, uprooting trees and hurling them into the torrent below, as cheerfully as they would go to work on a level street. The contractors have found it necessary to do a great deal of blasting in the removal of the large rocks which bar the way. Blasting is done at 12 noon and at 6 p. m., so as not to interfere with the men along the line, and showers of broken rock are shot high up over the cliff above and fall in the garden plots of residents in the locality.

The work of constructing that portion of the line between the Buttery elevator and the southern terminus of the road near the upper suspension bridge will be attended with much greater engineering difficulties than are being met with in the construction of the longer section below. The rocky walls of the gorge rise perpendicularly from the water's edge over 200 feet high and the work of excavating will be attended with great danger and expense. The road is to be double-tracked along its entire length, the track to be standard gauge, and the cars will be of the "observation" sort, seated so that passengers will face the rapids.

A Popular Want is—Not to Want.
Herald Wants are popular you will find;
They make your wants no wants that is why
Herald Wants are the popular kind.

ONE CENT A WORD!

It Costs Nothing
To advertise
For a position
In The
Evening Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE

WOULD LIKE TO WORK WITH private family doing chores, or would like to work in store. Address or call at 2921 West Railroad street.

WANTED—First-class dressmaker would like work sewing for families by the day. 18 East Second street.

WANTED—Situation in office by lady. Has had experience in stenography. Will work for small salary. Address H 108, Herald.

A MIDDLE-AGED German lady would like a situation as housekeeper or cook in a respectable family or hotel, where she could keep her small girl of 2 years with her. Address P. N. Swenson, Wrenshall, Carlton county, Minn.

WANTED—Situation as manager or superintendent, by all round mill man and lumberman. Can give references. Charles E. Smith, Duluth, Minn.

TO EMPLOYERS—IF YOU ARE IN need of honest, reliable young men they can always be found with first-class references by applying to the general secretary, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

COLLECTORS and solicitors, two good references and small bond required. Apply room 403 Chamber of Commerce building.

WANTED—Men and women to take advantage of an exceptional opportunity to make money, and a chance to build up a good business. Address A. D., Rand McNally & Co., 168 Adams street, Chicago.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply No. 28 Twenty-first avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply No. 28 Twenty-first avenue east.

GIRL for general housework. 1914 East Fourth street.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Must be competent and well recommended. Apply 1422 East Second street.

WANTED, girl for general housework in small family; Irish or German preferred. Address D 4, Herald office.

WANTED—AGENTS.

$40 PER MONTH, energetic ladies and gentlemen wanted to canvass, above salary guaranteed. Apply or address 519 Lowell block.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE IRON LANDS ON MESABA and Vermilion ranges may be secured by addressing E. J. Gilbert, 212 Nineteenth avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

GET ALL THE NEWS

THE HERALD has always the news. Why read only a part of the news, when you can get all the news? No paper published in Duluth gives as much or such reliable information. All the world brought to your home every evening. Ignorance is simply criminal when knowledge is so cheap.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD AND KNOW AS MUCH AS YOUR NEIGHBOR.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

C. ST. P. M. & O. RY.

Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:

10:55 A. M. EX. SUN.—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire. Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 5:50 p. m.

5:10 P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee. Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10:30 a. m.

11:00 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Has Pullman Sleeper. Arrives Duluth 7:00 a. m.

G. M. SMITH, General Agent, 405 Mesaba Block, Opposite The Spalding.
B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FRATERNITIES

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting July 15, 1895. Work, Third degree. W. E. Covey, W. M. Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month. Next meeting July 8, 1895, at 8 p. m. Work, First degree. A. R. McDonald, Act. W. M. H. C. Hanford, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 29, R. A. M. Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1895. W. B. Patton, H. P. George E. Long secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1895. W. E. Richardson, E. C. Alfred LeRicheux, recorder

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

UNION EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Ladies wanting help and good girls wanting places please call at 112 West Superior street. Mrs. Fogleson.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Seibold's, 225 East Superior street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms suitable for housekeeping. Apply at 603 West First street.

FURNISHED rooms, nice location, $5 and $6 per month. 512 West Third street.

BASEMENT for rent, four rooms, water and closet. Cheap. Inquire of F. Schofield, 222 East Second street.

FIRST-CLASS board and rooms at the Clifton. Lowest rates to steady boarders.

NICELY furnished rooms. Lowell block.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath. 129 West Fourth street.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms at 206 West Superior street, Graff block. For gentlemen only. Apply room 4.

FURNISHED rooms. 617 East Third street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, MODERN conveniences; fine view. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—FLOOR ROOM IN O'BRIEN & Knowlton block, for storage or manufacturing purposes, hall 50 by 90. Fred Knowlton.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—On Aug. 1, well-located 8-room house, steam heated, all conveniences. Also houses in all parts of the city. W. M. Prindle & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS houses and flats to rent in all parts of the city. R. P. and J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—House in rear of 1020 East Fourth street, $5 per month, water included. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—House No. 118 East Third street for rent. J. C. Hessian, 604 Palladio.

FOR RENT—An 8-room modern house, all conveniences, nicest location in the city, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to William E. Lucas, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

FOR RENT—We have houses in desirable locations to rent. Duluth Trust company, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

THREE ROOM FLAT, $5.50. INQUIRE at 211 West Fifth street.

TO RENT—8-room flat. Ingalls' flats, 216 East Fourth street.

PLEASANT 5-room flat. Inquire 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—Flat, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT, GOOD driving horse. Address S 17, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT A GOOD driving horse. Address S 17, Herald.

WANTED—To rent house, seven or eight rooms between Sixth avenue west and Third avenue east. Jamison Bros., rental agency, Torrey building.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand), are the Best, Safest, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by Return Mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

A. M.	STATIONS	P. M.
11 50	Ar..Duluth..Lv	3 15
10 55	Two Harbors	4 15
9 15	Allen Junction	6 00
8 30	Biwabik	6 35
8 15	McKinley	6 50
8 00	Virginia	7 15
7 30	Lv..Eveleth..Ar	7 45
8 20	Tower	7 00
7 30	Lv....Ely....Ar	7 50

Daily except Sunday.

A. H. VIELE, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.
Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.
TIME CARD.

A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.
10 30	Ar .....Duluth..... Lv	3 05
9 45	Ar.....Cloquet.....Lv	4 07
8 44	Ar .Stony Brook Junction.Lv	4 53
7 53	Ar .....Floodwood Lv	5 30
7 10	Ar .....Swan River Lv	6 25
6 37	Lv .....LaPrairie..... Lv	7 10
6 30	Ar.....Grand Rapids..Lv	7 20
5 30	Lv..... Deer River .....Ar	8 20

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR, General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

D., M. & N. RAILROAD TIME TABLE. Daily, except Sunday: in effect, Feb. 4, 1895. Train No. 1 northbound—

Lv Duluth (Union depot)	7:45 am
Ar Virginia	10:45 am
Ar Biwabik	11:05 am
Ar Mountain Iron	11:00 am
Ar Hibbing	2:45 pm
Train No. 2, southbound—	
Lv Virginia	12:40 pm
Lv Mountain Iron	12:25 pm
Lv Biwabik	12:10 pm
Lv Hibbing	8:35 am
Ar Duluth (Union depot)	3:30 pm

D. M. PHILBIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
G. C. GILFILLAN, Gen'l Manager.

We move everything and anything and almost everybody

Trunks to any part of the city 25 cents



DULUTH VAN COMPANY

Telephone 492, Office 210 W. Superior St.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, DIAMONDS, horses. Notes, time checks bought. 715 Torrey building.

MONEY ON HAND FOR MORTGAGES of any size, also houses and stores for sale. William E. Lucas, 1 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. Low rates. 420 Chamber of Commerce.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAmonds, watches, jewelry, etc. Standard Loan office, 324 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

Have your Gasoline Stoves Repaired by an expert before the rush comes. Linings for different ranges on hand. AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 118 East Superior Street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

PLEASANT rooms with board. 28 West Second street.

WANTED—TWELVE BOARDERS FOR the summer. Pleasantest location in Duluth. The best of everything in market at proportionate prices. A 114, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 307 Masonic Temple, Duluth, Minn.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—THE ONLY FIREPROOF storage in Duluth is that of the Duluth Van company, with offices at 210 West Superior street. Storage rooms, Michigan street, floor Torrey building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR G. ANFIN, clairvoyant, can be consulted at 2 West Second street, for one week.

MEDIUM—Mme. Sandell gives advice on all business or love affairs without asking any questions; $5000 challenge to any medium that excels her. 603 West First street, upstairs.

MRS. LAMONT, clairvoyant, don't fail to visit this most wonderful phenomenon; she tells you your whole life, gives names in full; no matter what trouble you may have with yourself or others she can help you out of your difficulties; to appreciate, you must consult her; open Sundays. 521 West First street.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

DYE WORKS—NORTHWESTERN DYE works, Nos. 112 and 732 West Superior street. Ladies' and gents' clothing cleaned, dyed and repaired.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO EXCHANGE—TWO MODERN houses, eight rooms, all conveniences, nicest location in city, handy to business, no street cars. Will exchange for unimproved property in East End, or other good location. Address, with full particulars, A 101, Herald.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Robert B. Langdon et al to Pine

EVENING HERALD

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., July 12.—Showers have continued in Arkansas and are also reported in Tennessee and Upper Michigan. The pressure is lowest in the Canadian provinces, from Alberta east to the St. Lawrence river.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 62; maximum yesterday, 82; minimum yesterday, 60.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 7 p. m. tomorrow: Fair; slightly cooler today, followed by nearly stationary temperature; light, variable winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 12.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin: Fair tonight, with warmer, southwest winds. Minnesota: Fair tonight; Saturday fair and warmer, southwest winds.

Depth of water over miter sill in St. Mary's canal 21 feet 4 inches and it will fall. Upper lakes: Fair for the next thirty-six hours, except probably showers in the extreme north portion today, with light to fresh south winds.

Temperature has risen almost generally throughout the lake districts and the Central Mississippi valley. Elsewhere no marked changes have occurred, except in extreme Northern Minnesota, where it is much colder.

WHEAT AND OTHER CROPS.

The recovery of wheat from the sudden decline in values which took place the other day is not astonishing, when all the circumstances of the wheat situation are considered. There have been exaggerated reports circulated in regard to the great crops that will be harvested in the Northwest. The fact is that no one can tell much about the size of the crop. Although everything looks well at present, it is well not to be too confident because there is still danger that unfavorable weather may ruin the greater portion of the wheat. Extremely hot winds would be apt to blight the wheat, and therefore the crop cannot be considered out of danger yet.

Even if the crops escape all danger and the present bright prospects be realized, the predictions of an enormous crop are not likely to be fulfilled. While the yield per acre this year will be large and the quality is expected to be extra good, there is no doubt that the wheat acreage in Minnesota and the Dakotas is much less than it was last year. The Herald has advices from the Western country which show that the farmers did take the advice of the newspapers and went on a large scale into diversified farming. There is more acreage in flax, barley and oats in the Northwest this year than ever before in its history. The amount of flax produced in the Northwest will be three times greater than last year. It is expected that the Duluth market will receive 3,000,000 bushels of barley this year or double the usual amount.

This increased acreage of flax, barley and oats means a decrease in the acreage of wheat. Take almost any township in the farming portions of the Northwest and make a careful inquiry, and you will find this to be true. For these reasons The Herald believes that those who are predicting an extraordinarily large crop are mistaken and the size of the crop will be below instead of above the normal. Charles A. Pillsbury the other day estimated that there is a 15 per cent decrease in acreage of wheat and 5 per cent increase in acreage of other crops. It is well known that the crop is short in other parts of the country, so that the total available surplus, after supplying the demand for home consumption, will be small. There is another point that must be taken into consideration. The amount of old wheat now in the farmers' hands is extremely small—probably smaller than it has been for many years. With these facts staring the trade in the face, it is not astonishing that the recent decline should have been quickly recovered.

The situation points strongly to higher values. The facts justify a material advance, and it cannot be long delayed. The result will be a high degree of prosperity for the Northwest. The farmer who has raised less wheat than usual this year will be better off financially, because what wheat he does raise will bring a good price and the flax and barley will yield better returns than wheat.

THE HINES ROAD.

There should be a liberal response to the appeal made by the committee which has in charge the raising of $1500 in Duluth to aid in the preliminary work of constructing the Duluth & North Dakota railroad. President Hines has already accomplished wonders with very limited means and he has shown a courage and determination that inspire respect and call for strong encouragement.

There is no question that the building of the road which Mr. Hines proposes would be of very great benefit to Duluth. It would give an air line to this city from one of the richest wheat districts in the Northwest, and would unite that section with Duluth in close business relations that would be mutually profitable. Already a large portion of the line has been graded by the farmers who have accepted stock in the road in payment for their time and labor and nearly all the right-of-way has been secured. Thus it will be seen that the foundation has been laid for a very cheaply constructed road that would have the hearty support of all the people along its line. It is an opportunity which the business men of Duluth should not let slip. A little aid at this time will go far towards making the project an assured success.

THE HUDSON BAY ROAD.

The St. Paul Globe exhibits extraordinary glee over the reports that the Canadian government will refuse to grant the desired subsidy for the building of a railroad to Hudson Bay. It will no doubt be grieved to learn that the report is not entirely correct. There is a subsidy already granted to the Hudson Bay road. The recent negotiations had for the object the consolidation of the subsidy and the loan of the amount to the company. The government accepted this proposition by an order-in-council, which in England and in Canada has always been considered a binding contract on the part of the government. Owing to the opposition of the Canadian Pacific railway and others, the government backed out of this arrangement, but a new plan is now under consideration whereby the present subsidy will be divided into two parts, and if this be done 125 miles of the road will be constructed this year.

The Globe displays an astonishing amount of ignorance in regard to the road and the country through which it will run. Probably the statements which it makes were inspired from hostile sources. "The road, if constructed," it says, "would run through a country not only at present practically barren and uninhabited, but one apparently doomed to remain forever in that condition." This is true of a small portion of the northern end of the proposed road, but it is not true of the greater portion of the country that will be traversed by it. The land is fertile and well adapted for farming purposes, and the climate is similar to that of North Dakota. There are numerous settlers already scattered through it, and with railroad facilities provided it would soon become well settled.

But according to the sapient Globe this is not the worst of it. "Hudson bay," it says, "is open but a short time each year. The reason upon which navigation could depend with certainty would be comparatively but a few weeks in length. For all the remainder of the twelve months, the railroad line would be inoperative." The Globe should get copies of the reports of the commanders of the expeditions sent to Hudson Bay a number of years ago by the Canadian government to investigate this point, and on reading them it will find that its assertions are wide of the truth. Hudson bay is navigable at least six months in the year, and it is not certain but that nine months is nearer the duration of navigation there. The great lakes are not navigable each year as long as that. Nor during the remainder of the year would the railroad be inoperative. The region around Hudson Bay has rich mineral resources. The fisheries of the bay are of great value. Both these industries would furnish much traffic, while the settlements along the road from Winnipeg to Hudson Bay would contribute a large amount of business. Not only is the scheme feasible but it would be a success from a financial standpoint.

GARFIELD AVENUE VIADUCT.

It is not astonishing that there are loud protests against the recommendation of the board of public works that the Garfield avenue viaduct be constructed southward from Superior street instead of from Michigan street. Any person who will take the trouble to view the locality will instantly perceive the effect of the proposition, if carried out as the board has recommended. It would result in the almost complete destruction of that portion of Michigan street adjacent to Garfield avenue, while no person would be benefited in any way. No doubt by starting from Superior street a somewhat easier grade could be obtained, but at the same time it would result in much additional expense, amounting to thousands of dollars, which the already burdened taxpayers cannot afford. Aside, however, from the question of extra cost of building from Superior street, the viaduct should not be started from that point on account of the injury that it would inflict upon the property at the corner of Michigan street and Lake avenue and adjacent thereto. It is not too high an estimate to place the damage to this property at $150,000, the payment of which would bear heavily upon the taxpayers.

It is anticipated that the aldermen will promptly reject this proposition of the board of public works. We have had enough engineering of this kind in Duluth, which saddles needless expense upon the city, injures property without any necessity and confers benefit upon no person. It is such idiotic propositions that increase the number of people who clamor for the abolition of the board of public works.

CHIEF GRAIN INSPECTOR.

The grain men are naturally aroused over the proposed appointment to the office of chief grain inspector here of a man whose strong claim is that he is a politician and assisted in the carrying out of the plan which made Knute Nelson a United States senator and David M. Clough governor of Minnesota. It is of the utmost importance to Duluth as a wheat market that the inspection of grain should be well done. The high standard which the inspection department has attained should not be lost or depreciated in any way. Duluth No. 1 hard wheat has a worldwide reputation. It is due, of course, to the high quality of the wheat, but it would never have been secured had not the inspection department here been thoroughly efficient. We cannot afford to have this reputation destroyed or injured, and for this reason as well as others there should be an energetic protest made against turning over the inspection department to the spoilsmen.

Happily it is altogether likely that the supreme court will put an end to the hopes of the politicians who now have their eyes fixed upon the salaries attached to these positions. The constitutional provision against appointing members of the legislature to state offices during the term for which they were elected will no doubt be upheld by the court, and the governor will be unable to carry out his announced plan in relation to the chief grain inspectorship.

A curious struggle for the privilege of representation in the government is being made by the citizens of the territory recently annexed to New York city. The New York board of aldermen refused to include this territory in their apportionment of assembly districts. Thereupon the citizens of this disfranchised region brought suit to compel a reversal of the aldermen's decision. Justice Patterson, however, has decided the case against them, taking the ground that constitutionally the territory in question is a part of the Twenty-second senate district, the remainder of which is in Westchester county, and that it could not have been included in the New York assembly apportionment as a part of the Twenty-first senate district without a violation of law.

The increase of women entering wage-earning occupations has been proportionately less in England during the past ten years than in the United States. A trade report just issued as a parliamentary paper reveals the curious difference between women workers there and here—that in England wage-earning women are in but eighteen occupations out of 277, while in this country they are in everything under the sun except the army and navy! There is a decrease of married women in occupations away from home, but the rate of infant mortality is still higher than where wives of men of the working class attend only to their home duties. The chief increase of women in occupations in England has been in middle-class homes.

The New York Evening Post adduces good reasons against holding the Republican national convention next year in May to nominate a candidate for president. It says the people are opposed to long political campaigns. These undoubtedly disturb business, and as the Post says, long campaigns promote corruption. It suggests that the convention should be held at an early date in September, and the delegates be chosen simultaneously in all the states. This would be a "new departure" in earnest, and would effectually upset the fall trade of the presidential year.

Hon. J. W. Foster, who went on an independent mission to China, to help the Chinese in their straits—and is said to have been allowed $250,000 for seven months' service by the Chinese government—says that "of all the countries diplomatically concerned in the contest, the United States has come out with better grace than any other. From the first, her interest has been recognized by both belligerents as purely disinterested."

The St. Louis Star-Sayings states: "We desire to call the attention of the chanticleering Chicago papers to the fact that St. Louis women who are kissed once against their will can go into court and recover $2500 without any trouble, a sum sufficient to keep a Chicago man in kissing during his natural life, which, by the way, is shorter than it would be in a salubrious city like St. Louis."

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, the imports of potatoes into this country were 3,022,578 bushels, valued at nearly $1,125,000. The figures for the last fiscal year have not been issued, but the imports were no doubt greater. The coming year will probably show a decrease on account of the spread of the Pingree "potato patch" idea.

The Manitoba legislature recently passed a law prohibiting the running of street cars on Sunday. It is no wonder that in a country where such puritanism prevails there should be a bitter religious warfare over the school question. The bigots always make trouble.

Mrs. James Brown Potter's husband and family have forgiven her for going on the stage, and she now has no enemies, says an exchange, save those who have seen her act.

The Saturday edition of The Herald tomorrow will have many bright special features of interest to everybody, as well as the latest local and telegraphic news. Do not miss it.

If you do not read The Herald, you miss all the news.

TRAGEDY UP TO DATE.

Detroit Tribune: "A horse," shouted the tragedian, "my kingdom for a horse." The attendant bowed.

"We are just out of horse," he answered, apologetically.

With a sneer of discontent, his majesty ordered liver and bacon, with German fried potatoes.

"If you don't take The Evening Herald you don't get the news."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE GREATEST PURCHASING OPPORTUNITY OF THE AGE!!

ON, ON, THEY GO!!!

Prices Lower Than Anybody!

One Price And That Right.

HOWARD & HAYNIE

American Store.

The Bell Rings Merrily, and

LADIES SMILE.....

And accept their good fortune with admirable grace.
THEY SAY: "Some things we must buy," and this way "Some things we get for nothing.

AN INDUCEMENT THAT IS WORTH SOMETHING.

Another illustration of the fact that we do as we advertise.

Thousands of meaningless figures daily fill the advertising space of newspapers all over the country, and the fact stands that the majority are misleading, tricky enticements of advertisers. This offer is an explicit illustration that WE do in every instance PRECISELY as we advertise to do.

If You HAVE THINGS TO BUY, PREPARE TO..... Buy Them Now!

Nothing, absolutely nothing, in the Store reserved!

A Bell Will be Tapped

By the Cashier, designating each Tenth Purchase, and no matter who you are or what you have purchased it is yours for nothing. ALL OUR FINE——

Silks,	Underwear,	Shirt Waists,
Wash Goods,	Hosiery,	Separate Skirts,
Laces,	Embroidery,	Outing Suits,
Gloves,	Muslin	Umbrellas,
Handkerchiefs,	Underwear,	Parasols,
Cloaks,	Corsets,	Jewelry,
Furs,	Wrappers,	Leather Goods,
Millinery,	Mackintoshes,	Art Goods,

In fact everything in the store, regardless of price or value, every TENTH PURCHASE of which will be returned to the purchaser with the money he or she has paid.

Prices are guaranteed to be the lowest
Goods are guaranteed to be the best
And every 10th sale is given away absolutely free!

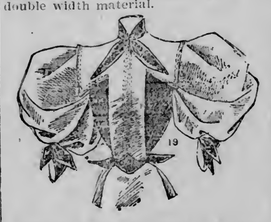
Remember the Time of Starting—8:30 o'Clock Sharp this Morning.

Howard & Haynie.

A Daily Hint from L'art de la Mode.



Dress for the country; the skirt is of beige wool, with a straight box pleated front; a graduated pleat of beige and green novelty goods is set beneath the front; the back is laid in thin narrow box pleats; the upper portion of the cape is of the beige color, the front and revers embroidered in the two colors and gold; the ruffle which is set below, and the tabs are of the green; in the back the ruffle is set on to a square yoke; this cape is an excellent model for silk or wool and may be used as an independent garment; twelve yards of double width material.



French blouse. It may be of silk or wool; the front over an under part of another material. Six yards of single width goods.

IT DOES DENY IT.

Minneapolis Journal: The Duluth Herald thinks the Journal ought not to have said anything about the discovery of the fact that the hotel arrivals in that town were being counted in the state census. The Herald does not attempt to refute the statement, but vigorously objects to any criticism of the performance. The Herald is too "touchy" for such an innocent thing. The Journal's article acquitted the Duluth citizens' committee of all knowledge of the padding.

THERE ARE OTHERS.

West Duluth Sun: The Evening Herald has turned on its search light to expose the extravagance of public officials. But it should not stop with the register of deeds. It could go farther and find worse.

THE MERRY CYCLING GIRL.

There is something captivating
And, upon my word, elating,
That is quite exhilarating
In the merry cycling girl.
She is chipuant
She is piquant,
And she's kickuant
When you see her in the whirl.

And she rides with head erected,
Not a single point neglected
That will make her pose respected
As a fascinating girl.
She is dainty,
Never saintly,
Nor is saintly
When she rides right through the whirl.

And she dresses for her walking,
For her riding, for her talking,
From her bonnet to her stocking,
Does this entertaining girl.
She is witty,
And so pretty,
Every bitty,
Like a ship with sails unfurled.
—American Wheelmen.

DOUBTS THE STORY.

Minneapolis Penny Press: Some one has been "stalling" the Chicago Post man with the story of a big poker game played on the steamer North West during her recent trip from Chicago to Duluth. Don't you believe it, gentle reader. When you see a millionaire chuck a couple of "blues" into the pile and he says "I tilt it 500," you may gamble that the 500 means cents and not dollars every time. The horny-handed millionaires of the Northwest didn't get their calloused palms by toying with $250 blue chips.

IS BEING PUSHED.

St. Paul Dispatch: The Rev. Mr. Starkweather, mayor of Superior, is a good thing, and he is being pushed.

THE SONG I NEVER SING.

As when in dreams we sometimes hear
A melody so faint and fine,
And musically sweet and clear,
It flavors all the atmosphere
With harmony divine:
So, often in my waking dreams,
I hear a melody that seems
To me the song I never sing.

Sometimes when brooding o'er the years
My lavish youth has thrown away,
When all the glowing past appears
But as a mirage that my tears
Have crumbled to decay,
I thrill to find the ache and pain
Of my remorse is stilled again,
As, forward bent and listening,
I hear the song I never sing.

A murmuring of rhythmic words,
Adrift on tunes whose currents flow
Melodious with the thrill of birds,
And faroff lowing of the herds
In lands of lang ago;
And every sound the truant loves
Comes to me like the coo of doves,
When first in blooming fields of spring
I hear the song I never sing.

The echoes of old voices, wound
In limpid streams of laughter where
The river Time runs bubble-crowned
And giddy eddies ripple round
The lilies growing there;
Where roses, bending o'er the brink,
Drain their own kisses as they drink,
And ivies climb and twine and cling
About the song I never sing.

An ocean surge of sound that falls
As though a tide of heavenly art
Had tempested the gleaming halls
And crested o'er the garden walls
In showers upon my heart—
Thus, thus, with open arms and eyes
Uplifted toward the alien skies,
Forgetting every earthly thing,
I hear the song I never sing.
—James Whitcomb Riley.

CAMPERS,

Have your Herald delivered to your camp on Park Point.



IN SUMMER

cooling drinks are necessary. They are the universal antidote for excessive warmth. Nothing is so popular with the fair sex in Duluth as our soda served in all the various flavors and with cream for only a nickel a glass. To have their attentions well received, young men should treat their sweethearts coolly, by inviting them to enjoy our soda, which is really the coolest and most delightful summer drink in Duluth, wholesome, healthful and invigorating. Soda heads the list of summer beverages, and the foaming stream from our fountain heads the list of all sodas.

Boyce's Drug Store

Hartman General Electric Co.

.....ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH

Electric Current

FOR—

ARC AND INCANDESCENT LIGHT AND MOTOR SERVICE.

GENERAL OFFICE:

Room 3 Exchange Building.

Duluth Trust Co.,

Trust Co. Building.

Depository for Court and Trust Funds and General Deposits. Liberal interest paid on Balances and Certificates of Deposit.
Transacts a General Trust Business.
Loans money on bond and mortgage.
Takes entire charge of Real Estate.
Acts as Trustee, Registrar, Transfer Agent, Executor, Guardian, etc.
No mortgages or paper guaranteed.

FRANKLIN J. PULFORD, Pres't.
EDWARD P. TOWNE, V. Pres't
CALVIN F. HOW, Sec'y and Treas.

THE ★ PAVILION...

Week of July 7.

ATTRACTIONS BETTER THAN EVER.

The Great—the Only

BORANI BROS.,

The Indescribable and Immensely Funny

Disappearing Demons,

In wonderful situations and magical disappearances.

HILDA THOMAS,
The Queen of the Vaudevilles, assisted by
MR. FRANK BARRY.

THE MARVELOUS CHILD,

Gertie Cochran..

The Infant Prodigy and Phenomenon of Phenomena.

Though only 5 years old Answers correctly from memory over 4000 questions, historical and otherwise.

The World-Famous

Annabelle, ★

In Brilliant Specialties,

With the most wonderful effects electric lights can produce.

Great as the greatest—our own and only

Duluth City Band.

Always popular and always Welcome.

Daily performances at 3 and 8:30 p. m.

Admission—5c, 10c and 15c

THE LYCEUM.

Duluth's Leading Theater.
L. N. Scott, Manager.

Villars-Owen Co.

TONIGHT.

ROMEO AND JULIET

Famous REGENT QUARTET, N. S. Murphy, Geo. Pyke, Frank Fahey, J. L. Weber.

PRICES--50, 25 and 15 CENTS.

10 CHIPS 5 CENTS. A DELICIOUS DIGESTER

DON'T BE WOOZY (HEW.)

FAULTLESS PEPSIN CHIPS

THE GUM THAT'S ROUND

DEALERS DON'T KEEP THEM THEY SELL THEM

SEND 5¢ FOR SAMPLE PACKAGE

CONN BROS & KLEE
SOLE AGENTS PARK PLACE
COR. CHURCH ST. N.Y.

Established 1869

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Real Estate,
HUNTER BLOCK.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by James McCahill, and Mary E. McCahill, his wife, mortgagors, to Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, dated January 5th, 1895, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on January 16, 1895, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page three hundred sixty-six (366) thereof; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter assigned by said Marion E. Bacon to Frank P. Phillips, by an instrument of assignment dated March 25th, 1895, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for said St. Louis County on March 25, 1895, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred eight (108) of mortgages on page two hundred thirty-one (231); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said mortgage debt, which became due on July 1, 1895, amounting to the sum of thirty-six and 66-100 ($36.66) dollars.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of thirty-six and 80-100 ($36.80) dollars, interest and exchange;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, viz:

All that tract or parcel of land situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered nine (9), of block numbered one hundred fifty-two (152), West Duluth, Fifth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; which said premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the seventeenth (17) day of August, 1895, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage debt, interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 5th, A. D. 1895.

FRANK P. PHILLIPS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
July-5-12-19-26-August-2-9.

Facts, Not Fiction!

Every special item quoted here is a bigger bargain than the other. It's not a case of rainbow chasing to do your trading at our store just now. Everybody knows that the big stores all over the country make every effort during this month to reduce stocks to their minimum previous to the arrival of the new fall goods which begins to take place in August. While we don't promise to sell you gold dollars for fifty cents, we do tell you positively that at all times (and particularly just at this time) you will get as good value in exchange for your money at our store as you will get in any store in the country.

Children's Leghorns. The same as you have to pay $1 25 for in other places..... **90c**

Straw Sailors. For Ladies in black or white, other stores ask $2 00 and $2.50 for them, sell here for..... **95c**

Silk Mitts. All silk, in black and cream only, others ask 40c for them, sell here for..... **25c**

A Special Bargain in Silks for Waists Just for a Flyer.

Tomorrow your choice from any of our Fancy Silks at a uniform discount of 25 per cent from the regular selling price. Note this—**1-4 Off Regular Price.**

Wash Goods. Dimities and Figured Batisto cloths, have sold for 15c and 18c. Tomorrow..... **11c**

Wash Goods. Zephyr laines and Princes Cloths, light weight and pretty, worth 15c. For..... **7c**

Corset Covers. Well made of fine material and trimmed with lace or embroidery **25c**

Shirt Waists and Wash Suits

We've had the best line of these shown by anyone all the season. They're perfect fitting ones. They have the stylish look to them and they are thoroughly well made.

Special for Tomorrow.

WHITE WAISTS.

With large sleeves and deep back and front yoke shaped collars, regular price $1.00. Tomorrow

65c.

SUITS.

About thirty of them made of good material, tailor made and cut. Nobby and stylish.

$2.00.

Silberstein & Bondy

A CHARMING CONCERT

Given by the Pupils of Miss Margaret McDonald.

Catholic association hall was well filled last evening by a large, appreciative and interested audience. The occasion was the recital given by the pupils of Miss Margaret McDonald, and the entertainment was a charming one. Miss Julia Donavan sang several numbers, and still further strengthened the favorable impression her beautiful voice has already made upon the public. Her first number was a lullaby by Thomas, a simple but charming theme, and the rich quality and the sweetness and sympathy of her voice were shown by the selection. She also sang Petrelli's aria, "Marco Visconte," and Ponchielli's romanze, "La Cieca," selections of different style, and she sang them both in a charming and correct manner.

Miss Winifred Holmes gave two pleasing selections upon the piano, showing a remarkable facility of execution. Mr. Sattler sang, "Had I My Wish," by Knowlton, acceptably, and Franz Schultz sang in pleasing style two bass solos, "Scheiden," by Frenceille, and the "Vulcan Song," by Gounod. The Cathedral quartet sang two numbers in excellent style.

The younger pupils in their selections were pleasing, and their work showed not only the care and skill of their preceptor, Miss McDonald, but it showed that many of them have promise of voices that will soon place them among the most prominent vocalists of the city. Miss Mae Kennedy sang two selections well, one of them being Campana's trying "Gypsy Song," and Miss Lautenschlager sang two numbers in pleasing style.

Miss Alice Carroll sang Campbell-Tipton's "Dolores" correctly and pleasingly, and Miss Theresa Lynn appeared to advantage both in solo and in duet with her brother, James Lynn. Two duets by younger pupils, Miss May Miller and Miss Minnie McDonald, and Miss Minnie Schultz, were excellent.

WHEN TRAVELING.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

"THE MILWAUKEE"

The only Electric Lighted Trains.
The latest private Compartment Cars.
The most luxurious Sleepers.
The celebrated Electric Berth Lamp.
The finest Dining Car Service.
The Government Fast Mail Line.
The most comfortable Parlor Cars.
The best and most Frequent Service.
Safety, Speed, Comfort, Elegance.

Secure sleeping berths early.

Apply to any ticket agent, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

Infant Health

SENT FREE

It is a matter of vast importance to mothers. The manufacturers of the GAIL BORDEN EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK issue a pamphlet, entitled "INFANT HEALTH," which should be in every home. Address, NEW YORK CONDENSED MILK CO., 71 Hudson Street, New York.

82 VICTORIOUS LADIES SMILE SERENELY.

Some Grow Nervous With Excitement. Others Accept Their Good Luck With a Visible Sang Froid.

The giving away of every tenth purchase at Howard & Haynie's proves great entertainment as well as an exceptional shopping opportunity for the ladies.

"Well, of all things, who would have ever thought it," was an expression overheard from one of the ladies who received her purchase and money both back from the cash girl. "You mean to tell me I am not required to pay anything at all for my dress?" shouted a lady from out of town who had made a special trip to Duluth to purchase a nice black dress, not having read the advertisement and having no knowledge of the "giving away" sale. Her astonishment knew no bounds.

A Polish lady absolutely refused to accept her money back, and upon being told that it was hers according to the terms of the sale, she protested that if she accepted the money she might be arrested on the street.

The luckiest woman of the day was a lady who made three purchases and struck the tenth purchase each time, and she remarked to the salesman at first that she would never be fortunate enough to strike the tenth purchase.

The little cash girls delight in delivering the tenth purchase. But Miss Young, the cashier, says "she doesn't like it at all," and "that it is a shame to give away so much," etc.

The largest amount obtained free by any one person was a dress at $26.50.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

THE ORANGEMEN'S PICNIC.

The Orangemen's organizations of the city and friends of the order are holding a picnic today at Lester Park. Special car service has been supplied for the occasion and the necessity of such service has been demonstrated by the crowds which have filled every car which has run to the eastern terminus of the line. Speaking and music furnished the morning's entertainment, and after a bounteous dinner a program of athletic contests was carried out.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

FOR AID

President Hines of the Duluth & North Dakota Railway Asks Assistance.

Wants to Raise $1,500 in Duluth and $1,000 in Superior.

Duluth Business Men Will Try to Raise the Required Amount.

An attempt will be made by the committees, appointed some time ago by the commercial bodies of the city, to assist in the Hines wheat railway project, to raise $1500 to assist in the construction of the proposed line. A meeting of Duluth business men was held yesterday afternoon in the chamber of commerce, and for an hour Mr. Hines talked of his road, the amount of work which has been done upon it, the plans and hopes of the originators of the plan, the needs, present and future, and the difficulties which have, so far, been met and overcome.

Mr. Hines opened the meeting with a prayer, after which he opened out a map of the country, which the wheat road is to tap, and proceeded to illustrate his points as to localities and distances as he made them.

Mr. Hines gave an outline of the work already done and to be done, practically as he gave it to The Herald, though a little more in detail, on the day of his arrival. He asked $1500 from Duluth to assist in the work, and said that he should expect $1000 from Superior. For this money he wished to give nothing in return, saying that he would gladly give stock in the road, but that this stock was what was paying for all the work that is being done, and that the farmers would be suspicious and the stock would lose in value so soon as any of it was placed in the hands of capitalists.

Mr. Wallace, who accompanies Mr. Hines, spoke briefly at the close of Mr. Hine's address, and opinions were expressed by several of the business men present.

Mr. Patrick, Mr. Munger, Mr. Fitger, Mr. Lovette and others had words of encouragement for the enterprise, and gave some excellent advice in regard to the work. Mr. Fitger said that he would be one of twenty-five men to contribute $100 each to the enterprise. The meeting closed by the adoption of the following resolution:

"Resolved, that the committee representing the different commercial organizations be continued in service; that it be authorized to solicit subscriptions to the amount asked for—$1500; that the project and efforts of D. W. Hines be endorsed by this meeting, and that we request citizens to respond liberally to his appeal."

The School Election.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I notice by the morning paper that George W. Keyes, cashier of the New Duluth National bank, is a candidate at the approaching school election for a position on the school board and the oppartunity for the voters of this city to get so good a man for that place leads me to write you a few words on the subject.

Mr. Keyes is, in every way, a first class man for the position. He is a graduate of Oberlin college, through which he worked his own way, so that he knew the cost and knows the value of an education. His Americanism is not that of any narrow creed that expends itself in blatant demonstrations of devotion to our institutions and stops there, but showed itself more than thirty years ago, when for a time he dropped his books as a student and shouldered a musket in the army.

His experience in educational matters is that of more than twenty years as secretary of Olivet college in Michigan, and president of the public school board in the village of the same name. This is a struggling Western college, whose students have had no difficulty in going from its classes to the same class in Yale and other first class colleges. Every one who knows the struggle of these smaller colleges to do the work that many of them are doing so well will realize how much twenty years' experience as secretary of such a college is worth in the lessons of economy thereby learned and practiced, which are especially needed in such times as these, calling for true economy as far removed from niggardliness on the one side as from extravagant display on the other, the finest examples of which to be met anywhere are to be found in the management of just such American colleges as that with which Mr. Keyes was connected for so many years.

From a long-life acquaintance with Mr. Keyes, I say unhesitatingly, that he is the best candidate for a position on the school board who has been named since my coming to the city.

Truly yours, etc. S. F. White.

Duluth, July 12.

SCARED THE PEOPLE.

A chimney sweep who was cleaning the chimney of the St. James' hotel about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon grew careless and dropped a large quantity of soot down into the opening leading from the furnace of Sullivan's barber shop. Great clouds of smoke rolled out and the people in the place ran out on the sidewalk in a frightened condition until the cause was discovered.

Auditor's Office, St. Louis County.
Duluth, Minn., July 9, 1895.

The county board of equalization will meet on the third (3rd) Monday of July, being July 15, 1895, at the office of the county auditor, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., and continue in session for three weeks or less.

All applications for correction of assessments must be presented in writing.

O. Halden,
County Auditor.

BICYCLE FREE.

BOYCE'S Drug Store is the place to buy CIGARS Choice high grade goods at hard times prices, and with every 25 cent purchase of any cigar in the house you get a ticket for the best Bicycle in Dodge & Pearson's shop.

THE ROUNDER.

A Duluth business man who returned from Chicago lately said this morning: "In the face of returning prosperity Superior is awakening first and getting a start of Duluth in the matter of advertising. The Land and River Improvement company has rented two prominent windows in a prominent business block in Chicago, and it is advertising Superior for all there is in it. They issue a paper called the West Superior Index, and in it they set forth all the advantages of the city. Duluth should in some way take steps to advertise herself a little, so as to attract some of the capital which is now loosening up. Some of the real estate men are talking of establishing an office of the kind, and it would be an excellent idea. By the way, the Land and River Improvement company claims to have done more business in the last four months than in the two years and a half preceding."

* * *

When Chief Clerk Tupper, of the state census bureau, was here a few days ago he was talking to Frank Burke, Jr., about the census, and he was enlarging upon the manner in which duplicate names were caught.

"By the way," said he, "I don't suppose you know that your name was taken three times, do you?"

"No; was it?"

"Yes. I had two of them struck off the list."

"Well, you just trot back and scratch them on again, will you? Come out and I'll introduce you to the other two Frank Burkes, Jr."

The two went out and Mr. Tupper was introduced to Frank Burke, Jr., who works for Simon Clark, and then the superintendent caved. Frank Burke, Jr., then offered to introduce him to several Frank Burkes without the junior, but Mr. Tupper did not care to meet them all, preferring to take his word for it.

* * *

The following from the Hibbing News would indicate that Duluth houses must send a remarkably cunning and cute variety of salesmen up to the range: "Henry Tudor, Esq., who has been referred to as the prettiest young salesman who visits the range, was in the city again Wednesday. He is a close rival of the handsome J. M. Gaffney, the popular young representative of G. H. Reeves, of whom the girls in their ravings have characterized as a 'Perfect Dream.'"

A FIREMAN INJURED.

There was a slight blaze yesterday afternoon in a 2-story frame dwelling at Garfield avenue and Michigan street. The fire was a trivial one. Lieut. George Nolan fell from the roof while directing his men and broke his right leg and sprained his left arm, besides sustaining a number of severe bruises. The injured man was taken to St. Luke's hospital.

DUMPED SAND IN THE HARBOR.

Deputy United States Marshal Campbell yesterday arrested Alderman Philip Westaway and Charles Porter on a charge of dumping sand in the harbor June 5. The examination will be held before Court Commissioner Carey this evening. The culprits claim that the dumping was done because a scow had sunk, and it was necessary to unload in order to raise her.

C. W. ERICSON' THE CLOTHIER. Now located at No. 404 West Superior street until new building at the old stand is completed.

Fleur-de-Lis
Fleur-de-Lis

What does this refer to? we hear you ask.

Our answer is, step in and see the beautiful new

Banquet Lamps.....

With the new 7-in, 8-in and 9-in round globes in Dresden and Fleur-de-Lis Decorations. We have also just opened a large line of over 50 patterns in

New Onyx Banquets in Gold Plate....

Which are marvelously cheap. Remember we lead in these goods as well as

All others in our line,

And the many factories whose goods we control, are constantly sending us samples of their

Newest Productions.

We therefore are kept in touch with the new novelties of the day.

F.A.Parker Co.

10 East Superior St.

AMUSEMENTS.

"ROMEO AND JULIET" TONIGHT.

Last night the Villars-Owen company repeated its comedy, "A Serious Family" to a large and enthusiastic audience, and again the presentation was an entire success. The parts were all filled capably, and the play was put on in excellent shape. The work of the Regent quartet again received hearty encores.

Tonight "Romeo and Juliet" will be repeated. This production is well worth seeing, for the parts are all taken by experienced and capable actors. A prominent feature is the stage settings and costuming. Several novel and pleasing ideas are introduced, notably in the balcony scene, where real trees are used, making a scene that is a charming setting for the love passages between Romeo and Juliet. Another feature is the chapel scene, where a complete altar and chapel are prepared.

AT THE PAVILION.

As the week grows old the Pavilion entertainment continues to please and fails to follow suit in the matter of growing old. The child with the marvelous memory, Gertie Cochran, continues to amuse and astonish Pavilion visitors with her wonderful fund of information, and Miss Hilda Thomas bears out her title of empress of the vaudeville stars.

The Borani brothers are as amusing and as mystifying as ever in their "Disappearing Demons" act, and their unique acrobatic feats are popular. Annabelle's dances are the perfection of grace and beauty, and the City band still comes in for its share of applause.

GARFIELD AVENUE VIADUCT.

It Should Be Started from Michigan Street.

In relation to the Garfield avenue viaduct, E. C. Gridley said yesterday: "There should be no possible question of the point from which the structure should be started, and I hope that the council will not for a moment consider the proposition of building it from Superior street. In case the viaduct were so built, the $50,000 which it has been estimated that the structure will cost would be only a small item in the expense. The damages to property which would result would be many times $50,000, and these would be legitimate damages, too, which could be collected at law from the city.

"Michigan street would be entirely cut off from Garfield avenue, and damages could be collected both by owners of property on Michigan street and on Garfield avenue. The property thus cut off would be damaged from 25 to 50 per cent, and that amount could be collected. On the other hand, if the approach be built from Michigan street, there will be no damage except to a little property on Garfield avenue, and as the owners of this real estate are anxious to have the viaduct built in this way, they would be willing to waive that damage."

THE MICHIGAN EDITORS.

They Will Arrive in Duluth From St. Paul Tomorrow.

At the regular meeting of the Commercial club last night it was decided to do all in the power of the club toward showing the Michigan editors a good time. A sum was appropriated with which to hire a band to go on the steamer Henrietta, which has been engaged by local newspaper men. Afterwards there will be a ride abut the city. The editors are in the Twin Cities today and will leave for Duluth tomorrow morning.

Among the editors in the party are: Fred Slocum, Cairo, president; Chase S. Osborn and wife, vice president, Sault Ste. Marie; Fred W. Sherman and wife, Port Huron; Frank R. Gelson and wife, treasurer, Benton Harbor; Mrs. John T. Owens, Benton Harbor; Miss Addie Smith, Port Huron; A. B. Smith and wife, Milan; Mrs. A. L. Memis, Carson City; J. P. Taylor, Carson City; Mrs. T. S. Applegate, Adrian; Miss Kate Humphrey, Adrian; John H. Doak, Springport; C. H. Newell, Coldwater; Miss Carletta Newell, Coldwater; Biron B. Schirmerhorn, Hudson; Gilbert M. Seweld, Hudson; C. S. Ramsey, Miss Dora Ramsey and Miss Pearl Ramsey, Cheboygan; Franklin Moore and wife, St. Clair; H. C. Blackman and wife, Mrs. E. A. Blackman and Mrs. E. H. Fisher, Hillsdale; L. H. Hawse, Brown City; W. H. Marvin and wife; Utica; S. C. Rawlson and son, Hillsdale; S. W. Beakes and wife, Ann Arbor; Miss Sadie Gilliland, Miss Jennie Wallace, Lansing; C. G. Swensberg, Grand Rapids; E. B. Lapham, Belding; James Slocum, Holly; E. O. Dewey and wife; Owasso; L. E. Slusser and wife, Mancelona; S. C. Brown and wife, Hastings.

THE SCHOOL BOARD.

The building committee of the board of education met last night and discussed the plans for the new school at Lester Park and repairs for some of the other buildings were considered. It has been decided that all the school janitors who are employed by the year be given a vacation of ten days each during the summer months. They will lay off in relays of five men. Work has already commenced on the four-room addition to the Madison school at Rice's Point.

DIED IN SIAM.

Oakland, Cal., July 12.—Mrs. Marion A. Cheek received a telegram today announcing the death of her husband in Siam. Cheek went from North Carolina to Siam as a missionary twenty-two years ago and rose in power and wealth until at the time of his death he was one of the most intimate counselors of the Siamese king.

ENGLISH RIFLEMEN WON.

London, July 12.—In the shooting at Bisley today for the Kolapore cup, the rifle team representing Great Britain won with a score of 638 to 618 for Canada and 596 for Guernsey.

REMOVAL SALE!

C. W. Ericson, the clothier, has moved to No. 404 West Superior street, where great bargains in suits, hats and men's furnishings will be offered until the completion of the new store building on old site.

C. W. Ericson,
No. 404 West Superior street.

BALTIMORE, MD., AND RETURN.

For the Baptist Young People's union at Baltimore, July 18 to 21, the North Pacific, Wisconsin Central lines, will sell on July 15 and 16, tickets to Baltimore and return at the one way rate, $29. Tickets good returning, including Aug. 8. No change of depots in Chicago.

For sleeping car accommodation through to destination, tickets and further information, call on

F. E. DONAVAN, C. P. & T. A.,
416 West Superior street,
Chamber of Commerce.

THE HERALD

Is now being delivered to any camp from the canal to O-at-ka beach.

DULUTH DRY GOODS

WHOLESALE. **Company.** RETAIL.

The Great Closing Out Sale Continued.

The Biggest Bargain Harvest Ever Brought Within the Reach of the People of the Head of the Lakes.....

What Are You Seeking?

IF IT BE.....

Ladies' or Gentlemen's Furnishings, Workingmen's Clothing, Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Ribbons, or Notions.....

Then come to this store. We will give you Two Hundred Cents in Merchandise for One Dollar.

STORE OPEN SATURDAY EVENING TILL 10:30.

DULUTH DRY GOODS

WHOLESALE **Company** RETAIL

222 and 224 West Superior Street.

MOVED!

We are now located at No. 404 West Superior street. Call and secure great bargains on suits.

C. W. Ericson,
No. 404 West Superior street.

CAMPERS,

Have your Herald delivered to your camp on Park Point.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of four hundred seventy-nine and 12-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Emily H. Willcuts, mortgagor, to Andrew Lindgren, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of December, 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 17th day of December, 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 44 of mortgages, on page 381, which mortgage and mortgage debt were duly assigned by said Andrew Lindgren to T. O. Hall by written instrument bearing date May 19th, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 2nd day of June, 1890, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 32 of mortgages, on page 263, which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said T. O. Hall to O. P. Stearns by written instrument dated June 9th, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on June 10th, 1890, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 32 of mortgage records on page 269 which mortgage and mortgage debt were duly assigned by said O. P. Stearns to the undersigned Charles W. Day, by written instrument, bearing date the 28th day of May, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 3d day of June, 1895, at 2:40 o'clock p. m., in Book 107 of mortgages on page 269.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ of ne¼) of section number twenty-three (23), in township number fifty (50) north of range fifteen (15) west of the fourth P. M., which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 20th day of July, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated June 7th, 1895.

CHARLES W. DAY,
Asignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
June-7-14-21-28-July-5-12.

MEMBERS OF THE DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

	Capital	Surplus
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	200,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	75,000
State Bank of Duluth	50,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	50,000	-----



Photographed from Life. **REVIVO** RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using **REVIVO.** It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a **great nerve tonic and blood builder,** bringing back the **pink glow to pale cheeks** and restoring the **fire of youth.** It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having **REVIVO,** no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail **$1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money.** Circular free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 53 River St., CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE BY

S. F. Boyce, Druggist

335 W Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

PILES! PILES! PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c and $1.00 per box.

WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Props.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold on a Guarantee by the White Swan Drug Store.

FREE COINAGE

Of GOLD and SILVER or even Greenbacks We have started a mint of of our own in our store; a kind of grist mint as it were and all our customers are entitled to its use. We are furnishing all the material for coining money. We want to see

Everybody Make Money

And so we go into a partnership with each of our patrons, giving them not simply an interest in the net receipts, but in the entire gross receipts at our store. Everybody knows we are giving the public the benefit of a summer

Clearing Sale of Shoes

Or a clearing sale of summer shoes. We have cut prices on all summer goods, and cut deep, all the way, in fact, from 25 to 40 per cent. This cut is your share of gross receipts, and you as surely coin money by making your purchases from us as though you had an able bodied mint in full operation.

It's Your Money, Take it Away!

MEN'S SHOES--

$5 Russia Calf and Seal $3.50
YOUR SHARE $1.50.

$4 Low Cut Tans ..... $1.50 to $3.00
YOUR SHARE $1 to $1.50.

MISSES' SHOES--

$1.50 Tans ..... 98 cents
YOUR SHARE 52c.

$2.25 Tan Oxfords $1.48
YOUR SHARE 77c.

INFANT'S TAN SHOES for 50c, worth 75c.
YOUR SHARE 25 cents.

LADIES' SHOES.

$3.50 TAN, Coinage '95, Needle Toe..... .... $2.65, Your share 85c.
$2.00 Linen Oxfords, very latest fad, very dressy. $1.48, Your share 52c.

SHOES IN STYLES UNLIMITED. **Phillips & Co.,** Directors of the Mint and Money-Makers for the People. 218 SUPERIOR STREET WEST. SHOES IN QUALITIES DIVERSIFIED.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue Already iced. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullom, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Dr. Schiffman fills teeth without pain.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Choice fruit, Seecamp's opp. Y. M. C. A.

Swain's cigar store, Providence bldg.

John Flood, cigars, St. Louis annex.

Bertie Jones, a diminutive colored youth, living at 39 Lake avenue, was struck by an electric car about 9 o'clock last night on Superior street, near Lake avenue. The boy, besides being bruised, sustained a fracture of the hip. He was attended by Dr. Slaughter, and removed to his home.

At a postponed meeting of Company G last night, called for the purpose of electing a second lieutenant, Sergt. Nelson Sickles was the only nominee and was declared elected.

The Commercial club took action last evening in favor of building the Garfield avenue viaduct from Superior street, and the following new members were received: Charles Wellston, A. E. Chantler, C. A. Britts, Charles Erickson and A. M. Hubbard.

Grand Chancellor J. F. Hilcher, of the Knights of Pythias, and Judge Gier M. Orr, F. M. Wheaton and other prominent Pythians will be in the city July 23 and a joint meeting of the lodges will be held in the Castle hall of the Duluth Lodge No. 47.

Sunday excursion to Fond du Lac on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue west at 9:30 a. m. Round trip, 35 cents.

John Clark, the Farwell, Mich., defaulter, will be taken back to answer to the crime with which he is charged, by Deputy Sheriff Breed, this afternoon on the South Shore.

W. P. Heimbach has sued Elizabeth A. Cahill for $26.67 on a lien for building material.

A marriage license has been issued to Janh Anderson and Ida Johnson.

The J. J. Shinners company filed articles of incorporation in the office of the register of deeds this morning to do a bakery and confectionery business. The capital stock is $20,000, and the limit of indebtedness is $10,000. The incorporators are J. S. Shinners, of St. Paul, and M. L. Fischblen, G. D. Lucore and M. F. Fischblen, of Duluth.

Yesterday afternoon at Caledonia Lodge, Lester Park, there was a picnic given in honor of the eighteenth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Stone. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Gearhart, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Lanvanway, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McGilvery, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Davey, Mr. and Mrs. Julius E. Wieland and Master Stone.

Births reported to the health department today were: August and Mary Peterson, a daughter; Fred and Mary Burke, 2221 Michigan street, a daughter.

At a regular meeting of Plasterers' union, No. 53, held at the hall on Second street last evening the following officers were elected: President, A. G. Mathews; vice president, D. G. Murphy; recording secretary, Ed Perrott; corresponding secretary, T. McCollum; financial secretary, J. Blix; treasurer, D. Macooski. The union is in a flourishing condition with over forty active members.

A horse belonging to H. H. Close, the wallpaper dealer at 16 East Superior street, while standing in front of the store, became frightened about 1:30 this afternoon, and turning the corner ran south on Lake avenue, scattering the buggy along the route at every jump. He was finally caught near the Bethel, where he overturned a patrol box.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Dr. J. H. Brown, of Springfield, Ill., arrived in the city this morning and will spend some time as the guest of her niece, Mrs. W. C. Sherwood. Mrs. Brown was a favorite niece of President Lincoln, and was a member of his household at the White House during the most trying period of the civil war. She was also a bridesmaid at the wedding of the martyred president.

Samuel Buch and wife, of Le Raysville, Penn., who have been visiting their nephew, George W. Buch, of this city, for the past ten days, leave this afternoon for their home on the North Land.

G. G. Hartley and A. C. Weiss left on this afternoon's South Shore train for a few days' fishing at the Brule.

James S. Armour, of Chicago, is in the city.

John Tod returned today from the range and leaves this afternoon for Cleveland.

Thomas Madden, Isaac Baker and Samuel Cosson left today to look over a large block of timber on the St. Paul & Duluth.

Thomas H. Shevlin, of Minneapolis, is in the city today.

A. L. Buffington and Charles T. Thompson, of Minneapolis, are at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Adam Bede and son, and Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Harris are passengers on the down trip of the North Land.

The members of the party now at Caledonia Lodge, Lester Park, are Mr. and Mrs. Alf Gillon, their sister, Miss Nellie McLennan, and Mrs. M. McGillvery, Mrs. G. S. Atchley and two children, Miss Emma Griffin, of Two Harbors, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brown and two children.

Dr. Potts and Revivalists Crosby and Hunter, of Toronto, are in the city, and are being entertained by H. A. Jackson.

George Singer, Jr., wife and daughter, of Pittsburg, arrived on the North Land this afternoon on their way to the Yellowstone park. Mr. Singer is a member of the iron firm of Singer, Nimick & Co.

C. E. Wales, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

George D. Kirkham, who left Duluth for Chicago some months ago, is in the city and will spend about a week with his friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Paddock, of Chicago, are expected to arrive in the city today on their way to the coast.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.

BEST MADE. HIGHEST GRADE

HE TRIED TO ESCAPE.

So John Gallagher Was Handcuffed to the Marshal.

John Gallagher was brought in from Detroit, Minn., this morning to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of selling nine quarts of whisky to an Indian with a long and unpronounceable name. He was bound over at Detroit and failed to put up $300 bail.

When he came in this morning he was secured with handcuffs that would hold a very much larger and more dangerous culprit, and he was locked to the marshal who brought him, all because in boarding the train at Staples he went across the platform and made a break for liberty instead of entering the car.

ACTIVITY AT HIBBING.

Three Mines are Shipping and Business is Lively.

Neil McInnis is down today from the range and reports things active in most of the mines. The new State bank at Eveleth, of which D. T. Adams is president, Mr. McInnis, vice president; A. P. Gross, of Hudson, Wis., cashier, and these with H. M. Peyton directors, is about ready to open its doors. A vault is being put in the building which the bank is to occupy and the incorporators are only waiting until the completion of this work to open for business. The new institution will be the only state bank on the range.

Mr. McInnis says that the mines at Eveleth are very busy, the Adams mining and shipping 2000 tons per day, the Fayal shipping a like amount and the Vega mining and shipping 450 tons per day. At Virginia and Hibbing the mines are all operating to their full capacity.

WILL BE HELD OPEN.

Superior Aldermen Bound to Get Missing Witnesses.

Attorney George Cooper, who is conducting the investigation of Mayor Starkweather's alleged nonfeasance of office, said yesterday that the trial will be held open until Jan. 1, 1896, rather than dispense with the testimony of the witnesses Nick Drew, White and Detective Gallagher, who are said to have skipped out.

A petition is being gotten up among Superior saloon keepers asking the mayor to permit them to run open during the bicycle meet. It is claimed by the saloonmen that owing to the closed policy of the town fully $500 a night will be spent in Duluth which would otherwise be circulated in Superior.

Baseball Tomorrow.

The Ashland Baseball club, one of the best amateur or semi-professional clubs in Wisconsin, will be here tomorrow for a series of two games with the Duluth club. They will arrive at 11:45 and will be quartered at Hotel St. Louis. The Duluth boys will have to work hard in tomorrow and Sunday's games, Ryder and McCully will cover the points for the visitors in Saturday's game and Chapman and Connors for the home team. The following are the positions for the Saturday game:

Ashland.		Duluth.
Ryder.....	pitcher	.....Chapman
McCully.....	catcher	.....Connors
Scott, J.....	short	..... Fitch.
Woodhead.....	first base	..... Lackie
McCall.....	second base	..... Girard
Pulcifer.....	third base	.....Springer
Long.....	right field	.....Neff
Ryder.....	center field	.....McCallum
Scott, H.....	left field	.....Fleming

DISASTER.

In order to be more admired,
Her limbs in bloomers she attired,
Then bravely her new wheel bestrode
And 'round the town she gaily rode.
Alas! Most painful to relate,
Her former beaux all shook her straight,
She found, with many a sigh and pang,
Her new suit was a bloomerang.
—Kansas City Journal.

MARINE

The North Land Has a Distinguished List of Passengers Today.

The Pratt, Aground at Detour, Will Be Released Tomorrow Night.

No Sign Visible of Any Change in the Freight Rates.

The North Land passed the Sault at 6:30 o'clock last night, and arrived in port about 4 o'clock this afternoon with a good passenger list. On the down trip she will carry Secretary Lamont and party, who have engaged six state rooms. Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hill will accompany them as far as the Sault. Among those who will go down the lakes are the following:

To Buffalo—Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Warren, Miss Gourlay, Mr. and Mrs. J. Adam Bede and son, S. A. Smart, St. Paul; Mrs. J. D. Plant, W. S. Hunkins, Minneapolis; Miss W. Wood, Mr. Wood, W. H. Field, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Harris, Duluth; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Buck, Le Raysville, Pa., Mrs. E. Lynch, Seattle, Wash.; Mrs. J. B. Griswold, Baker City, Ore.; W. W. and L. F. Culver, St. Louis; Mrs. B. W. Youngblood, West Superior; Miss M. Brown, Duluth.

To Mackinaw Island—L. D. Kellogg, Westfield, Mass.; W. E. Staples, Cadillac, Mich.; A. M. Jenkinson, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. McElroy, Pittsburg.

To Detroit—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sax, Duluth; Mary Ross, Fargo; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kaske, Lexington, Ky.; H. C. Cook, New York; J. C. Miller, St. Paul; H. H. Hoyt, Duluth.

To the Sault—Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hill, St. Paul; E. P. McCullough, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Demmon, Detroit.

To Cleveland—Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Hope, Cleveland.

THE PRATT STRANDED.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Pratt is ashore at False Detour. The steamer is reported to be badly damaged. A dense fog prevailed when she stranded. There is a big hole in the steamer forward, with the stern sunk in twenty feet of water.

Later—The wrecking tug Favorite is putting pumps aboard the steamer Pratt, which stranded at False Detour yesterday, and is lightering her coal cargo. The Pratt has twenty feet of water aft. It is thought that she will be released by tomorrow night.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

(Specials to The Herald.)

Huron, O.—Cleared: Columbia, Duluth.

South Chicago—Arrived: Pathfinder, Sagamore, John Mitchell, barge 130, Merida. Cleared: Maruba, Malta, Roby, Two Harbors.

Cleveland—Arrived: Two Parkers, Folsom, George Gould, H. B. Tuttle.

Lorain, O.—Arrived: Mabel Wilson.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Pontiac, 10 last night; Nicol, 11; Fayette Brown and whaleback, midnight; Sawyer, Redfern, Tuxbury, 1:30 a. m.; Havana, Biwabik, 3; Orion, Waubeshene, Nelson, Albatross, 4; Maruba, Malta, 5:30; Mecosta, Ashland, Ward, 7; Twin Sisters, Sibley, Vega, 8:30; Iron Duke, Iron State, North Star, 9:30. Down: Bielman, Flint, 9:30 last night; Hale, Quayle, 10:30; Wright, Alverson, 11:30; Kallyuga, Fontana, 1 a. m.; Rhodes, Northern Wave, 2; Hope, Fitzpatrick, 3:30; St. Louis, Potomac, Champion, Norris, 5; Yuma, United Empire, 6; Globe, Portage, 7:30; Corsica, Spokane, 9; Lyon, S. H. Foster, S. L. Watson, 10.

Up yesterday: Normandie, Butteroni, Arabian, 10:30 a. m.; Grover and consort, 12:30 p. m.; Curry, 2; Langell and consorts, 3:30; Weed, William Chisholm, 5; North Land, 8; Rappahanock, McGregor, 7:30; Boby, Hackett and consort, 9. Down: Oades and consorts, 11 a. m.; Codorus, Republic, 12; Tampa, Tremont and consorts, 1:30 p. m.; Marshall and consorts, Devereux, 3; Mariska and consorts, 4:30; Alberta, C. A. Eddy, 6; Tower, Vulcan, 7; Samuel Mitchell, Mesaba, 8.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., July 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Henry Johnson and consort, midnight; Wallula and consort, midnight; Australasia and consort, 2:30 p. m.; Ketcham, Owen, 3; Sicken and barges, 3:15; Griffin, 3:20; Wetmore and consort, 4; Stone, 4:30.

Down yesterday: George Presley and consorts, 12:30 p. m.; Topeka, 2; Iron King and consort, 3:30; Richards and consort, 5; the two Wallaces, 5:15; George Williams and consort, 7.

Port of Duluth.

ARRIVED.

Prop North Land, Buffalo; passengers.
Prop North Wind, Buffalo; light for flour.
Prop Nicholas, Buffalo; light for grain.
Prop Saginaw Valley, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Fountain City, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Hunter, Ashland; passengers.
Prop Rosedale, Buffalo; light for grain.
Prop Nimick, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Farwell, Lake Erie; light for ore.
Schr Rutter, Lake Erie; light for ore.
Prop Northern King, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Leuty, Lake Erie; coal.
Schr Jackson, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Celtic, Lake Erie; coal.
Schr Botsford, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Dixon, Port Arthur; passengers and fish.
Prop Gilchrist, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Verona, Lake Erie; coal.

DEPARTED.

Prop Tice, Lake Erie; lumber.
Schr Jenness, Lake Erie; lumber.
Schr Ouranta, Lake Erie; lumber.
Prop Gilbert, Lake Erie; flour.
Prop India, Buffalo; flour.
Prop North Wind, Buffalo; flour.
Prop Hunter, Ashland; passengers.
Prop City of Duluth, Chicago; passengers and flour.
Prop Sauber, Lake Erie; ore.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., July 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Wotan and consorts, 11:30 last night; Oceanica, 1 p. m.; Genoa, 1:30; John Ketcham, Montgomery, 5; Roumania, Barium, 6; Lansing, 6:30; Fay and consorts, Niko, Churchill, 7:40; Aztec, Zapotec, 8; Cambria, Brazil, 8:30; Ira Owen, 9; Hopkins, Kelley, Selkirk, 10.

Up yesterday: Superior, 12:20 p. m.; Trevor and consorts, Shenandoah, Granada, Gogebic, 2:40; Flower, 5:15; Pasadena, 9; Hoyt and consort, 9:30.

NO CHANGE IN RATES.

Cleveland, July 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Shippers are taking everything offered for coal and ore, but there is no sign of any change in rates.

MARINE NOTES.

Clearances: India, 112,000 barrels flour, Buffalo; Elphicke, 1900 tons ore, Buffalo; Parks Foster, 1900 tons ore, Buffalo; E. L. Tice, 570,000 feet lumber, Tonawanda; O. C. Carpenter, 350,000 feet lumber, Toledo; W. W. Stewart, 450,000 feet lumber, Toledo; Dashing Wave, 350,000 feet lumber, Toledo.

A number of large rafts were brought into the harbor yesterday. The tug Boutin brought in 800,00 feet, the Bob Anderson 1,400,000 feet, the Castle 1,200,000 feet, and the Pathfinder 800,000 feet.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Normannia, Hamburg; Nordland, Antwerp; Russia, Hamburg; Wittenkind, Bremen.

Queenstown—Arrived: Aurania, New York.

For ASHLAND, BAYFIELD and all intermediate points take STEAMER LIBERTY, Passengers and Freight. Fast, neat, cozy. Leave Culver's dock Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 9 a. m.

FISH SUPERSTITION.

Curious Beliefs Among Many Kinds of Fishermen.

The legends, quaint customs and superstitions connected with fish and fishing are many and curious, says the Fishing Gazette. Ask a Scandinavian why salmon are red and have such fine tails. You will be told that the ruddy color of the flesh is due to the fact that when heaven was on fire the gods threw the flames into the water and the salmon swallowed them. The delicacy of the salmon's tail is explained by the story that Loki, when the angry gods pursued him, turned himself into a salmon. He would have escaped if Thor had not caught him by the tail. Salmons have had their tails fine and thin ever since. Why are soles, place and other flatfish brown on one side and white on the other? The Arabs of Upper Egypt give an explanation which no one can hesitate to accept. One day, they tell you, Moses, the Israelitish lawgiver was frying fish—we all know the Jews are fond of fried fish, and they cook it splendidly, Moses, however, had only cooked his fish on one side, when the fire went out, and so he angrily threw the half cooked fish into the sea.

Although half broiled it came to life again, and its descendants—all the flat fish—have preserved today the peculiar appearance of their half cooked ancestor, being white on one side and brown on the other. Why do haddocks carry those peculiar black "finger marks" near the head? Some tell us that they are a memento of the pressure of St. Peter's fingers when he went fishing for the tribute money. On the Yorkshire coast they say the devil once determined to build a bridge at Filey. His satanic majesty did not start the bridge for the convenience of the people, but for the destruction of ships and sailors, and the annoyance of fishermen in general. In the progress of the work Old Nick dropped his hammer into the sea. Snatching at it hastily he caught a haddock, and all haddocks carry the imprint of his black fingers to this day.

Fishermen have queer customs. A few years ago the fishermen of Preston, Lancashire, used actually to go fishing on Sunday. It seems incredible but they did. A clergyman of the town used to preach against this Sabbath desecration, and pray that they might catch no fish. And they did not. But they found out how to make his prayers of no avail. The fishermen used to make a little effigy of the parson in rags, and put this small "guy" up their chimneys. When his reverence was slowly smoked and consumed the fish bit—liked anything. The fishermen of the Isle of Man always feel safe from storm and disaster if they have a dead wren on board.

They have a tradition that at one time an evil spirit always haunted the herring pack and was always attended by storms. The spirit assumed many forms. At last it took the shape of a wren and flew away. If the fishermen have a dead wren with them they are certain that all will be safe and snug. On the Norfolk coast they think that fleas and fish come together. An old fisherman near Cromer was heard to say: "Times is that you might look in my flannel shirt and see scarce a flea—and there ain't but a werry few herrings; but times there are when my shirt's alive with 'em, and then there's sartin to be a slight o' fish." Flannel-shirted anglers, please note.

Shocking it is to be compelled to state that many fishing superstitions are ungallantly directed against the ladies. Over against Ross there is the Island of Lewis, sixty miles in length. In this isle there is but one fresh river. "Fish abound there in plenty," but only let a woman wade in the stream, and not a salmon will be seen there for at least twelve months. There is a song about "Eliza's Tootsies," but the immortal lyric does not explain why they should frighten the fish. I believe the ladies deny the allegation in toto. In the south of Ireland an angler proceeding to fish declares he will have no luck if he is asked where he is going to, if he sees a magpie, or "if he is so unfortunate as to meet a woman."

For Rent....

An 8-room Modern House—All Conveniences, nicest location in the City, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to Wm. E. LUCAS, Exchange Building.

HOW TO TELL THE KEY.

Philadelphia Record: "Amateur musicians often are somewhat embarrassed by the unexpected query as to what key a piece of music is in when playing in company," remarked a well-known music teacher. "They can tell on a little reflection, but an array of four or five sharps or flats is apt to temporarily confuse the best of them.

"Here is a sample little guide or reminder, which, if rehearsed a few times, will always keep them right and ready to make a quick response to such a question:

"In sharps just jot down this sentence, the capital letter beginning each word representing an additional sharp from one to six: 'God Deluged All Earth By Flood.' In flats the same rule obtains in connection with this amusing line: 'Fanny Baker Eats Apple Dumplings Greedily.'"

LAMONT

The Secretary of War Arrived in Duluth Late This Afternoon.

He and His Party Will Embark on the North Land.

Refused to Discuss Politics and Talked Only of His Trip.

At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon the special train on the Eastern Minnesota bearing Secretary of War Daniel Lamont and his party arrived at the Union depot. The train consisted of two special coaches and a baggage car. In the party were Secretary and Mrs. Lamont and three daughters, Mrs. Dr. Bryant, wife of President Cleveland's physician, with her daughter, Miss Bryant; Maj. George W. Davis, U. S. A.; H. C. Quimby, nephew of Secretary Lamont, and Quartermaster Gen. R. N. Batchelder, U. S. A., all of whom came through from Puget sound; Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hill and Gen. Brooke, who joined the party in St. Paul.



DANIEL S. LAMONT.

Secretary Lamont refused to talk politics and further than expressing satisfaction with his trip had nothing to say. He refused to read the following press dispatch from San Francisco:

San Francisco, July 12.—A local paper says that there is reason to believe that Secretary Lamont, who has been on the Pacific coast, ostensibly looking after the defenses of the western seaboard, is in reality on a political mission looking toward the nomination of President Cleveland for a third term. While the secretary is engaged in examining for this and other requisites of war, he is said to be quietly sounding the leading Democrats of California and the Northwest to see if they would lend their support to a Cleveland boom should the president announce his candidacy for a third term. The same paper says that H. W. Van Senden, Secretary Carlisle's private secretary, who is now in the city in connection with the treasury department, is believed to be on a political mission similar to that of Secretary Lamont, with the exception that he is attempting to guage the popularity of Carlisle with the Western Democracy. When questioned about the rumor, Van Senden denied that his visit to the coast had any political significance, but said that if Carlisle were nominated he would obey the call of his party.

"I do not care to see it" said he. "I do not know anything about politics at present."

J. J. Hill was also uncommunicative. He stated that he and Mrs. Hill would probably return to St. Paul and would not go through to the Sault, as it had been reported that they intended doing.

The party at once entered carriages and started for a drive about the city while waiting for the boat. Gen. Brooke will accompany them to the Sault and the others will go through to Buffalo.

There were few people at the depot to meet the train, as it was not generally known at what time the party would arrive. Among the number who greeted the party were all the local Great Northern officials, Maj. Sears and a few private citizens. President J. J. Hill directed the movements of the party and occupied a place in the first carriage. The party was driven direct to the boulevard, and after the drive will go direct to the boat.

Mr. Quimby stated that the trip from the West had been a most enjoyable one, but that most of the members of the party were much fatigued from the long journey.

UNEQUALLY ENDOWED.

Detroit Free Press: "Could I have a few minutes private conversation with you?" he asked as he stood at the open door of a lawyer's office in the Hammond building the other afternoon.

"Can't you speak right out from where you are?" asked the lawyer in reply, after looking the man over.

"I'h rather make a private matter of it."

"What is the nature of your business?"

"Confidential—strictly private and confidential, sir."

"Well, I have no time to grant you a private interview. If you have anything to say you can let 'er go right here. Now, what is it?"

"I—I wanted the loan of a quarter, sir!" stammered the man.

"Oh! you did! And you wanted a private interview to ask me that?"

"Yes, sir. I knew it would hurt your feelings if I was refused in public—yours because you couldn't afford to loan me the money, and mine because I couldn't get it. Can you grant my request, sir?"

"No, sir."

"And does it hurt your feelings?"

"Not a bit! (You are mistaken on that point."

"And my feelings are the only ones hurt?"

"Yours alone."

"Just so," said the man, as he bowed and backed out, "I beg your pardon. I was mistaken. You have the money and no feelings; I have the feelings and no money. Impossible chasm; no use in trying to bridge; good day!"

Mortgage Loans!

Various amounts, at lowest rates, without delay. Money always on hand.

ROSS L. MAHON, 607 First National Bank Building.

5% $100,000.00 6% TO LOAN. Sums to Suit... The Duluth Banking Co., 400 Burrows Building

NOTICE OF

School Election.

Office of Board of Education,
Duluth, Minn., July 8, 1895.

Notice is hereby given of the annual school election to be held on Saturday, July 20th, 1895, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing members of the board of education of the city of Duulth.

Three directors for the term of three years each are to be elected in place of H. M. Bradley, E. J. Luther and Wm. H. Leonard, whose terms are about to expire.

The following named places have been designated polling places in each of the several polling precincts of the city of Duluth, to-wit:

FIRST WARD.

First precinct—Lester Park school building.
Second precinct—Lakeside school building.
Third precinct—Endion school building.
Fourth precinct—Engine house No. 4.
Fifth precinct—Glen Avon school building.

SECOND WARD.

First precinct—631 East Third street.
Second precinct—Jefferson school building.
Third precinct—No. 811 East Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—Franklin school building.

THIRD WARD.

First precinct—No. 34 Pearson block.
Second precinct—Basement St. Paul's Episcopal church.
Third precinct—No. 103 West Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—No. 123 East Fourth street.

FOURTH WARD.

First precinct—Old Park Point school building.
Second precinct—Cleveland school building.
Third precinct—Bethel building.
Fourth precinct—No. 14 East First street.
Fifth precinct—Washington school building.

FIFTH WARD.

First precinct—Jackson school building.
Second precinct—531 West First street.
Third precinct—No. 704 West Second street.
Fourth precinct—Emerson school building.
Fifth precinct—Town hall, Duluth Heights.

SIXTH WARD.

First precinct—No. 1402 West Superior street.
Second precinct—Basement of Second Presbterian church.
Third precinct—No. 2004 Piedmont avenue.
Fourth precinct—Adams school building.
Fifth precinct—Madison school building.
Sixth precinct—No. 916 Garfield avenue.

SEVENTH WARD.

First precinct—Basement of Grace Methodist church.
Second precinct—Monroe school building.
Third precinct—Bryant school building, West Park.
Fourth precinct—Oneota school building.
Fifth precinct—Vestry room of Congregational church.

EIGHTH WARD.

First precinct—City hall, West Duluth.
Second precinct—Longfellow school building.
Third precinct—Fairmount school building.
Fourth precinct—Irving school building.
Fifth precinct—O. S. Olson's store, corner Sixty-first avenue and Raleigh street.
Sixth precinct—Smithville school building.
Seventh precinct—Stowe school building, New Duluth.
Eighth precinct—School house Fond du Lac.

By order of the board of education of the city of Duluth.

H. W. PEARSON,
Clerk.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John Olsson, widower, of St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagor, to William G. Hinman, of Oakland County, Michigan, mortgagee, dated the twenty-eighth (28th)day of March A. D. 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the thirteenth (13th) day of April, A. D. 1892, at eight o'clock in the forenoon, in Book eighty-two (82) of mortgages on page three hundred and forty-five (345).

And whereas such default consists in the non-payment of the interest on the principal sum secured by said mortgage, and in the non-payment of the insurance premiums and of the taxes and assessments upon the premises described in said mortgage and covenanted to be paid therein, and whereas the mortgagee has elected to declare the whole sum thereby secured to be now due and payable, and there is claimed to be due and is now due on said mortgage the sum of two thousand and nineteen dollars and ninety-one cents ($2019.91), principal and interest and the further sums of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) for insurance on the premises therein described, and one hundred and eighty-one dollars and fifteen cents ($181.15) for taxes thereon and forty-one dollars and thirty-five cents ($41.35) for assessments thereon, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $227.41-100, all of which said sums for insurance, taxes and assessments have been paid by the mortgagee at the date of this notice.

And whereas no proceeding or action has been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described at public vendue, by the sheriff of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, at the front door of the district court house of said county in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 26th day of August, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on the said mortgage, with interest thereon, and insurance premiums, taxes and assessments paid by the mortgagee at the date of this notice, with interest thereon as provided in said mortgage and the costs and disbursements of the sale and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as provided in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold are the tracts and parcels of land situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number three hundred and twenty-six (326), in block number one hundred and forty-three (143), Duluth Proper, Second Division, and lot number ten (10), in Myers' rearrangement of block number one hundred and twenty-seven (127), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Duluth, Minn., July 12th, 1895.

WILLIAM G. HINMAN,
Mortgagee.

Henry S. Mahon,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
July-12-19-26-Aug-2-9-16.

CLAUSEN

Chief Grain Inspector Talks About the Coming Wheat Crop.

He is Not At All Enthusiastic Over the Present Outlook.

Says the Government Statistician Will Have to Revise His Figures.

St. Paul, July 12.—Chief Grain Inspector Clausen returned this morning from a trip to Duluth and through the northern part of the state, where he made notes of the condition of the wheat crop, and he is not so enthusiastic over the outlook as the man who writes crop reports from an office in Washington.

"Unless I am much mistaken," said Mr. Clausen this morning, "the government bureau will soon have to revise its reports on spring wheat crop prospects. In the Red river valley I found wheat in all stages of progress and condition, between Winnipeg Junction and Crookston, on the Northern Pacific, the indications are favorable to a very large yield. The wheat stands large and thick with large heads, which promise an unprecedented yield. But, on the other hand, many fields are not headed, and hundreds of acres, in my opinion will not mature before frost. This is especially the case on ground that is not capable of drainage. The cold, wet weather has kept the crop back, and it is now a question whether in many cases it will ripen at all. This applies to the country between Barnesville and Crookston, on the Great Northern.

"The best wheat I saw on the trip was between Grand Forks and Crookston on the land which is drained by the Red Lake river or by the ditches recently constructed. The men who talk about the crops being larger than in 1891 are not farmers, but nine out of ten have land for sale. I think the government reports must come from this source. The reports from South Dakota of continued drouth and the estimates of half a yield for that state, and similar reports from the Minnesota valley and Southern Minnesota, satisfy me that the aggregate yield of the three states will not be anything like that of 1891, which was the largest yield the state ever had.

"I believe news will be received from the wheat fields of Minnesota and the two Dakotas during the next week or two that will very materially modify the over-sanguine views of some people who have done a good deal of talking lately. I am also convinced that the quality of the grain will not compare with that of 1891 for evenness. There will be a great deal of shrunken wheat. While there is no doubt that the quality from some sections will be of the highest grade, the average yield and quality of the three states will fall below that of 1891. The numerous complaints of weevils also indicate a dirtier crop than usual."

BRIBERY IS ALLEGED.

Chicago Aldermen and Others Will Be Indicted.

Chicago, July 12.—The special grand jury which is investigating the charges of bribery brought against Aldermen Finkler and Martin, heard a mass of testimony today in regard to the alleged bribery of the city officials by officers of the various insurance companies. The investigation was called for the purpose of airing the aldermen's connection with the matter, but the testimony took an unexpected turn, implicating, it is said, some of the prominent ice dealers of the city. Max Worthsman, an ice salesman, went before the jury and gave the names of several firms which he alleged had given bribes to prevent the passage of an ordinance regulating the sale of ice. It was said by attaches of the state's attorney's office that several wealthy ice men were likely to be indicted with the aldermen.

The grand jury also took up the charges of bribery, freely made in connection with the passing of the Calumet & Blue Island railroad ordinance. The ordinance gave the railroad a right-of-way along the lake front in South Chicago and was passed over the mayor's veto and in the face of the bitter opposition of the property owners. While the proceedings of the jury were carefully guarded, it was said on good authority that the witnesses at today's session gave ample proof that bribery was used in passing the ordinance, and that the names of several aldermen who had accepted money were given.

ROBBED MAIL BOXES.

Marion, Ind., July 12.—Much excitement was caused here today when it was discovered that a number of mail boxes throughout the city had been broken open and rifled. The loss will not be known, but one firm, Osborn Paper company, reports a loss of $826 in money and drafts. The boxes were all on business corners and the loss, it is thought will be heavy. The department at Washington was immediately notified.

INDIANA BANK CLOSES.

Green Castle, Ind., July 12.—The Cloverdale bank at Cloverdale closed its doors today. The bank was regarded as solvent and it is thought that the depositors are secured.

JUSTICE MERRILL IS "WHEELY."

Rawlins, Wyo., July 12.—Homer Merrill, ex-associate justice of the state supreme court was today declared mentally incompetent to attend to his business affairs. Mrs. Merrill will be made his guardian and will attempt to unravel the many financial snarls in which he became involved.

"THE FARMERS WERE BUSY."

Washington, July 12.—A convention of Maryland citizens interested in the silver question began here today. The call designated the assemblage as "mass meeting" but the attendance was limited to about a score. E. M. Burchard, of Hyattsville, Md., who had projected the convention explained that the small attendance was because "the farmers are very busy just now." S. S. Field, of Baltimore, was chosen permanent chairman and T. Canfield Jenkins, of Camunkey, secretary.

BICYCLE RACING

Big Events Set for Today at Asbury Park.

Asbury Park, N. J., July 12.—Interest in the national meet of the L. A. W. centers in today's racing. The events of the day will be the half-mile championship, for which both Gardiner and Bald will fight to the finish, and the two-mile class B handicap. The prize of the latter is a $400 piano. The two-thirds mile, open, class B, carries with it a trip to Europe, and will be paced by Zimmerman. The novice event has twenty-one entries. The day's program will contain a mile handicap and a one mile open, both class A. The lowering clouds of yesterday are today replaced by an unusually clear sky, and as the attendance will be large, better time in the events is a probability, for the air is clear and dry and general conditions much more cheerful for the men.

The board of trade of cycle manufacturers are expected to take action today looking to a settlement of the vexed question of professionalism. The board of trade is anxious to come to some understanding with the league. Runs were made this morning to Eatontown and Redbank under the leadership of Charles A. Trafford, and to Hollyoowd, Elbron and Westend, captained by J. C. Berrang.

The races today resulted as follows: One mile, novice, class A, first heat won by E. W. Sanbrough, Denver; second heat, Alvin B. Wise, Harlem, time not given. Two-thirds of a mile, open, special, class B, first heat, E. C. Bald, Buffalo, first; Angus McLeod, second. Time 1:42 3-5. Second heat, A. W. Porter, Waltham, Mass., won; Harry Davidson, Bradford, second. Time 1:40 2-5.

Third heat, Charles Murphy, Brooklyn, won; A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, second. Time 1:44½. Fourth heat, Arthur Gardiner, Chicago, won; E. Johnson, Cleveland, second. Time 1:48 4-5. Fifth heat, C. R. Coulter, Toledo, won; F. H. Allen, Syracuse, second. Time 1:49¾. Sixth heat, Frank J. Jenny, Utica, won; Charles H. Callahan, Buffalo, second. Time 2:02 2-5.

One-mile handicap, Class A, in heats—First heat: H. G. Winters, Tonawanda (30 yards), first; J. Baldwin, Paterson (60 yards), second. Time 2:19 1-5. Second heat: H. B. Schmidt, Utica (80 yards), first; Nat Roe, Patchogue (100 yards), second. Time 2:13 2-5. Third heat: Charles Spence, Baltimore (80 yards), first; J. Harrison, Asbury Park (20 yards), second. Time 2:13 1-5. Fourth heat: F. C. Hoyt, Bridgeport (30 yards), won; H. K. Roe, Patchogue (100 yards), second. Time 2:14. Fifth heat: J. M. Hains, Bloomfield (100 yards), won; Louis Hunter, Asbury Park, second. Time 2:14. Sixth heat: C. L. Leatherbury, Baltimore (20 yards), won; Oscar Hedstrom, Berkley (40 yards), second. Time 2:14. Seventh heat: F. A. Fall, Buffalo (40 yards), won; F. M. McCall (65 yards), second. Time 2:20 1-5.

Half-mile national handicap, Classes A and B, first in each heat to qualify for finals—First heat won by Arthur Gardiner, Chicago. Time 1:23 3-5. Second heat won by Charles Murphy, Brooklyn. Time 1:23 1-5. Third heat won by A. W. Porter, Waltham. Time 1:29 1-5. Fourth heat won by E. C. Bald, Buffalo. Time 1:37 1-5. Fifth heat won by R. H. Stefson, Utica. Time 1:35. Sixth heat won by W. F. Simms, Washington. Time 1:21 4-5. Seventh heat won by C. R. Coulter, Toledo. Time 1:20 4-5. Eighth heat won by Ray McDonald, New York. Time 1:20 4-5. Ninth heat won by Otto Schmidt. Time 1:35. In this last heat Frank D. White, of the Liberty wheelmen, while coming in on the home stretch, missed his pedals and fell heavily. He was carried on a stretcher to the hospital tent.

Two-mile handicap, Class B, special, the first five men in each heat to qualify as finals—First heat: C. A. Church, Chester, Pa., 140 yards, won; A. E. Barnet, Plainfield, second; T. C. Saunders, Boston, 600 yards, third; T. Earl, New York, 210 yards, fourth; Harley Davidson, Bradford, 120 yards, fifth. Time 4:29. Second heat: Angus McLeod, Bradford, won; L. F. E. Leonard, Buffalo, 150 yards, second; T. A. Silvie, Fort Richmond 140 yards, third; Monte Scott, Plainfield, 180 yards, fourth; Fred O. Rumford, Chicago, 270 yards, fifth. Time 4:31 3-5. Third heat: C. R. Coulter, Toledo, 70 yards, won; A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, 115 yards, second; W. J. Helfert, Utica, 70 yards, second; O. F. Hallen, Springfield, third; O. E. Johnson, Cleveland, 80 yards, fifth. Time 4:33 1-5.

An adjournment was then announced at 12 o'clock until 2:30 this afternoon.

RETAIL CLERKS' OFFICERS.

St. Louis, July 12.—At today's session of the fourth annual convention of the Retail Clerks' National Protective association, balloting for officers for the ensuing year was begun. H. A. Sellers, of Kansas City, was elected president. Denver was selected as the location for the next national convention and will be the scene of holding it such second Tuesday in July, 1896. Ed E. Mallory, of Chicago, will probably be re-elected secretary as he has no opposition.

KILLED BY NEGROES.

Havana, July 12.—A terrible crime has been committed at Guanajayabo, in the Guanajay tobacco district, about forty-five miles from this city. Four burly negroes went to a grocery store at that place and without any word overpowered the grocer and his brother-in-law and stabbed them to the heart. The negroes then assaulted the storekeeper's wife and three daughters, aged respectively 17, 6 and 4 years. All of their victims died. If caught the negroes will be killed.

RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

Kansas City, Mo., July 12.—George E. Black and Gen. Neal have been appointed receivers by United States Judge Phillips for the Campbell Commission company. The company is an Illinois corporation doing a cattle commission business in St. Louis, Chicago, South Omaha, Fort Worth and Kansas City. The money involved is set by the Metropolitan National bank, which made application for the receivers, at $850,000. The present assets other than the money owed to the company are estimated at $100,000, of which only half is available. The failure of Clark & Plumb, of Fort Worth, recently has embarrassed the concern.

KOERNER BOUGHT BONDS.

St. Paul, July 12.—State Treasurer Koerner, who is in New York purchasing bonds for the investment of the various state funds, today telegraphed he had purchased government bonds to the amount of $233,583.33. Of this amount $200,000 will go into the permanent school fund and $33,583.33 into the general school fund. The money with which to make the investment was sent to New York today. Mr. Koerner did not state the denomination of the bonds or the price paid for them.

THE OFFER ACCEPTED.

Washington, July 12.—Acting Secretary Wilkie today wrote a letter to Mayor Swift, of Chicago, formally accepting the offer of the city of Chicago tendering to the government the use of a site on the lake front for a temporary federal building.

HUNGRY

Midnight Scene in Gotham in the Shadow of Grace Church.

A Haggard Lot of People Who Ask for Free Bread.

Good and Bad, Old and Young Recipients of the Charity.

At midnight, when Broadway is well nigh deserted, when the turmoil of the busy street is stilled for a few hours, a small army of hungry, poverty-stricken men gather in the shadow of old Grace church. Every night this long line of the city's poor is there, and every night each is given a generous portion of good, fresh bread, says the New York Mercury.

It is a noble charity that does this, and it started in a little incident that occurred in 1876. It was in winter, and the night was very blustery and stormy when a tramp, an homeless, friendless specimen, knocked at the door of the office and begged for some bread; a loaf was given him, and the next night he came again, and soon others came with him and none were ever sent away hungry; the charity grew, the good news spread quickly, and soon Fleischman dedicated that the bulk of every night's bread that was left to the suffering poor of the city. Since then not a night has elapsed when the hungry beggars at his shop have been turned away when there was bread in the establishment.

From 500 to 600 are served nightly, and a more haggard, hungry lot of men than they are seldom seen. The line begins to form at 11:30 or thereabouts, and the first lamp post on Tenth street, near Broadway, is where it starts. The first comer leans against this post and the rest stand in line behind him; at 12 the crowd reaches to the big door of the church, and form on the edge of the curb, quiet, most of them, ravenous, all of them—victims of circumstance and an unkind fate. More than half of them are working men, whose wages are so pitifully small, whose employers are so despicably mean that necessity compels them to stand there in line for the charity bread. Things are not fair in this world, but it is the humanity of such men as this German baker that softens the sting and prevents anarky.

Of the other half one-third, perhaps, are loungers and "bums," another third are old men, too broken down to work, and the remaining third men who are temporarily down in their luck, young country fellows without situations, struggling artists, and others of the same sort, who have the ability, but not the chance, to earn their living.

THE STAFF OF LIFE.

At 12:50 the door is thrown open and the crates of bread are carried out into the streets. About 300 loaves are generally given away, and it is fresh, sweet and good. The long loaves of French bread are cut into three pieces, the graham loaves in two and the others in two. Herr Fleickenstein, the manager, gives the signal, waves his hands and cries: "Ready; come on," and the line moves toward the Mecca. There isn't any dilly dallying about it; it comes with a rush, and the manna in the wilderness was not more welcome than are those loaves to the waiting men.

The most pathetic figures in the lines are the old men; there are many of these and the bent, wasted frames, the whitening hair and the wrinkled faces bear the impress of hard times, hunger, cold—severest poverty. One of these men had the face of a scholar, and white side whiskers and sad blue eyes; he wore a pair of much-mended old shoes, a greenish Prince Albert and some frayed apologies for cuffs; his trousers were threadbare and his hat very old but well brushed, as were all his clothes. As he took the bread, he bowed low to the superintendent of the distribution and said: "I thank you," as though it were a Godsend to him, and I presume it was. He walked slowly toward Fourth avenue, and I learned later that for three years he had come nightly to the place. His clothes looked the same as when he first appeared, but the man himself was fast failing; he leaned heavily on his cane, and walked as though it were an effort, and it will not be long before this steady customer will come no more for his share.

Another poor old fellow was bent almost double and walked with crutches. He looked like some old tar, and his weather-beaten face was a striking one. He took a piece of the graham bread and, as he turned to go away, the good-hearted watchman ran after him and also gave him a piece of the white. Every night this same scene is enacted. The old man never waits, as though expecting a second piece, but hustles off as fast as his crutches and his poor old legs can carry him.

One very old man had hardly a tooth in his head, and when he took his loaf, he looked at it anxiously and walked off, evidently going to some park fountain where he could get it softened and fit for him to chew. A colored man was in the line—a kindly-faced old coon—with grizzled beard and hair; he grasped his bread with both hands and sat down on an opposite curbstone to enjoy it.

An old Russian, with long hair and beard, took a piece of rye bread and devoured it ravenously, actually tearing it with his teeth. He ate as though he were starved, and it probably made his only meal for twenty-four hours. There was an ancient Hibernian in the line who was by far the jolliest of the lot; he kept up his spirits and those of the men around him by singing old Irish airs in a cracked little voice. He was as hungry as the rest of them, and I noticed that though he took the bread as if it didn't matter whether he ate or not, he gave a long, happy sigh as he tasted it.

There were perhaps fifty of these old fellows, ranging in age anywhere from 60 to 90; men whose lives had been wrecked; whose existence was a mere round of struggles and privations, but who still lived on, and on, their only home some dirty little room or some dry goods box in winter, and the benches in some park their haunts in summer. All of them were beyond earning anything and were it not for this bread charity Potter's Field would have had many of them long ago.

THE PROFESSIONAL TRAMP.

The loungers, professional do-nothings, et al, were the most picturesque of the lot, and there was nothing sad about it, so far as they were concerned, except that their lives were practically wasted ones; there were about fifty of these, I should say, and they were greasy, dirty, ragged rascals with sullen, bestial faces, with little trace of manliness left on them. They didn't look like real villains, but just simply disgusting, loathsome specimens of humanity with no aim in life.

No doubt many of them had had ambitions and aspirations; no doubt they had many of them been respectable and decent, but those days were long past, and they were mere wrecks—useless, shameless beings—whose only desire was for a place to sleep and something to eat and drink. Only one of them was a "Weary Waggles" of the comic paper type, and he was an ideal; one could almost see him tramping some dusty road and sleeping beneath the trees by the roadside.

His shoes were tattered and disreputable, his clothing hung in rags, greasy and forlorn, and his face was bearded and dirty. He was very discriminating about his dole—as, indeed, were the rest of this class—and he had to be told to "move on," for he lingered too long at the crate. A few of these lazy fellows made exchanges, and it was evident that they were very fastidious about their diet.

HUNGRY COUNTRY BOYS.

It was pitiful to see young boyish faces among those grown old in poverty and squalor; there were bright fellows in line with clean, honest faces, and eyes out of which had not quite died all hope; they looked hungry and a little discouraged, many of them; but for them there was some chance of betterment; some of them were country boys and they looked askance at the loungers, on whom life, were huddled; if the abundance of the old farm life and the homely fare were only a reality instead of a memory, how happy most of them would be.

These young men took the bread eagerly, and, going to Union square, camped upon the benches and ate their frugal meal. An hour later, as I passed through the park, many of them were nodding sleepily, while others were fast asleep, upon the benches, worn out in their search for employment.

There was an artist in the crowd—a tall, slim young man, with stooping shoulders, dark hair and vision-seeing eyes. He was not at all interested in anything about him, his mind being probably upon some of his unappreciated efforts. He took his loaf mechanically and walked away, nibbling at it in the same fashion.

There were many unemployed there, as I gathered from their scraps of talk. They were men with families depending on them for bread; whose children were even then anxiously waiting for the little loaf which meant so much; they were men whose faces looked gaunt and wolfish, whose eyes looked hungry, whose cheeks were hollow and drawn, and in their sorrow they were silent, except for an occasional exchange of confidence. If the rich magnate could but be a hungry, penniless, laboring man for one night, what an insight he would have into the depths of suffering and the desolateness of despair. Laborers who had employment were also in the line, many of them acting a trifle ashamed as they took their share of the staff of life; they didn't look at the bread or at the hand who gave it to them, but slid by the box and abstracted a loaf as though it were a crime to take it. There was a vast number of these poor fellows, whose small earnings were mostly swallowed up by rent and fuel, and the bread means much to such as these. Many of them come from far away up near Central Park, and the long walk they take for the bread is a proof that they need it. Men don't eat dry bread because they like it; that is all they can get, and they take it thankfully.

There was but little meanness in the crowd; there was no pushing, nor was there swearing; the men were quiet, and in a state of apathy, most of them, from which nothing could rouse them. Of the 273 men who received the loaves, only two were mean enough to steal from their poor neighbors. One of these was a Russian Jew, who appeared in the line twice, and the other was a nasty, low sneak of a lounger, who took two big pieces on the first round.

THE FINISH.

The saddest part of all was when the bread was gone and some half hundred were waiting and hungry; the hopeless, dejected way in which they quietly stole off was enough to make the hardest heart ache in pity and sympathy.

It is a hard lot to be a broken-spirited, poverty-stricken man, whether one is old or young; it is senseless nowadays to say that a man can earn a living if he will but try; for how many try and are still unsuccessful.

The struggle for a home, for bread, and for even a bare existence, is a terrible one, and it is a great reproach to New York city that such a thing should be; that in a place where rich men are so numerous there will be such suffering from poverty and such necessity where there is so much wealth that could relieve it all.

If Cushman, Howe and the other big bakers in New York would aid in this humanitarian scheme of feeding the hungry, thousands more would be benefited. The only pity of this whole plan is this: that oftentimes men that are worthy are left hungry.

If discrimination could be made for the really deserving the plan would be a perfect one. And so, if you are inclined to grumble because your table is not loaded with delicacies or because money is not very plentiful, go to Fleishman's some night at 11:30 and stay till 1. Watch the men as they stand or sleep on the sidewalk, waiting for their scanty loaf, watch them as they quietly carry it to their miserable homes, and then, if you have a heart in your breast, if you have that spark of sympathy which even the worst of us should have and do have, you cannot but be glad and grateful that you are not a member of that vast army of the homeless and the hungry—the most poverty-stricken battalion in the great army of the "other half."

JAILED FOR MURDER.

Guthrie, Okla., July 12.—Hawkins and Smiley, two wealthy Texas stockmen, have been arrested and jailed in Wichita county charged with the murder of Perry Parrish, the cattleman found shot through the head in Wichita county a few days ago.

LARNED IS CHAMPION.

Niagara on the Lake, Ont., July 12.—The finals in the all-comers singles, of the Canadian tennis championship meet, was won by W. A. Larned, Middle States champion, who defeated Foote, of Yale, in three straight sets today.

M'KINLEY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

Columbus, Ohio, July 12.—Governor McKinley says his only engagements now are with the Sixteenth regiment, Ohio National Guard, on July 24, and Chautauqua, N. Y., Aug. 24.

"FISH BONE" FOR CHINA.

A curious freight which is shipped exclusively from San Francisco to China is "fish bone," which pays $20 a ton, says the Chicago Record. It is sent in large boxes consigned to the Tung Wah hospital at Hong Kong, but the contents of the boxes are really the bodies of dead Chinamen sent home for burial. Most of the Chinamen who come to the United States are under the care of the Six companies, who sign a contract guaranteeing to return the bones of the dead for burial with their ancestors in the Celestial empire, and the Tung Wah hospital acts as the agent on this side in carrying out the agreement. They are shipped as "fish bones" in order to evade the rule of the steamship companies, who charge full first-class passenger rates for the dead.

Nearly every ship leaving San Francisco for China carries among the steerage passengers a number of invalids who hope to live until they reach their native country, but several usually die on every voyage. There is an agreement between the steamships and the Six companies which forbids the burial of these bodies at sea, and the latter furnishes coffins of the peculiar Chinese pattern for use in such emergencies. They are made of slabs, the first cut of the log, so that the sides and bottom and top are rounded. A dozen or more are carried on each ship, and the surgeon is furnished with a supply of embalming fluid.

When a Chinaman dies at sea the surgeon embalms the body, which is then placed in a coffin, sealed up and lowered into the hold. The expense is paid by voluntary contributions from the other Chinese passengers, the crowd and the stewards of the ship, all of whom belong to that race. No subscription paper is passed around, but a pan containing Chinese sugar is placed beside the coffin and every Chinaman on board drops in his contribution, from a dime to a dollar, and takes a piece of sugar from the pan, which is supposed to bring him good luck and prolong his life. When the ship reaches Hong Kong the coffins and the belongings of the dead are delivered to the Tung Wah hospital, which disposes of them to the surviving friends in China. Every Chinaman in the United States is supposed to be registered at the Tung Wah hospital and with the Six companies at San Francisco.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 50-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date hereof upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William C. Sherwood and Amelia Sherwood, his wife, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagors, to John R. McNeille, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of November, 1893, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 14th day of December, 1893, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 94 of mortgages on page 431.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said John R. McNeille, mortgagee, to Brown Brockenbrough, by written assignment dated the 25th day of June, 1895, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 10th day of July, 1895, at 3:15 o'clock p. m., in Book 147 of mortgages on page 16, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit:

All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered thirteen (13) and fifteen(15), on East Fifth (4th) street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 26th day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt due on said mortgage and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 12th, A. D. 1895.

BROWN BROCKENBROUGH,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CASH, WILLIAMS & SLIFTER,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee,
Suite 405 First National Bank building,
Duluth, Minn.
July-12-19-26-Aug-2-9-16.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 26th, 1895.

In the matter of the estate of Overton A. Fitch, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of the Duluth Heights Land Company, of the county of St. Louis, Minnesota, representing among other things that Overton A. Fitch, late of the county of Cook, in the state of Illinois, on the eleventh day of March, A. D. 1895, at said county of Cook, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said county of Cook at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is interested in said estate as purchaser thereof from the heirs of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Charles P. Craig granted;

It is Ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Saturday, the 20th day of July, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered Further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 26th day of June, A. D. 1895.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
June 28-July-5-12

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing power of sale, dated the 10th day of May, A. D. 1890, recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 5 o'clock p. m., in Book 51 of mortgages on page 10, wherein Edwin H. Hall and Catharine M. Hall, his wife, mortgagors, mortgaged to Byron Woodward, mortgagee, that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of the north half (n½) of the northwest one-quarter (nw¼) of the southeast one-quarter (se¼), of section six (sec. 6) in township forty-nine (tp. 49), north of range fourteen (r. 14) west of the fourth (4th) principal meridian, according to the United States government survey thereof, and containing twenty (20) acres, more or less.

Which mortgage and mortgage debt were duly assigned by said Byron Woodward to the "Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Philadelphia," by written instrument bearing date of December 8th, A. D. 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 32 of mortgages on page 358, which said mortgage and debt were thereafter duly assigned by said "Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Philadelphia," by written instrument bearing date of June 4th, A. D. 1895, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1895, at 3:50 o'clock p. m. in Book 20 of mortgages, page 189. By said default the power of sale has become operative.

And no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof; there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice the sum of ten thousand five hundred forty and 97-100 ($10,540.97) dollars.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of such power of sale, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on Tuesday the 27th day of August, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, to pay said debt and interest and two hundred ($200.00) dollars attorney's fees, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., July 12th, 1895.

BYRON WOODWARD,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CHAS. W. HOYT,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.
July-12-19-26-Aug-2-9-16.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John M. Caplis and Anna Caplis, his wife, mortgagors, to the Penn Land and Loan Company, (a corporation) mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of April, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the fifth day of May, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 119 of mortgages, on page 162.

Such default consisting in the non-payment of the semiannual installments of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage which installments became due on the 28th day of October, 1894, and on the 28th day of April, 1895, respectively, by reason whereof the said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to it given in said mortgage, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and is due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred forty-seven and 20-100 (547 20-100) dollars; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: lots one (1) to six (6) inclusive, in block fifteen (15), in Kimberley and Stryker's Addition to Duluth, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the said register of deeds, said premises being situated in the said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the 12th day of August, 1895, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 28th, 1895.

PENN LAND AND LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

M'GIFFERT & M'CAFFREY and
CHARLES P. CRAIG,
Attorneys for mortgagee,
210 Herald Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
June-28-July-5-12-19-26-Aug-2.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John M. Caplis and Anna Caplis, his wife, mortgagors, to the Penn Land and Loan Company, (a corporation) mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of April, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the fifth day of May, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 119 of mortgages on page 165.

Such default consisting in the non-payment of the semiannual installments of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage which installments became due on the 28th day of October, 1894, and on the 28th day of April, 1895, respectively, by reason whereof the said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to it given in said mortgage, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and is due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred forty-seven and 20-100 (547 20-100) dollars; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: lots one (1) to six (6) inclusive, in block fifteen (15), in Kimberley and Stryker's Addition to Duluth, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the said register of deeds, said premises being situated in the said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the 12th day of August, 1895, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 28th, 1895.

PENN LAND AND LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

M'GIFFERT & M'CAFFREY and
CHARLES P. CRAIG,
Attorneys for mortgagee,
210 Herald Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
June-28-July-5-12-19-26-Aug-2.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Andrew Peterson and Martha Peterson, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, dated August 1st, 1892, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on August 16th, 1892, at 3.30 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred two (102) of mortgages, on pages 109, 110 and 111; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter assigned by said William E. Lucas to Ida P. Davis, by an instrument of assignment dated November 2d, 1892, and recorded in said register of deeds' office on November 2d, 1892, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in Book eighty-three (83) of assignment of mortgages, on page 266; and was thereafter assigned by said Ida P. Davis to Fellowes Davis, by an instrument of assignment dated June 12th, 1894, and recorded in said register of deeds' office on July 28th, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred seven (107) of mortgages, on page 108; and was thereafter again assigned by said Fellowes Davis to Ida Pauline Davis, by an instrument of assignment dated December, 27th, 1894, and recorded in said register of deeds' office, on January, 10th, 1895, at nine o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred eight (108) of mortgages, on page 186; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, together with the two semi-annual installments of interest thereon, each amounting to the sum of fifty-six ($56.00) dollars, which became due respectively on January, 1st, 1895, and July 1st, 1895;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand five hundred nineteen and 85-100 ($1519.85) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the said power of sale, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land situate in said St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10), in block numbered two hundred ninety-four (294), West Duluth, Fourth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 27th day of August, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 12th, A. D. 1895.

IDA PAULINE DAVIS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
July-12-19-26-Aug-2-9-16.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John M. Caplis and Anna Caplis, his wife, mortgagors, to the Penn Land and Loan Company, (a corporation) mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of April, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the fifth day of May, 1894, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 119 of mortgages on page 165.

Such default consisting in the non-payment of the semiannual installments of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage which installments became due on the 28th day of October, 1894, and on the 28th day of April, 1895, respectively, by reason whereof the said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to it given in said mortgage, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and is due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred forty-seven and 20-100 (547 20-100) dollars; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: lots one (1) to six (6) inclusive, in block two (2), in Kimberley and Stryker's Addition to Duluth, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the said register of deeds, said premises being situated in the said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house in the



The Great Eastern Duluth



Retailers and manufacturers of Clothing—the finest in the world. Clothing that is supremely superior beyond all comparison in fit, finish, style and fabric to anything carried by any other clothing house in this city. It takes nerve and capital to carry a stock like we show, and it takes greater nerve and aggressive progression to put the low prices on it that we are shoving thousands of suits out for during this sale.

Are Deeds Heroic if Compulsory?

That doesn't matter to you, does it? so long as you get the value. We must let out the seams in our store. You know that's heroic. At any rate, it's growth, it's expansion. We've got a big store, but we've got a bigger and better stocks of goods than store. We must let out some tucks in this huge stock.

The Suits Must Go...

The Straw Hats Must Go. Furnishings and Shoes must go. Boys' and Children's Clothing must go. In fact everything must go 'til we get the stock down to where it belongs.



No other house in this city ever did, ever will or ever can sell such sterling value as we do. Providing that some one else had, say material same as in our suits, there's that inefinable something in fit, finish and up to-date style and superior workmanship that is only produced by such celebrated clothing makers as the Stein-Bloch and Rogers-Peet company.

An Offer Without a Parallel—choice of any suit in the house for

$14.98



Suits that are cheap at $35 when suits made by others from same goods are dear at $20, and yet that is the kind of clothing we offer you in this sale.

MEN don't be deceived by the offers of others. When you want the best in clothing come to the fountain head, get the right kind at the right price.

Furnishing Goods Dept.

36 dozen, colors Blue and Brown—Genuine French balbriggan Undershirts and drawers, sewed with silk throughout, pearl buttons, and suspender taps on drawers, really worth 75c. Choice, any size to 46..... **50c**

HOSIERY—100 dozen black cotton ½ Hose, Hermsdorf dye, guaranteed fast colors, sizes 9½ to 11½, sold all over for 25c. Now 15c or 2 pairs for..... **25c**

NECKWEAR—75 dozen silk Neckwear, Tecks and Four-in-hands, great variety patterns and styles, always sold at 50c and 75c.. **25c**

HANDKERCHIEFS—50 dozen pure silk hemstitched Handkerchiefs, ½ or 1 inch borders, worth 50c. This sale..... **25c**

FANCY WASHABLE VESTS—Double or single breasted, choice of our entire line, worth $3.50, $3.00 and $2.00. Friday and Saturday only..... **$1.00**

Hat Department.

A Regular Slaughter of Prices--

Any Straw hat in the house at

Half Price

$5 00 STRAWS..... $2.50
$4 00 STRAWS..... $2.00
$3.00 STRAWS..... $1.50
$1 00 STRAWS..... 50c
50c STRAWS..... 25c

All Yachting Caps, Bicycle and Outing Caps reduced.

100 dozen Men's Derbys, silk trimmed satin lined, black and brown colors, worth $2 50. This sale..... **$1.48**

100 dozen Men's Fedora, satin lined, with extra heavy wide silk bands, worth $2.00 and $2.50..... **$1.39**

Mens' Shoes.

Here's a Shoe Bargain that knocks clean out of sight any offered by any other store in the the town. No matter what they say.

Caught a shoe manufacturer hard up and pressed for cash. Had 850 pairs fine calf shoes, laced and congress, Goodyear welt, made to sell for $3.00 with a big honest $3 stamp and guarantee right on the sole. We picked them up mighty quickly at a price and offer them to you at

$1.98.

All our fine Tan and Patent Leather Shoes reduced for this Sale.

Men's Trousers.

Here's some bargains that in the matter of value-givings beat anything we have ever attempted before.

300 pairs Men's Finest Tailor-made Trousers, all bright, new goods, light and dark colors, stripes and neat dressy effect; worth and sell regularly for $5.00 and $6 00. Placed on a separate table and offered in this sale for..... **$3.98**

500 pairs Men's Fine Working Pants, strongly and honestly made, guaranteed not to rip. Wear like so much leather. Worth $2.00; this sale..... **$1.48**

Jean Pants, Overalls and Jackets cheaper than any other store.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.

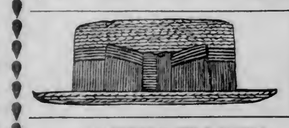
50 doz Boys' Corduroy Knee Pants, made up with stayed seams, reinforced waist bands; will wear like iron. A bargain that will make them fly like wildfire. Price..... **39c**



KILT SUITS.

175 Kilt Suits, worth $4, $5, $6; all neatly finished and well made. Take 'em to close out at the reduction price..... **98c**

75 Kilt Skirts, worth $2.00. This sale..... **49c**



Every Boys' and Child's Straw Hat in the house Friday and Saturday,

AT HALF PRICE

$4.00 AT $2.00
$3.00 AT $1.50
$2.00 AT $1.00
50c AT 25c



SHIRT WAISTS.

200 dozen Shirt Waists and Blouses, this sale..... **18c**

300 Boys' Long Pant Suits, single and double-breasted, light and dark colors; worth $10, $12, $15 and $18. This sale **$7.50**

600 **KNEE PANT SUITS**, single and double-breasted, Zouave Suits, Sailor Suits, 3-piece Knee Pant Suits; not one in the lot worth less than $5 and most of them $7 and $8 This sale.... **$3.95**

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

ROBBERY

O'Neil Examined for Robbing and Attempting to Murder Dan McDonald.

The Latter Positively Identified O'Neil by His Clothes and His Voice.

O'Neil's Attorney Will Try to Prove an Alibi for Him.

The preliminary examination of William A. O'Neil, charged with robbing and attempting to murder Dan McDonald, near Lester river, March 21, was begun this morning in the municipal court, before Judge Edson. County Attorney Arbury and Assistant County Attorney McPherrin represented the state, while L. U. C. Titus appeared for the defense. The court room was crowded with spectators.

Daniel J. McDonald was the first witness called by the state. He is a farmer and lives twelve miles east of Duluth. He visited the city March 21, with two loads of wood, and returned to his home alone in a lumber wagon about dusk. Witness had known W. A. O'Neil since March 21. On that night as McDonald, in his wagon, passed Lester river, on his return home, O'Neil, whom he identified positively by clothes, figure and voice, sprang out of a thicket by the roadside, wearing a black mask and carrying a revolver in his right hand. The robber shouted: "Stop, stop you ——— ——— or I'll blow your brains out." McDonald climbed down from his seat, after stopping, and no sooner was on the ground than the highwayman commanded him to turn around while he blew his brains out. At this McDonald turned around and received a bullet in the left side under the arm.

The two men grappled and struggled for the pistol. The robber, however, drew a knife and attempted to stab his victim. At this McDonald surrendered. He was made to put his money, which amounted to $22, and his watch and chain, in a bright spot in the road, and the robber coolly appropriated them. Then the men separated, after the highwayman had remarked "I am No. 22. There are others watching for you, and if they stop you tell them that No. 22 has gone through you."

McDonald thereupon proceeded home and had his wounds dressed. He was closely cross-examined as to what he had heard of O'Neil's connection with the case, and displayed considerable temper in his answers. George J. Kenline, a grocery clerk, and Mrs. Burns, who keeps a grocery in the vicinity of the spot where the crime was committed, were both called to the stand and testified that a man answering O'Neil's description had come into the store the night of the robbery and made minute inquiries as to what time McDonald would probably pass on his return home. Both positively identified O'Neil as the man.

An adjournment was taken till 2 this afternoon. The state in the meanwhile will try and find C. W. Bagnall, of West Superior, who is wanted as a witness, but failed to appear.

When court convened after the noon recess County Attorney Arbury stated that the evidence for the state was all in, it having been discovered that Bagnall, the missing witness, was in Dakota. Attorney Titus thereupon asked for a continuance and that time be granted to enable him to prove an allbi. A continuance until 10 a. m. Friday, July 26, was therefore granted.

The Editors' Excursion.

The Michigan editors will arrive in Duluth over the St. Paul & Duluth tomorrow morning, according to a dispatch to The Herald from St. Paul this afternoon. They will be met at the station by a band and by members of the Commercial club and the press. They will be escorted directly to the Henrietta and will go to West Superior after a short trip up the bay.

Here they will be shown about the city by the citizens and members of the press. By this time they will be hungry, and lunch will be served at the West Superior hotel. The boat will then be used for another excursion about the harbor, and the party will be landed about 6 o'clock, after which they will enjoy themselves as they wish. Sunday they will leave on the Monarch for Port Huron.

THE SECOND CONCERT.

The second and last concert by Mrs. William Hunter Brown will take place next Tuesday at the Congregational assisted by Mr. Drake and several others. Mrs. Brown made such a favorable impression last Wednesday that she should be greeted by a large house next Tuesday. Everyone that heard her is very enthusiastic over magnificent playing and her exquisitely beautiful touch and the great feeling with which she plays.

FIGHT WITH INDIANS.

Denver, July 12.—A special to the Times from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: Reports reached here today of a fight in Jackson hole, south of here, between settlers of the region and a party of Bannock Indians who were unlawfully killing game. One Indian was killed and fifteen captured.

AN ORIENTAL EXHIBITION.

S. A. Basiet, of Beyrout, Syria, who is known all over the United States by the most prominent people that have met Mr. Basiet and his family while traveling through Syria, comes to us with the highest commendations from those who have met him. He is now taking a course of medicine in this country, and in order for him to complete his studies, his people have sent him from Syria an immense assortment of exquisite embroideries. We have arranged with him to give an exhibition of his entire stock in our upholstery department Saturday night, from 7 to 10 p. m. The goods will be sold at actual cost of manufacturing in order that he may realize on them quickly, as he is anxious to return and complete his medical studies at St. Louis. He will appear in his national costume, which is one of the finest ever made in the Orient. He received two gold medals for the costume at the World's fair and Midwinter fair. Every lady in Duluth and Superior ought to see his exhibition, whether you intend buying or not. Respectfully yours,

PANTON & WATSON.

Simon Clark

GROCERY COMPANY,

CASH GROCERS,

118-120 West Superior Street.

Saturday's Specialties!

Carload Extra Fancy ripe Georgia Watermelons, each	20c
Minnesota New Potatoes, per bushel	80c
California New Potatoes, per bushel	90c
Duluth Grown Green Peas, per peck	20c
Minnesota Wax Beans, per peck	30c
Minnesota Cucumbers, 4 for	10c
Minnesota Cabbage, solid heads, each	5c
Home-grown Pieplant, 3½ lbs	5c
Home-grown Cauliflower, each	6c to 10c

Red Raspberries, Blackberries and Black Raspberries in Abundance at Right Prices.

Fancy Java and Mocha Coffee, 35c per lb, 3 lbs	$1.00
Finest Java and Mocha Coffee, per lb	38c
New Season's Japan Tea, a good one at 35c per lb, 3 lbs	$1.00
We are headquarters for Ceylon Teas. Our Bulk Ceylon is a genuine bargain at, per lb	50c
Fancy California Prunes, 4 lbs	25c
7 bars Kirk's Laundry Soap,	25c
Roasted Rio Coffee, per lb	22c

NEW JAPAN TEAS.

First arrival of New Season's Teas, per lb **25c, 35c, 50c**

We carry five of the leading brands of Ceylon Teas, from, per lb **35c to 85c**

Everything the Market Affords in Green Vegetables and Fruits.

Fancy Red Apples, per peck	35c
5-lb jars Dairy Butter, per jar	70c
Print Creamery Butter, per lb	20c
Delicious Sweet Green Corn, 3 cans	25c
Potted Ham, for picnics, per can	10c
Full Cream York State Cheese, per lb	12c

Meat Market Department . . .

Spring Chickens, Calves' Livers, Calves' Brains, Lobsters, Salt and Fresh Water Fish of All Kinds.

Sirloin Steak, per lb	12½c
Round Steak, per lb	10c
Rolled Roast Beef, per lb	12½c
Boiling Beef, per lb	4c
Lean Boiling, per lb	6c and 7c
Best Pot Roasts, per lb	8c
Legs Mutton, per lb	10c and 12½c
Mutton Shoulders, per lb	9c
Mutton Stew, per lb	4c
Legs Lamb, per lb	15c
Fore qr Lamb, per lb	10c and 12½c
Veal Roast, per lb	10c and 12½c
Veal Stew, per lb	7c

Bakery Department . . .

All kind Cookies, per dozen	7c
Home-made Pies, each	8c
Finest Doughnuts, 3½ dozen	25c
Home-made Bread, 6 loaves for	25c

Visit Our Candy Department, it will interest you.

Ice Cream Soda, Fruit Flavors, each..... 5c

Prompt Delivery—Lakeside, Lester Park, Glen Avon, 3 p. m. Saturdays.

SIMON CLARK

GROCERY CO.

118 and 120 West Superior Street.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

Great Midsummer Clearing Sale offers large saving opportunities for **SATURDAY'S TRADING** and no better one anywhere than in the

Shoe Department.



Our Goods are of the best quality; our styles the latest. **PRICES SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES.**

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 1.

Child's Kid Button Shoes at....25c pair
Child's Kid Button Shoes at....35c pair
Child's Kid Button Turned Shoes at.....49c pair

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 2.

Ladies Dongola Kid Oxford Ties, worth $1.25, at.....98c
Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, worth $1.50, at.....98c
Styles, Opera Toe, Pat. Leather Tips.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 3.

Child's Dongola Kid Button Shoes, worth $1 00, at.....79c
Child's Kangaroo Button Shoes, worth $1.00, at.....79c
These are solid, stylish and will wear.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 4.

Child's Cloth Top Tan Button Turned Shoes, was $2 00; now..$1.37
Child's Tan and Canvas Oxfords, was $1.00; now.....50c
Be sure to see them.

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 5.

Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, patent leather tip, durable and stylish, was $2.00, now..... $1.48
Ladies' Tan Princess, very stylish low shoes, was $1.75, now..$1.37

Ladies' "Trilby" Oxfords, the neatest Dongola low Shoe in the city. Clearance Sale price.....$1.98

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 6.

This table is loaded with $3 and $3.50 Ladies' Fine Hand Made Dongola Oxfords and Princess, Patent Leather Tip and Trim, at.....$2 37

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 7.

A lot of ladies' $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 Dongola Ties, in tan and black, also tan Princess, that are comfortable and stylish, at. $1.48

BARGAIN TABLE NO 8.

Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, 11 to 2, worth $1.25, at....98c
Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, with Pat. Leather Tips and Protection Soles, worth $1.75; at $1.23

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 9.

Ladies' white Canvas Oxford ties with white and kid trimmings, worth $2 00, at.....$1.48
Ladies' tan Oxford ties, opera or square toe, two colors, worth $2.00, at..... .....$1.67

BARGAIN TABLE NO. 10.

Harding & Todds make Ladies' Vice Kid Chocolate Oxford Ties; also, Ladies' Vici Kid Chocolate Princess, regular price $3 00 and $3 50; go now at..$2 37

Ladies' Dongola Kid Oxford Ties, white-stitched, fits well, looks well, wears well. Clearance Sale price.....98c

Cloak Room.

Clearing time here in ladies' and Children's Dresses, Ladies' and Misses' Shirt Waists.

Ladies' Duck Suits, Eton effect, well made, good value at $2 50. Clearing price only..... **$1.48**

Ladies' Pique Suits, Blazer or Eton style, price all season $5.00. Clearing price..... **$3.50**

Children's Duck Jackets, just the thing for summer wear; worth $2 50. Clearing price only.. **$1.29**

Children's Gingham Dresses, 1 to 4 years, sold at $1.00. Clearing price only..... **50c**

Children's Gingham Dresses, made of fine Percale or Gingham; would be a bargain at $1.25. Clearing price..... **75c**

Ladies' Shirt Waists, good early season sellers at $1.25. Clearing price..... **89c**

Ladies' White Lawn waists, regular price $1.00, closing price, only..... **69c**

Ladies' white Lawn Waists, regular price $1.35, closing price **93c**

Ladies' Black Sateen Skirts, would be cheap at $1.25; closing price..... **75c**

Ladies' House Wrappers, made of best Indigo blue calico, good value at $1.25; sale price..... **89c**

Underwear, Hosiery and Sundry Bargains

Ladies' Sleeveless Vests only, each..... **5c**

Ladies' real lisle Vests only each..... **25c**

Ladies' long sleeve ribbed Vests only, each..... **19c**

Children's Jersey ribbed Vests, long sleeves, only, each..... **19c**

Children's fast black Hose, all sizes, per pair, only..... **8c**

Ladies' Hermsdort black seamless Hose, per pair..... **13c**

Ladies' Macco yarn, double sole Hose, per pair only **23c**

Ladies' muslin night gowns, cheap at $1.00, only..... **75c**

Ladies' muslin drawers, embroidery trimmed, only..... **35c**

Ladies' white chamois Gauntlets, per pair, only **79c**

Ladies' white silk Parasols, silk covered frame, only..... **98c**

Ladies' silk Mitts, per pair, only..... **15c**

Ladies' extra heavy silk Mitts, per pair, only..... **25c**

Ladies silk Hose, per pair, only **50c**

24 sheets of Linen Note Paper and 24 envelopes only..... **8c**

Thompson's Wild Cherry Phosphate, 25c bottle only..... **17c**

Glycerine and Buttermilk Toilet Soap, worth 10c, per cake only **5c**

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Men's Negligee Shirts, laundered collar and cuffs, very neat patterns, would be cheap at 85c, only..... **58c**

Men's white laundered Shirts sold everywhere at $1, only.... **75c**

Men's white unlaundered shirts, the best in the land, for only..... **50c**

Men's stainless black hose, would be cheap at 20c, only, per pair..... **12½c**

Men's four and six-thread Lisle Hose, worth 50c, only, per pair..... **25c**

Men's $1.50 and $1.75 Negligee Shirts, tomorrow only.. **$1.00**

Boys' Shirt waists, worth 35c, tomorrow only..... **19c**

Fancy Silk Parasols.

AT LESS THAN COST.

$2.50 Parasols at.....$1.50
$3 50 Parasols at.....$2.50
$4.00 Parasols at.....$2.75
$5.00 Parasols at.....$3.50

Millinery.

Ladies' black and navy blue Sailor Hats, sold all season at 75c; tomorrow only..... **50c**

Ladies' white and black Sailors, sold all season at $1.50 and $1.75; tomorrow only..... **90c**

I. FREIMUTH.

Agent for Her Majesty's Corsets, Equipoise Waists and Butterick Patterns.

TWELVE PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 6

LAST EDITION. # DULUTH EVENING HERALD. LAST EDITION.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1895. THREE CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Downy Beds...

On which to woo the Drowsy God are true delights. Nothing is more conducive to healthy slumber than well-made beds. Our mattress factory in the hands of an expert who knows how to make good beds.

All our own make and fully guaranteed...

BEST MOSS MATTRESSES, Two parts	$10.00
GOOD HAIR MATTRESSES, Two parts, 40 lbs	$12.00
SELECT BLACK HAIR MATTRESSES, Two parts, 40 lbs	$16.00
EXTRA BLACK HAIR MATTRESSES, Two parts, 36 lbs	$18.00
EXTRA BLACK HAIR MATTRESSES, Two parts, 40 lbs	$20.00
PURE WHITE COTTON PATENT COMBINATION MATTRESSES	$5.50
WOOL (Shoddy) MATTRESSES, Number 1	$4.00
WOOL (Shoddy) MATTRESSES, Number 2	$3.50
WOOL OR COTTON TOP MATTRESSES, According to quality	$2.25, $2.50 and $3.00
PLAIN EXCELSIOR MATTRESSES	$1.25 and $1.50

French & Bassett,

West First Street and Third Avenue, Duluth.

If you wish.....

You buy the goods for use today

For very easy future pay.

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS ARE STRICTLY FIRST CLASS AND AMONG The Largest, Fastest and Finest in the World. Passenger Accommodation Unexcelled.

SALOON, SECOND CABIN AND STEERAGE passengers booked to and from GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, BELFAST, LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND ALL CONTINENTAL AND SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates. Sailings from New York every Saturday as follows:

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For further information apply to local agent or Gen'l Agents, HENDERSON BROS., 176 Jackson Street. CHICAGO.

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THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS LINE IN THE CITY. WHY NOT BUY THE BEST WHEN THEY COST NO MORE. COME TO US FOR WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain & Taylor's

BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.

ROYALTON MILLS 33 Lbs. PRIMUS FANCY PATENT WARRANTED T. B. HAWKES & CO. INCORPORATED

Primus!

IS THE BEST. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. ALL GROCERS HANDLE IT.

T. B. Hawkes & Co., Manufacturers.

As Samuel of Posen Says:

"All we want is a chance." Give us that and we will give you values that you will remember when you are grand-parents. A firm's reputation is not founded on what they claim for themselves but what people find in them. The people who read our ads will not take the statements therein made as facts until they have learned through experience that what we claim tallies with what we do. We do not want you to take our word for things but come and see our line of FURNITURE AND BEDDING and get our prices and you will be convinced. Will discount anything you have seen elsewhere at

Weekly or Monthly Payments.

Bayha & Co.,

24-26 East Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

CYCLERS

Favorable Weather at Asbury Park for the Bicycle Races.

Trial Heats in Several Important Events Were Finished Up.

Maddox Will Try to Beat the Five Mile Track Record Today.

Asbury Park, July 13.—The weather this forenoon was favorable for the wheelmen who participated in the trial heats of the six races which constituted the program of the last day of the annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen. The attendance was large, and for the most part the heats were well contested. Large delegations are expected from New York and Philadelphia this afternoon as the railroad companies run trains from both cities and today is a half holiday.

This afternoon another struggle against time will be brought off. Harry H. Maddox, the local expert, will try to beat the five-mile track record and he will be paced alternately throughout the trial by a quad, triple and tandem team. The conferences which have taken place between the committees of the L. A. W. and the cycle board of trade during the week have resulted in some good and while all that could be desired has not been definitely settled, still there has been enough done to insure the prosperity of the sport. The board has agreed that the L. A. W. shall have the exclusive control of every form of cycling racing and have decided to co-operate with the league in the enforcement of all racing rules.

Today's races of the annual meet of the L. A. W. began with the two-thirds mile, 2:35 class trial heats, first man in each heat to qualify. First heat, won by Louis Hunter, N. J. A. C. Time 2:07 2-5. After the first heat, which was run in slow time, the time limit of 1:50 for the distance was enforced. Second heat, won by C. L. Leatherbury, Baltimore. Time 1:48. Third heat, none of the contestants qualified. Fourth heat, won by Charles M. Ertz, New York. Time 1:43. Fifth heat, won by F. B. Engelhoff, Brooklyn. Time 1:48 4-5. Sixth heat, none qualified. Seventh heat, won by U. S. Paige, Brooklyn. Time 1:49 2-5. Eighth heat, none qualified.

One mile, open, with pacemakers, Class B, time limit of 2:35. First and second men to qualify for finals. First heat, Harley Davidson, Bradford, first; Frank J. Jenny, Utica, second. Time 2:26 3-5. Second heat, A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, first; E. C. Johnson, Cleveland, second. Time 2:33 3-5. Third heat, Ray McDonald, New York, first; Fred Barry, Syracuse, second. Time 2:28. Fourth heat, C. R. Coulter, Toledo, first; Arthur Gardiner, Chicago, second. Time 2:22 2-5.

One mile open, Class A, time limit 2:45. First man in each heat to qualify for finals. First heat, Bert Ripley, Newark, first; F. C. Everitt, Hankensack, second. Time 2:34 4-5. Second heat, C. L. Leatherbury, Baltimore, first; G. B. Underhill, New York, second. Time 2:33. Third heat, Ray Dawson, New York, A. C., and Fred Foell, Buffalo, rode a dead heat. Time 2:41 1-5. R. J. Stone, a colored man known as the "dark secret," of Brooklyn, rode in this race, but he was distanced on the first lap and eased up. He was the first colored rider who has taken part in a race during this meet. Fourth heat, Tom Butler, Cambridgeport, first; W. A. Barbeau, New York, second; no one qualified. Time 2:52. Fifth heat, C. M. Ernst, New York, first; Wallace H. Owen, Greenwich, second. Time 2:39 4-5. Sixth heat, H. E. Caldwell, Manchester, first; E. W. Murray, Syracuse, second. Time 2:45 1-5. This time was allowed to standard. Seventh heat, W. G. Douglass, New York, A. C., first; C. W. Hrick, Reading, second. Time 2:33. Eighth heat, Frank D. White, Liberty, first; L. N. Hoppe, Liberty, second. Time 2:41 3-5. Ninth heat, J. M. Baldwin, Patterson, first; R. K. Rowe, second. Time 2:31. Tenth heat, O. B. Mosher, Harlem, first; W. E. Tenseler, Rockville, second. Time 2:37.

Quarter mile national championship Classes A and B, winner of each heat to qualify for final. First heat, won by Frank Jenny, Utica. Time 34 1-5. Second heat, won by Charles Murphy, Brooklyn. Time 37 2-5. Third heat, won by M. W. Porter, Waltham. Time 36. Fourth heat, won by M. F. Dirnberger, Syracuse. Time 36 4-5. Fifth heat, won by Ray McDonall, New York. Time 34. Sixth heat, won by A. D. Kennedy, Chicago. Time 35 4-5. Seventh heat, won by Charles L. Early, New York. Time 35 2-5. Eighth heat, won by Otto Zeigler, San Jose, Cal. Time 34 1-5. Ninth heat, won by E. C. Bald, Buffalo. Time 37 4-5.

About 11 o'clock black clouds overspread the sky, and a few drops of rain fell. The clouds have now disappeared and the sun has come out again. At the conclusion of the quarter mile championship heats a recess was announced until 2 o'clock.

At 2:35 p. m. the men who qualified this forenoon in the first race were called to the starting line. Results: Two-thirds mile, 2:35 class, time limit, 1:50. Charles M. Ertz, New York, first; U. S. Paige, Brooklyn, second; Louis Hunter, N. J. A. C., third. Time 1:50.

One mile open, with pacemakers, Class B, time limit 2:35; pacemakers Mayo and Saunders on tandem. C. R. Coulter, Toledo, first; A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, second; Fred Barry, Syracuse, third. Time 2:08.

OLD MYSTERY SOLVED.

Wichita, July 13.—A mystery of twenty-four years' standing was probably solved at Waukomis, O. T., today, by J. B. Blake, who dug up the skeletons of the three Fowler brothers and the 14-year-old boy of one of them. They started for Fort Sill in 1871 with freight for the government. Neither they nor their teams have been heard from and the skeletons dug up today were undoubtedly theirs. They were probably murdered, robbed and buried by the outlaws that infested that country then.

AFTER DESPERADOES.

Robbers in Seminole Nation Surrounded by Officers.

Oklahoma City, O. T., July 13.—Officers are in close pursuit of the Christian gang of desperadoes and it is believed they will break up, although not without a battle. The sheriff who just returned from the front states that a force of at least fifty officers are after the gang and have them located in one of their strongholds near Violet Springs, Seminole nation. The governor has offered a reward of $1000 for the Christians, and lesser rewards are offered for other members of the gang. The gang promise to outdo the Dalton gang in desperate deeds.

With the Christian brothers are Ben Brown, John Reeves, Jack Fessenden, Doc Williams, Lawrence Burton and others of equal notoriety. With this band they propose entering upon a series of train and bank robberies, and the country adjacent to their haunts is in a state of terror. Monday night they raided J. C. Simron's store at Violet Springs and secured $350 in money and as much more in goods. The bank at Wewoka has been guarded for the past week. Every passenger train on the Santa Fe south of Purilla is guarded by deputy marshals and the conductors and engineers have instructions to be specially careful.

With the gang are Jessie Finley and Emma Johnson, who are sweethearts of the Christians, and who, it is said, smuggled revolvers to the Christians in jail, and assisted them in making their escape in Borley, June 20. Sheriff Defford returns to Violet Springs today taking ammunition with him. He will take a considerable amount of dynamite which may be needed to dislodge the gang.

ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

London, July 13.—Up to the present fifty-four Conservatives and Unionists, four Liberals and three Parnellites have been elected to parliament without opposition.

KENTUCKY

Democrats Have Organized for a Very Aggressive State Campaign.

It Will Be Fought Out Squarely on the Stated Platform.

Proposal for Joint Debate Between the Gubernatorial Candidates.

Louisville, Ky., July 13.—As a result of the conference held yesterday between the state central committee, the Democratic nominees for state offices, and prominent Democrats from all over the state a campaign committee was organized last night. The campaign will be an aggressive one and it will be fought out squarely on the platform laid down by the Democratic state convention. The conference lasted until 10:50 this morning.

The discussion that took place presented a great variety of opinions as to the proper policy to be pursued in the campaign. There was no encouragement for the suggestion to keep the currency question out. The originators of that plan had nothing to say for it and it received little defense from any other quarter. Sound money men spoke resolutely against any attempt to put a false construction on the money plank in the platform.

Senator Blackburn declared he proposed to stand on the platform and to give it his own construction which was that it reaffirmed the platform of 1892.

At an informal meeting of the campaign committee the secretary was directed to propose to the Republican campaign committee a joint debate between the candidates for the governorship. Headquarters will be opened at once and a most thorough organization will be begun.

ESTATE STILL RESPONSIBLE.

Columbus, O., July 13.—Judge Pugh today in the court of common pleas decided that the estate of M. M. Green is not to be released from the responsibility in the $8,000,000 Hocking Valley railroad suit in which Stevenson Burke and others are defendants. M. M. Green was president of the Hocking Valley road when the transaction occurred, which has become famous in litigation. M. M. Green, general manager of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railway, is one of Green's heirs. The other heirs are prominent in Ohio social and business circles.

ESTABLISH MIXED POSTS.

Paris, July 13.—The Politique Colonaise says that with the view of avoiding a repetition of the recent conflict between French and Brazilian settlers in the disputed territory of Amapa, the governments of France and Brazil have decided to establish mixed posts in that region.



JURY STILL OUT.

Detroit, Mich., July 13.—The jury in the case of Dr. A. E. Otman, charged with the murder of Emily Hall, is still out, and Judge Chapin announced this morning that he would keep them locked up until a verdict is reached.

ST. LOUIS ARRIVES.

Lowers Her Time, and Incidents of the Trip.

New York, July 13.—The American line steamer St. Louis arrived from Southampton today on her second voyage to this port. She left her dock at Southampton July 6 at fifteen minutes after noon, passing the Bishop's Rock light at 11:49 p. m. same date, and reached the Sandy Hook lightship at 3:15 this morning. Her time of passage was 6 days 18 hours 47 minutes. The day's runs were 443, 471, 476, 489, 489, 467 and 286 to Sandy Hook, covering a total distance of 3121 knots. The average speed was 19.17 knots an hour, against 18.38 knots her first trip.

The St. Louis brought 301 saloon, 12 second cabin and 539 steerage passengers. The saloon passengers were warm in their praise this morning of the steadiness and fine qualities of the St. Louis. The usual entertainment was given in the saloon of the St. Louis on Thursday evening last, at which the Hon. J. H. Outhwaite presided, and quite a handsome sum was netted for the benefit of the American Seaman's society.

The first birth on board the St. Louis took place last Monday, a child being born to a Finnish steerage passenger. The saloon passengers subscribed $69.50 for the benefit of the little stranger. Among the passengers were Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota; William T. Adams, Benjamin Brewster, James Clark, Logan Carlisle, Dr. Stanton Colt, Hon. W. Bourke Cockran, Dr. Z. Taylor, Mrs. Moreton Frewen, C. Stanley Hurlbut, Mrs. George Innes, Edward T. Jeffry, Mrs. John Leslie, Gen. S. E. Merwyn and Hon. J. H. Outhwaite, E. K. Wright.

A BICYCLE ROAD.

Elevated Wheelway Between Milwaukee and Chicago.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 13.—Chicago and Milwaukee are to be united by an elevated bicycle road. A company has been formed in Chicago with a capital of $1,000,000 to build the road. The capital stock has all been subscribed, the plans of the road have been prepared and the work will begin as soon as the right of way into the two cities has been obtained.

The plan is to construct a wooden elevated road sixteen feet wide on a nearly straight light line between the two cities, and to have the terminus in each city as near the business center as possible. It is to be a toll road, but it is proposed to make the toll between Chicago and Milwaukee only ten cents. Its projectors predict that it will be patronized by 20,000 passengers per week.

GOVERNOR M'CORKLE IS THERE.

Welch, W. Va., July 13.—A special train with Governor McCorkle, Adjt. Gen. Henley and others arrived today in the Elkhorn coal fields. They were met by Col. Botscare, the governor's representative at Powhattan. Six members of the United Mine Workers also came here today. A conference will be held at Powhattan tonight between the representative operators and the miners. The governor's party are the guests of L. E. Turney. New men are still coming into the field. The strikers are quiet, but determined that something must be done now.

SCARED IT

Mr. Towne Issued a Challenge to the Gold Standard Organ.

Offered to Debate With a Disputant Named by the Pioneer Press.

Goldites' Champion Declined to Name One or Publish the Speeches.

The following letter from Congressman Towne appears in the St. Paul Pioneer Press and the Minneapolis Tribune today:

Duluth, July 10.—To the Editor: However unfair a finical person might consider some of your comments on men who have the misfortune to differ from you as to the merits of the single gold standard, it cannot be denied that you have been singularly frank and spirited in your championship of that standard; and while many other influential journals in our party have strenuously denied the existence of the issue, you have clearly seen and fearlessly declared that the lines are drawn between the two schools of opinion on the money question, and that the conflict is irrepressible. Now, unquestionably, in order that the issue shall be decided right, those who are to decide it ought to be made fully acquainted with the merits of the controversy. To contribute in some degree to that end, I submit the accompanying four propositions, every one of which has been denied in both your columns, for discussion upon the following terms:

You are to select some disputant to maintain in public debate the negative of these propositions, and I will endeavor to support their affirmative; the discussion to take place in St. Paul or Minneapolis under the auspices of a committee to be mutually agreed upon, and a verbatim report thereof to be published in your journal. If desired, a series of such discussions might be arranged, to occur in several of the principal cities of the state, you to be at liberty to make use of the services of a series of debaters on successive evenings, if for any reason you so desired. Inasmuch as I have many engagements that will keep me busy during the next few weeks, and as cooler evenings than those now at command would better suit such a purpose, and in order also to allow your representative ample time to get ready, I name Sept. 20, or thereabouts, as the date of the first discussion. The following are the propositions to be discussed under the arrangement suggested:

First—That the single gold standard is, and has been since its adoption by the principal commercial nations, an appreciating standard, whose unit has rapidly increased in general purchasing power and must, if undisturbed, continue so to increase; that this appreciation is evidenced by a progressive fall of prices throughout the gold standard world not accounted for by diminished cost of production; that its inevitable result is to augment the burden of all debts, to discourage investment and enterprise, and to undermine the productive forces of the country.

Second—That the magnitude and seriousness of this evil are such as ultimately to menace the prosperity, peace and permanency of the republic.

Third—That the great decline in the market price of silver bullion since 1873 has been mainly if not wholly caused by legislation limiting the money functions of that metal.

Fourth—That notwithstanding other possible and needed reforms in the fiscal and currency systems of the United States, no enduring social happiness and national progress can be ours until both gold and silver are treated alike in our monetary system and the two metals form together the one standard money of ultimate redemption. Yours for bimetallism,

Charles A. Towne.

The Pioneer Press editorially discusses the above letter. It declines to provide a disputant to meet Mr. Towne, and declines to agree in advance to publish the speeches of the debaters, if a debate should be arranged.

TEACHERS ADJOURN.

Next Place of Meeting Left to Executive Committee.

Denver, Col., July 13.—The National Educational association's convention, which closed last night equalled, if it did not exceed in point of attendance, the memorable Chicago meeting. The registered attendance numbered 9841. Nearly 6000 excursionists' tickets have been deposited with the railways in order to secure extensions of the time limit. Several thousand of the teachers left the city today for Manitou and other points in the mountains to spend their vacations and hundreds have departed on excursions to Salt Lake, California, Yellowstone park and the City of Mexico.

The vote on place of next meeting was as follows: Los Angeles, 12; Duluth, 9; Asbury Park, 7. The matter was finally left to the executive committee.

INDICTED FOR ASSAULT.

Indianapolis, July 13.—The grand jury today failed to return an indictment of murder against Christian Zimmerman, who killed Road Housekeeper Si Eaglen at the latter's resort on the outside of this city last Sunday night in a general fight. The grand jury charges Zimmerman with assault with intent to kill one Doc Hughes instead.

THE U. S. Government officially reports ROYAL Baking Powder superior to *all* others in leavening strength. *(Bulletin 13, Ag'l Dep't, p. 599.)*

LONDON

Social Matters About Wound Up With the Regatta at Henley.

The English Politician Now in the Thick of a Hot Campaign.

Italian War Ship's Reception---Dramatic and Personal Gossip.

London, July 13.—(Special London cable letter, copyrighted 1895, by the Associated Press.)—The general elections, the regatta at Henley, and the visit of the Italian fleet under the duke of Genoa, to Spithead, have been uppermost in the public mind during the past week. The elections practically commenced yesterday with the return of thirty-six unopposed candidates, including thirty Conservatives, three Liberals, and three Parnellites. Among the unopposed members elected were the Hon. George Goschen, representing St. Georges, Hanover Square, London; Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, member for the Eccleall division of Sheffield, Conservative; Mr. John Heniker, Heaton-Progressive Conservative, who represents Canterbury, and the Rt. Hon. A. J. Mundalla, Advanced Liberal, the representative of the Brightside division of Sheffield.

Mr. Goschen is the new first lord of the admiralty, Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett is a native of Brooklyn, and was formerly civil lord of the admiralty in Lord Salisbury's administration in 1886 to 1892; Mr. Heaton is the author of "Imperial Ocean Penny Postage," and Mr. Mundalla was formerly president of the board of trade, with a seat in the cabinet of the late Liberal government and resigned on May 4, 1894, as a result of being summoned to appear in court for examination as to the affairs of the defunct New Zealand company, of which he was one of the directors. He stated in court that he resigned from the board of directors when he was appointed to the presidency of the board of trade.

In regard to the Henley regatta, already so much has been cabled that not much remains to be said. The straightforward statement made by Captain Freeborn, on behalf of the Cornell crew, should set at rest the rumors circulated by the friends of the Londers against the fair dealing of the young men from Ithaca. As Freeborn stated, the umpire had entire control of the race after it was started, and to disregard his command was sufficient reason to disqualify a crew. The umpire did not in any way indicate his desire to have the Cornell crew return, followed them to the finish and awarded them the heat. No one regrets the outcome of the affair more than the members of the Cornell crew, who afterwards frankly acknowledged their defeat by the Trinity Hall crew in a hard rowed race, saying they had no excuses to offer, and that they were fairly beaten.

The Italian fleet arrived off Spithead on the morning of July 9, and later the admirals were received on board H. M. S. Victory by the commander-in-chief, the vice admiral commanding the channel squadron, the admiral, and the rear admiral of the channel squadron and other British flag officers. The officers afterwards returned their visit on board the flag ship. Quite a dramatic scene occurred on board the Victory, when the duke of Genoa was shown the brass plate marking the spot where Nelson fell on the battle of Trafalgar. The duke of Genoa gazed at it for a moment, then stretched out his hand, and the two admirals, Admiral Salmon and the duke of Genoa, shook hands across the plate without speaking, and surrounded by the officers of both fleets. The Italian officers and men are being very warmly received and are being feted, dined and lunched several times every day. This reception is intended to be and is interpreted as an offset to the Franco-Russian demonstration upon the occasion of the opening of the Kaiser Wilhelm canal between the Baltic and North seas. The duke of Genoa has gained the good will of everybody by his cordial greeting of the British officers.

The duke of York and the first lord of the admiralty, the Hon. George J. Goschen, accompanied by all the lords of the admiralty and a number of other distinguished officials, went to Portsmouth on Wednesday and banquetted the Italians in the grounds of the naval college. The Italians have since been conducted over the arsenal, etc., and the duke of Genoa and other Italian officers visited Windsor castle today, where they were received by the queen. The newspapers, naturally, are printing articles daily of "our allies, the Italians," and they are making complimentary reference to them.

The social season has been brought to a premature end, the elite of the aristocracy has been at Henley for three days this week, but the bulk of the politicians have packed their trunks and gone into the country. The effect of the dissolution of parliament is strikingly seen in Hyde park. In its fashionable promenades few men of distinction are to be seen, the gatherings of people there being almost entirely composed of women. The leaders of the different political parties are already in the thick of the fight and are addressing meetings nightly. As an instance of the activity of the leaders of the fray it may be mentioned that Sir William Vernon Harcourt, who was chancellor of the exchequer in the Rosebery cabinet, is booked to address three different meetings in Derbyshire on Monday.

The most sensational feature of the campaign is the charge which M. Healy made against the Irish parliamentary party at the nationalist convention at County Tyrone on Monday last. The convention was called to choose candidates for the election of Tyrone, and Mr. Healy, amid great excitement, accused John Dillon of selling Tyrone to the English party. The affair has not only caused great commotion and considerable irritation in the ranks of the McCarthyites, but it has spread consternation among the Liberals, as the Conservatives immediately seized upon the incident and are making use of it during the present campaign for all it is worth. The queen is taking a keen interest in the elections and will be supplied with all the results over a special wire run to Windsor castle from London.

According to "Vanity Fair" the queen has expressed a strong opinion regarding the socalled new woman, and especially as to the style of her dress. The queen, it is added, is also strongly opposed to the "advanced novel" and remarked recently to one of her entourage that it was a degraded public mind that was in a mood to buy such books, and that if there were no purchasing public the pens would cease to write such matter.

Much chargrin was caused at Southampton by the report that the United States cruiser Columbia was seriously strained when she was placed in dry dock there for the purpose of cleaning and painting her. The vague statements made gave the idea that the affair was greatly due to the negligence of the management of the dock and this impression has not been dispelled.

Senator Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, is here studying the machinery of English electioneering. The senator is taking great interest in the present contest with the view of incorporating some of the ideas which he has gathered here into an election bill which he expects to introduce during the sessions of the next congress.

Abbey & Grau's arrangements for the opera season in New York from January to the end of April, include the engagement of Mmes. Calve, Melba, Sembrich, Jannischokski, Breman, De Reseas and Mme. Maurland Plancon. It is stated that Mme. Calve gets $100,000 for fifty nights. Walter Damrosch's German opera troupe will include Mmes. Klasky, Gadski, Schilling and Maurer, and Mme. Gruening, Popvici, Fiscer, Behrens, Meriens and Berthaid, and probably Mme. Rothmahl.

PROBLEM

Interesting Study in Naval Defenses Going on Now at Newport.

Naval Experts Engaged on Paper in Fighting an Overwhelming Foe.

Battle of Yalu River as a Probable Best Line of Defense.

Washington, July 13.—The naval war college at Newport is now engaged in the discussion of a most interesting problem, the solution of which is of vital importance to the great Atlantic seaboard cities. This problem, which was framed by Captain H. C. Taylor and Captain Mahan, is based on supposed attacks on the New England coast by a great British naval force supplemented by a strong body of troops from Halifax. As laid before the war college the problem is as follows:

May 10, war is imminent; the army is assembling at Halifax. He is expected to descend on the New England coast. His probable plan is to occupy the coast and the cities from Portland to Boston, thereby seconding certain movements of his land forces. His success depends upon his ability to complete this occupation before June 10 and maintain it until July 10. The forces destined for this purpose are one or more fleets whose total strength is three times that of our fleet, and 20,000 men in fifty transports. Our available force is ordered to assemble for the present in Nantucket sound. May 20 war is declared. The fleet leaves, occupies Provincetown and blockades Boston May 23. The fleet is composed of six battle ships, eight armored cruisers, eighteen cruisers, twelve gunboats and twelve torpedo boats. He begins to keep touch of our fleet, wherever it may be, by means of scouts. Our force is five battle ships, five armored cruisers, fifteen cruisers, ten gunboats, ten torpedo boats and one ram. The heavy monitor at Boston and one light one at Portsmouth and another at Portland are to be retained at those points.

We learn that a much larger force of the enemy is about to leave Halifax. It sails May 25, blockades Portland, occupies Casco bay and gets in touch with its Provincetown fleet May 27. It is composed of ten battle ships, fifteen armored cruisers, twenty cruisers, twenty gunboats, twenty torpedo boats and fifty transports, for carrying 20,000 troops of all arms. Designate a plan for meeting this demonstration. Show the best disposition of our forces and describe in detail our operations for the campaign.

Several most interesting papers have already been submitted in answer to this problem by our own naval officers and yesterday the college was given an accurate insight into the celebrated Yalu river naval engagement, as bearing on the best course of defense, by Captain McGiffern, who was present at this fight and commanded one of the Chinese transports.

Well Satisfied with Ayer's Hair Vigor.

"Nearly forty years ago, after some weeks of sickness, my hair turned gray. I began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, and was so well satisfied with the results that I have never tried any other kind of dressing. It requires only an occasional application of



AYER'S Hair Vigor to keep my hair of good color, to remove dandruff, to heal itching humors, and prevent the hair from falling out. I never hesitate to recommend Ayer's medicines to my friends."—Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, Avoca, Nebr.

AYER'S Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla for the Complexion.

WANTS A DIVORCE.

English Actress Asks an Immediate Decision by Court.

San Francisco, July 13.—Ethel Marion Hertzlet, an English actress who brought suit for divorce from her husband, Gerald Spencer Hertzlet, last October, has filed an affidavit in the superior court urging the trial of the suit at once. Hertzlet is the son of Edward Hertzlet, K. C. B., formerly secretary of Disraeli, and at present librarian of the foreign office and custodian of the archives, of England. The couple were married against the protests of Hertzlet's father and after spending $100,000 their troubles began. Mrs. Hertzlet brought suit for divorce, alleging cruelty and infidelity. Her husband, who was in England, promptly denied all charges, and filed a cross complaint, charging his wife with infidelity and naming as co-respondent Claude Barry.

Since that time the case has been at a standstill always the plaintiff's delay is the fault of her husband and she is now insisting on an immediate trial. In support of the demand that the case be tried at once, Mrs. Hertzlet states that by reason of the long delay she is suffering great injury in her profession as an actress. Her children are with her parents in England and she is anxious to have the suit decided so that she can take advantage of an invitation from her parents to make her home with them.

STEAMER PORTLAND WRECKED.

Port Townsend, Wash., July 13.—The steamer Chilcat, from Alaska, reports that the steamer Portland was wrecked last week near Dundas island. The vessel was bound from Seattle to Chignook river, laden with supplies. The shipment was lost, however. The steamer is not the Portland which was formerly named the Hayden Republic and was made famous by her connection with the Haytien revolution and the Portland smuggling ring. The lost steamer is owned by the Lang Fish company, of this city.

HUNTING FOR HER SON.

San Francisco, July 13.—Mrs. Marie Wainwright, a wealthy Boston widow, is in San Francisco in search of her son, George C., who is probably in the regular army under an assumed name. She believes he is at Camp Monterey. She says he disappeared from Boston shortly after inheriting $30,000 from his uncle, James Dwyer, two years ago. Dwyer and Wainwright, the young man's uncle and father, were prominent as lumber merchants for many years at Bangor, Maine. The uncle also left his nephew valuable real estate at Concord, N. H., which is now neglected owing to the owner's absence.

BURNED IN EFFIGY.

Chicago, July 13.—A dispatch from Peru Iowa, says O. A. Davies, the missing cashier of the First National bank was burned in effigy last night. W. H. Deardoff has been appointed receiver, but no accurate statement of Davies' alleged defalcation can be given as the safe is yet unopened. Detectives from Des Moines think they have a clue to the missing man and his early capture is anticipated. Davies came here from Denver six months ago and became cashier of the bank and practically proprietor, succeeding F. S. Wright. He did a private banking business. Davies left July 5, ostensibly for Colfax, Iowa but did not get there. It is believed he got away with upward of $20,000.

SCHOFIELD RETURNING.

Seattle, Wash., July 13.—Gen. John M. Schofield left for the East on the Canadian Pacific railway, having been called home by dispatches from Washington. He intended to visit Forts Spokane and Sherman and go down the Columbia river and see the Cascade locks, but abandoned the trip on receipt of the telegrams from Washington.

A LIVELY CHURCH SOCIAL.

Huntington, W. Va., July 13.—During a row at a church social on Big Cabelle creek last night, Burt Davis, a well-to-do farmer, was shot and instantly killed by Purse Peyton, who then made his escape to Ohio.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF A HOME Can be had at Banff hotel in the heart of the Rockies. The hotel cost over $300,000; was designed by Bruce Price, the Soo Pacific line. From the veranda of the hotel you see the confluence of the Cascade Bow and Spray rivers, the falls of the Bow and various snow-capped peaks of the grand old Rockies; mountain sheep, deer, bear are in the immediate vicinity. The Bow and Spray rivers abound with brook trout and glayling. Driving and saddle horses can be had. In fact you have all the luxuries of a large city in the midst of the rugged mountain splendor and sportsman's paradise. To enable you to reach this spot in comfort and cheaply the Soo Pacific line arranged for a weekly excursion during July and August, leaving Duluth every Monday; $50 for the round trip, including double berth each way in first-class sleeper. for particulars see or write

T. H. Larke,
426 Spalding house block, Duluth.

THE MANAGER'S SHARE.

New York Weekly: Manager—But if I pay you $1000 a night in addition to all other expenses, what will there be left for me to live on?

Prima donna—Well, if you treat us nicely, we will no doubt give you a benefit performance at the end of the season.

I HAVE found the ROYAL BAKING POWDER to be an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum and ammonia, and of the very highest leavening power.

CHARLES W. DREW, Ph. B., M. D.
Late Chemist to the Minn. State Dairy and Food Dept.

THE CURFEW ORDINANCE.

A Washington Paper Thinks Duluth Has Adopted It.

Washington, July 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Washington Post prints the following editorial, of particular interest to Duluth:

"The Post has not a single doubt that the new times are better than the old. It believes that the average of intelligence, morality, and happiness of the people of the United States is higher now than it was in the days of our grandfathers. It believes there is less of strife between political parties and religious sects, a broader charity, a more active benevolence, and a kindlier feeling now than at any previous time in our history. And while it is not looking for an early arrival of the millenium, it gladly notes continuous progress.

"But all this does not imply that no mistakes have been made, or that we have not discarded some of the old ways that we might properly and profitably have retained. We think there was a more judicious caring for the morals of boys and girls fifty or a hundred years ago than there is now; that parents maintained their authority and exercised wholesome restraints then that are not so generally apparent now. This view of the situation appears to have impressed the good people of numerous minor towns in Iowa and of the flourishing city of Duluth, in Minnesota, for the authorities of those places have adopted an ordinance that is intended to bring the children home at 9 o'clock in the evening. It is called the curfew ordinance, because it provides for the ringing of the bells at the hour designated. But the curfew of old times notified the people that it was time to extinguish or cover up their fires, preparatory to going to bed, while these bells tell all children under 16 years of age to get off the streets. If such children are found on the streets after curfew without a written permit from parents or guardians, they are liable to be arrested as vagrants.

"All this may appear very simple, and possibly ludicrous to denizens of great cities, but it unquestionably aims to cure a serious evil. Nine o'clock is late enough for boys and quite too late for girls to be on the streets without the knowledge and consent of their caretakers. The people of Iowa and Duluth can well afford to be sneered at while they go on training their children and developing them into better manhood and womanhood than can ever be attained by the undisciplined."

CAMPERS.

Have your Herald delivered to your camp on Park Point.

HYPNOTISM CHARGED.

A Female Deputy Sheriff at the Bottom of It.

Oakland, Cal., July 13.—Judge Ogden has written to Adam Van Patten, a New York millionaire, asking him if he will adopt the four Van Patten children over the custody of whom Mrs. C. M. Sanford, secretary of the Humane society, and Mrs. W. F. Aram, late deputy sheriff, are engaged in a bitter contest. There are five children altogether, four girls and a crippled boy. The eldest, Nancy, is only 16. She was married at sea to Tony Lewis not long ago, having eluded Sheriff White, who had a restraining order.

The Van Pattens are highly connected, the grandfather of the girls being a member of New York's aristocracy. He lives in New Rochelle, N. Y., and has frequently sent money to the Van Pattens in Oakland. The mother of the girls is dead and the father has been adjudged incompetent.

Mrs. Sanford secured letters of guardianship for the children and secured two of the girls, Nettie, aged 14, and Melissa, aged 5, but when she went to get the baby, Alice, who is 5 years old, she found that Mrs. Aram had charge of her. A battle ensued, during which the child clung to Mrs. Aram. Now Mrs. Sanford says that the late deputy sheriff has hypnotized the little girl.

PLEASURE PARTY POISONED.

Bucyrus, O., July 13.—Jacob Briegel, a farmer living at Chatfield, on Wednesday night gave a party. There were about fifty persons present. The company partook of refreshments, among other things ice cream. The next morning every person who had attended the party was taken violently ill. Among the most serious cases now are those of William Burchbacher and family, S. Kibler, Mary and Rosa Hieber, Daniel Schwab and sister, and E. Kirbis. They are all likely to recover. The physicians are treating the patients for strychnine poison.

To exchange, a fine hotel property on Main street in Winnipeg for real estate in Duluth or Superior. Good chance for a hotel man. Inquire of Max Wirth, drug store.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by all druggists.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50 cent bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

DAUPHIN

Did Louis Capet's Son Die in a Prison in Paris.

Fate of Louis XVII is a Matter of Considerable Doubt.

Recent Discoveries Which Make More Perplexing the Solution.

A Paris correspondent of the Philadelphia Times writes entertainingly of recent discoveries in Paris, as follows:

Saturday, June 8, saw a strange gathering at the church of the Madeleine. The young duke of Orleans, who wishes to mount the throne of the fallen Bourbons as Philip, king of France, asked that a mass should be celebrated on that day in remembrance of the son of Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette. It was just 100 years since the keepers of the boy Dauphin reported to their revolutionary masters that Louis XVII, aged 10 years and 2 months, had died in his prison of the Temple. From that time the world has alternately wept and wondered at the fate of this child who exploited in his own innocent person the faults and crimes of the many generations of his royal ancestors.

Did he really die, as was said, of natural weakness succumbing to the harsh treatment which was undoubtedly inflicted on him?

Did he live to escape and then die an unknown death, or grow up as one of the many pretenders in Europe and America to the place of the lost Dauphin?

It is certain that no answer can yet be given which has absolute proof in its favor. In the researches of late years graves have been opened, and the least word of writing from the time itself has been scrutinized and compared with all that is known besides. The sum total of the facts of the case, as they have now been collected, points to a solution which is as pathetic as it is new.

It has always been said that if Barras had but what he knew about the matter all doubt would be dispelled. At last Barras has spoken. Monsieur George Duruy, who has been publishing memoirs of the famous director, has found a note in his handwriting which gives all the information that he possessed as an eye witness:

"The committee of public safety had me warned that people were talking of the escape of the prisoners of the Temple, who were under my charge. I went to the Temple and found the young prince in his cradle-bed in the middle of his chamber. He was asleep and was awakened with difficulty. He was dressed in a jacket and trousers of gray cloth. I asked him how he was and why he did not sleep in the large bed. He answered: 'My knees are swollen and pain me when I get up. The little cradle is more proper for me.' I examined his knees. They were much swollen, as well as the ankles and hands. His face was puffy and pale. I asked him if he had what was necessary and made him promise to walk about, and then gave orders accordingly to the keepers and scolded them for the badly-kept chamber."

Barras next went upstairs where the young princess, three years older than the Dauphin, was imprisoned. She begged him to have good care taken of her brother. He reported to the committee of public safety that the prince was dangerously ill, and asked that the committee should give orders for his proper treatment. The orders were given, but henceforth no trustworthy eye-witness tells how they were executed.

Dussault, the doctor who was charged with the care of the Dauphin, died on June 1, 1795, ten months after the visit of Barras. Eight days later the keepers notified the committee that their royal prisoner was dead. Four physicians, all medical notabilities of the time, were sent to examine the corpse. They did not compromise themselves in their report. They declared that they had found in the prison of the Temple "the dead body of a child who seemed to us about 10 years of age, which the keepers told us was that of the son of the defunct Louis Capet" (the name by which the revolutionists designated King Louis XVI, whom they had beheaded two years before). With still greater caution they noted that two of their number "recognized the child as the one whom they had been attending for a few days."

Barras does not pretend to have seen the young prince again. Years after, when revolution and Napoleon had passed and the Bourbons were safely back on the throne, he wrote comfortably: "The young prince was worn out by humoral disease which had already made such progress that, in spite of all the care taken of him, he succumbed."

This is far enough from settling the question as to whether the Dauphin "succumbed" on June 8, 1795, in the prison of the Temple. There are grave reasons for doubting this, and to these some new ones have been lately added.

1. The prison of the Temple had been open all along to the patriots of the revolution, to see with their own eyes how justice was done on their hated kings in the persons of the two children. Suddenly, admission was no longer granted and we have henceforth no one's word for the condition of the young prince but that of the keepers. This continues from before the death of his old physician until his own supposed death, at which no physician was present. Lansert, who had been the special keeper of the prince, was discharged several weeks before and was not called to testify to the fact of death. The final keepers could not agree among themselves as to the hour of his decease. His sister, who was still a prisoner in the room above, was neither called to his deathbed nor allowed to see his dead body.

2. Dr. Pelletan, who made the autopsy of the corpse in the prison of the Temple, secretly took away the heart and embalmed it. When the Bourbons were restored to the throne, he hastened to present it to the royal family. They refused to look at the thing. In 1821 he found means to offer it directly to the princess, who had survived the Temple and was now Duchesse d'Angouleme. No one could doubt her love for her brother. Children as they were, the two had been forced to suffer together without being comforted by grown persons. But she also would not receive the relic which the doctor thought would be dear to her. He then placed it in the hands of the archbishop of Paris. The latter, who did not know the mystery hovering over the death of the Dauphin, had the heart enclosed in a crystal reliquary and presented it himself to the princess. She put it from her with dry eyes, saying as she did so: "Alas, Monseigneur, we know only too well the lot of my unhappy brother."

3. The restored Bourbons had meanwhile been making the most diligent search to find the bodies of Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette. They made no effort at all to find that of the Dauphin, although the registers told plainly where he was buried at the foot of the wall of the church of Sainte-Marguerite. When Louis XVIII asked from the Pope the royal consecration, Pius VII, who had crowned Napoleon and lived through all the events of the revolution, quietly refused. This has always been taken as a proof that he doubted whether some nearer heir to the French throne were not still alive. This could only have been the Dauphin, whose place his uncle was now taking. When rumor spreads that the Dauphin had really escaped and was still living, Louis XVIII is known to have started up false Dauphins whose claims were ridiculous enough to throw doubt on any real one, should be present himself.

4. King Louis Philippe, who himself held the throne from a later revolution that expelled the elder Bourbons, had no reason for such fears. In his time during the early forties, the body which had been buried at Sainte-Marguerite as that of Louis XVII, was exhumed. Everything was just as the register said, and at least one eye-witness of the original burial was present. Physicians declared that the skeleton found could not have been that of a boy less than 13 years old. Two years ago the coffin was again visited with a like result. Now the Dauphin, at the time of his supposed death in the Temple, was only 10 years and 2 months of age.

5. It is known that in the spring and summer of 1795 many of the members of the Directory were uneasy as to the turn which political events might take. Some of them were positively negotiating with the emigres for a restoration of the monarchy. They did not foresee the speedy coming of Napoleon. If they had wished it, they certainly could have compassed the escape of the young prince from his prison. As a matter of fact, they shortly after exchanged the prieess, his sister, for Republican prisoners abroad. But the violent party at home would never have listened to such a proposal in the case of the heir to the throne. This leaves but one question to ask. Did those who were able and whose interest it was to secure the escape of the Dauphin, actually get him across the frontier into the hands of his uncle, the future Louis XVIII?

Everything seems to point this way.

What, then, next became of this 10-year-old boy? His health and spirits had been broken by scenes of terror and ill-treatment. His existence was an obstacle to his uncle's ambition and even, in his imbecile condition, to any restoration of the Bourbon family itself to the French throne. It is here that the thickest darkness continues to hover over the mysterious fate of this lost Dauphin.

In all there were six persons who, in later years, pretended with some slight show of reason to be the escaped Dauphin in person. In France there were Hervagault, Bruneau, Meves and Richmond. In America there were perhaps the best known of all, the Rev. Eleazer Williams, who was mysteriously left among the Indians on the borders of French Canada and brought up by them. In Holland there was Naundorff, whose grandson in the past week has proclaimed his rights anew to the throne of France. Of all these it was Naundorff who brought forward the most serious show of proofs. These were long since judged sufficient by the government of Holland to authorize him in bearing the name of Bourbon, to which his descendants have added the title of duke of Normandy.

There is one fatal difficulty in the way of all these pretenders. None of them has been able to explain where or how or with whom he lived from 1795, which must have been the date of escape, until 1810, when they began appearing. In the case of Naundorff there is the further testimony of the Duchess d'Angouleme, who refused absolutely to acknowledge him as even a possible brother. The later lady lived down into the fifties. She must have known the truth. A careful analysis of her words and actions has led to a third opinion which some day may be proved true.

In spite of her having no personal knowledge of the matter, since she was kept separate from her mother when in prison, she chose to set down in her memoirs the official version of his death. With the added strangely enough, "The prison and the horrors, of which he had been the victim, greatly changed him; and even, if he had lived, it is to be feared that his mind would have been affected."

An heir to all the claims of the Bourbons, rescued too late when his imbecility could be only an obstacle to his family's hopes, and then carefully suppressed by them until his real death occurred at some unknown place and date, is this, after all, the true solution to the mystery of the Lost Dauphin?

PAY OF WOMEN MUSICIANS.

Probably there is no field where more varying wage is paid to women than in the realm of music, writes Mrs. Garrett Webster in the July Ladies' Home Journal. The greatest and the lowest sums are alike received by them in this profession, while the average is probably as good as that received by women workers in any other field. Madame Patti is remarkable not only as the greatest of living vocalists, but as the best paid woman worker in the world. She has frequently received $5000 a night for a performance, and has not sung for many years past for less than $3000. Madame Melba's fee, whether for concert or opera, is never less than $1000. Madame Eames and Madame Nordica received each $700 for their operatic performances during the season just passed. The latter's invariable fee for singing in concert or oratorio is $500. Madame Calve received $600 a performance during the season of 1894. These prices are paid, it will be noticed, only to those who are the greatest in their art. Each of these women is not only an artist, but also a beautiful woman and a clever actress.

A BLAME MEAN THING.

"It was des disaway," explained Rastus, in the Indianapolis Journal. "I done had it in fer dat little niggee man fo' some time, an' I dess been layin' fer de time w'en I could ketch him widout no razzer, 'kase he's a bad man wid a razzer, an' dat ain't no lie. Sat'd'y I meets him on de big road wiv a fiddle in his han'. 'Look heah, Sam,' says I, right nice, 'kin yo' len' me yo' razzer?' 'I ain't got no razzer,' says he. 'Sho?' says I. 'Sho,' says he. 'Don,' says I, 'yo' time am come.' 'I'se gwine to beat yo' twell yo' hide comes loose.' 'Doan' come nigh me, niggah,' he say, 'er I hit wid dis fiddle.' 'Whut I care fo' yo' ole fiddle?' I say, an' staht fo' dat nigger an' he hit me a lick in de mouf wid his little ole fiddle an' I doan know nuffin fo' seben houahs."

"What?" shouted Ephriam. "Yo' doan' mean to tell me dat littin' yo' wid nuffin but a fiddle lay you out like dat?"

"Man," said Rastus, "dat nigger was fixed. He had dat ole fiddle filled wid sand."

In response to numerous requests, Miss Speier, 312 East Third street, has decided to give instruction in German in classes or otherwise.

BABOON SWITCHMAN.

An Animal Who Never Strikes But Works Well.

The New York World in presenting a picture of a remarkable baboon, says: The baboon here described is in the service of the Cape government railway department, Cape Colony, the principle British colony in South Africa, owns the railroads within its borders, and therefore the baboon is one of the great army of officials in the British empire.

He is stationed at a point on the railroad between Port Elizabeth and Mitenhage. He assists or, perhaps it would be better to say, is assisted by an old switchman, who has lost both legs. This man is his master and the noble baboon is glad to be able to support him in his misfortune. The baboon may be seen here in the act of turning the points in order to send an approaching train in the right direction. His master sits behind him, smoking his pipe and giving him a few words of direction.

The man wears a general air of confidence which speaks volumes for the capacity of his baboon. The animal goes about his work in a quiet and businesslike way. It is evident that he makes the switchman as comfortable as he can be without his legs.

The baboon does all the work of a competent switchman and much more. No one who knows him believes that he will ever be found negligent in his responsible duties. The co-operation of himself and the man is a valuable assurance of safety. The routine part of the work has become so familiar to the baboon that he would be incapable of forgetting things where the man might do so through preoccupation.

The baboon not only switches the trains but he flags them. He understands perfectly when told to exhibit a red, a white or a green signal.

He does many other things that will seem incredible to people who have never met members of his family under favorable conditons. It should be remembered that monkeys of the better class seldom visit this country. The few who do are quickly enfeebled in health by the climate and are then in no condition to exhibit their talents.

This baboon belongs to the chacma family of South Africa, and consequently has a very high standing for intelligence among apes. The doings of his family, not always admirable, are recorded both in natural history and in novels and they are very interesting reading.

The switchman's baboon pushes a little trolley from his master's little hut to Port Elizabeth for the purpose of fetching tolls, provisions and other things. He cleans his master's house, prepares his food, spreads the table for him, and waits on him and generally lightens the burden of his lonely life.

It may be well thought that the baboon must have given striking proof of his ability before a government department consented to his occupying this position. The master was a very faithful and efficient workman and lost his legs in an accident on the road.

In consideration of his good service and the fact that he met with disaster on the railroad, he was allowed to take his old place when he got well. At first he struggled about and did his work on two wooden legs, but it was terribly wearing and he felt he could not stand it long.

Then his pet baboon put a most beautiful and encouraging idea into his head. The animal was always at his side and displayed the greatest willingness to help. Could he possibly be trained to do the work of the lost legs? The man set to work to train him, and was delighted at the quickness with which the baboon learned his duties.

Shortly after the baboon assumed the active work of the switch station, the head of the railroad department came that very way on a little tour of inspection. He surprised the baboon on duty and was naturally surprised himself. He did not discharge him at once, as some would have done, but gave him a little attention. The result was that the baboon demonstrated his efficiency and secured himself in his position.

FAMOUS VOICES.

Forrest had a deep bass voice that seemed to come from the bottom of his chest.

Garrick had an exceedingly flexible voice and could mimic anyone he ever heard speak.

The duke of Marlborough had a voice that, it was said, could be heard above the roar of artillery.

Brignoli was known as the "silver-voiced." His tones, though not strong, were exceedingly pure and sweet.

Mirabeau had a voice like a trumpet, and when he raised it in threat of denunciation the effect was awe-inspiring.

Spurgeon had a tremendous voice but seldom raised it above the ordinary conversational tone. This, however, was sufficient to fill the vast building in which his audiences were gathered.

Mara had a voice that extended from middle G to E in alt, and was one of the most facile and flexible ever known. With the utmost ease and grace she executed passages that are now consigned to solo instruments, such as the violin and flute.

Handel had a voice that was described by one of his contemporaries as "simply awful." He generally had the good sense to refrain from singing, but when anything went wrong in the chorus he was conducting he was very apt to chime in with that awful voice and set the teeth of all hearers on edge with its roughness.

Lablache had the most magnificent bass voice ever known to the lyric stage. It had a compass of two octave, from E flat below to E flat above the bass staff. He was a man of prodigious size and strength and his voice was proportioned to his physical dimensions. More than once he broke a window pane by the strength of the vibrations caused by his monstrous voice.

Jenn Lind's voice, at its best, was a high soprano of bright and remarkably sympathetic quality, reaching from D below to F in alt, the upper register being stronger, clearer and richer than the lower. She had also very well developed lungs, that gave her phenomenal length of breath, and enabled her to tone down a note to the finest pianissimo while maintaining the quality unchanged. Her execution was really marvelous, and her performance of cadenza passages was never equalled before nor since.

A GIGANTIC MIND.

Puck: Restful Reagan—Say, that Happy Hogan's got der intelleck, I tell yer wot.

Saturated Sam—Wot's 'e bin doin' now?

Restful Reagan—He wos robbin' a beehivee an' his hand stung an' swelled; an' he lays down an' hollers he's snake-bit, and den (in an unctuous whisper) a crowd o' jays come runnin' and made 'im drink a quart o' whisky!

I Was Helpless

Ten weeks with acute rheumatism. My right arm was withered away to skin and bone and I had almost lost the use of it.



A friend advised Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I took, and when the first bottle was used I could see and feel a great change. The flesh returned to my arm and the soreness left my body and limbs. Every spring and fall since, we have used three to six bottles in our family. I find to use Hood's Sarsaparilla is cheaper than to pay doctor's bills. I am thankful I have found a medicine to help a man who has rheumatism. It keeps me in good health." R. FORRESTALL, Oelwein, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye. $1; 6 for $5

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.

RUPLEY

Is Now General Manager of the West Duluth Car Works.

The Mathews, Both Father and Son, Retired From the Concern.

Minneapolis Youths Made Fast Time on Wheels From White Bear.

A change has been made in the management of the Duluth Manufacturing company. The Mathews are out entirely and it is reported that George Rupley, formerly superintendent of the Lake Superior Elevator company, now holds the position of general manager. Receiver Simonds could not be seen this morning, nor anyone about the works who could or would speak with any authority on the matter. It was admitted, however, that the Mathews, father and son, had severed their connection with the firm for all time.

The family of W. J. Mathews went East some time ago, and it is reported that Mr. Mathews left for his old home last evening. A car load of his household goods which was standing on the track ready to be shipped this morning was attached by Attorney C. W. Hoyt in the name of parties who hold claims against him.

WHEELED FROM MINNEAPOLIS.

George Frenette Demeules, 19 years old, and William Lentus, 18, both from Minneapolis, reached West Duluth last evening at 8 o'clock after traveling on their bicycles from White Bear, which place they left at 2 o'clock a. m. They traveled the county roads and the railroad track alternately, reporting at every station of the St. Paul & Duluth. They left Minneapolis on Thursday, intending to come to Duluth on the same day, but at White Bear a farmer gave them the wrong direction, which took them to Stillwater instead of towards the Zenith City. The distance traveled from White Bear to West Duluth is 159 miles, and their indicators registered 366 miles for Thursday and Friday.

Mr. Demeules rode fourteen miles last evening besides going to Duluth and back to West Duluth. He has a Syracuse racer weighing only fifteen pounds, and Mr. Lentus has a Warwick wheel weighing nineteen pounds. They intend to take in the West Superior races next week. Mr. Demeules is a brother to Mrs. J. C. Marquis, of West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Insure your property with G. E. Hall.

Dr. Kenney, dentist, over Mfr's bank.

Miss Mary Demeules, of Minneapolis, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. Marquis.

Miss Nannie R. Dunnigan, of St. Paul, is spending a couple of weeks in Duluth, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Nitterauer, at the Murray house.

The little child of W. B. Carlin died yesterday afternoon after a painful illness.

Dr. Keyes went to St. Paul last night, where he will remain until Monday.

Mrs. H. E. Simpson and brother, Nathan Simpson, of Saginaw, Mich., were in West Duluth this morning making arrangements to build a $2000 hotel at Proctorknott. Plans have already been drawn and work on the erection of the building will begin immediately.

Dr. Forbes will preach morning and evening at Asbury church tomorrow, and in the afternoon at Proctorknott.

Mrs. J. O. St. Clair, of Ann Arbor, Mich., is visiting her brother, Charles F. Thorpe.

The West Duluths will play the West Superior stars at the West Duluth park tomorrow afternoon. There will also be a game between the local teams at Proctorknott at the same time.

Mrs. D. C. Prescott and daughter Sadie are visiting at Marinette, Wis.

Mrs. Maggie Donahue, who has been visiting the family of Thomas Doyle, left yesterday for Minneapolis.

Sumner Prescott went to Virginia yesterday to visit relatives.

Miss Gertie Walsh entertained a party of friends at her home last evening. Dancing was the amusement of the evening.

Capt. W. L. Winslow, of Ironwood, Mich., is in the city.

H. Esheldon, of Detroit, Mich., is visiting Robert Connery.

C. W. Hoyt has four rooms, centrally located, newly papered, to rent at $1.50 each.

ST. LOUIS RACE TRACK.

St. Louis, July 13.—The Republic today says: St. Louis is to have another race track. Cole Ullman is back of the scheme, but he has succeeded in interesting Mr. Chris Von Der Ahe, the baseball magnate. All the papers have been drawn up and signed and it is understood work will be begun on the new track at once. It will be a half mile in circumference and in all probability will be an electric light track.

SUES THE NICKEL PLATE.

Mobile, O., July 13.—Frank Sharffer, of Bellevue, has brought suit against the Nickel Plate railway for $5300. He claims the company discharged and blacklisted him without cause, and that he finds it impossible to obtain a position on any other railroad until the Nickel Plate furnishes him with a written statement to the effect that he was not concerned in the big railway strike of last year.

Send your washing to the Troy and you will have no cause to complain.

$29—BALTIMORE AND RETURN—$29. Via The Northwestern Line (Omaha railway), on sale July 15 and 16 at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. Summers, agent.

SPECIAL SUNDAY TRAINS—FOND DU LAC AND SPIRIT LAKE.

Via St. Paul & Duluth. 9:30 a. m., 2:45 p. m. Returning leave Fond du Lac 5:40 p. m., 9:30 p. m. Excursion tickets. No. 401 West Superior street and Union depot.

EXCURSION TOMORROW.

Sunday excursion to Fond du Lac on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue west at 9:30 a.m. Round trip, 35 cents. Music on the boat.

30 ACRE SAWMILL SITE

Near Holston, Bielock & Co., West Duluth, for sale cheap if improved.

J. C. & R. M. Hunter.



ENLIGHTENMENT

enables the more advanced and **Conservative Surgeons** of to-day to cure many diseases without cutting, which were formerly regarded as incurable without resort to the knife.

RUPTURE or Breach, is now *radically* cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy Trusses can be thrown away!

TUMORS, Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations.

PILE TUMORS, however large, Fistula and other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife.

STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting.

For pamphlet, references and all particulars, send 10 cents (in stamps) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN DULUTH.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged.

BUTTER.	
Creameries, separators, extra	16½@17½
Dairies, fancy, special make	13@14
Dairies, choice	12 @13
Dairies, good fair and sweet	9
Packing stock	5@ 7
CHEESE.	
Wisconsin and Minnesota, new	9 @10
Full cream, Young America	10 @11
Full cream, second grade	8 @ 9
Swiss cheese, No. 1	11 @12
Limburger, full cream, choice	9½@
Brick No. 1	10 @11
Brick No. 2	7 @ 8
Primost	5 @ 6
EGGS.	
Candled stock, strictly fresh	12 @12½
BEANS AND PEAS.	
Fancy navy, per bu	$2 25@2 35
Medium, hand picked, per bu	2 15@
Dirty lots, per bu	1 20@ 1 25
Brown beans, fancy	2 00@ 2 20
Green peas, per bu	1 15@ 1 25
Yellow peas, per bu	1 10@ 1 20
POTATOES.	
Potatoes, Minnesota	60 @
Potatoes, new	75 @80
VEGETABLES.	
Cabbages, home grown, per 100 lbs	75@2 00
Onions, per bbl	3 00@
Onions, yellow Danvers, per bu	1 15@1 25
Parsley	25@ 30
Squashes, per doz	1 50@ 1 75
NEW VEGETABLES, ETC.	
Rutabagas, per bbls	50@ 55
Lettuce, per basket	25@
Cucumbers, home grown	5@
Radishes, per doz	10@
Mint	35@ 40
Tomatoes, per crate	$1 00@
Beets, per bus	60@
Asparagus, per doz bunches	25@ 30
Rhubarb, per lb	1@
Green onions, per doz	15@
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 50@2 00
Carrots, per doz	15@ 25
FRUITS.	
Watermelons	16@ 18
Strawberries, per case, 16 quarts	2 50@
Bananas, bunches	1 25 @ 2 25
Navel oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
California seedlings	2 50 @ 2 75
Mediterranean sweets	3 00 @
Lemons per box	5 50 @ 6 50
New apples, per bbl	3 00 @
Pineapples	1 00 @ 2 00
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	6½@ 7½
Veal, choice	5½@ 6
Veal, heavy, thin coarse	4 @ 5
Mutton, fancy dressed	6 @ 6½
Spring lamb, pelts off	8 @ 9
LIVE POULTRY.	
Spring chickens, 1½ to 2 lb. average	14 @16
Straight hens	9 @10
Roosters	6 @
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lbs. sacks included	$13 00@13 50
Shorts, 200 lbs. sacks included	13 50@14 25
Middlings, 100 lbs. sacks included	16 00@17 50
Red dog	15 00@15 50
Ground feed, No. 1	18 50@19 50
Ground feed, No. 2	17 50@18 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South Minn.	9 00 @10 00
Northern Minn.	8 50 @ 9 50
Medium	6 00 @ 7 00
Poor	5 00 @ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice Timothy	11 00 @12 00

New hay 50@75c per ton lighter than above quotations.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 13.—Butter, steady; creameries, 10@16½c; dairies, 10@14c. Eggs, steady, 11@11½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 13.—Butter, steady. Western, 9@13c; Western creamery, 12@17c; Elgins, 17c. Eggs, quiet. Western, 12½@13½c.

CLARA BERGH'S DEATH.

Due to Abortion---Guilty Perpetrators Arrested.

St. Paul, July 13.—The coroner's jury investigating the death of Clara Bergh, the Wisconsin girl, whose death at a local hotel under suspicious circumstances has aroused so much interest, today returned a verdict holding that her death was due to a criminal operation performed by Dr. John F. Johnson, of Martel, Wis., the girl's consulting physician for the past two years, and holds Charles R. Lowe, the jeweler and loan agent, as an accomplice.

The jury remained out an hour after taking the case, and those who had been in attendance on the inquest fully expected the verdict. As the jury left the court room Detectives Kenealy and Horan immediately proceeded to the office of the county attorney, where Lowe was waiting to hear the verdict, and placed their man under arrest.

Lowe was somewhat taken by surprise and protested against the arrest, but finally agreed to go along. It was not necessary to look up the doctor as he was already in the jail, having been remanded back at the conclusion of his testimony yesterday. Almost all the other witnesses in the case had gone home. Lowe alone had remained to hear the result.

The jury in its formal verdict states that according to the evidence they find the cause of death due to a criminal operation performed upon the girl on or about June 17 by Dr. J. F. Johnson, of Martel, Wis., as principal, and C. R. Lowe, of St. Paul, as accessory, with the intent on the part of Dr. Johnson of performing an abortion upon the person of Clara Bergh.

AN ARCHBISHOP'S WINDFALL.

Mexico City, Mex., July 13.—Archbishop Guillion, of Oaxaca, has inherited from an English relative the sum of $13,000,000 in gold which at the present rate of exchange would be equivalent to nearly $25,000,000 in Mexican money. Archbishop Guillion was already very wealthy and there is on foot a movement to bestow upon him the miter by the church authorities at Rome.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY TAXES.

St. Paul, July 13.—Auditor Balden and Treasurer Whipple, of St. Louis county, called at the capital today and arranged some business matters in connection with their offices with State Auditor Dunn. The business related chiefly to the settlement of delinquent taxes, of which about $50,000 have been paid in their county this year and the proportion the state is entitled to.

Telephone 257 and the Troy laundry will call for your washing.

WEAKER

The Wheat Market Was Weaker This Morning and Prices Declined.

Cables Were Disappointing and News From Crop Districts Was Bearish.

Heat in Russia and Wet Weather in France Injuring Crops.

Wheat started lower today, affected by the favorable weather, the disappointing cables which were up but slightly and the reported shipment of gold to London. The crop reports were conflicting, many of them claiming that spring wheat was in excellent condition. A private cablegram said great heat was prevailing in Russia and wet weather in France was injuring the crop of the latter country. Receipts at Chicago were 51 cars. Minneapolis and Duluth got 21 cars against 149 a year ago. Export clearances for twenty-four hours were 158,000 bus, including flour. September opened 5c down at 66¼c, advanced ⅝c but lost it and then ruled steady around 66¼@⅝c until the last half hour when it became weaker and declined to 65¾c. The close was 1⅝c lower than yesterday for cash and 1⅜c lower for futures, as follows:

No. 1 hard, cash, 68¾c; July, 68¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67⅜c; July, 67⅜c; September, 65¼c; December, 67¼c. No. 2 northern, cash, 66⅝c. No. 3, 59¾@⅝c. Rejected, 57¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 68¼c; No. 1 northern, 67⅜c. Rye, 49c. No. 2 oats, 26½c; No. 3 oats, 26c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 45; oats, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 28,429 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 117,000 bus. Wheat stocks here will show a decrease of about 350,000 bus this week.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, July 13.—Hogs, receipts, 4000; left over, 6000. Market fairly active at yesterday's prices. Light, $4.85@5.20; mixed, $4.75@5.25; heavy, $4.90@5.25; rough, $4.60@4.85. Cattle, receipts, 300. Market strong at yesterday's prices. Sheep, receipts, 3000. Market steady. Official receipts yesterday: Hogs, 7296; shipments, 5678. Cattle, 4532; shipments, 2180. Sheep, 7562; shipments, 714. Estimated receipts hogs Monday, 21,000.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 13.—Money on call nominally 1½@1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange dull but firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.89¾@4.90 for demand and $4.86¼ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.89½@4.90 and $4.90½@4.91. Commercial bills $4.85¾. Bar silver 65¾.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 13.—Wheat, July, 70¾c; August, 71¾c; September, 71¾c; December, 75¾c. Corn, September, 51¾c bid. Oats, September, 27¼c bid.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, July 13.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

Reserve, increase	$1,331,600
Loans, decrease	2,512,700
Specie, decrease	231,600
Legal tender, increase	387,400
Deposits, decrease	1,903,200
Circulation, increase	44,300

The banks now hold $33,405,300 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, July 13.—Wheat, July, 65c; August, 65¾c; September, 64½c; December, 63c. Corn, August, 45½c; September, 46¾c; November, 42c; December, 38⅝c; May, 39⅝c. Oats, July, 23¾c; September, 22¼@⅜c; May, 26¾c; August, 22¾c. Pork, July, $11.00; September, $11.25. Lard, July, $6.30; September, $6.40. Ribs, July, $6.10; October, $6.20. Cash: Wheat, 65c; corn, 45½c; oats, 23¾c; pork, $11.00; lard, $6.30; ribs, $6.10. Whisk on the basis of $1.25 for high wines. Rye, cash, 49¾c; September, 51¼c; November, 52c. Barley, September, 50c. Flax, cash, $1.35; August, $1.25; October, $1.21. Timothy, cash, $5.60; September, $5.45.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Holders of wheat have been realizing, the rally of 6c being too great an inducement and two prominent local bears have also sold freely, causing a reaction of 1¾c from yesterday's close. This leaves the market in shape to be easily affected by very bullish news that may develop between now and Monday. The trade is still very skeptical with regard to Northwestern damage. It was just the same way with regard to winter wheat two months ago and the talent is now fighting every upward tendency as it did them. It looks as if the result would be the same now as in the former instance. On present conditions wheat is as cheap at 70c as it was in April at 55c. Reports from Northwest are worse today than ever, but it will probably take some days to convince the trade that they are not fakes. Primary receipts of wheat this week 1,066,000 bus against 965,000 bus last week. Shipments 1,168,000 bus against 1,350,000 bus. The visible ought to decrease from 31,000,000 to 1,500,000 bus.

There is talk of a big deal in September corn and the shorts have grown somewhat nervous over it. Prices have been very strong all day considering the weakness in wheat. It would be comparatively easy to corner September corn. Oats dull and featureless.

Provisions continue to drop. Some of the selling today has been attributed to Armour and Cudahy.

The stock market was strong early but weakened at the close. There are rumors of gold shipments and it is probable that some will be taken next week.

Puts, September wheat, 65c.
Calls, September wheat, 68¼c.
Curb, September wheat, 66⅝c.
Puts, September corn, 45¼c.
Calls, September corn, 48c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	20¾	20¾	20¼	20¼
Atchison	10½	10⅝	9¾	9⅞
Sugar Trust	107½	107⅞	106⅜	107
Canada Southern				
C., B & Q	86	86	85¼	85⅜
St. Paul	85⅝	85⅝	85⅛	85⅜
Chicago	56⅜	56⅜	55¾	56⅛
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	36	36½	35⅝	35⅝
Erie				
Reading	18¾	18¾	18	18⅜
Louis. & Nash	59	59⅜	59	59⅛
Manhattan				
Missouri Pacific	32½	32½	32¼	32¼
New England	49	49	48¾	49
Chicago & Nor'w'n	95¾	95¾	98¾	98¾
No'r'n Pacific pr'd				
Rock Island	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Union Pacific				
Western Union	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼
C., C., C. & Indiana				
Lake Shore	147½	147½	147¼	147½

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, July 13.—Wheat, spot firm, demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 5s 2d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 7½d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 7d; No. 1 California, 5s 7½d. Futures closed firm with near and distant positions ¼d higher; business about equally distributed. July, 5s 1¼d; August, 5s 2½d; September, 5s 3d; October, 5s 3½d; November, 5s 4½d; December, 5s 4¾d. Corn, spot firm. American mixed new, 3s 4¾d. Futures closed firm with near positions ½@¾d higher and distant positions ¼d lower to ¾d higher; business heaviest on early positions; July, 4s 3¼d; August, 4s 2¾d; September, 4s 1¼d; October, 4s 3½d; November, 4s 3¾d; December, 4s 3d. Flour dull, demand poor. St. Louis fancy winter, 7s 6d.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, July 13.—Wheat was weaker today and rather dull. No new developments as to crop damage. July, 65⅝c; September, 63¾c; December, 65¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66¾c; No. 1 northern, 66c; No. 2 northern, 65c. Receipts, 41 cars.

J. C. TURNER & CO.

Northwestern Mining and Milling Exchange.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND STOCK BROKERS.

Hotel St. Louis, 324 W Sup St, Duluth

LEWIS' FORGERIES.

Were for Collaterals, as Far as Known.

Dayton, Ohio, July 13.—More spurious bonds are daily turning up as the creditors of Z. T. Lewis are heard from, but they are all in the same line. Forged bonds were used as collateral only and those Lewis sold were genuine so far as known. It is now believed that fully $300,000 of forged bonds were hypothecated.

Minnie Fletcher, who was Lewis' stenographer, says Lewis represented himself to her as unmarried, and there are sensational reports regarding them. She says she copied many bonds for Lewis, but denies that she forged any names. The names were attached after she prepared copies for the lithographers. Miss Fletcher came here from New York two years ago and is a talented woman. Lewis has his brokerage office there. He had offices also in Urbana and interests in Greenville, Ansonia and other places.

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Prospects for Heavy Season's Business Are Bright.

New York, July 13.—James McNaught of the Northern Pacific railroad, who has just returned from a trip through the Northwest, finds that the mineral and agricultural productions of this year promise to exceed in value those of any recent year. The earnings of the Northern Pacific road for the last fiscal year, he says, were 20 per cent better than they were for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, will be 20 per cent better than the last year.

Mr. McNaught expressed some annoyance at the publication, alleged to have been made on his authority, that the second, third and consolidated mortgage bonds of the Northern Pacific are illegally issued and consequently invalid. "I have," said he, "never entertained or expressed any such an opinion. I have no doubt whatever that all of the Northern Pacific outstanding mortgage bonds were legally issued, and are valid liens upon the company's property.

FIGHT IS ILLEGAL.

Texas Attorney General Gives That as His Opinion.

Austin, Tex., July 13.—Attorney General Crane, in an opinion which will be sent to County Attorney Gillespie tonight or Monday, will hold the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight illegal, and that the law must be enforced until declared void or inoperative by the supreme court.

INDICTED TWO ALDERMEN.

Chicago, July 13.—The special grand jury, which has been investigating the city council scandal, was discharged today, after returning but two indictments. Aldermen Kinkler and Martin being indicted for attempting to secure bribes to prevent the passage of a purchase ice ordinance. The jury recommended that the law be changed to admit of imprisonment for soliciting bribes, as the present statute provides for imprisonment only in cases involving the acceptance of bribes.

INTERESTING TO MILLERS.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 13.—By an important decision made in the United States circuit court of appeals, affecting the interests of every flour miller in the United States, the firm of J. B. A. Kearn & Sons, of Milwaukee, win a long contested case and Judge Seaman, of the United States circuit court of Wisconsin, is fully sustained. This was in the case of J. H. Russell, vs. Kearn & Sons, regarding the right to sell a certain purifier. There are a number of other suits pending upon the same question, all of which will naturally fall through by reason of this decision.

NAVAL DEVELOPMENTS.

A British naval officer of high standing sends to the London Times a summary of certain important facts in connection with the recent naval engagements in the East Here are some of the most interesting: Contrary to prophecy, large guns were not disabled through being dented or perforated by small projectiles propelled at high velocity. The unarmored ends of the two Chinese battleships remained intact Yalu, and the vessels came out of action in a seaworthy condition, as far as the structure of the hulls were concerned. Torpedoes were ineffective in open-sea action. Well-handled torpedo boats, although losing some of their numbers, were effective against a fleet debarred from maneuvring. Japanese torpedo boats were fired on and driven from their objective by friendly warships, during an early and abortive attempt to enter the harbor of Wei-Hai-Wei. A flotilla of fourteen torpedo boats in the open sea was annihilated, with a solitary exception, by a small number of moderate-speed cruisers. The burst of one well-placed 12-inch shell disabled the shielded big gun of a protected cruiser, and drove her out of action. The engines of the surviving ships of either fleet were intact, although fire was concentrated on the center of the vessels. Fighting-tops were useless at the average range of the action as fought. Rudders were not damaged, although in a few instances the connections between the rudder and the bridge were impaired. Woodwork, either in the form of boats, bulkheads or decks, was disastrous from the entailed conflagration and splinters. Extreme speed is not a constant requisite in fleet action, but the power of moving rapidly for a special maneuver is of supreme value.

IT REMAINED.

Detroit Tribune: Her head had dropped upon his shoulder.

"If only," he whispered, "thy check could remain there forever."

Little thought he what was to be. Little thought he until he got home and tried to remove her cheek from his dress coat with ammonia and alcohol.

THE KIND THAT PAYS,

HERALD WANT ADS.

ONE CENT A WORD!

It Costs Nothing To advertise For a position In The Evening Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALE

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER would like work sewing for families by the day. 18 East Second street.

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG lady in a small family to do general housework. Call No. 1907 West First street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AND WIFE would like to obtain room and board with private family. Can furnish references if wanted. Address M 96, Evening Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, STRONG, wants to get work. Is very willing. Address G 9, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION, MALE, BY A first-class chef (white) stranger in city. Fifteen years experience, Al references. Hotel or restaurant, city, country or steamship. Pierce Loti, 29 Second avenue west.

WOULD LIKE TO WORK WITH PRIVATE family doing chores, or would like to work in store. Address or call at 2021 West Railroad street.

TO EMPLOYERS—IF YOU ARE IN need of honest, reliable young men they can always be found with first-class references by applying to the general secretary, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 330 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

CAPABLE ENERGETIC MAN WORTH from $5000 to $10,000 in cash or good real estate can procure interests in a well established manufactory and be put in charge of its local branch interests on good salary and share of profits. References. Address X 2, Herald.

MAN WITH $1200 CASH, STEADY HABITS and willing to devote eight hours a day to office work can get a good steady position at $100 per month and percentage of business. Address X 2, Herald.

SALESMEN—We will send samples and pay good salary and expenses, or big commission, to proper applicant; goods sold readily; experience not necessary. Address P. O. Box 1254, N. Y. City. 3

COLLECTORS and solicitors, two good references and small bond required. Apply room 402 Chamber of Commerce building.

WANTED—Men and women to take advantage of an exceptional opportunity to make money, and a chance to build up a good business. Address A. D., Rand, McNally & Co., 168 Adams street, Chicago.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 1914 East First street. Also young girl to take care of children.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply No. 28 Twenty-first avenue east.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Must be competent and well recommended. Apply 1422 East Second street.

WANTED, girl for general housework in small family; Irish or German preferred. Address D 4, Herald office.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENT TO GO OUT OF CITY at once. Call at room 6, Wieland block.

$40 PER MONTH, energetic ladies and gentlemen wanted to canvass, above salary guaranteed. Apply or address 510 Lowell block.

FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE IRON LANDS ON MESABA and Vermilion ranges may be secured by addressing E. J. Gilbert, 212 Nineteenth avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—A mortgage made by Henry Jangala and Matt Renna, with a power of sale to Daniel W. Scott, which mortgage bears date the twenty-second day of November, 1892, and duly recorded on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m. of said day, in the register of deeds' office in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, in Book 92 of mortgages on page 188, which mortgage has been duly assigned to J. N. Bureau, by deed of assignment as shown by Book 123 of assignments on page 96 in the office of the said register of deeds, upon which there is due two hundred and one and 2-100 ($201.02) dollars, plus twenty-five ($25) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage, will be foreclosed by public sale of the mortgaged premises, situate in said county and state, to-wit: Lot numbered three (3), in block numbered thirty-nine (39), in the town of Biwabik, according to the recorded plat thereof, which sale will be made at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state by the sheriff of said county on August 26th, 1895, at ten o'clock a. m. of said day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

J. N. BUREAU, Assignee of Mortgage.

DAVIES & BUREAU, Assignee's Attorneys, 214 Chamber of Commerce Building, Duluth, Minn. July-13-20-27-Aug-3-10-17

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

Marquette ROUTE

Direct Line EAST.

D., S.S. & A. Ry.

Eastbound.		Westbound.
5:15 pm	Lv.... ..Duluth.. ....Ar	10:35 am
4:42 am	Ar.... ..Marquette.. ...Lv	10:30 pm
6:30 pm	Ar.. .Mackinaw City ..Lv	7:30 am
.....	Ar.. .Grand Rapids ..Lv	.....
10:15 am	Ar. Sault Ste. Marie .Lv	5:00 pm
.....	Ar.. ....Toronto.... ..Lv	.....
8:10 am	Ar.... ..Montreal.. ...Lv	9:10 pm
8:35 pm	Ar.... ..Boston.... ...Lv	9:00 am
8:50 pm	Ar.. ..New York.. ...Lv	8:30 am

Wagner buffet sleeping cars between Duluth and Sault Ste. Marie.

General steamship agency for all first-class lines to and from Europe.

Tickets via Soo Pacific line to Western points, Pacific coast and California.

T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent.

426 Spalding House block.

FRATERNITIES

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting July 15, 1895. Work, Third degree. W. E. Covey, W. M. Edwin Moores, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month. Next meeting July 8, 1895, at 8 p. m. Work, First degree. A. R. McDonald, Act. W. M. H. C. Hanford, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1895. W. B. Patton, H. P. George E. Long secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T. Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1895. W. E. Richardson, E. C. Alfred LeRicheux, recorder

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

UNION EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Ladies wanting help and good girls wanting places please call at 112 West Superior street. Mrs. Fogleson.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Scibold's, 225 East Superior street.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, REAR OF lot 616½ West Third street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms suitable for housekeeping. Apply at 602 West First street.

FURNISHED rooms, nice location, $5 and $6 per month. 512 West Third street.

FIRST-CLASS board and rooms at the Clifton. Lowest rates to steady boarders.

NICELY furnished rooms. Lowell block.

TO RENT—Newly furnished rooms at 206 West Superior street, Graff block. For gentlemen only. Apply room 4.

FURNISHED rooms. 617 East Third street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, MODERN conveniences; fine view. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—FLOOR ROOM IN O'BRIEN & Knowlton block, for storage or manufacturing purposes, hall 50 by 90. Fred Knowlton.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—On Aug. 1, well-located 8-room house, steam heated, all conveniences. Also houses in all parts of the city. W. M. Prindle & Co., 216 West Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS houses and flats to rent in all parts of the city. E. P. and J. B. Paine, room 4, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—House in rear of 1020 East Fourth street, $5 per month, water included. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—House No. 118 East Third street for rent. J. C. Hessian, 604 Palladio.

FOR RENT—An 8-room modern house, all conveniences, nicest location in the city, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to William E. Lucas, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—House, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

FOR RENT—We have houses in desirable locations to rent. Duluth Trust company. Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

THREE ROOM FLAT, $5.50. INQUIRE at 211 West Fifth street.

TO RENT—8-room flat. Ingalls' flats, 216 East Fourth street.

PLEASANT 5-room flat. Inquire 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—Flat, Ashtabula terrace. Fred A. Lewis, city hall.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—To buy or rent A good driving horse. Address S 17, Herald.

WANTED—To rent house, seven or eight rooms between Sixth avenue west and Third avenue east. Jamison Bros., rental agency, Torrey building.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand), are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by Return Mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

A. M.	STATIONS	P. M.
11 50	Ar..Duluth..Lv	3 35
10 55	Two Harbors	4 35
9 15	Allen Junction	6 00
8 30	Biwabik	6 35
8 15	McKinley	6 50
8 00	Virginia	7 15
7 30	Lv..Eveleth..Ar	7 45
8 20	Tower	7 00
7 30	Lv....Ely....Ar	7 50

Daily except Sunday.

A. H. VIELE, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO. Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver. TIME CARD.

A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.
10 30	Ar .....Duluth..... Lv	3 05
9 45	Ar..... Cloquet.....Lv	4 07
8 44	Ar .Stony Brook Junction.Lv	4 53
7 53	Ar .....Floodwood Lv	5 30
7 10	Ar .....Swan River Lv	6 25
6 37	Ar .....LaPrairie..... Lv	7 10
6 20	Ar..... Grand Rapids.... Lv	7 20
5 30	Lv..... Deer River .....Ar	8 20

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR, General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

D., M. & N. RAILROAD TIME TABLE. Daily, except Sunday; in effect, Feb. 4, 1895. Train No. 1 northbound—

Lv Duluth (Union depot)	7:45 am
Ar Virginia	10:45 am
Ar Biwabik	11:05 am
Ar Mountain Iron	11:00 am
Ar Hibbing	2:45 pm
Train No. 2, southbound—	
Lv Virginia	12:40 pm
Lv Mountain Iron	12:25 pm
Lv Biwabik	12:10 pm
Lv Hibbing	8:35 am
Ar Duluth (Union depot)	3:30 pm

G. C. GILFILLAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

D. M. PHILBIN, Gen'l Manager.

We move everything and anything and almost everybody.



Trunks to any part of the city 25 cents.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY

Telephone 492, Office 210 W. Superior St.

ONE CENT A WORD!

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, DIAMONDS, horses. Notes, time checks bought. 715 Torrey building.

MONEY ON HAND FOR MORTGAGES of any size, also houses and stores for sale. William E. Lucas, 1 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. Low rates. 430 Chamber of Commerce.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, watches, jewelry, etc. Standard Loan office, 324 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

Have your Gasoline Stoves Repaired by an expert before the rush comes. Linings for different ranges on hand. AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 118 East Superior Street.

BOARDERS WANT

EVENING HERALD

PUBLISHED BY THE DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms, The Herald Building, 220 West Superior street.
Telephone: Business office, 324, two rings; Editorial rooms, 324, three rings.

Subscription Rates:

Daily, per year..... $7 00
Daily, per three months..... 1 80
Daily, per month..... 60
Weekly, per year..... 1 00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION.

17,148

HIGH-WATER MARK.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., July 13.—Except light showers in Tennessee, Arkansas, Colorado and Nebraska, the weather has continued fair in all districts, with a slight fall in temperature in the lake region and a slight rise in the Missouri, Mississippi and Ohio valleys.

The barometer has risen three-tenths of an inch in the upper lake region; it has fallen slightly in the Upper Missouri valley, over which section an area of low pressure is advancing slowly eastward.

Stage of water in Sault canal at 8 a. m. today, not reported.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 54; maximum yesterday, 64; minimum yesterday, 58.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity till 7 p. m. tomorrow: Fair; slightly warmer today; warmer tonight and Sunday; light northeast winds, becoming southwest.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 13.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Fair and warmer tonight and Sunday; winds generally southerly. Minnesota: Fair and warmer tonight and Sunday; southerly winds.

On the upper lakes: Fair weather with light to fresh winds mostly southerly will prevail for the next thirty-six hours.

There is a disturbance developing north of Montana, but it has not as yet been accompanied by any precipitation. Showers have continued in Colorado and have prevailed generally throughout the Southern states.

INDEPENDENT BIMETALLISM POSSIBLE.

The St. Cloud Journal Press recently asked The Herald to answer the question whether the United States alone could maintain the free coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The Herald answered the question but it was not satisfactory to the Journal Press and it therefore opened up a cannonade with its heaviest artillery. We wish to make our acknowledgements to the able editor of the Journal Press for the excellent spirit manifested, and to say that if a great economic question like this can be discussed in such a manner it is of advantage to both sides. It shows a marked contrast to the editorials of the metropolitan gold standard papers both in temper and ability. It is the ablest argument on the point under discussion that has come to our notice. And yet The Herald does not despair of making a complete and satisfactory reply.

Notwithstanding Mr. Eastman's fairness, much of his argument is wasted because of his utter misconception of the position of the bimetallist. He says: "To argue that legislation can make fifty cents worth of silver worth a dollar, is to say that legislation can make a paper dollar worth its face value." He says he is "surprised at The Herald for resorting to this old exploded Greenbackism fallacy. And yet the whole claim of the free silver men rests on this—principle—the ability of the government to create value by legislation." There are thousands of honest men who confound the remonetization of silver with Populism and Greenbackism and without making any study of the question, cast it aside as fallacious. Whereas, as a matter of fact, the ablest economists, with hardly an exception, both in this country and in Europe, are bimetallists. Neither those who advocate international bimetallism nor those who believe this country is strong enough to maintain bimetallism alone, if other nations refuse to join us, base their arguments on fiatism. They believe that the law of supply and demand regulates the value of money as it does of all other commodities—for money is a commodity. They also believe as the framers of the constitution and every American statesman from George Washington to Gen. Grant believed, that it was not only the power but the duty of congress to "coin money and regulate the value thereof." How was this to be done? In only one way, viz: By the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver.

No American statesman ever dreamed that congress could demonetize either metal until it was actually done in 1873 under the manipulation of John Sherman, at the instigation of Lombard and Wall streets. Even as late as 1878, James G. Blaine, the prince of American statesmen, maintained that the act of 1873 was unconstitutional because congress had no power given it by the constitution to demonetize either gold or silver, and cited Daniel Webster in support of his position. But the way congress was to "regulate the value" of the two metals was to fix the amount of pure and also of standard metal to be put into the various denominations of money, to fix the ratio between gold and silver and the demand, which is always greater for money than the supply, would keep the metals at substantial parity. The history of this country proves that they were kept at substantial parity as long as both were standard money—real money. When silver was debased by law to token money, and gold alone made the measure of all values and the only real money, silver went down as compared with gold and gold went up as compared with all other commodities. Why? Because about one-half of the standard money of the country (the money that measured values and redeemed credit money) was wiped out and the inexorable law of supply and demand caused gold to go up and silver and all other commodities to go down. It was because the act of 1873 cut off the demand for silver that it depreciated, and there is no other reason for it.

Herbert C. Gibbs, an eminent English author and financier, correctly states the position of the bimetallists. He says: "Demand and supply affect the value of money precisely as they affect other commodities. When, therefore, a government chooses a commodity to serve as money, the demand for it is greatly increased, and consequently the value is increased. Conversely, if a government rejects as money the commodity that it formerly chose, the supply of that commodity is increased and consequently its value is diminished." He further says that: "The only circumstance that differentiates them (gold and silver) from other commodities is the fact that their value is almost entirely given them by law; for it is law that causes the great demand for them. * * * By a stroke of the pen the great commercial nations could throw £80,000,000 of gold on the market and exercise a corresponding demand for silver; just as by a stroke of the pen Germany, the Latin Union, the United States and India did cancel their demand for silver and increase their demand for gold." Can any fair-minded intelligent man deny these propositions? Does the able editor of the Journal Press claim that the demand made by law for gold and silver as standard money has no effect on the bullion price of the two metals? So the Journal Press is entirely mistaken, bimetallists do not rely on fiatism but on the law of supply and demand.

But the great argument of the Journal Press is that this country alone could not maintain the free coinage of both metals, because, it says: "There is not a country on earth today, having a double standard, which maintains the parity of the two metals 16 to 1." Stated in that way the Journal Press is correct, for no nation on earth having a double standard undertakes to maintain the parity of the two metals at a ratio of 16 to 1. The United States is the only nation that has such a ratio, and we have the single gold standard. But if the Journal Press means that no nation maintains the parity of the two metals at a fixed ratio, it is all wrong. The Herald stated that the United States maintained the substantial parity of the two metals from 1792 to 1873, but the Journal Press claims that the two coins did not circulate freely together because up to 1834 we over-valued gold and from 1834 to 1873 we over-valued silver. It then goes on and the two metals at a ratio of 15½ to 1, gives a correct explanation of it, viz., because from 1803 to 1873 France coined while the United States first coined both metals at 15 to 1 and then at 16 to 1. Had the ratio in this country corresponded to the French ratio there would have been parity between gold and silver and a perfect uniformity in the values of the metals in both countries; and not only in both countries, but throughout the world. As it was, there was never a difference of more than 3 per cent, and The Herald would ask the Journal Press if a maximum difference of 3 per cent in the bullion value of gold and silver is not infinitely better than a difference of 50 per cent? Please answer that question.

But the great contention of the gold standard people is (and it is really the strongest argument they make) that when gold was over-valued silver was driven out of circulation, and consequently we were on a silver basis, and vice versa. During almost the whole of the period from 1803 to 1873 France and the United States were the only bimetallic nations. England had a gold standard, Germany a silver standard and Russia paper money, while the Latin Union did not adopt bimetallism until 1865.

So that during that time, if first gold and then silver was drawn from this country to France because their ratio put first one and then the other metal at a premium, there was no great harm done, for what we lost in one metal we made up in the other and so the equilibrium was maintained. If by difference in the ratio, silver was worth more in France (and it was worth slightly more there than in this country from 1834 to 1873) gold was worth more in this country than it was in France and thus France got a preponderance of silver and the United States of gold. But it is wrong to suppose that in consequence of such difference in ratio all of our silver went to France and all of their gold came here. That was not the fact. Nor is it true that this country was on a silver basis from 1792 to 1834 and on a gold basis from 1834 to 1873. Both France and the United States had bimetallism during all that time and no one ever denied it until the latter day saints of the Reform club (the old Cobden club of New York) commenced claiming it as the only sort of argument that can be made against the remonetization of silver. It is done to scare timid creatures who are not posted, and we admit that it works like a charm on hundreds of thousands of honest but deluded people.

They say, and the Journal Press maintains as we understand it, that no nation ever maintained the parity of the two metals; ergo, this country can never do it. These free-trade-single-gold-standard patriots who are running the literary bureau of the Reform club and sending plate matter and supplements gratis to the Republican journals of Minnesota, claim that France never maintained the parity of gold and silver when its mints were open to the free coinage of both metals, and they talk about "exact parity." No one claims that both metals have been kept at "exact parity," for to be "exact" let it be said that prior to the bank act of 1844, even in single gold standard England, gold bullion sold as high as 2-3 per cent over gold coin, so to talk of "exact parity" is mere hair-splitting. But that France maintained the substantial parity of both metals there can be no question whatever. Henry Hucks Gibbs, who has been a director of the Bank of England since 1852, and was governor of it part of that time, has made a most thorough study of this claim of the gold standard people and he shows that the money price for gold and silver at the French mint was as exactly fixed for both metals, and continued so from 1803 to 1873, as the price of £3 17s 6d is for the ounce of gold at the Bank of England, and that owners of silver in London sending it to the French mint knew exactly what amount of English money they would get for it at a given rate of exchange on Paris. He says: "Further, in the ordinary financial banking and commercial business of France, apart from the trade in bullion, coined money of gold or silver was never either at a premium or discount, and this statement is not made without complete inquiry into the facts."

J. Barr Robertson, one of the ablest writers on the currency question, says that there was not a single year from 1803 to 1873 when both gold and silver were not coined at the French mint at the ratio of 15½ to 1 except 1872 and 1873 when gold was not coined. He says: "The gold and silver coined in France from 1803 to 1875, amounting to the enormous sum of £322,993,410 of the former and £217,640,234 of the latter, was tendered at the French mint without premium and without discount for either metal, and it is certainly a complete vindication of the effectiveness of bimetallism that the French mint should have received and coined in seventy-three years £540,633,644 of gold and silver at the value of 15½ to 1 for equal weights."

Why even Dr. Robert Giffen, the ablest of all the gold monometallists, says: "I must lay stress on the admission already made as to the effectiveness of the ratio (in France from 1803 to 1875) for a considerable portion of the period. From 1850 to 1872, it may be admitted, the ratio had a great effect in maintaining the relative value of silver and gold." These authorities ought to settle the question and we believe that Mr. Eastman is fair and can did enough to admit that they outweigh the mere dictum of the scribes and pharisees of the Reform club.

Only one more point. It is maintained that the great and really only conclusive reason this country cannot safely open its mints to the free coinage of both metals is because it would drive gold out of the country and thus contract the money circulation and leave us on a silver basis. Well, in the first place it may be said that no great nation ever had such difficulty in keeping gold as this country has had since adopting the single gold standard. Why, the government paid the Rothschilds-Belmont-Morgan syndicate from 13 to 16 per cent to supply gold for its depleted reserve and that is a premium five times greater than the minimum difference between gold and silver prior to 1873. That contract only holds good till October, and God only knows what the gold syndicate will do with this country when the time is up. We all fervently pray that they will not "work" the government for another $8,000,000 or $10,000,000 and put up the price of gold and put down the price of commodities just when our suffering farmers are marketing their grain. The only way we keep gold in the country is by paying enormously for it.

In the second place there is nothing to justify any one in saying that gold would leave the country to a greater extent then than now. If France allowed the free coinage of both gold and silver it would enjoy complete bimetallism. Gold and silver are both standard money there and so the argument applies as forcibly as it could to any double standard country. If this law these people tell us of would drive gold out of this country in case we remonetize silver, it would do the same in France, for a law of finance and trade is as inexorable as the law of gravitation. How is it with France? Why, France has more silver and more gold than any nation in the world. Their ratio is 15½ to 1 and instead of being in a semi-panic much of the time lest gold should slip away and go to England where they have a single gold standard, France is the most serene and prosperous nation in Europe and has almost double as much gold as England. If France can have the double standard at 15½ to 1 and keep both metals in abundance, what sort of logic is it to argue that the United States, which is a far richer and more resourceful country, cannot maintain bimetallism at a ratio of 16 to 1? Besides if the United States would open its mints to the free coinage of both metals France would soon do the same. And then where would the commerce of England and Germany with the silver using nations be? The London Financial News says it would be ruined before the end of the year.

Prior to 1873 no statesman, financier or economist ever dreamed that it was necessary for nations to have a common standard. Some had the gold standard, some the silver and others had both. This claim that the United States cannot have its own monetary system and coinage laws is not only wholly unwarranted by the facts and by all history, but it is un-American; yes it is worse, it is pusillanimous. What would Washington and Jefferson, Hamilton and Franklin have said if they had met such arguments when the country adopted an independent monetary system of its own? To their everlasting credit be it said that of all the great men of those times not a single one ever even suggested that our coinage laws should conform to those of England or any other country. Were they not statesmen? Has the world ever produced greater? And yet in their weakness they adopted bimetallism while in our over mastering strength we dare not. The stuff we read in the gold standard papers ought to make the cheeks of every loyal American mantle with the badge of shame. We say to the Journal Press and every other gold standard paper that there is no more reason why this country should make its coinage laws conform to those of Great Britain than there is of making our tariff laws to please rival nations. And it is a most significant fact that the same combination of evil spirits which lured the people of this country on to the election of a British free trade president in 1892 is now using the columns of even Republican papers to "educate" our people to a cowardly belief that this country cannot coin both gold and silver unless the great powers of Europe graciously consent. This country is willing and desires to agree with them, but if for selfish reasons they will not this country can and ought to go it alone.

THE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT.

The business situation continues to improve. There is no cessation in the influences which tend toward renewed prosperity. In all lines of business the movement is forward and not backward. Even at this time of usual midsummer dullness the activity shows no diminution. On the contrary, there is a steady growth of business and the conditions maintain an encouraging aspect.

The weekly review of Dun's commercial agency says: A business flood so strong and rapid that the conservative fear it may do harm is out of season in July. But the seasons this year lap over and crowd each other. May frosts and frights, it is now evident, kept back much business that would not naturally have been finished before midsummer, and the delayed accumulation of one season gets in the way of efforts to begin another on time. But the volume of business, however, it may be assured, is remarkably large for the month, even in a good year.

BIMETALLISM IN ENGLAND.

On another page of The Herald today will be found the plea of the bimetallists of England, addressed to the British government, in behalf of a bimetallic standard. The lengthy array of signatures of men distinguished in the financial, political and commercial affairs of Great Britain is a striking indication of the great strength of the bimetallic movement in that country, and furnishes a complete reply to the false assertions made by many of the gold standard men in the United States that bimetallism has but a weak following abroad.

The memorial of the English bimetallists also contains some statements to which The Herald would direct the special attention of those people who have not thoroughly studied this question and who have accepted as true the assertions made by the St. Paul Pioneer Press and other advocates of gold monometallism which pose as high authorities upon economic subjects. The English bimetallists portray in a telling manner the evils which attended the single gold standard in practice, showing that the demonetization of silver has cost England more than it has profited her. There is no question that the English bimetallists are thoroughly in earnest, and that their views find strong endorsement by the masses of the English people.

In this connection the remarks of Elijah Helm, a notable English student and author upon political economy and monetary principles, in advocating the restitution of the joint standard in the equal use of gold and silver for national currency, are worthy of consideration by the disciples of the solid gold standard. Mr. Helm says: "The attainment of an absolutely unvarying standard of value is impossible; but justice and reason require a choice of that standard which being attainable is least liable to variation. History teaches that the co-ordinate employment of the two precious metals affords the nearest approach to stability which it is possible to reach. Departure from it, only twenty-one years ago, has involved the industries, the commerce and the finance of the civilized world in a maze of confusion and disorder. * * * Wisdom and justice alike, then, counsel a return to the old path of the joint standard, the restoration of which may be with confidence regarded as certain, because the joint standard is least liable to variation. And this truth is rapidly gaining acceptance."

Ralph V. Johnson, of Richmond, Ind., has been created a count by the grace of King Humbert of Italy. This makes two Americans who are Italian noblemen, George M. Pullman being the other. But there is more honor in being an American nobleman.

The summer school experiment has proved highly successful at the University of Michigan. The attendance this season will reach 200, the chief lines of work being chemistry, physics, biology and the modern languages. By this arrangement many persons who are not in a position to take a regular college course are enabled to acquire a fair knowledge of the higher branches.

The census of Iowa, estimated upon returns received from fifty of the ninety-nine counties, will show a population of 2,039,288, an increase of 127,392 since 1890, or a gain within five years of a fraction over 6 per cent. These figures indicate that prohibition has not driven any people out of Iowa, or that Populism has not kept others from going in, so that two claims of the politicians are completely upset.

Duluth is sorry that the Michigan editors have not been favored with finer weather, but they must blame the new head of the weather bureau. He will probably do better after he becomes better acquainted with the office. In the meantime we must be patient and forgiving.

Can nothing be done to abate the smoke nuisance? It is getting worse than ever. If some alderman would devote a little attention to this subject, instead of trying to regulate when children should go to bed, he would be more of a public benefactor.

A public meeting to discuss the proposed erection of a new school building is to be held at the city hall next Tuesday afternoon. This is a good move, if it will result in a full and candid discussion of both sides of the question.

The Garfield avenue viaduct must start from Michigan street. To start it from Superior street would impose a grievous burden of taxation on the city, would damage much valuable property and would benefit no person.

The Saturday Herald gives all the news and always contains many bright and original features, and this is why it has the largest circulation at the head of the lakes. The people read it and appreciate it.

Secretary Dan Lamont declined to discuss the story that his tour of the West was to feel the public pulse on a third term for Grover. He could find that out without going far West.

According to a Washington dispatch, "Attorney General Harmon is fond of pie," which probably means that he finds the office of attorney general a soft snap.

Although the Christian Endeavorers refused to move their headquarters to Chicago, the Windy City might try a little Christian endeavor of its own.

Bimetallism and protection go hand in hand. No Republican who believes in a protective tariff can consistently believe in gold monometallism.

Gen. Campos has ordered that all Cuban insurgents be shot as soon as they are caught, but he finds it rather difficult to catch any.

There is no question that business is steadily improving, when Carnegie, Frick and Pullman voluntarily raise the wages of their employes.

The Chicago Dispatch wants to arrange a pair between the Frances E. Willard and the Chauncey M. Depew matrimonial rumors.

Mrs. Frank Leslie cables that she will return from Europe in September. Everyone will be so glad to hear this.

A New York dentist has been fined $10 for pulling a tooth on Sunday. This is carrying "reform" to extremes.

Jim Hill, the pugilist, has been named as a co-respondent, and may now be regarded as in Corbett's class.

The summer girl is on wheels this year, and therefore harder to catch.

It is encouraging to see so much interest taken in a school election.

A Daily Hint from L'art de la Mode.



French shirt waist of pale pink organdie, trimmed with fine knife pleating, 4½ yards of organdie.



Blouse waist of fancy gauze, the deep collarette is of satin and also the cuffs; a collar of the gauze is about the neck. 7 yards of single width goods.

NOTES ABOUT ALUMINUM.

Aluminum lined cooking utensils are made from a solid plate of strictly pure aluminum inside, superimposed under pressure upon a sheet of steel outside, says the Aluminum World. They claim the advantages of being strong, stiff, light and everlasting. The ware, they say, can be used against the bare flame without scorching.

Aluminum wire is increasing in use, and if it continues to cheapen may be the wire of the future. Its electric conductivity is three times that of iron and more than half as great as copper, while its tensile strength is one-third that of steel, and its resistance to corrosion phenomenal.

A novelty is a bouquet holder for use in cemeteries on Decoration day and during the summer months. A cone-shaped holder contains the water into which the stem of the flowers are inserted, holding them erect and preserving their freshness. The cone terminates in a rod which is forced into the earth. It is painted green to have the color of grass.

Aluminum burial caskets are in great demand in the trade. The experiment of making caskets from the light material is only eight months old. The present capacity of the Pittsburg plant is 15,000 caskets a year. The cost of aluminum caskets is about the same as ordinary metal ones. They are practically indestructible.

The signal lights of the Cup Defender will be made of aluminum. A lamp of aluminum weighs one and one-half pounds without the glass.

In 1885 France was the leading producer. In 1886 Germany took the lead and in 1889 England. Since 1890 Switzerland has outstripped the world. During 1894, however, only three countries were producers—France, 10 per cent; Switzerland, 60 per cent; the United States, 30 per cent. The price per pound has gone from $12 in 1885 to 35 cents in 1895.

NEWS BOILED DOWN.

A prize fight at Marion, Ill., was stopped by the sheriff, who reached the spot at the end of the seventh round. The pugilists were local pugs and not of much account. About fifty arrests were made.

Charles Coleman, alias "Diamond Charlie" has been extradited from Toronto, Ont., for swindling jewelers in the South and is en route to face trial, in the charge of officers.

Capt. Love, of the schooner Pearl, has been fined £500 at Kingston, Jamaica, by British officers for violating customs laws. The hold of the schooner was filled with munitions of war for the Cuban insurgents.

As The Herald stated would be the case early in the week, when giving the arrest of C. T. Goodrich at Stillwater, for false entries on tally cards in scaling logs, other arrests have followed and Joseph Crick, of Minneapolis, and James Matthews, of Stillwater, are prisoners on the same charge.

At Davenport, Iowa, Fidol, a pacer, is reported to have yesterday made 2:05 in a mile heat, free for all, and at La Crosse, Wis., Azote trotted a mile in 2:07¼, establishing a new record for geldings.

Calvin S. Brice is said to be fixing things for a new short line of railroad from Chicago to New York, and recent purchases by him of several pieces of railroad property give color of truth to the rumor.

Benjamin Harrison Milliken, of Memphis, Tenn., has been indicted at Washington, D. C., for housebreaking and felonious assault. He was enamored of Gertrude Phillips and by some means got into her residence at night. The girl was awakened by a smell of chloroform and gave the alarm and the man, who was young Milliken, escaped.

The wife of Vice President Stevenson is quite ill at Bloomington, Ill.

Osceola, Iowa, had a $100,000 blaze esterday, eight brick stores being swept away.

The forgeries of Z. T. Lewis, at Urbana, Ohio, will now reach $300,000. New evidences of his rascality are being found every hour.

Sir William Harcourt and wife, who were riding home from a political meeting near London, Eng., were pelted with cabbage and other rubbish, but were not hurt.

The new city directory of New York makes the population nearly 2,000,000.

Peru has answered Bolivia's ultimatum by refusing to accede to the demand for satisfaction. The Bolivian minister at Lima has asked for his passports and war seems probable.

THE STORY OF LIFE.

Say, what is life? 'Tis to be born;
A helpless babe to greet the light
With a sharp wail, as if the morn
Foretold a cloudy noon and night;
To weep, to sleep and weep again,
With sunny smiles between—and then?

And then apace the infant grows
To be a laughing, sprightly boy,
Happy despite his little woes,
Were he but conscious of his joy!
To be, in short, from two to ten,
A merry moody child—and then?

And then in coat and trousers clad,
To learn to say the decalogue,
And break it, an unthinking lad,
With mirth and mischief all agog;
A truant oft by field or fen,
And capture butterflies—and then?

And then, increased in strength and size,
To be, anon, a youth full grown;
A hero in his mother's eyes,
A young Apollo in his own;
To imitate the ways of men
In fashionable sin—and then?

And then, at last, to be a man,
To fall in love, to woo and wed;
With seething brain to scheme and plan
To gather gold or toil for bread;
To sue for fame, with tongue and pen,
And gain or lose the prize—and then?

And then in gray and wrinkled old
To mourn the speed of life's decline;
To praise the scenes our youth beheld,
And dwell in memory of lang syne;
To dream awhile with darkened ken,
To drop into his grave—and then?

—John G. Saxe.

Harper's Bazar: "I see you have a safe in your dining room," said Perkins, who was visiting Jarley. "Is that for your silver?"

"No; that's my wine cellar," said Jarley.

Washington Star: "Will you have the chickens dressed?" asked the poulterer.

"No," replied young Mrs. Hunnimune; "you may send it to me—er—in the altogether."

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

The Acme of Enjoyment these summer afternoons and evenings is to be found at—

The Pavilion

The charming hill-top resort and conservatory of music and comedy.

WEEK OF JULY 14.

A Glittering Garland of Gaiety.

Massaud and Marba, Grotesque Acrobatic Giants.

Marion and Hastings, In their original creation— "The Road to Ruin."

GEO. M. MINNIE Spence & Sartelle, Vocalists, Instrumentalists, Comedians and Lightning Crayon Sketch Artists.

The Pavilion is beyond any rivalry from any other attraction.

Mlle. Alberta, The Wonderful Walker of Invisible Wire.

The Always Great Duluth City Band, In Musical Melodies.

DAILY PERFORMANCES AT 3 AND 8:30 P. M.

Admission 5c, 10c and 15c

No Objectionable Features or Persons Tolerated or Allowed.

THE LYCEUM.

Duluth's Leading Theater.
L. N. Scott, Manager.

VILLARS-OWEN STOCK COMPANY.

TONIGHT—Double Bill.

Specialties by Miss Jessie Villars, N. S. Murphy and the Regent Quartet, and

Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde

PRICES--50, 25 and 15 CENTS.

MARK TWAIN



THE GREAT HUMORIST AT FIRST M. E. CHURCH, MONDAY EVENING, JULY 22.

Subject: "Ninety Minutes Chat and Character Sketches."

TICKETS, $1.00. Sale of Seats opens at Chamberlain & Taylor's July 15th at 9 a. m.

Grocers' Picnic

To Fond du Lac

July 18.

Trains leave Union Depot 7 a. m., 9:40 a. m., 1:30 and 5 p. m.

Tickets 50c Round Trip.

For sale by all grocers and at gate at Union depot.

See Program for Events and Prizes.

Everybody come. This will be the most popular picnic of the season.

WOULD DO FOR MOST OF US.

A little house with very little in it, says Robert Grant in July Scribner, with a modest piazza, a skiff or sailboat which does not pretend to be a yacht, a garden hoe and rake, a camera, books and a hammock, a rod which is not too precious or costly to break, one nag of plebian blood and something to harness him to, rabbits in the barn and sunflowers in the garden, a walk to sunset hill and a dialogue with the harvest moon—why should we not set our summer life to such a tune, rather than hanker for the neighborhood of the big steam yacht and polo ground, for the fringe of the fashionable bathing beach, for the dust of the stylish equipage, and try in our several ways, and beyond our means, to follow the pace which is set for us by others?

THE INVISIBLE SUPPLY.

New York Weekly: Mr. Astorbilt—I wish a genuine imported cigar.

Boy—Very sorry, sir, but the boss is out.

Mr. Astorbilt—I don't want the boss; I want an imported cigar. Haven't you any?

Boy—Yes, sir, we've got two, but they're in the safe.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE STAGE

"Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" at the Lyceum This Evening.

The Excellent Company Will Remain in Duluth for Another Week.

Great List of Attractions Secured for the Pavilion Next Week.

At the Lyceum this afternoon the Villars-Owen company gave its comedy, "The Serious Family," and tonight "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," the dramatization of Stevenson's horrible but fascinating story, will be put on, together with specialties by Miss Villars, N. S. Murphy and the Regent quartet.

This will close the first week of the company's engagement, which will be continued during next week. In point of attendance the week has been a fair one, and last night the house was packed. The company is really an excellent one, and a better popular price repertoire company never appeared in any Duluth theater.

When a dramatic combination appears and advertises a week or two at popular prices, it is usual to expect a company made up of actors ranging in merit from quite bad to medium. Those who attended the perfomances of the Villars-Owen company during the week saw a different thing entirely, for the company is made up of actors of experience and skill, and their plays have all been put on in a satisfactory manner.

Special attention is paid to stage settings, and every detail receives careful attention. The program for next week is not yet prepared, but it will be announced later.

Last night the company presented "Romeo and Juliet" before a very large and fashionable audience, and all were delighted with the excellence of the performance. The play was beautifully staged also, and the attention paid to the various details favorably impressed the audience.

* * *

For the pavilion next week another excellent list of attractions has been secured, including Massaud and Marba, the grotesque acrobatic giants; Marion and Hastings in their original creation, "The Road to Ruin"; George M. Spence and Minnie Sartelle, vocalists, instrumentalists, comedians and lightning sketch artists; Mlle. Alberta, the wire walker, and the City band.

Yesterday afternoon and evening the pavilion was again crowded, many tourists being included among those in attendance. This week's attractions have been decidedly popular, and the crowds have been large at every performance. Tonight this week's bill will be seen for the last time.

Of Spence and Sartelle, who are among next week's attractions, the Chicago Daily News says: "George M. Spence and Minnie Sartelle are two very talented people."

* * *

The Wilbur Opera company will play a return engagement of two or three weeks at the Lyceum, the opening date of which has not been fixed. The company, after completing its St. Paul engagement, will jump East by way of the lakes, stopping in Duluth on the way.

* * *

Sidney R. Ellis' romantic drama "Bonnie Scotland," will have a scenic investiture that will be correct as to detail as well as being accurate reproductions of Scotland's famous historical glens and castles, and will possess great interest to the student as well as delighting the eye of the theater-goer. The costumes, plaids, armors and historical properties used in the play are all specially imported for this production and are characteristically unique, romantically beautiful and historically correct. A feature that is of special interest will be the introduction of Scotch songs, glees and ballads by genuine Scotch singers of ability, while a band of Royal Scotch bagpipe players discourse national airs and sweet melodies in the quaint costumes and plaids of the poetic highlanders.

"Darkest Russia," which will be seen in this city at an early date, discloses the various phases of the Russian empire in a most vivid manner. The play is intensely interesting and is replete with exciting events. It is staged in a lavish manner and costumed with great regard for beauty and effect. The company is numerically and dramatically strong, and every feature of the production has received marked and careful attention.

* * *

Beautiful gowns, proper scenery and attractive music go a long way to make a success of a play, but if the play does not meet with the approbation of the public, the beautiful gowns may as well be put away, the scenery cast in the fire and the music destroyed. But when you have the play, the gowns, the scenery, the music, the company and the public are satisfied, you can get out your bank book and prepare to make deposits. Robert Downing looks forward to making many deposits next year, for he has secured a play from the pen of Victorien Sardou, entitled "Helena," and he proposes to give the public the play, the company, the gowns, the scenery, the music and the properties. The first production in English will be given at Washington Sept. 2 next.

* * *

Ringlings' circus this year is said to be the greatest show on the road beyond any question. They have been making a tour of the East and carrying everything before them. It is conceded that the Barnum & Bailey "greatest show on earth" is surpassed by the Ringlings. The New York Mirror says: It has remained for the enterprise of the Ringling Brothers, who have long been conceded to be supreme in their line in the great Western country, to come East and reveal to this territory the fact that they have organized the most remarkable tented exhibition yet seen. The Ringling Brothers' World's Greatest Shows have just concluded in Boston a three-weeks' exhibit that has broken all show records in that city, and evoked in the great Boston dailies columns of praise that no amount of money could buy and nothing but show supremity could inspire. When a newspaper like the Boston Herald prints a long editorial commending an enterprise in terms of the highest praise, as it did the Ringling Brothers' shows, it is evident that other so-called "greatest shows" must reorganize or do less boasting.

Money.

The owner of the 3 story store building, 119 East Superior street, desires to let the entire building to one tenant. Suited for manufacturing or jobbing. Low rent. Well situated for business. Elevator and rear entrance if desired.

Store, basement and rooms in the O'Brien block for rent. Heated by steam and usual conveniences.

One ten-room brick house for sale, central, supplied with every convenience, in excellent condition. Easy terms if desired.

Money to loan. Fire insurance written. Bank stocks for sale. Goods properties for sale. Houses for rent.

WM. E. LUCAS,
1 Exchange Bldg.

A PUBLIC MEETING.

School Matters to Be Discussed on Tuesday Next.

A number of prominent citizens have issued a call for a public meeting to be held at the city hall next Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 to discuss matters looking toward a more economical management of our public schools and school funds and to recommend three persons for election as school trustees at the coming election.

The call is signed by the following citizens: F. C. Dennett, C. F. Craig, H. H. Hanford, E. C. Gridley, Joseph Sellwood, S. T. Harrison, William Harrison, W. J. Suffel, John H. LaVaque, C. H. Oppel, C. Berkleman, Alfred Jaques, Z. D. Scott, B. Magoffin, C. A. Stewart, J. A. Hanks, S. F. White, H. H. Phelps, M. S. Burrows, George H. Claypool, D. E. Holston, W. J. Johnston, W. S. Woodbridge, George N. LaVaque, John E. Davies, T. T. Hudson, E. W. Matter, W. M. Prindle, Louis Rouchleau, George W. Buck, Andrew Shaw, J. B. Scovell, Page Morris, S. D. Allen, C. O. Baldwin, John Panton, Albert Wieland, I. Freimuth, R. M. Hunter, Michael Norris, F. A. Parker, W. A. Cant, R. C. Mitchell, Paul F. E. Wieland, F. A. Olmstead, A. C. Weiss, Louis Brownell, William Getty, Nels Hall, John M. Martin.

THE SECOND RECITAL.

Mrs. William Hunter Brown's Concert Tuesday Evening.

The last of Mrs. William Hunter Brown's recitals and concerts under the auspices of Duluth Union of Christian Endeavor, will be given at the Congregational church next Tuesday evening, when she will be assisted by Miss Maren L. Adler and Prof. Arthur G. Drake. Mrs. Brown has prepared an entirely new program except two numbers by Liszt, which she will, by request, play again at this recital.

Mrs. Brown created such a favorable impression here last Wednesday night that her second recital is attracting much more attention than the first. The musicians and music lovers are realizing what a fine artist Mrs. Brown really is, and all who have heard her play, speak about her beautiful touch, her brilliant technique and the feeling and expression which she shows in her playing. After the concert an informal reception will take place. The following numbers will be rendered by Mrs. Brown:

PART I.

Prelude—Waltz—Fantasia Impromptu ..... Chopin

PART II.

(a.) Gavotte ..... Bach
(b.) Two numbers from Poppilion ..... Schumann
(c.) Waltz from the Carnival Suite ..... Schumann

PART III.

Study (for left hand alone) .. Rheinberger
Gnomen riegen ..... Liszt

PART IV.

Love dream ..... Liszt
Twelfth Rhapsodie ..... Liszt

THE ORANGEMEN'S CELEBRATION.

The Orangemen were out in full force yesterday to celebrate the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne. There were over 800 at the picnic at Lester Park. Supreme Grand Master Francis C. Campbell, Rev. Dr. Forbes, Rev. M. Larson and Rev. M. Greenshields made short addresses to the picnickers. Then there were all sorts of games and music and everyone enjoyed themselves immensely. The celebration concluded with a dance in the evening at Hunter's hall in which ninety couples participated. The dance was under the auspices of the Star of Liberty Lodge.

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Max Wirth, druggist.

"If you don't take The Evening Herald you don't get the news."

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Mrs. M. T. Erickson and daughter returned to their home near Minneapolis last week.

Mrs. S. Mathews, of West Superior, was a caller at Mrs. William Dennis' last Saturday.

Mrs. A. G. Nelson moved her personal property to Duluth last Saturday where she will make her future home.

Mrs. John Amundson and son, of West Superior, were the guests of M. Amundson, at Ironton.

David Leyshon, of Old Superior, was visiting friends in this vicinity Tuesday.

Mrs. Wetmore and Mrs. Bangs, of Duluth, were out Tuesday collecting items of interest for the Duluth Press.

A party of berry pickers, including Mrs. Messer, Mrs. Burt and daughter, Mrs. Rice and Mrs. Morton, all of West Superior, were out Tuesday.

Mrs S. Johnson was the guest of Mrs. McGee, in Duluth, the first of the week.

Miss Ella McGilvary visited friends and relatives in West Superior Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Mullenger and daughter visited at the Spirit Lake hotel Wednesday. Mrs. Mullenger and daughter expect to remain all summer.

Mrs. Lundquist and children were visiting in Duluth Tuesday.

Miss Peterson and Miss Rosk, of Fond du Lac, enjoyed the cool breeze at Spirit lake Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Neilson visited with Mrs. R. Folkerts Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Albert Swenson visited at Twentieth avenue Monday.

Mrs. Burns and the Misses Rena and Minnie Lenroot were the guests of Mrs. E. Swenson Tuesday.

Mrs. Emily Merritt and grandson, Jerome, of West Duluth, called on business at Spirit Lake on Thursday and attended the W. C. T. U. meeting in the afternoon. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Mary Dash next Thursday afternoon.

O. E. Lakin, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., is residing for the present at Ironton.

Mrs. Ella Robinson and grandsons spent Friday in Duluth as the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Robinson.

Miss Kittie Sullivan returned Tuesday from Mankato, Minn., where she has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. Neunan.

Mrs. H. Stevens visited in West Duluth Friday. While returning she lost a gold brooch which was very highly prized by herself.

Rev. Hackett held the gospel song services at the residence of Mrs. A. Douglass Friday evening. The regular services will be held Sunday afternoon.

About twenty-five of the young people of this vicinity enjoyed a very pleasant evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Sullivan Friday evening, in honor of the Misses Nellie and Kittie Sullivan. Singing, games, dancing and a bountiful repast were indulged in. Among those present were Miss Twanette Dash, Misses Mayme and Lulu Nacey, Miss Payne, Miss Ridge, Miss Robinson, Mrs. Ralph and Miss Conway, Messrs Harvey and Ed Dash, John and Patrick Nacey, T. and P. Gabel, Perry and Eddie Payne Sullivan, Harbor Lakin, Moore, Stevenson, Dunn.

Messrs. Simpson and Holden, of Duluth were out Friday making arrangements for camping at Spirit Lake park this summer.

About eighteen of our younger folks surprised Miss Lulu Nacey Thursday evening at her home. Games and refreshments were fully enjoyed and an extra good time is reported.

The U. S. Government Tests Show the Absolute Superiority of Royal Baking Powder.

(Data from the latest Official U. S. Government Report on Baking Powders, Department of Agriculture, Bulletin 13, page 599.)

ROYAL is placed first of the cream of tartar powders; actual strength, 160.6 cubic inches of leavening gas per ounce of powder.

Every other powder tested exhibited a much lower strength than the Royal, the average being 33 per cent. less.

Every other powder likewise showed the presence of alum or sulphuric acid.

The claim that this report shows any other powder of superior strength or purity has been denounced as a falsehood by the Government officers who made the tests.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

IT HAD FULFILLED ITS MISSION.

Los Angeles Express: After every member of a woman's club in Spokane had been president the organization went to pieces.

EAST ASIAN GEOGRAPHY.

Lustige Blatter: Students of the course of events in the Japanese-Chinese war are advised to commit the following rhyming rules to memory:

All word ending in Ping, Pang, Pung,
Moreover those in Ching, Chang, Chung,
Stand for a town on river or coast.
Which the Celestials already have lost.
And words ending in Tang, Tung, Ting,
As also those in Tschang, Tschung, Tsching,
Are in every case a monster ship
Sunk by the chaps into the deep.
All words ending in Tsang, Tsung, Tseng,
And likewise those in Yang, Yung, Yeng,
Are mostly (note this if you please)
Generals in flight—of the Chinese.
All words ending in Pang, Ping, Pung,
Moreover those in Chang, Ching, Chung,
Denote some locality or spot
Where the Celestials caught it hot.

Money to Loan

On improved residence and business property at

6% With the On or Before Privilege.

Wm. M. Prindle & Co,
216 W. Superior St.

PITY THE BABIES

They Suffer More From Heat Than Adults.

Digestion, Sleep, Strength Quickly Impaired.

Food Must Nourish But Not Burden System.

Lactated Food Especially Prepared to This End.

Made Under Personal Care of Eminent Prof. Boynton.

It is the plague of summer that it makes babies fretful, sleepless, capricious in appetite and exposed to diarrhoeal disorders whenever their strength is suffered to decline.

It is the father's, the mother's, the physician's care to provide a diet capable of abundantly nourishing, and one that can by no possibility bring contagion with it.

It is not enough to merely select a pure nourishing food. It must be acceptable to the delicate, weakened stomach of the little one. It must be taken in sufficient quantities and with relish to keep the child strong, well and growing.

With all these requirements in mind lactated food is prepared. Under the advice of the professors in the medical department of the Vermont University, more especially that of Professor A. P. Grinnell, dean of the university, and Dr. S. M. Roberts, professor of diseases of children, and under the investigation and direct supervision of Professor C. S. Boynton, the manufacture of lactated food was begun. It has saved thousands of babies' lives and enabled thousands more to grow up strong and big and blessed with sturdy constitutions.

The use of lactated food does away with any anxiety regarding cholera infantum. Lactated food is as pure as mountain air. It agrees with children's stomachs even when they are made sensitive by summer heat.

A host of mothers have to thank lactated food for the joy of seeing their drooping, silent, white-faced little ones turn to bright-eyed, charming babies, that eat and sleep and grow in a way to delight any mother's heart. Great numbers of such mothers have written that nothing else would agree with their children but lactated food.

A trial of less than two weeks will tell its own story in baby's weight, eyes, cheeks and spirits. Nursing mothers find lactated food just adapted to their peculiar needs. It nourishes both mother and child. And this is what one would expect from a knowledge of its rich, blood-making ingredients, using pure milk sugar as a basis, because it is also the basis of mother's milk; there is added the richest gluten flour of wheat and oats. These are subjected to high steam heat under pressure, and while in constant motion and perfectly cooked the extract of the finest malt barley is added, making this a partially digested food that is easily assimilated by the feeblest stomach.

Invalids and aged persons find lactated food the most grateful to their weak stomachs of any nutriment they can take.

HE PULLED HIS WHISKERS.

Henry Vermont mixed himself up in all sorts of trouble on account of Louis Kern's flowing whiskers. On Thursday the two men indulged in some arguments in an alley. During the discussion Louis stroked his hirsute adornments with a practiced hand. Jealousy and the question under discussion combined to make Henry mad, so he pulled two large handfuls of hair for a sample. In Judge Edson's court this morning Henry made his appearance charged in the complaint with "pulling said complainant's whiskers and striking said complainant on the breast with his fist." The case was dismissed on motion of the county attorney.

CONDUCIVE TO WEARINESS.

Philadelphia Call: Many New Yorkers are getting tired of their city's name. This is not the only thing about the metropolis which is conducive to that fatigued feeling.

A SMALL STEAM LAUNCH.

H. B. Weaver, the artist, who resides on East Baltimore street, says the Baltimore American, has built a steam launch which he claims to be the smallest in the world. The length of the launch is nine feet, and it will carry three persons. The beam is thirty-two inches and there is a 9-inch propeller. The engine, which Mr. Weaver says has been declared the smallest marine engine in the world, is an exact pattern of those on large steamers, and weighs only sixty-five pounds. The complete weight of the launch with all equipments is 175 pounds. Oak and cedar were used in the construction. It has secret drawers for storing brushes and materials used by an artist.

The launch and all equipments, including the engine, are the workmanship of Mr. Weaver, who is an expert mechanic, as well as an artist. Mr. Weaver has been twenty years in building the launch, devoting his spare time to the work. He has named the boat Lizzie Weaver, in honor of his wife. He hopes to be able to launch it on July 4. Mr. Weaver is nearly 70 years of age, but is still active. He says he considers his launch perfectly seaworthy, and would not be afraid to sail on the ocean in it. He contemplates a trip this summer as far as Cape Henry.

READY FOR THE RACE.

Chicago Record: Trainer—How are you feeling?

Bicycle road racer—Fine as silk.

Trainer—Is your number nailed on your back?

Road racer—Yes.

Trainer—Know your handicap?

Road racer—Yes.

Trainer—Been checked off by the starter?

Road racer—Yes.

Trainer—Well! Bring a bundle of affidavit blanks, call in a notary public, don't cut off more than two miles of the course and we'll pull you through.

BICYCLE FREE.

BOYCE'S Drug Store is the place to buy CIGARS. Choice high grade goods at hard times prices, and with every 25 cent purchase of any cigar in the house you get a ticket for the best Bicycle in Dodge & Pearson's shop.

A Dream of Luxury

Comes at times to all of us. To many of us it remains a dream always; ever present with us, yet never realized. The way to luxuries, outside of dreams, to us seems barred and the realization more and more improbable. It is often a hard scramble for necessities, and comforts are thought of as things desirable and within the reach of others but not for us. But people by degrees are growing into the sensible notion that they are of right entitled to the comforts as well as the necessities and the luxuries as well as the privations. This is the American spirit of today, and we hope to see it grow until luxuries and comforts are the necessities of every American home. We all love to make our

Parlors Beauty Spots

And we adorn the walls and tidy up the corners, put a bit of comfort here and a dainty extravagance there until even in modest homes the parlor is the family pride and most of luxurious adornment is lavished on this room.

We have been looking our stock over and have tried to prepare for Duluth people some surprises in the way of

Reductions on Parlor Suits.

We have used the pruning process freely. All reductions are genuine and below we quote you a few of the **Bargains.**

PARLOR SUITE REDUCED FROM... $50 to $35.
Six pieces, solid oak frames, mohair plush cover. A beauty in every way, strong and well made.

PARLOR SUITE REDUCED FROM.... $70 to $48
Six pieces, solid oak frame, silk tapestry cover, Good enough for most anybody.

PARLOR SUITE REDUCED FROM..... $75 to $52
Five pieces in pattern silk tapestry, a dream of modest luxury.

LIBRARY SUITE REDUCED FROM.... $90 to $65
5 pieces in massive oak frames, covered with wool tapestry, handsome dark colors, can't be duplicated for $100 anywhere.

Money not a necessity when you buy of us. Our EASY PAYMENT PLAN
Provides you with home comforts in the line of—
FURNITURE.
Which you have the use and benefit of while paying for them when convenient.

25 per cent flat discount on Hat Racks and Hall Trees
Prices range from $8 to $75.
All reductions bona fide. We have odd PARLOR PIECES. Just what you want perhaps to fill out a vacant corner. 20 per cent discount on all.

We furnish homes complete with FURNITURE
As well as Carpets, Stoves, Ranges, Crockery, Lamps, Clocks, Cut Glass, Pictures, Bedding, Draperies
And everything entering into household equipment.

PARLOR SUITE REDUCED FROM..... $85 to $65
Six pieces covered with fine grade Brocatelle, very rich in design and finish and a beauty.

PARLOR SUITE REDUCED FROM.... $100 to $78
Over stuff cover of finest grade Brocatelle, handsome colors and very stylish.

Parlor Suite Reduced From:..... $125 to $90
Over stuff cover of finest grade silk damask. Would grace any parlor and is easily worth $125.

Watch Our Windows!
And you will see many of these pieces on exhibition during the coming week. Or come inside and look over our stock whether you wish to purchase or not.

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE COMPANY,
HOUSE FURNISHERS.
226-228 Superior Street West, - - Duluth.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Good Citizenship Day Observed by Endeavorers at Boston.

Boston, July 13.—Today, the fourth of the great Christian Endeavor conference, is designated as "Good citizenship." At all the meetings of the forenoon the reports, addresses, representations, and songs trended toward the subject, and leading speakers of the day were men whose fame was the result of their efforts for municipal and state reform. Many thousand delegates began the day, as they have every day of the convention thus far, with devotions. Morning prayer meetings were held in a score of churches at 6:30 o'clock.

The weather this morning was perfect, as it has been since the convention opened, and the delegates are very thankful for their good luck in this respect. Again Mechanics hall was the great objective point of the crowds this morning. An hour before the doors of the great hall opened, several thousand persons were singing Endeavor songs, while they waited on the sidewalks outside. On the common it was again the same and every car that went through the streets adjoining the common and public garden added to the host.

At this meeting also Bishop Alexander Willard spoke interestingly of the responsibility of Afro-American race in American citizenship and Congressman Elijah Morse of Massachusetts aroused great enthusiasm by a strong speech on citizenship. Bishop B. W. Arnett, D.D., of Wilberforce, O., was the leading speaker at tent Williston.

KILLED BY THE POLICEMAN.

Cleveland, July 13.—At an early hour this morning Patrolman Regan almost instantly killed an unknown man, supposed to be insane, by clubbing him. The officer was called to the saloon of Herman Burkholdt on Clark avenue to arrest the man, who was trying to kill the saloonkeeper's wife. After a desperate struggle and seeing that he was being worsted, the officer pulled his club and struck the man three times on the head. He dropped to the floor and in a few minutes was dead.

THREE STUDENTS DROWNED.

Geneva, N. Y., July 13.—It is now believed beyond doubt that Cleveland, Cox and Harry May, the missing Hobart students, have been drowned. Their boat was seen to overturn on Lake Seneca, two miles off Lodi point a week ago. This fact has only just been reported and it is believed to definitely settle the fate of the young men. No trace of their bodies has yet been found.

CHAPPELLE'S INVESTITURE.

Santa Fe, N. M., July 13.—October 17 next has been named as the date on which Archbishop Chappelle will be formally invested with the pallium at the cathedral in this city by Cardinal Gibbons. Mgr. Satolli, fifteen to twenty archbishops and bishops, and many priests from all over the country will attend the ceremony.

CLERKS' CONVENTION.

St. Louis, July 13.—The Retail Clerks National Protective association, which is holding a convention here, voted to establish the national headquarters at Cleveland, O., where Secretary Mallory, who has been re-elected, will reside. An amendment to the constitution was adopted providing a benefit scheme. It provides $8 per week for twelve weeks of sickness at a time, providing that benefits shall not be paid for more than twenty-four weeks in any one year. A burial allowance of $50 is made.

CONCISE AND TIMELY.

New York Recorder: If men did know themselves suicides would be more frequent.

If a woman always looked as pleasant as her photo the world would be a sunnier place.

If a man has to sell his dog then there's no doubt about his being poor.

If a picture isn't a picture, it's an impressionist masterpiece.

If a man never made any mistakes he'd cease to be interesting.

If a boy stopped asking questions folks would forget that he existed.

If a man is the architect of his own fortune there are a good many bum builders about.

BORROWED FUN.

Philadelphia Press: She (sadly)—"Well, if we must part, let us part friends. Good-by, and may all that's good go with you.

He (decidedly)—If all that's good went with me you would not remain here.

Then she smiled and laid her head upon his shoulder, and he remained.

Detroit Tribune: Dinwiddle—I hear that Van Braam was overcome by the heat yesterday.

Hiland—It might be called that. He asked Shingiss if it was not hot enough for him, and Shingiss knocked him down.

Truth: Rhoades (as he and Mrs. Rhoades are leaving the church)—What a refreshing sermon that was, wasn't it?

Mrs. Rhoades (sharply)—I don't know; I didn't go to sleep.

Philadelphia Record: "Well," said the monkey to the organ grinder as he sat on top of the organ, "I'm simply carried away with the music."

Atlanta Constitution: Some people use one hand to stop the devil with while they shake his paw with the other.

Punch: Insularity.—"By the way, Raddles, a Russian prince is coming to dine with us next week."

"Ah, then, sir, I suppose he ain't o' much account in his own country?"

Punch: "What makes you think he cares for you?"

"Why, mamma talked to him for more than last evening, and he really seemed to enjoy it!"

Nicetown Nemesis: According to the "identification by personal marks" theory of the police, it is now proper to refer to "thumb prints on the hands of crime," instead of "footprints on the sands of time."

Detroit Tribune: Tommy—You say December is the last month of the year, pa?

Tommy's father—Yes.

Tommy—And January is the first?

Tommy's father—Yes, certainly.

Tommy—Well, how is it, then, that December always comes afore January?

Judge: Accompanied—Farmer's Wife—Ya-as, I kin let yuh hev a cup o' coffee. How do yuh take it?

Foot Tighes—With breakfast, please.

She stood upon the car track
And asked Officer McGar'r—
"Will you please tell me, cap'n,
Where I'll get a Flatbush car?"

Then the copper said, politely—
As he kept his laugh in check:
"If you don't shtep off the thrack, miss,
You will get it in the neck!"

—Brooklyn Eagle.—

Philadelphia Record: Hobson—Don't you think that Martin girl is frightfully dull?

Jobson—Well, hardly. You should have seen the way she cut me on the avenue.

Puck: Doctor Straightlace (reprovingly)—I always thought you were one of my most devout parishioners, and had no doubt but that you would give up all pleasure during Lent. Now I hear that you gave a euchre party last week.

Miss De Style—Goodness me, doctor! Do you call giving a euchre party pleasure? It is simply hard work, worry and vexation of spirit.

Truth: Wife (reading paper)—Just see the frightful effects of rum, John; here's a young man got drunk and walked right into a church.

Husband (drowsily)—Yes, yes; rum's liable to land a man most anywhere.

Indianapolis Journal: "Do your jokes seem funny to you when you see them a second time?" the inquisitive girl asked.

"It depends," said Timmins, "whether they come back to me in manuscript or in print."

Harlem Life: "Doctor, what is the meaning of the peculiar formation just back of baby's ear?"

"Combativeness, perhaps."

"Why, someone said it was love of domestic life."

"Oh, well, it's all one and the same thing."

HE WAS REASSURED.

A dilapidated specimen of manhood, says the Chicago Tribune, who was leaning hard against a telegraph pole in the neighborhood of the Stock Yards yesterday morning with his eyes tightly shut called out to a man whose footsteps he heard approaching:

"Say!"

"Well?" said the other.

"Have you got a minute or two to spare?"

"I reckon."

"Would you mind just looking inside the fence, right there where that board's broken off, and telling me if you see anything on the ground?"

"No objection at all, sir. I see two dead rats."

"Anything peculiar about them?"

"Nothing, except that they are whoppers. They are two of the biggest rats I ever saw."

"Anything else near them?"

"No—yes, there's a queer-looking snake."

"Is it alive?"

"It is all dead but its tail. That still wiggles."

"Is it a green snake that looks as if it had swallowed a base ball?"

"Yes."

"Got a queer-looking stripe down its back?"

"Yes."

"Yes."

"Then it's all right," rejoined the dilapidated citizen, straightening himself up, opening his eyes and walking on. "You have done me a great kindness, mister. I was afraid I'd got 'em again."

WAS TOO INQUISITIVE.

After he had noisily tramped through the flat once, says the Chicago Post, the prospective tenant turned on the little woman who was to remain in possession until May 1 and asked abruptly:

"Gas range in the kitchen?"

"Yes, sir," she replied politely.

"Gas log in the grate?"

"No."

"Some cracks in these walls," he suggested.

"I have noticed them," she said.

"I guess the wall paper has had hard usage."

"Do you think so?" she asked, with just a trace of irritation.

"Looks that way. What's in here?"

"The baby is asleep in there."

"I want to look in."

"But you can't."

Her eyes flashed rather dangerously now.

"The agent told me—" he began.

"That is my room, and you can't go in now."

"Umph! Well, let it go. How much do you pay for gas?"

"I beg your pardon."

"I say how much do you pay for gas?"

"You might learn that from the books of the company, sir," she returned.

"What's the matter?" he exclaimed. "I'm thinking of renting this place and I want to know what you pay for gas annually."

"Anything else?" she asked, still endeavoring to be courteous.

"Of course," he answered shortly. "I understand it's hard to get servants out here. How much do you pay yours? And what do you do in the way of tips for the janitor?"

She made no reply, and a moment later he asked:

"Ever have any row with the agent?"

"No."

"Then why are you leaving?"

"Before I answer," she said, as calmly as possible, "I would like to ask you a few questions."

"Fire ahead!"

"Who gave you the right to come here and cross-examine me about my household affairs? Where did you get the idea that I had given up my rights in my own house before the expiration of my lease? What makes you think that the fact that we both intend to move makes me your slave in the flat for which I am still paying rent? Who taught you that a retiring tenant has no rights? Why don't you ask the landlord what his household expenses are?"

And somehow the interview ended there.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Max Wirth's drug store.

SUNDAY NIGHT.

Rev. C. H. Patton Will Preach Upon

"Economy"

National and domestic extravagance—
Personal luxuries—
Food waste—
Savings banks—
Life insurance—
Simplicity of living.

Pilgrim Church.
WELCOME!

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullom, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.
Dr. Schiffman pulls teeth without pain.
Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.
Choice fruit, Seecamp's opp. Y. M. C. A.
Swain's cigar store, Providence bldg.
John Flood, cigars, St. Louis annex.

Sunday excursion to Fond du Lac on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue west at 9:30 a. m. Round trip, 35 cents.

There will be a special meeting of the Duluth Ministerial association at the Y. M. C. A. hall on Monday at 10 a. m. The subject will be "Sabbath Desecration in Our City," and Sunday amusement will be touched up.

The cases against Aldeman Phil Westaway and Charles Porter, arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Campbell for dumping sand into the harbor, came up last night before Judge Carey and were dismissed. The judge decided that the violation of the federal laws was only a technical one and the defendants were merely trying to save their property.

Bertie Jones, the little colored boy who was struck Thursday night by a Lakeside car near Superior street and Lake avenue, died yesterday of his injuries. There will be an inquest this afternoon at 4 o'clock to ascertain the cause of death. It is claimed by the boy's parents that the conductor and motorman might have averted the accident. The street car men claim to have rung the bell and done their best to stop the car.

Steamer H. R. Dixon and Hunter will make a joint excursion tomorrow to Two Harbors, leaving Booth's dock at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. Fare, 50 cents round trip.

Dr. Forin, formerly with Dr. Stone, St. Paul. Practice limited to diseases of women. Office, 124 West Superior street, over Commercial bank.

The Zenith City cadets, at their meeting last night in G. A. R. hall in Hayes block, finally decided to give an entertainment Thursday evening, July 25. It will be the first of a series and the proceeds are to go towards fixing up the hall. The program will consist of speeches by the old soldiers, recitations, club swinging songs and drills.

Permits have been granted by the building department to Mrs. Catherine Coughlin for rebuilding burned building at West Park division, to cost $525; and to E. F. Burg for the erection of a

Steamer H. R. Dixon and Hunter will make a joint excursion tomorrow to Two Harbors, leaving Booth's dock at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. Fare, 50 cents round trip.

2-story frame dwelling on the north side of Third street, between Second and Third avenues, to cost $1000.

The infant daughter of Bert and Mary Hollenbeck died yesterday at the Woman's home.

Births reported to the health department today were: A. P. and Bertha Lacey, West Duluth, a son; John and Annie Erickson, 2409 West Superior street, a daughter.

In the municipal court this morning before Judge Edson, John Nelson pleaded not guilty to vagrancy and his case was dismissed on motion of the city attorney. R. Hendrickson was given a suspended sentence for drunkenness.

The St. Louis County Bible society will hold its annual meeting at the First Presbyterian church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Sunday excursion to Fond du Lac on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue west at 9:30 a.m. Round trip, 35 cents. Music on the boat.

A marriage license has been issued to Alphonse Letourneau and Elmire Lachance.

Beginning Monday the Northern Pacific will make a rate of $5 to all Dakota points for laborers bound to the harvest fields.

Rev. C. H. Patton will give a temperance lecture at the Bethel Tuesday evening, July 16.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT 6 AND 7 PER CENT.

Any amount No delay.

Howard & Patterson,

201-202 First National Bank Bldg.

SCORCHED

St. Luke's Hospital Was Visited by a Fire Early This Morning.

Started in the Laundry, Probably From an Overheated Stove.

There Was a Strange Delay in Sending in the Alarm.

Fire broke out at St. Luke's hospital at Third street and Second avenue east at about 5:30 o'clock this morning and did about $500 worth of damage before being gotten under control.

The fire was first discovered in the laundry by the cook, who rushed in search of the superintendent. Arrangements were being made to remove the patients from the building when Engine Company No. 3, which was drilling on Fifth street, arrived without a call. Assistant Chief Randall turned in an alarm and the whole department responded. The flames spread from the wing containing the kitchen and laundry where the fire originated, to the main building but were gotten under control within half an hour after the arrival of the department. The hospital was filled with patients, there being only two vacant rooms. All were hurriedly carried out on the sidewalk where they remained for a few minutes before being removed to a vacant store building in the vicinity. Everything was well handled and no casualties resulted. After the fire was extinguished all were carried back.

The fire is thought to have started from an overheated wood stove used in the laundry. It is said this stove was frequently allowed to become red hot. The chief is unable to assign any other cause for the blaze. He claims that if the alarm had been promptly turned in, there would have been no trouble.

Lieut. George Nolan, of the fire department, was in the hospital with a broken arm received Thursday at a fire. He says there was an unaccountable delay in giving the alarm. The first notice he had of the fire was when the night nurses and the superintendent rushed into his room and wanted to remove him. He told them he preferred to stay inside and had considerable conversation with them. They left the room and it was fully five minutes after that the wounded fireman heard the alarm bell ring. Then Capt. Miller and Assistant Chief Randall came in and carried him out on the sidewalk. He was afterwards taken to No. 1 fire hall where he is now resting comfortably in a spare bed.

WHY NOT GET THE BEST?

It costs no more to have your laundry work done at the Troy laundry than at inferior places.

I find the ROYAL BAKING POWDER superior to all the others in every respect. It is purest and strongest.

WALTER S. HAINES, M. D.
Consulting Chemist, Chicago Board of Health.

THE MICHIGAN EDITORS.

Arrived Today and Taken Around the Harbor.

The Michigan editors arrived in Duluth on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad at 6:30 this morning. The party had not been expected to arrive until noon and arrangements for their entertainment had been made based on that hour. The editors spent the morning looking around the city and many of them called on friends. At 1:30 the party embarked on the steamer Henrietta, which Captain Inman generously offered to the local newspaper men, and were given a ride around the harbor. They visited Superior and had luncheon at the West Superior hotel. They will return to Duluth this evening in time to board the steamer Monarch for Port Huron.

The names of the members of the party from Michigan were given in yesterday's issue. They were accompanied from St. Paul to Duluth by the veteran editor, Harlan P. Hall. At Minneapolis, the party was joined by Misses Elsie and Grace Slocum, who will accompany them on the remainder of the trip. They are added to the Slocum contingent already with the party.

TOOK CARBOLIC ACID.

C. R. Kimball, Formerly a Duluth Ticket Broker.

A Detroit, Mich., special says: C. R. Kimball, formerly in business in St. Paul as ticket broker, suicided at his boarding place, 287 First street, here on Thursday, by taking carbolic acid. He was out of funds and has had no employment for many months. He had a sister, Mrs. Flora J. Ramsden, residing at 155 East Third street, St. Paul.

Mr. Kimball was formerly a ticket broker in Duluth, his office being in the Phoenix block, and he and his wife left here suddenly nearly two years ago, leaving numerous creditors.

For ASHLAND, BAYFIELD and all intermediate points take

STEAMER LIBERTY,

Passengers and Freight. Fast, neat, cozy. Leave Culver's dock Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 9 a. m.

SUDDEN DEATH IN SUPERIOR.

District Attorney Charles J. Monson, of Superior, was found dead in his room at 10 o'clock last night. He has been sick with pneumonia and confined to his room for about a week, but was so much better yesterday that he talked of going to his office, but his partner, J. H. Vaughn, persuaded him to remain in his room. He was last seen alive at 6:15 p.m. Heart failure is supposed to have caused his death. Mr. Monson was 30 years old and his parents live in Washington county, Minn.

Creditors of the Henry H. Bell estate are requested to meet at the city hall on Thursday, July 18, 1895, at 3 o'clock p.m. to consider the report of the committee.

The largest stock of pianos at Coon's.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.

HIGHEST GRADE — BEST MADE.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

Commencing Monday, July 15, and continuing the entire week, we will divide our stock in two lines.

Choice of any pair of pants (made to order) in our west window for **$6.**

FIRST----
Choice of any pattern in one row—200 styles to select from—made to order for..... **$17.50**

SECOND----
Choice of all our $25, $28, $30 and $35 Patterns on display, made to order for..... **$22.50**

Clay Worsted Coats and Vest for **$15**

Don't Overlook a GOOD THING!

THESE ARE SUITS THAT WILL SUIT YOU.

All our work is done in Duluth, and we are **The Only Popular-Priced Tailors in the city.** The style and fit of every garment guaranteed.

THE CARRINGTON TAILORING CO.,

Destroyers of High Prices. 5 West Superior Street.

PERSONAL.

Miss Nott and Mrs. George Peck, of Eau Claire; Miss Chapman, of Minneapolis, and Miss Wheeler, of St. Paul, who are at the St. Louis on a ten-days' visit to Duluth, were joined this morning by W. W. Nott, of Eau Claire.

State Game Warden Samuel F. Fullerton is in town.

John McAlpine, of Eau Claire, is in town on his way north to purchase some extensive pine lands.

F. L. Murray is here from Tower.

Mrs. E. M. Shyer and the Misses Jessie and Louise Shyer, of Pasadena, Cal., are a party of tourists at the Spalding.

O. F. Sampson, of Tallapoosa, Ga., is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Johnston, of St. Paul, are visiting in town.

E. P. Gates, T. A. Gill and John A. Sea, of Kansas City, are at the Spalding.

F. E. Ketchum, superintendent of the South Shore & Atlantic railroad, is here from Marquette.

A party of Chicago capitalists, consisting of E. H. Pitkins, E. W. Lyman and D. Marshall, are at the Spalding looking over the field for investments.

Mrs. Steven Welch and Miss May Hamilton leave on Monday for Bessemer, Mich., where they will visit relatives for two weeks.

Mrs. M. Schwartz, of Chicago, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. G. A. Klein, of 609 East First street.

Thomas Jamieson, who has been in Boston, Mass., for some time, is here today.

William F. Phelps, of St. Paul, is in the city.

Miss Kate Thompson left today for Oconomowoc, Wis.

The insurance commissioner of Michigan, T. F. Giddings, and his daughter, arrived yesterday on the North Land and will remain here a few days. Deputy Insurance Commissioner Lightbourn, of Minnesota, is also in the city. Both are guests of V. D. Cliff, general manager of the Northwestern Benevolent society.

William Orr, general freight agent of the South Shore, left for Marquette this afternoon.

D. H. Bacon, of Tower, left for Chicago this afternoon.

Miss Maude Baker, who has been visiting friends in Duluth and Superior for the past two weeks, left for St. Paul today.

Mrs. Henry T. Sattler, of New York, is visiting Mrs. I. Freimuth.

Miss Helen Farnham, of St. Paul, is visiting Mrs. John Cogan.

MR. TOWNE TALKS.

How the Motives of Bimetallists Are Misrepresented.

"The Minneapolis Journal article quoted in the News Tribune this morning," said Congressman Towne to a Herald reporter, "is merely another perverted and intentional misrepresentation of the motives and intentions of the bimetallists in this state, and especially in the Republican party. It adopts the cheap and familiar trick of using the word 'silver' with endless repetition, with the transparent object of identifying us with the idea of silver monometallism. I have heard of no plan to form silver clubs. If any clubs are formed they will be gold and silver clubs. You cannot put it too strongly that the great Republican party is in danger of capture by the gold monometallists unless the people are aroused to the situation. They are endeavoring to steal the banner of the party and thus deceive the great loyal host that follows it, until they have completed the surrender to the money system of free-trade England.

"The effort is made in this article to question my Republicanism. I am a Republican and I stand for the old faith of that grand old party. I cannot be intimidated by any combination of gold conspirators from expressing the doctrines of that party, nor can that unpatriotic 'communism of pelf' kick me out of that party."

"I have no hesitation in saying," added Mr. Towne, "that it is the general opinion among bimetallists in Minnesota that clubs ought to be formed and literature ought to be disseminated in order to give the people opportunities to make an intelligent decision on this great question. Such clubs will not be political or partisan, but solely economic, patriotic and educational. They are largely necessary because of the recreancy of the city newspapers to their duty. The single gold standard must go. Both gold and silver must perform the functions of fundamental money."

6 per cent Money in bank for any good loan, large or small. Call at once.
Some nice houses to rent cheap.
Do you want to buy a house?
We have just what you want.
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

RAN AWAY FROM HOME.

A Youth From Minneapolis Charged With Vagrancy.

James Abraham Garfield Dunn appeared in Judge Edson's court this morning charged with vagrancy. When he stood up the judge had to lean over his desk to see him. J. A. G. Dunn is 13 years old with a bright appearance and disclaimed any idea of vagrancy. His home, he said, was in Minneapolis and he had run away with the intention of beating his way to Boston in order to join the navy. Finding it a hard thing to sleep in Duluth he had gone down to the St. Paul & Duluth tracks to await a train for home, and becoming tired crawled into an empty box car and was arrested. Then the youth pulled out a voluminous bundle of letters he had received from newspapermen and others during his travels and the judge dismissed the case.

THE DECISION SUSTAINED.

In the local land office a decision from the commissioner's office affirming that of the register and receiver in the case of James Longwell against Ole C. Mork was received today. The contest involves the nw¼, section 35-67-20, land upon which there is about 1,000,000 feet of pine. In January the local office gave a decision in favor of Mork, the homesteader, on flatly contradictory testimony, and the commissioner sustains this action.

$29—BALTIMORE AND RETURN—$29.

Via The Northwestern Line (Omaha railway), on sale July 15 and 16 at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. Summers, agent.

MARINE MATTERS.

The Steamer Pratt Released From the Rocks.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer P. P. Pratt was released from the rocks at False Detour this morning by the wrecker Favorite, and is now at Detour dock waiting to be unloaded.

COAL TONNAGE SCARCE.

Buffalo, July 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The 25-cent Duluth coal rate attracts but little tonnage, and the Chicago business is almost nothing outside of a few line boats. Charters: Glasgow, Paisley, Aberdeen. Duluth 25 cents.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.
(Specials to The Herald.)

Erie—Cleared: Brazil, Duluth, Schuck, Superior, coal.

Cleveland—Cleared: W. Morley, Duluth, coal.

Buffalo—Cleared with coal: Mahoning, City of Cleveland, Superior.

South Chicago—Cleared: Pathfinder, Sagamore, Two Harbors.

Fairport—Cleared with coal: Venice, Superior. Cleared light: Berlin, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared with coal: John Owen, Duluth. Cleared light: Teutonia, Philip Minch, Case, Duluth.

Huron—Cleared: Emery Owen, coal, Duluth.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Sitka, Yukon, 10:30 last night; Schuylkill, Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, midnight; Forbes, McLachlan, 1 a. m.; Hadley, Gratwick (wood), 3; Fessenden, 4:30; Maine, Buckhout, Exile, Pendali, 5:30; Hiawatha, Crosthwaite, 7; H. A. Tuttle, Hallaran, 8; City of Genoa, 9; Livingstone, Moran, 10. Down: Kearsarge, Cadillac, 10 last night; Edwards, Golden Age, 11:30; Manitoba, Avon, 12:30 a. m.; Schoolcraft, Bourke, Nester, 2; Matoa, St. Lawrence, 4; Olympia, Pease, Planet, 5; Doty, Jeanette, 6; Parks Foster, Locke, Colorado, 7:30; J. C. Lockwood, 8:30; Stewart, Drake, Hannaford, Perces, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Merida, 11 a. m.; Maritana, Campbell, 12; Grecian, Lycoming, 1:30 p. m.; Wade, Cherokee and consort, 3; Athabasca, Maythan, 5; Germania and consorts, Missoula, 6; Onoko, Germanic and consort, 8; Ranney and consort, 9. Down: Clinton and consorts, Manola, 11:30 a. m.; Street and consorts, Jay Gould, Charles Kimball, 1 p. m.; Whitaker and consorts, 2:30; Centurian, Pioneer, 4; Kaiskaska and consort, Gratwick (steel), 5:30; Stafford and consorts, 7; Andaste, Wawatam, 8:30.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., July 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Oades and consorts, Omaha, 9:15 last night; Donaldson and barges, 10:15; Northern Wave, 1:30 a. m.; Mesaba, 1:40; Samuel Mitchell, 2:15; Vulcan, 3; Bielman, 3:20; Globe, 3:30; Charles Eddy, 4:15; Oscar Flint, 4:30; Corsica, 5:30; New York, 8; Majestic, 8:30; Robert Rhodes, 9; Marshall and consorts, 10.

Down yesterday: Hodge, 10:10 a. m.; Codorus, 10:40; Alberta, 2 p. m.; Tampa, 2:30; Devereux, Coffinberry, Camden, Japan, Hebard and consorts, 4:40; Mather and consorts, Inter Ocean Winslow, 6; Mariska and consorts, 8:20.

Port of Duluth.

ARRIVED.

Prop Monarch, Sarnia; passengers and merchandise.
Prop Sheldon, Chicago; railroad iron.
Prop Fedora, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Tempest, Lake Erie; light for lumber.
Prop J. C. Ford, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Aurora, Lake Erie; light for ore.
Schr Adams, Lake Erie; light for ore.
Prop Weed, Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop James Fisk, Jr., Buffalo; merchandise.
Prop Russia, Buffalo; light for grain.
Schr Pennington, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Spencer, Lake Erie; coal.
Prop Roby, Lake Erie; light for ore.
Prop Rappahannock, Buffalo; salt.
Prop Edward Smith, Lake Erie; light for lumber.
Schr Angus Smith, Lake Erie; light for lumber.
Schr Maria Martin, Lake Erie; light for lumber.
Schr Homer, Lake Erie; light for lumber.

DEPARTED.

Prop Rosedale, Buffalo; wheat.
Prop North Land, Buffalo; passengers.
Prop Jim Sheriffs, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Schr Bell, Two Harbors; light for ore.
Prop Farwell, Cleveland; ore.
Schr Rutter, Cleveland; ore.
Prop Northern King, Buffalo; flour.
Prop Nicholas, Buffalo; flour and wheat.
Prop C. B. Lockwood, Lake Erie; ore.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., July 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Minch, 11:30 last night; Gould, 1 a. m.; Juniata, 2; America, 4:40; Emory Owen and consorts, 5; Pope, Lasalle, 5:40; Chili, 7:50; Manchester, Continental, Holland, W. Morley, Siberia, Folsom and consorts, 8:30; Mahoning, 9; Schuck, 10.

Up yesterday: Morley, Ewen, 1 p. m.; John Duncan, 5:10; Lewiston, 7:15; Cumberland and consort, 8; Neshoto, 8:20; Gladstone, 9; Bradley and consorts, 9:30.

MARINE NOTES.

Clearances: L. W. Nicholas, 50,000 bushels wheat, 5000 barrels flour, Buffalo; Monohansett, 575,000 feet lumber, Muskegon; Fountain City, 600,000 feet lumber, Chicago; Farwell, 1100 tons ore, Cleveland; Rutter, 1353 tons ore, Cleveland; G. K. Jackson, 600,000 feet lumber, Dunkirk.

The schooner Adams this morning loaded the first cargo of ore for several years from the Winnipeg ore docks at Allouez bay and left this afternoon. The ore comes from the Mahoning mine.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, July 13.—Arrived: Etruria, Liverpool; St. Louis, Southampton.

For Rent....

An 8-room Modern House—All Conveniences, nicest location in the City, handy to business, no street cars, will rent cheap to responsible party. Apply to

Wm. E. LUCAS,
Exchange Building.

OUTLOOK FAVORABLE.

Duluth & Iron Range May Retain Its Land Grant.

St. Paul, July 13.—Attorney General Childs this morning granted a hearing to J. H. Chandler, attorney for the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, on the question of the state auditor as to whether or not the road is entitled to the land grant originally made to it. The road has already received 121,000 acres but claims over 600,000. The hearing was not a long one. Attorney Chandler simply laid the claims of the company before Gen. Childs in a straight talk, without any display of oratory. He claims, in the first place, that the grant made the company in 1875 was never forfeited, because it had not been declared forfeited and he cited the decision of our own supreme court in the case against the Duluth & Winnipeg road.

It was also claimed that the act of 1883, allowing the road to change its terminal point, in which it was provided that the road should retain all its original privileges, was really an extension of the old grant, and not a new grant, as the auditor claimed. If it can be shown that the act really meant a new grant, it would be unconstitutional, as the auditor claims, but this is denied by the interested parties. The attorney general took the matter under advisement, but the general opinion is that the road will be able to hold its grant since it was never formally declared forfeited.

SPECIAL SUNDAY TRAINS—FOND DU LAC AND SPIRIT LAKE.

Via St. Paul & Duluth, 9:30 a. m., 2:45 p. m. Returning leave Fond du Lac 5:40 p. m., 9:30 p. m. Excursion tickets, No. 401 West Superior street and Union depot.

EXCURSION TOMORROW.

Sunday excursion to Fond du Lac on steamer Henrietta. Boat leaves foot of Fifth avenue west at 9:30 a.m. Round trip, 35 cents. Music on the boat.

MENG OWNS IT ALL.

Decision by Judge Lewis in a Partnership Case.

Judge Lewis has filed his findings in the case of A. R. Bayne against Fred Meng, in which Bayne claimed that he had been driven out of his interest in the partnership between the parties, who opened a one-cent store here some time ago. Judge Lewis finds that the partnership is dissolved and that Meng is the owner of the entire stock and good will to the exclusion of Bayne, the plaintiff.

In the case of John R. Duff et al., against C. M. Cutler, Judge Ensign has filed an order overruling a demurrer.

S. F. White, as administrator of the estate of Alice Lida Cross, has sued the city for $1100 alleged to be due for lot 17, block 19, Portland division, which the city condemned for opening Sixth avenue east. White & McKeon are plaintiff's attorneys.

The Missionary society of the Evangelical association of North America, through its attorney, W. B. Phelps, has sued H. E. Long for $500 on a note. Bella B. Brigham has sued L. F. Pitkin for $320 on a note. J. H. Brigham is her attorney.

There was no special term of district court today, and there will be none until July 27.

VISITORS FROM HUNGARY.

Dr. Joseph Czentner and Louis Markoczy, engineer, of Budapest, Hungary, are in the city today. They are sent by the Hungarian government to look over the elevators and flour mills of this country with a view to improving those of their own country. Today they were shown over the elevators and the Imperial flour mill. Yesterday they were in Minneapolis.

GIVEN BY THE LADIES' UNION OF THE MORLEY CONGREGATIONAL CHUCH—TWO GRAND

Lake Excursions to Two Harbors, July 20,

On Steamer DIXON at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Lunch and Ice Cream served on board. Boat returns at 5 and 11 p. m.

Splendid Music on Board.

First Lake Excursion of the Season

Tickets on sale at Kegler's, Boyce's and Smith's Drug Stores, Duluth Cash Grocery and at Booth's dock.

MONEY ON HAND

For a few good real estate loans. No Delay.

C. A. & E. D. FIELD,
21 Exchange Building.

5% $100,000.00 6%

TO LOAN.

Sums to Suit...

The Duluth Banking Co.,
400 Barrows Building

Mortgage Loans!

Various amounts, at lowest rates, without delay. Money always on hand.

ROSS L. MAHON,
607 First National Bank Building.

G. E. BLACKWOOD. BLACKWOOD & CO., H. B. VAN BERGEN.
Successors to C. Wiseman at No. 311 West Superior Street.

Business Men's Lunch from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m.

QUICK SERVICE. GOOD COOKING. MEAL TICKETS, $6 for $4.50 CASH.

Tables Reserved for Ladies. Open from 6 a. m. to 1 a. m.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue Already iced. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

TWELVE PAGES--PART TWO--Pages 7 to 12

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1895.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SOCIETY

The Summer Dullness in Social Circles is Now in Evidence.

Coming Concert at the Temple Will Be Quite a Social Event.

Society Will Also Attend the Recital by Violinist Frederick Spencer.

The week in society has been a very quiet one. For one thing, the summer cessation from all kinds of gaieties is just beginning. Then, too, it was the week after the Fourth, and the many entertainments which were given in honor of the national birthday had a natural tendency to create somewhat of a dullness in their wake. In one line of entertainment there has been some activity. Duluth people have taken advantage of the fair and warm weather to enjoy out-of-door life, and there have been several largely-attended picnic parties and smaller ones almost innumerable.

The coming week promises to be no more active socially than the present has been. The concert arranged by Miss Moak will be the only important event in the city. Several Duluthians will entertain—for the most part informally—in honor of guests who are visiting them, and there will be a number of picnics and boating parties.

* * *

On Wednesday evening at the Congregational church Mrs. William Hunter Brown gave a very artistic piano recital, which was attended by a large audience of music lovers. Mrs. Brown was assisted in the program by Miss Rebecca McKenzie, who sang the aria from "Traviata," by Verdi, and by Miss Louisa Hall, who rendered a vocal selection, "For the Sake of the Past." Mrs. Brown in her playing possesses in a marked degree that power of sympathetic expression which is so pleasing and captivating. At the close of the program an informal reception was given, at which many of those present met Mrs. Brown.

* * *

Two very unpleasant mishaps to society people of Duluth, one of which was not without its ludicrous side, occurred during the week. On Wednesday evening Victor Hugo entertained a small party of friends on his launch. Some distance up the river an accident to the machinery made further progress an impossibility, and the party was obliged to get to shore as best it could and walk several miles to catch a car home.

The other mishap occurred to a buckboard party. Several young ladies and gentlemen were out to spend the afternoon amid rural surroundings. Their road passed through a very swampy tract, and one of the horses getting off the track, mired and fell. To avoid the possible breakage of the buckboard or harness it was decided to keep the animal down until the traces could be unhooked and the vehicle removed. Accordingly one of the gentlemen seated himself on the horse's head, but the animal objected to this method of procedure, and arising somewhat abruptly and without due notice, deposited the young gentleman with more force than grace in the mud. He was unable to extricate himself and was in a position in which suffocation would have resulted had not his companions rushed heroically to his rescue, regardless of damage to patent leathers and other dire consequences. When the party returned several of the members would not have graced an informal reception or afternoon tea.

On Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Hartley a lecture on "Michael Angelo" was delivered by Bishop McGolrick for the benefit of the Children's home. Vocal selections were rendered by Mrs. John Snapp and Mrs. Craig. The event not only proved a successful one financially, but a very delightful one socially. Among those present were Judge and Mrs. Ensign, Mr. and Mrs. Comstock, Mr. and Mrs. William Craig, Mrs. Birch and sister, Rev. Dr. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. John Snapp, Mr. and Mrs. Batchelor, Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood, Dr. and Mrs. Routh, Mrs. Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald, Miss Fitzgerald, Miss Shepard, Mrs. Turle, Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Goffe, Col. and Mrs. E. C. Gridley, Miss Grace Foote, Mr. and Mrs. Ames and Mrs. Mendenhall.

* * *

One of the musical events which is scheduled to take place in the near future is an organ recital to be given at Pilgrim Congregational church by Arthur G. Drake. The exact date has not been fixed, but the recital will take place on or about Aug. 1. Mr. Drake hopes to secure an orchestra of twenty pieces to assist in the program, but has not yet entirely completed his arrangements for this and other features. Mr. Drake's former recital was an artistic success, and music lovers may anticipate an entertainment of excellent merit in the approaching one.

* * *

Although for the past week society has been indulging itself in out-of-door functions largely to the exclusion of all others, and the next week promises to be spent in a manner very similar to the last, at least one entertainment of note will be given under the glare of the artificial lights. An evening at the Temple Opera house arranged by Miss Moak, to be devoted to an entertainment semi-musical and semi-theatrical with a decided social flavor will be the leading event of the week in social Duluth. The date of this concert has been fixed for Friday, July 19, and the box-office at the Temple will be open for the sale of reserved seats on and after Monday next.

The earlier portion of the evening will be devoted to the musical portion of the program. In this several of the most prominent musical people in the city will assist and a wide range of selections will be given. The evening will close with one of the brightest and wittiest farces from the pen of Howell, presented by Misses Collins, Moak and Markell and Messrs. Arthur Lahey, Harry Totman, H. G. Gearhart and E. C. Jones.

The sweeping social success of this function is already assured by the general interest which has been manifested in the event, which has demonstrated itself in the social universality of the names included in the list of patrons and patronesses, and in the formation of several box parties by the social leaders of the city.

The program will be as follows:

PART I.

"Annie Laurie".....Dudley Buck
Arion Quartet.
Beethoven—Theme and variations arranged for two pianos by St. Saens .....
Mrs. D. H. Day, Miss LaBurte Shepherd
Reveries .....A. Storch
Arion Quartet.
Song.....
Mrs. R. M. Stephenson.
"Cradle song".....Brahms
"There a Lass".....Rob Roy
Miss Collins, Miss Moak, N. Murphy, Arion Quartet.

PART II.

Farce—"Thirty minutes for Refreshments,"
Characters—
John Downley, a bachelor.....
..... Arthur Lahey
Clarence Fitts, his colored servant
..... Harry Totman
John Faxton, a young married gentleman.....Harry G. Gearhart
Major Pepper, U. S. A.....E. C. Jones
Mrs. Faxton .....Miss Markell
Miss Arabella Pepper, a maiden lady
..... Miss Collins
Polly, waiting maid at Highland station ..... Miss Collins

In the list of patrons and patronesses are: Messrs. and Mesdames Clinton Markell, E. E. Collins, J. D. Ensign, E. W. Markell, O. H. Simonds, Emil Schmeid, J. B. Adams, C. P. Craig, J. C. Hunter, W. C. Sargent, George Cheeseborough, F. C. Guthrie, R. C. Ray, George Greenwood, L. T. Allen, A. W. Dutton, E. S. Anneke, C. C. Salter-James McKindley, Thomas Dowse, W. C. Sherwood, Weston, D. B. Searle, Gerard Tonning, Mark Baker, F. W. Paine, D. G. Cutler, L. J. Taussig, A. J. H. Upham, Clarke Flagg, Phelan, J. H. McLaren, Renwick Knox, Sheldon Fraser, Ernest Lachmund, A. W. Marshall, H. H. Hanford, George Rupley, N. A. Gearhart, C. E. Judd, James McAuliffe, W. B. Silvey, Charles Thornton, Dr. Goffe, Emil Ohmd, Renard George Barnum, L. P. Ormond, A. W. Bradley, S. Wadhams, H. A. Smith, D. H. Day, G. G. Hartley, S. T. Harrison, Fitger, William Harrison, G. V. T. Brown: Misses Ensign, Miller, Todd, Sharp, Comstock, Markell, Neff, McLaren, Selwood, Hubbard, Poirier, Dickinson, Sadie Hubbard, Farrell, Spencer, Fraser, O'Keefe, Phillips, Burke, Stearns, Mrs. Van Loo, Mrs. McAdams, Mrs. Hugo, Mrs. O. C. Hartman, A. W. Hartman, Ayers, Bishop McGolrick, Bradley, Dickermann, Culver, Farrington, McKindley, Watrous, Stearns, Brown, Peyton, L. M. Mendenhall, Mahon, DeWitt, Father Kosmeri, Phillips, Taussig, Dyson, Crawford, Parsons and Tyler, A. M. Miller.

Boxes will be occupied by Mrs. A. M. Miller, Miss Miller, Mrs. J. H. Upham and Mrs. Clarke Flagg, Messrs. Hartman and party, Mrs. D. G. Cutler and party, Mrs. E. E. Collins and Miss McNair, of Minneapolis, Mrs. Clinton Markell and party, Miss Gertrude Markell and party and Mrs. J. B. Adams and party, Capt. Torrey and party.

* * *

A rare treat will be accorded the music loving people of Duluth in the appearance of Frederick W. Spencer, a noted violinist, at Pilgrim Congregational church on July 26. Mr. Spencer has been secured by the management of the Children's home, and the fact that the proceeds of his concert will be applied to the benefit of this institution should in itself be sufficient to assure a large attendance, even without the aid of the artist's enviable musical reputation. Mr. Spencer plays both the violin and guitar, and on each instrument he gives a number of selections of widely varying character, including a number of descriptive pieces arranged by himself. He has received the most favorable press comment wherever he has appeared.

* * *

One of the pleasantest social events of the week was a card party given last Tuesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Allen in honor of Miss Staples, who is their guest. Progressive euchre, in which prizes were won by Misses McLaren and Wadhams, was followed by refreshments. Among the guests were Messrs. and Mesdames Fishbine, W. W. Billson, Wadhams, Robert Dowse, Robert Hunter, Knox, William Winton, Mesdames Winton, Kritzer, Misses Miller, Fannie Barber, Smith, Winton, Elliott, Messrs. O. C. and Alex. Hartman, Woods, S. S. Bradley, E. W. Matter, Albert Winton, Smith and C. E. Barber.

* * *

SOCIAL GOSSIP.

Since its advent in Duluth the Tally-Ho has taken a more or less prominent part in social amusements. It will come into play this week in a coaching party to be given on Tuesday evening by F. L. Gilbert, upon which he will entertain a party of about twenty of his friends. The drive will be out on London road and return by way of the boulevard.

Miss Jennison and William F. Jennison, of Bay City, Mich., are visiting their sister, Mrs. Frederick Lee Gilbert, at the Spalding.

Mrs. Silas M. Drake, of New York, is a guest of her son, Arthur G. Drake, organist of the Pilgrim church. Mrs. Drake will remain in Duluth about a month.

Mrs. M. L. McCarthy, of Chicago, arrived on the North Land yesterday for a summer's visit with her brother, J. H. Delaney. She made the trip from Buffalo, and among the 350 passengers Mayor Pingree, wife and family, of Detroit, rode as far as the city of the straits. Nearly 200 passengers disembarked at Mackinac island.

Mrs. Robert Ray has returned from California, where she spent about six months.

Miss Annie Guthrie, of St. Paul, is visiting at the home of Mrs. F. N. Guthrie.

On Thursday evening Miss Comstock gave a delightful informal party in honor of her guests, Mrs. W. S. Birch, Miss Birch and William Birch, of Evanston, Ill.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Van Loo will entertain the Ladies' Whist club.

C. E. Bassett and Mrs. Van Loo will give an informal supper tomorrow evening, at which they will entertain Miss Comstock and her guests, Mrs. and Miss Birch and William Birch.

H. B. Earhart, Miss Marie Earhart, Wells Gilbert, Fred O. Harris and family and Dr. H. D. Jones and family are Duluthians who have registered at the St. Louis hotel, St. Louis, Wis., during the past week.

A number of young society people, chaperoned by Mrs. Coffin, enjoyed a delightful picnic at O-at-ka on Monday. They went to the picnic grounds in sail and row boats. In the party were Misses Poirier, Leland, Stearns, Best, of Minneapolis; Nelson, of Los Angeles; Messrs. F. W. Sullivan, Arthur McKinley, F. W. Baldrick, Hunter, H. G. Gearhart, Martin Watrous and F. B. Lazier.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Fraser entertained very delightfully on Thursday afternoon, giving a picnic party in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Jackson, who are their guests.

The wedding of Miss Boyce and Mr. Gates, of Salt Lake City, which was announced some time since, will occur on Aug. 1.

A party of Duluthians will leave on Monday for a trip of two weeks on the Nautilus. Their course will probably be up the north shore, but it will be governed only by the dictates of fancy and may take in the Sault before the return. B. F. Howard will act as high admiral. Among the members of the party will be Mr. and Mrs. George W. Strayer and Miss Strayer, Miss Phillips and Miss Margaret Phillips and Messrs. Phillips and Parsons.

Mrs. C. A. Towne is visiting at her old home in Lansing, Mich. She will be absent from Duluth about three weeks.

Mrs. Luther Mendenhall and son are in the city.

Miss Johnson, of Minneapolis, is a guest of Misses Schneider at their home on Fourth street.

Miss Nellie Farnham, of St. Paul, is a guest at the home of Mrs. John Cogan.

Edward Durant, of St. Paul, was in the city a few days this week.

Col. W. E. Darwin is in New York.

N. S. Murphy went to St. Paul this week to sing at musical entertainments given by a number of his friends in St. Paul and Stillwater.

The Duluth Operatic club will leave late next week or early in the week following to present musical programs at Bayfield, Ashland and Washburn. They will sing at Bayfield on Monday, July 22, at Ashland on the following evening and in Washburn on July 24.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bates and Miss Belle Stewart, of Cloquet, were guests this week of Mr. Bate's brother, W. J. Bates.

Miss Alma Maynard, of Brooklyn, left Tuesday on the steamer United Empire for her uncle's home on the Hudson.

On Tuesday evening Misses Mary M. and Claire Miller took the Omaha for Ono, Wis., where they will visit relatives. From there Miss Claire will go to Madison, Wis., to visit friends and Miss Mary will proceed to Des Moines, Iowa, for the balance of her vacation.

Harvey Oxford, of Minneapolis, is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Richardson.

Mrs. L. D. Gray, of Fresus, Cal., is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ernest Lachmund.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Hammel, of Appleton, Wis., are visiting their son, Louis Hammel, at No. 1423 East Third street.

Misses Agnes Young, Grace Maxwell, Rudolph, Harner, Reed, Becker, Ida M. Chambers left on the Omaha limited Monday for the Christian Endeavor convention at Boston.

An excursion to Fond du Lac on Inman's Henrietta was given Thursday by the Sunday school of the Morley Congregational church. The boat left at 10 o'clock in the morning and returned at 6 p. m.

Monroe Nichols and F. B. Daugherty have gone to West Baden, Ind., to spend three weeks.

J. E. York returned last Tuesday from England.

Miss Olga Lowitzky, of St. Louis, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. P. S. Anneke.

F. C. Dennett, is making a trip through New England, renewing old acquaintances.

M. H. Wardwell left Monday on a trip to Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Myers were at Deerwood several days this week.

Capt. La Salle has gone down the lakes on the Chili.

Mr. and Mrs. William C. White are occupying their cottage at Deerwood.

Judge A. C. Hickman, of St. Paul, was a guest this week of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Taylor.

D. H. Moon was in the city from St. Paul this week.

Maj. and Mrs. Sears returned yesterday from Marquette.

Frank Williamson spent several days this week in Deerwood.

G. C. Gilfillan is entertaining Messrs. C. N. and T. D. Coe, of Romeo, Mich., at his home, No. 512 First avenue west.

Ex-Mayor Charles d'Autremont, wife and son are in Denver.

S. A. Thompson has returned from Boston.

George D. Kirkham, who left Duluth about three months ago to make his home in Chicago, is in the city and will remain for about a month.

Miss Farrell entertained the children of the kindergarten at her home on Tuesday afternoon.

R. E. Denfeld has returned from Denver.

Mrs. Daniel Dickinson and Miss Anna Dickinson are in Chicago.

Miss Flora Louden and Miss Zella Hurd left Tuesday for Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Jackson, of Toledo, are visiting Mrs. Jackson's sister, Mrs. S. L. Frazer.

Mrs. E. W. White, of Minneapolis, is visiting Mrs. John Maginnis.

Archie Shearer, Miss Kate Shearer, Thomas Irvine and Miss Mattie Irvine are visiting at Berg Park, Wis., for a few days.

C. F. De Lano left Wednesday on the steamer Hunter for a few days' outing at Iron River.

The juvenile entertainment which was to have been given this week by the Estey W. C. T. U. in the Second Presbyterian church has been postponed to next Tuesday.

Mrs. H. A. Daley, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. George Arbury, returned Thursday to her home.

A. W. Taussig is in Chicago.

C. B. Stewart has gone East.

Miss Watson has returned to Marquette.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Shores were in the city from Ashland Thursday.

Mrs. J. H. Horton, of St. Paul, is the guest of Mrs. H. F. Williamson.

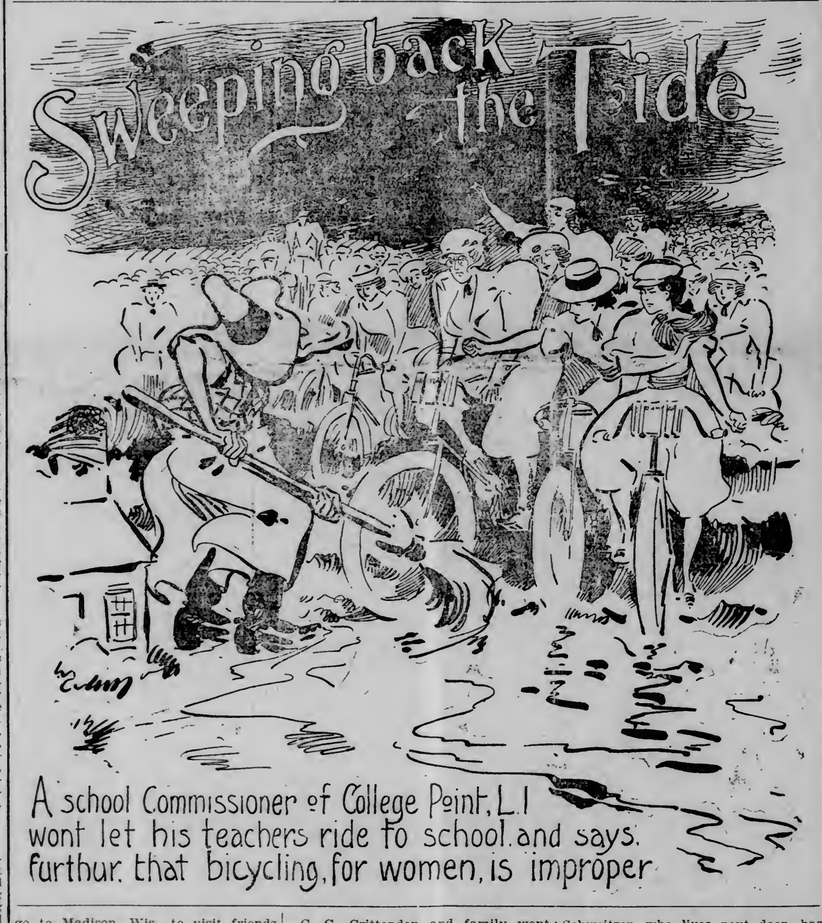
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Harris went down the lakes on the North Land last night.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Omeis returned last Tuesday from Galesburg, Ill.

Miss Mary McCalla Gantt, of Lockport, N. Y., is visiting for the summer with Mrs. John L. Foote and Mrs. D. A. Dunlap.

Mrs. C. P. Bragg has returned from a nine months' visit in Ohio, having spent the spring in Cleveland with her sister.

E. Matter, who has been visiting his son, E. W. Matter, returned Wednesday to Madison, Wis.



EVERY MONDAY

In July and August you can buy tickets from Duluth to Banff, Laggan and Field, on the line of the Canadian Pacific in the heart of the Rockies, at $55 for the round trip, including double berth in first-class sleeping car both ways. For full particulars call on or write

T. H. Larke,
426 Spalding house block.

EASY ONE.

"Oh, where can rest be found?"
A weary poet sighs.
That's easy. Drop into a store
That doesn't advertise.
—Kansas City Journal.

DON'T STOP HIM!

He has a bad attack of colic and is making for Max Wirth's drug store after a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. 25 and 50 cents.

CITY HALL

Woes and Tribulations of the Inspectors of the Health Department.

Perils That Attend the Settlement of the Clothes Line Disputes.

The Life of Municipal Court Clerk Fairfax Becomes Very Precious.

The health department occupies a peculiar position in the administration. Not only must the keen-nosed inspectors ferret out oderiferous garbage boxes but they are frequently called upon to act as arbitrators in clothes line quarrels which it would take the wisdom of Solomon himself to decide. Should the disputants appeal from the decision then everyone concerned appears at the health office filled with indignation.

A Herald representative dropped into Chief Inspector Rossiter's office at the city hall the other day and listened to the ruling on some of the complaints. A majority of them were laughable. Mrs. Hoolihan came in to say that Mrs. Schweitzer, who lives next door, has thrown dirty water on her line full of clean clothes in the back yard. Will the health officer go and make the woman stop it.

It is of no use for the chief inspector to say the department has nothing to do with the matter. She would not believe him anyhow, so he simply remarked: "I'll send an inspector out at once, madam." Mrs. Hoolihan goes away feeling happy and contented with her morning's work. Then there comes a ring on the telephone.

"Hello."

"There's a dead horse down here near Steenth street. Why in blazes don't the health department have it carted off?"

"Will attend to it at once, sir; thank you."

"You ought to have done so without putting me to all this annoyance."

Then the inspector hangs up the receiver with a vicious jerk and remarks: "I wish the people could understand that unless people report things we don't know much about them. We are not mindreaders. What is it madam.

Then ensues a long discussion. She lives in the first flat, and her neighbors above to do their washing on the back porch and the water trickles down on her clean porch.

Again there is a promise that the matter will be attended to. After she has departed comes in a string of complaints of a most varied nature. One woman says her neighbor's chickens scratch in her garden and have hurt her vegetables. Another that a goat belonging to the family next door has a very obtrusive odor and should be suppressed. Interspersed with these dissertations are a number of genuine complaints which are given prompt attention.

But woe betide the luckless inspector who is sent out to look up a clothes line case. He must keep his wits about him and exercise a good deal of diplomacy, for there have been cases known of flat-irons, brooms and slops being used with good effect. These are very uncomfortable things when applied under some conditions.

Frequently the inspector is either unable or afraid to make a decision and the excited women will come hurrying down to the office at breakneck speed in order to lodge a complaint against him. The luckless man is then confronted with the disputants and a merry war is waged. If the inspector escapes with his life and senses he is a marked man ever afterwards.

Under all these disadvantages the health office is doing good, efficient work and keeping up an incessant warfare on uncleanliness.

* * *

Mr. Fairfax, who is clerk of the municipal court, is going about these days with a particularly stern and grim expression on his countenance. He explains it by saying he is not well. Nevertheless, the joke leaked out.

It seems Mr. Fairfax is an ardent devotee to Izaak Walton's gentle art of fisheric. When he goes into the woods to indulge in this penchant he usually takes with him a well-known local life insurance man who enjoys both fishing and hunting. One day last week the pair were fishing not far from Deer lake. The insurance man improved the intervals between bites by talking business in a clear, logical way, which ought to have convinced Mr. Fairfax that he should carry $5000 insurance at least, but didn't succeed.

The conversation waxed warm, but still the clerk remained obdurate. Suddenly the insurance man felt a tug on his line. He looked over the side and beheld the largest pickerel he had ever seen. In a flurry of excitement he snatched the shotgun which was standing in the bows and fired through the bottom of the boat at the fish beneath.

The boat commenced to fill and was on the verge of sinking when the insurance man, who was in the bow, seized an overhanging bough and drew himself safe ashore. Fairfax, who could not swim, held out his hand to his friend, crying: "For goodness sakes, pull me out and don't let me drown!"

The insurance man rose to the occasion and folding his arms asked placidly: "Hadn't I better write you about $5000 non-cancellable iron-clad insurance?" "Yes, yes," gasped the victim. He was drawn safely ashore. Then the insurance man waded into the shallow water and pulled the boat ashore. Fairfax gritted his teeth as he saw that the water was only two feet deep. Now, however, his life is doubly precious.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

The prayer meeting topic for July 14, 1895: "For Christ and the Church," by J. Z. Tyler in the Lookout, Scripture lesson, Matt. xvi, 13-20.

We should recur frequently to first principles. In government, in philosophy, in religion, in all that concerns our well-being, there is danger of drifting. Many an enterprise, launched with fine prospects of success, has suffered shipwreck because it was suffered to drift from its original purpose and its fundamental principles. Our subject for this meeting is the motto of Christian Endeavor; it was chosen to set forth succinctly the spirit and purpose of the movement: It is opportune. The annual convocation of Endeavorers has attracted the attention of the world. The hosts are gathered together at Boston. The review of the past and the prospects of the future rekindle popular interest in this phenomenal movement. It is well for us to pause and ask as to its purpose and mission, its fundamental principles, and its relation to the church, especially as these are disclosed in this motto. What is the purpose of this movement?

I. It does not exist for itself. If it did, it would be unworthy the name "Christian." It can not, consistently, make its own growth and glory the end and aim of its being. In its beginning it declared, with evident sincerity, that it was "for Christ and the church." This declaration disarmed criticism and won friends, and has been the secret of much of its success.

2. It is a training school for the church. As there are secular schools designed to train persons for the various pursuits of secular life, so may the Christian Endeavor society be regarded as a training school within the church, designed to prepare young Christians for greater usefulness in its various enterprises. There is no need for separate agencies through which Christian Endeavorers may put forth their efforts, but they should at once become familiar with the agencies of the church and heartily co-operate in its work. The motto of Christian Endeavor proclaims to all the world that it is for the church.

3. It associates the church with Christ. The connection in which they stand in the motto is not by chance. They are vitally joined. No body of persons, whatever its doctrinal position and organization, is a true church of Christ unless it is vitally joined to him. He is its head. His life animates it; his spirit dominates it. Christ is supreme. The motto does not declare a divided allegiance—partly to Christ and partly to the church—but its supreme allegiance is to Christ, and its loyalty to any ecclesiastical organization is conditioned upon the loyalty of the organization to Christ.

4. Its supreme purpose is to do the will of Christ. The emphasis is upon do. It is said that when Cromwell visited the cathedral at York he pointed to some silver statues adorning niches in the wall, and said: "Who are they?" "They are the holy apostles of our Lord," replied the guide. "Then let them be taken down and coined, that, like their Master, they may go about doing good." So the Christian Endeavor movement lays emphasis upon service. The very word "endeavor" signifies this. It is the broadest word in our language for effort. It declares that as Christians we will attempt to do something, and that something shall be according to the will of Christ. It is not simply a talking society, or a singing society, or a social society, or even a praying society, but pre-eminently a working society.

These fundamental principles of loyalty to Christ and active support of the church have contributed largely to the success of Christian Endeavor, and its future prosperity is conditioned upon continued fidelity to these same principles. Let it not come to pass that Christian Endeavorers will do nothing with enthusiasm that is not for the glory of Christian Endeavor. Let it not be that while we retain the motto, "For Christ and the Church," to adorn banners, our real purpose shall be "For Christian Endeavor and its Glory." There is danger. Let us stand fast to first principles and to our original purpose.

In your blood is the cause of that tired, languid feeling. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes rich, red blood and gives renewed vigor. 12

CHURCHES

Special Service for the Boys and Girls at Pilgrim Church.

A Chautauqua Vesper Service at First M. E. Church Tomorrow Night.

Bishop McGolrick Will Administer Confirmation at St. Anthony's.

The boys and girls of Pilgrim Congregational church look forward to the second Sunday in the month with pleasure, as it is the day when the morning service is set apart for them, Rev. C. H. Patton delivering a sermon for their especial benefit. The subject tomorrow is "A Boy Musician," the third in a series on David. After this short address for the children Mr. Patton will preach a special sermon to the members of the Christian Endeavor society, a convention sermon for those who could not go to Boston. In the evening Mr. Patton will preach upon the very practical subject "Economy," a homily for hard times and indeed for all times. The music by Mr. Drake and Pilgrim choir will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—Andante Fifth Symphony.....Beethoven
Response—"Hear My Prayer, Oh, God"
.....Drake
Anthem—"O, Come to Me".....Florio
Offertory—"Call Me Thine Own".Halsey
Organ postlude—Postlude in C....Batiste

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Vorspiel".....Ashmall
Anthem—"God is Our Refuge".....Alden
Offertory—Andante.....Tours
Organ postlude—"March of Philistines"
(oratorio of "Samuel").....Steggatt

The next special musical service by the Pilgrim choir will take place the last Sunday evening in July, and a large and pleasing program is being prepared.

Services at the cathedral tomorrow will be as follows: First mass with instruction at 7 a. m.; second mass with instruction at 8 a. m.; third mass with instruction by Bishop McGolrick at 9 a. m.; high mass with sermon by Father Corbett, will be performed at 10:30 a. m; baptisms and blessings at 2 p. m.; and evening services with sermon by Rev. L. Grandchamps at 7:30 p. m., will be given.

The musical program will be as follows: Millard's Mass in G.....
"Kyrie".....
Miss McDonald, Mr. Foran, Mr. Brown.
"Gloria".....Choir.
"Gratias".....
Miss Kennedy, Miss Carroll.
"Domine Fili".....
Mr. Lynn.
"Qui Tollis".....
Miss McDonald.
"Credo".....Choir.
"Genitum".....
Miss Carroll.
"Et Incarnatus".....
Mr. Sattler.
"Cujus Regni".....
Mr. Lynn.
"Et Vificantum".....
Mr. Evans.
"Qui Cum Patri".....
Mr. Lynn.
"Et Quam Sanctum".....
Mr. Schultz.
Offertory—"Ave Maria".....Brounoff
Miss Kennedy.
"Sanctus".....Choir.
"Benedictus".....
Mr. Lynn.
"Agnus Dei".....Choir.

Bishop McGolrick will administer the confirmation at St. Anthony's church at high mass tomorrow.

At St. James' church West Duluth, first mass will be given at 8:30 with a short sermon; high mass will be given at 10:30 and evening devotions at 7:30 with a short sermon.

At New Duluth high mass with sermon will be held at 10:30 and Sunday school at 3 p. m.

At the First Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow the pastor, Dr. J. M. Thoburn, Jr., will preach at 10:30 on the subject of "The Upper and Nether Springs." In the evening at 8 o'clock, there will be a "Chautauqua Vesper Service" followed by a short sermon.

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Michigan street, Rev. T. M. Findley, pastor, there will be services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., and Sunday school in the church at 3 p. m.; young people's service is at 7 p. m. The morning subject will be "The Transfigured View of Christ," and the evening subject will be "The Stained Hands."

At Bethany chapel, 830 Garfield avenue, there will be preaching at 3:30 p. m., by Rev. T. M. Findley, on "Christian Work Delaying the Judgment." The singing will be led by the junior choir and the guitar club.

Bethel services on Lake avenue south will consist of a morning service at 10:30 conducted by John Wilson; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m., and evening service at 7:45, conducted by C. E. Holt. At the branch Bethel on Superior street, there will be an evening service conducted by John Wilson and gospel meetings will be held nightly during the week.

At the morning service at St. John's English Lutheran church, the pastor, O. W. Kuhns, will speak of "Christ's Fishers of Men." Sunday school will be at 11:45 a. m., and Luther league at 7 p. m., but there will be no evening service.

Rev. W. J. Johnson, pastor of Cummings Avenue M. E. church, West Superior, will speak at the men's mass meeting at Y. M. C. A. hall at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The First Church of Christ (Scientist), will hold its regular service at 10:45 a. m. in the Masonic Temple hall, fifth floor.

At the First Christian church, corner Fifth avenue west and Fourth street, Professor F. Shackleford, of Kentucky university, will preach at 11 a. m. The Y. P. S. C. E. will conduct the usual evening service at 8 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

The second quarterly communion service will be held at Morley Congregational church tomorrow morning at 10:45, and the regular preaching service will be held 9:45 a. m.

At the First Presbyterian church, the pastor, Rev. T. H. Cleland, D.D., will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. The morning subject will be "At the Beautiful Gate."

At St. Paul's church, Rev. A. W. Ryan, rector, there will be holy communion at 8 a. m.; Sunday school and Bible class at 10 a. m.; morning prayer, litany and sermon at 11 a. m., and evening prayer and sermon at 8 p. m.

At St. Luke's church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, F. N. Crosby lay reader, there will be a morning service and sermon at 10:45 a. m. and evening prayer and sermon at 7:45 p. m.

FOR A BRAIN STIMULANT

USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. W. F. Toombs, Morrilton, Ark., says: "It is certainly the finest brain stimulant I have found."

SPORTING

The Coming Tournament of the Tennis Club Will Be Interesting.

Eight-Oared Shell of the Duluth Club Loaned to Minnesotas.

The Winnipegs Likely to Be the Strongest Four at Minnetonka.

The week in sports has been a quiet one. Its beginning was marked by the defeat of the Grand Rapids club by the Duluth club in two good games, one on Saturday by a score of 11 to 0 and one on Sunday by a score of 12 to 8. Both games were good ones, Duluth playing over Grand Rapids in every way.

A feature of Saturday's game was the work of Will Chapman, the new pitcher, who appeared for the first time with the Duluth club. His work was excellent, and the expressions of approval were many. He is an important acquisition to the club, and will be an able assistant to Morris.

* * *

Within two or three weeks the Tennis club will give a tournament, and preparations and practice are actively in progress. The tournament will be open to all amateurs, and a small entrance fee will be charged. There will be two classes, A and B, and the club is already pretty clearly divided into their respective classes.

There will probably be one prize for each class, and the small number of prizes will enable the club to make them well worth striving for. The tournament will last a week and will be conducted as last year, the losers dropping out as fate overtakes them.

In Class A there will be Miss Terry, Hopkins, Terry, DeWitt and probably Dickerman. From the practice so far it looks as though the prize lay between Hopkins and Terry, and it is pretty hard to determine who will come out first.

In Class B there will probably be Martin Watrous, Johanson, Taussig, Paine, Chapin, Ward Ames, Jr., and Noyes. This class is playing very evenly, and it is impossible at present to "pick the winner." There will be about five in Class A and ten in Class B. Outsiders will be classed according to their respective reputations or as the board of directors may declare.

* * *

The Minnesota Boat club will be represented at the national regatta at Saratoga this month, the citizens of St. Paul having contributed a sufficient amount and the Duluth Boat club has loaned its eight-oared shell for the occasion. Yesterday morning Trainer John Kennedy, Lester Mabon and A. L. Buffington arrived in Duluth to get the shell, and departed in the afternoon on the Omaha. They met the crew at Eau Claire, and the entire party arrived in Chicago this morning together and will go on through together to Saratoga, where they must be by Monday.

While here Trainer John A. Kennedy expressed much hope of the success of the eight at Saratoga. They are in excellent form and training and are full of confidence in themselves. They have no fear of the New York Athletic club crew or of the Argonauts, but they expect to have to work to get ahead of the First Bohemians, of New York, and the Tritons, of Newark. They are entered for the senior four but will row in nothing except the eight. Hackett and Dr. Brissay, the two protested Rat Portage oarsmen, are rowing in doubles, but the Minnesotas are not entered and they will make no protest against them.

The crew is made up as follows: Percy Houghton, stroke; J. H. Simpson, 7; N. P. Langford, 6; Lester Mabon, 5; H. P. Bend, 4; A. L. Buffington, 3; J. D. Denegre, 2; T. L. Wann, bow; W. H. Yardly, coxswain; C. M. Bend, substitute; John A. Kennedy, trainer and coach.

* * *

The visiting oarsmen were much pleased with Duluth's boat club outfit, which has changed greatly since their last visit, at the time of the Duluth regatta.

Trainer Kennedy said that in his opinion the strongest four at the Minnesota regatta will be the Winnipegs, who are entered in the intermediate and senior four events at Saratoga. The have rowed together three years without winning and they should have accumulated much strength by this time. The four is made up as follows: J. C. Armitage, bow; W. J. K. Osborne, 2; J. C. Waugh, 3; C. L. Marks, stroke.

The Minnesotas have no junior four working at present for the Minnesota and Winnipeg regatta, although they are entered for every event.

The Lurlines are dead beyond all question, and they are doing nothing at all naturally.

* * *

Duluth's junior four are working hard, and their practice is resulting in decidedly encouraging signs of progress.

* * *

This afternoon and tomorrow Ashland and Duluth are scheduled for ball games at the West End grounds. Ashland has a strong team, and its battery, it is said, is one of the best in the university of Wisconsin. Following is the lineup for today:

Ashland.		Duluth.
Ryder	pitcher	Chapman
McCully	catcher	Connors
Scott, J.	short	Fitch.
Woodhead	first base	Lackie
McCall	second base	Girard
Pulcifer	third base	Springer
Long	right field	Neff
Ryder	center field	McCallum
Scott, H.	left field	Fleming

Tomorrow Morris will pitch for Duluth.

* * *

Next week the Duluth club will go to Brainerd, where they will play Saturday and Sunday. August 4 they will probably play at Ontonagon, running an excursion down from here on the Liberty. Clubs for July 21-22 and 27-28 have not yet been decided upon, though the managers have been corresponding with several.

* * *

Tomorrow there will be a match shoot of 100 birds to each man in addition to the regular medal contests of the Central Gun club at Spirit Lake. In the 100 bird contest there will be four contestants, Wojeck, Jackson, Bonehill and Shell. Wojeck gives Jackson the benefit of 15 birds added to his score.

MUNYON'S HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

MUNYON'S Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in three hours and cure in three days.

MUNYON'S Dyspepsia Cure is guaranteed to correct constipation and cure all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble.

MUNYON'S Catarrh Cure soothes and heals the afflicted parts and restores them to health. No failure; a cure guaranteed.

MUNYON'S Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease.

MUNYON'S Nerve Cure cures nervousness and builds up the system.

MUNYON'S Vitalizer imparts new life, restores lost powers to weak and debilitated men. Price $1.00.

No matter what the disease is or how many doctors have failed to cure you, ask your druggist for a 25-cent vial of one of Munyon's Cures, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded.

All the medals owned by the club will be up for the fifth time this season. The present holders are Bonehill in the A class, R. Little in class B, and Jones (one of the lady members of the club) in Class C. Shell holds the Hulberg Bros. unknown angle medal.

Baseball Yesterday.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Louisville—Louisville, 4; Boston, 1.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 5; Minneapolis, 6.
At Terre Haute—Terre Haute, 7; Milwaukee, 4.
At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 12; St. Paul, 17.
At Detroit—Detroit, 6; Kansas City, 5.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Baltimore	57	35	22
Pittsburg	67	40	27
Boston	74	38	36
Chicago	79	40	39
Cincinnati	63	36	27
Cleveland	68	38	30
Philadelphia	61	33	28
Brooklyn	63	33	30
New York	62	31	31
Washington	58	23	35
St. Louis	67	23	44
Louisville	61	12	49

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played	Won	Lost
Indianapolis	61	39	22
Detroit	62	35	27
Kansas City	63	34	29
St. Paul	62	32	30
Milwaukee	63	32	31
Minneapolis	61	27	34
Grand Rapids	65	26	39
Terre Haute	61	24	37

CURIOUS

Pecullar Superstitions That Some People Still Believe in.

Beware of a Male or Female Whose Nasal Organ Perspires!

Nonsensical Grouping of Omens of Good or Ill-Luck.

Everybody has a few superstitions, while a few people believe in all the superstitions they have ever heard of, adopting new ones as fast as they know of them, and never so happy as when they are in bondage to some fresh scheme for securing good luck or averting misfortune, says Violet Burrough's in the Chicago Mail.

What a curious world it would be if everybody believed all the superstitions. For instance, suppose you were to always avoid meeting a woman on Monday morning—the very worst luck possible; suppose you should stop to pick up each pin which chanced to lie in the path head toward you—to see one point to you means that you will shortly meet an enemy, shun that at any cost; or suppose you were to return home and stay there whenever a four-footed animal threatened to cross your path to avoid risking the danger such an incident foretells; or—but I might continue the list indefinitely until it would be evident that the person who believed actively in all the superstitions extant would never go anywhere or do anything, while if everybody did it, the world would soon come to a standstill so far as human effort is concerned.

The danger begins when you are born! A baby may be weighed with safety, but if the admiring parents should measure the infant during the first year of its life it will promptly cease to grow. The first trip of a new-born babe must be upstairs; to take the child downstairs is to insure it ill-fortune throughout its whole life. A friend, who prides herself upon having no superstitions whatever, was shocked to find herself pausing in the hallway with a wee baby in her arms. The ultimate destination of the child was below stairs, but to save her life the woman could not avoid making the upward journey first. There are a number of things which must or may not be done to us during the first year of our lives. To cut a baby's nails before its second birthday will give it a propensity for stealing. A child must be taught to eat out of a bowl very early in its career; if it eats from a small plate its future appetite and strength will be small also—this from China. A child must not be called by its name before the christening, and the ceremony must be put off as soon as possible to insure its having large eyes, while if the godparents can be selected from three different villages the child will live to be 100 years old. To rock an empty cradle rocks away the rest of the baby which belongs therein; angels are supposed to be whispering to the child that laughs in its sleep; children who eat from the same plate are sure to become enemies for life; the discovery of a new star in the heavens means that a child has died, while a suddenly clouded sky indicates that one has been born which shall be a scourge to the neighborhood in which its parents live. The first tooth pulled from a child must be thrown into the fire, and Herrick says:

Let the superstitious wife
Near the child's heart lay a knife;
Point be up and haft be down,
While she gossips in the town;
This, 'mongst other mystic charms,
Keeps the sleeping child from harms."

There must be others. Who can add them to the list?

Superstitions about sneezing seem to have a very ancient record indeed. Jewish literature chronicles the alleged fact that previous to the time of Jacob a man sneezed but once in his lifetime, because it was always fatal. It seems that the patriarch removed the curse by saying "God bless you" to the sneezer, a custom which has prevailed more or less ever since. Buddha tried to put an end to it, however, by proclaiming the man who uttered the supposed blessing to be guilty of a transgression in presuming to think that he could prolong a life by word of mouth. Sneezing on Monday betokens danger; on Tuesday, the coming of a stranger—the other days of the week escape my memory. Greeks and Romans considered sneezing a good omen, but the Persians and Hindoos thought it of demoniacal origin. The former thought that devils were expelled by the action, while the latter supposed that demons entered by the sneezer's inevitable open mouth. Perhaps it may help allay the sneezing superstition to give Dr. Spicer's definition of a sneeze. "It is," he says, "a reflex nervous action and is brought about by mechanical irritation to the ends of the nerve fibres which occur in the tissue of the nose. Whenever this irritation occurs, whether it be due to a foreign body or change of temperature, a nerve impulse is transmitted to the brain and certain nerve centers in the medulla oblongata are affected, these impulses being transmitted along the nerves to the muscles controlling the respiration, and by this means closing the various exits and delaying the egress of air during the expiration until a certain limit of pressure is reached when the exits are forced open, a powerful blast of air is expelled and the patient sneezes."

Did you know that in choosing a horse you must carefully examine the color and growth of his hair? A chestnut horse, to bring good luck to his owner, must have the near hind leg white. It is all the better if both hind legs are white, but it is the worst sort of luck to buy him if he has but one white leg, and that the off hind one. It is a shade worse yet if all the legs are white. When a horse begins to dig with its feet its owner will surely be buried soon. These signs come to us from the Bedouin Arabs.

Beware of persons having blue or light-colored eyes. If you can not avoid them altogether put on a string of blue beads to counteract the effect of the "evil eye." There are said to be men who are able to overturn a carriage merely by looking at it. This is a very widespread superstition, and the amulets intended to frustrate the blue-eyed person's designs are legion. Egyptians use the beetle for this purpose; Africans, the serpent; Greeks, goats and crickets and the gorgon's head; Sicilians, the seahorse; Englishmen, a pig's heart stuck full of pins and thorns, and a rural American puts great faith in a rabbit's foot. It must be the rabbit's left hind foot, and the creature must have been killed in the dark of the moon.

People who perspire freely on their noses are exceedingly mean and one should avoid them entirely. There is nothing too bad for such a person to do.

Whatever is dreamed on New Year's night, or during the first night spent in a strange house, is sure to come true. Racing men are reputed to put great faith in dreams. To dream of a horse—especially one which is not a favorite—means that good money and plenty of it may be put on the animal with entire safety. All gamblers have their pet superstitions and there is a wide choice among them. In a run of bad luck an exchange of seats, a new deal or turning three times in or about the chair will arrest disaster. A hand with the four of clubs in it is known as the "devil's four-post bedstead." Many a shooting affray in a gambling hell has been caused by the supposed sinister influence of a bystander upon one or more of the players.

Russian Hebrews will make a sale at any cost before 9 o'clock on Monday morning. If no coin is taken in before that hour the week will surely prove an unlucky one from a financial point of view. Shrewd shoppers of the same nation and religion may be seen hanging about the shops in Baxter street, New York, every Monday morning trying to buy for a song some article which they have been coveting during the previous week. The nearer the clock ticks to the hour of 9 the more earnest grows the bargaining, for both know that the time is growing shorter every minute, and the battle is to the one who has courage to hold off the longest. Still the customer has a little better chance in the strife, since no matter what the price, the merchant must sell some piece of goods, regardless of the question of profit or loss. Nor is this superstition limited entirely to Russian Jews. Many a man dares not refuse the first bid for the first article in demand in the morning—especially if it be Monday morning. Spitting on the coin received each day will tend to make the receipts heavier, also. On the other hand, if one pays out money on Monday morning he will keep it up all the week.

Then there is weather lore in any quantity. Rain on the Sunday after Easter means that six rainy Sundays will follow right on, and that there will not be a Saturday during the ensuing year when the sun will not shine at some time during the day. Rain on St. John's day will spoil the coming nut crop; a cold April means plenty to eat, while wheat sown on St. Maurice's day will surely be blighted. Ground hog day is Feb. 2. On that day the creature comes out of his hole and, if he fails to see his shadow, stays out, because spring is at hand; but, if the sun shines brightly, his shadow frightens him back into his hole to spend the coming six weeks of bad weather. When the angle-worms first come out after an early spring rain it means that there will be no more frost. The cat washing its face on the doorstep foretells rain and so does the tree frog singing in the trees. Egyptians used to kill snakes and hang their skins up to propitiate the rain spirit and make an end to a long drouth; Virginians do the same thing. To kill a frog in a drouth will have a similar effect. Three white frosts always bring rain; if the rain comes before 7 it will surely clear before 11; chickens crowing in the rain promises a speedy change of weather; the crescent moon lying flat on its back means drought, but if it be tipped so that the water can run out there will be plenty of rain. This prognostication is laid at the red man's door. "Rainbow at night is the sailors delight; rainbow in the morning is the sailor's warning." And, again:

"Evening red and morning gray,
Lights the traveler on his way;
Evening gray and morning red
Brings down storms upon his head."

The farmer may tell how deep the winter's frosts will be by noting how far under ground the angleworm burrows to find safe winter quarters. The first frost will come six weeks after the katydid begins its autumn carol; locusts singing at dawn on a summer morning predict an extremely hot day, and the snake which sleeps through the winter crawls out of its hole during the first thunder storm.

How do you wear your shoes? Learn your own and your neighbor's character from these sayings: "Worn on the heel speed a good deal;" "worn on the vamp look out for a scamp;" "worn on the toes spend as he goes;" "worn on the side will be a rich man's bride." When a man is careful of his shoe lacing he will surely neglect his wife; if he laces his shoes tightly he will be very stingy in his dealings with her. A new pair of shoes must be placed on a shelf above your head for a time before they are worn if you wish them to wear well—the longer you leave them there the longer the shoes will wear. To blacken your shoes before you have worn them threatens you with a serious accident if not with sudden and violent death. Trouble will come of dropping shoes before they are worn; losing the heel will bring disappointment in love. One of the early emperors of Rome put on his left shoe before the right one morning, and was assassinated before the day was out; on the other hand the noted excavator, Schliemann, believed that he owed his unexampled good fortune to his having done this very thing every morning of his life. Good luck comes of keeping an old pair of shoes—too old to wear—about the house, but if they must be parted with throw them away—to burn them will bring the worst kind of luck.

If a young man, on his way to see his sweetheart, stubs his right toe, a warm welcome awaits him; but if it is the left, let him right about face, for she will not see him. If his lacings keep coming untied, she is surely thinking of him. To throw an old shoe after a bridal couple is a doubtful way of wishing good luck to the newly married. The custom originated in old Anglo-Saxon times, when the girl's father threw the shoe to indicate that his authority was ended and that henceforth the husband might do what he pleased with his daughter without hindrance from him.

"To be in another's shoes" comes to us from the ancient Norsemen. When, in their country, a man adopted a son, the boy had to wear his adopted father's shoes for a certain length of time in order to lawfully inherit his new father's property.

Another phrase in common use is, "Everything is lovely when the goose hangs high." This should really be "Everything is lovely when the goose honks (flies) high," as that bird always does on a clear winter's morning. Ducks and geese flying south in the early fall foretell cold weather, while their return in the spring gives promise of the quick passage of winter.

To return to matrimonial and kindred signs, if an unmarried person be seated, inadvertently, between a married couple at a dinner party, he or she will surely be married within a year. To learn whether she will marry or not, the American girl hunts for four-leaved clover, dreams over wedding-cake, sticks melon seeds on her forehead, naming them after her various suitors, pulls daisies apart saying, "he loves me, or he loves me not," practices Hallowe'en incantations too numerous to mention, names the grains of popping corn to see which will pop first, fishes the leaves out of her tea cup and placing them on the back of her left hand, hits them a quick blow with the other—the true lover is sure to adhere to the left hand. There are doubtless other ways in which she tries to learn her fate, or which she uses to help in making up her mind, who can add them to the list?

If four people shaking hands accidentally cross hands in the doing of it, one of the four will certainly marry before the year is through, unless she should accidentally fall ustairs or tip over a chair before the fatal step is taken. Either of these accidents will break the spell and guarantee her longer freedom. In some countries the bride who has a sunny wedding hour will have a happy life, while in others no worse luck could befall her.

Here is something which is said never to fail. Whenever you next meet a bedizened girl, begin to count the white horses you will surely meet thereafter. When you get to twenty stop counting and take particular notice of the first girl with whom you shake hands, for she it is whose wants you will sooner or later have to supply. Marry her you must. But if you chance to really love her do not marry her in May, or you will lose her before the year is out. A dog howls under the window for death in the house. The coon which leaves its native hole in broad daylight foretells the death of some one before the sun goes down. The horse which hauls away a dead horse will die before the year. The Chinese cut holes in the roof to give free egress to the departing spirits of their dead.

Would you know what the coming year will bring? Then go sit in the thick wood on Christmas eve. Whatever comes into your mind there and then will surely come to pass.

Fisher folk who fail to land their first bite may as well go back home—their day will be utterly wasted at the stream. The same is true if a woman chance to bestride the rod. The baited hook which has not been spat upon is worse than wasted; to count the fishermen in a party just as they are starting will inevitably hoodoo them, and the men who go fishing on a night when the shape of the full moon can be dimly seen completing the circle of the new moon will certainly come to grief. This superstition dates back to the sixteenth century, when an old verse was extant:

"I saw the new moon late yestere'en
With the old moon in her arm;
And if we go to sea, captain,
I fear we'll come to harm."

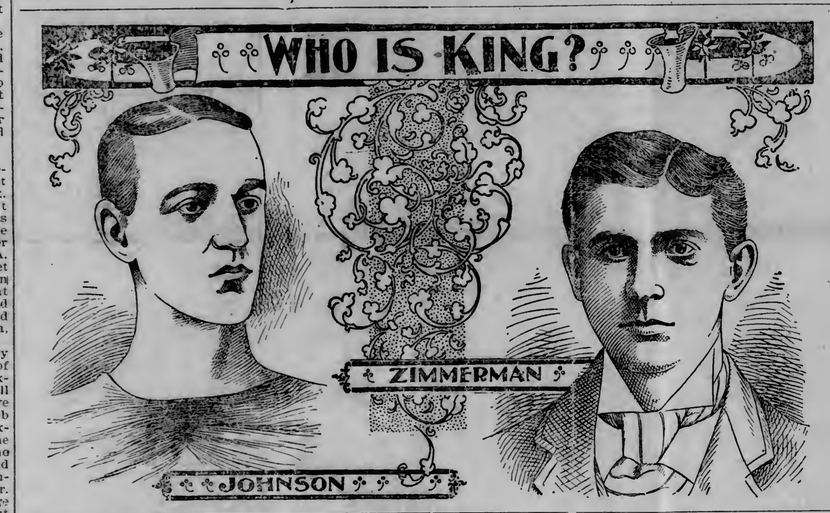
There are innumerable general and special superstitions worthy of brief mention. To handle a toad causes warts, and to count the warts makes them multiply; two persons who wash in the same water or dry their hands on a towel simultaneously will surely quarrel; the rattles of a rattlesnake carried in the pocket ward off rheumatism or will keep moths out of a bureau drawer; it is unlucky to cross the track of a funeral procession or to meet a hearse just as one is leaving a house; it is bad luck to find a knife and fork crossed on your plate; to be married in a church while there is an open grave in the yard; to give away bees; to thank the giver of flowers intended for planting; to break a looking-glass, or to have a cat follow you in the dark.

On the contrary it is good luck to have a cat come and make your house its home, while you may change your ill-luck at any time by tossing a black snail by the horns over your shoulder. A soft-shelled egg will be just as efficacious.

To carry in your pocket a crust of bread or a bent coin, or one with a hole in it, or one which you have found, will insure good luck.

A stye may be cured with the touch of a wedding ring; the gift of a knife cuts friendship; the dropping of a dish cloth, the crowing of a cock before the kitchen door, and the scissors which in falling stick up straight in the floor all mean that a visitor is coming. If you have taken a piece of bread while you already have one the visitor will need a square meal. He who sings before breakfast will cry before night; spilling salt betokens a quarrel; to take the last piece of bread from the plate will make a woman an old maid for life; if your ears burn someone is talking about you, and to set three chairs in a row foretells a funeral. It is lucky to cut the nails on Monday, but quite the reverse to do it on Friday or Sunday.

Perhaps the worst thing one can possibly do is to turn back after leaving the house. And yet there are at least two ways of averting evil in such an exigency. When you get back to the spot to which necessity compels your return, sit down for a few minutes; it will break the spell. If you have not time for this, or if sitting would be impossible or inconvenient, then, just before you turn back, make a cross in the dirt and spit on it. This will answer every purpose.



BIKES AND BLOOMERS.

Washington Star: Horses have accustomed themselves to it and no longer take fright at the bicycle costume. But men continue to be skittish.

It's very, very hard to tell,
Just how a fad will strike.
Where once on roller skates she fell,
She now essays the bike.
—Washington Star.

Her bloomers filled the public eye
And put folks in the best of humors.
This is the simple reason why:
Because, you see, she filled the bloomers.
—Indianapolis Journal.

"You ride a wheel," he cried in grief,
"Bought by your foolish father.
And now, alas, your skirts you reef;
My darther! oh, my darther!"
—New York Sun.

Ney York Morning Journal: If the archbishop really does declare that women of the Roman Catholic church must not ride a bicycle, then for a woman to ride a bicycle will be a sin. The additional charm that this will give to the exercise must be obvious to everybody. Now is the time to invest money in a bicycle factory.

Syracuse Post: The brother—Where the duece are my new foot ball pants?
The father—Ask your sister when she gets back from the cycling meet at the Woman's Up-to-Date seminary.

New York Recorder: Oh, the bloomer girls are coming, with the wheelmen bold a-chumming; don't you hear the cycles humming on the Coney island path?
Heaven bless the darling creatures, with their rosy-posy features, and dancing eyes that meet yours; keep them safe from harm and scath.
Where's the crank in blue eyeglasses, premium chump and prince of asses, who will kick because the lasses have a bit of healthful fun?
Shoot him, chase him, biff him, bang him, trolleycute him, choke him, hang him.
'Tis the end that fate has brang him for the folly he has done.

One parson says a multitude—
E'en leaving out the ladies—
Upon their bicycles, today,
Are steering straight for Hades.

Another vows he's visions had
Much more to mortal liking,
Wherein he saw on heaven's gold streets
The blessed angels biking.

Their wheels, we're told, were gilded, too,
To match the heavenly highways;
And pretty saints in bloomers sped
Along the glaming byways.

Thus, parsons, tho' they're prejudiced,
Betwixt 'em make us feel now,
Whichever way a body's bound,
He "gets there" on a wheel now.

Male cyclers still may take short cuts
To sheol thro' Chicago,
Tho' biking saints in bloomers there
Are under an embargo!
—N. M. B. in Boston Globe.

THE HERALD
Is now being delivered to any camp from the canal to O-at-ka beach.

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NOTICE OF School Election.

Office of Board of Education,
Duluth, Minn., July 8, 1895.

Notice is hereby given of the annual school election to be held on Saturday, July 20th, 1895, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing members of the board of education of the city of Duluth.

Three directors for the term of three years each are to be elected in place of H. M. Bradley, E. J. Luther and Wm. H. Leonard, whose terms are about to expire.

The following named places have been designated polling places in each of the several polling precincts of the city of Duluth, to-wit:

FIRST WARD.

First precinct—Lester Park school building.
Second precinct—Lakeside school building.
Third precinct—Endion school building.
Fourth precinct—Engine house No. 4.
Fifth precinct—Glen Avon school guilding.

SECOND WARD.

First precinct—631 East Third street.
Second precinct—Jefferson school building.
Third precinct—No. 811 East Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—Franklin school building.

THIRD WARD.

First precinct—No. 24 Pearson block.
Second precinct—Basement St. Paul's Episcopal church.
Third precinct—No. 103 West Fourth street.
Fourth precinct—No. 123 East Fourth street.

FOURTH WARD.

First precinct—Old Park Point school building.
Second precinct—Cleveland school building.
Third precinct—Bethel building.
Fourth precinct—No. 14 East First street.
Fifth precinct—Washington school building.

FIFTH WARD.

First precinct—Jackson school building.
Second precinct—831 West First street.
Third precinct—No. 704 West Second street.
Fourth precinct—Emerson school building.
Fifth precinct—Town hall, Duluth Heights.

SIXTH WARD.

First precinct—No. 1402 West Superior street.
Second precinct—Basement of Second Presbterian church.
Third precinct—No. 2004 Piedmont avenue.
Fourth precinct—Adams school building.
Fifth precinct—Madison school building.
Sixth precinct—No. 916 Garfield avenue.

SEVENTH WARD.

First precinct—Basement of Grace Methodist church.
Second precinct—Monroe school building.
Third precinct—Bryant school building, West Park.
Fourth precinct—Oneota school building.
Fifth precinct—Vestry room of Congregational church.

EIGHTH WARD.

First precinct—City hall, West Duluth.
Second precinct—Longfellow school building.
Third precinct—Fairmount school building.
Fourth precinct—Irving school building.
Fifth precinct—O. S. Olson's store, corner Sixty-first avenue and Raleigh street.
Sixth precinct—Smithville school building.
Seventh precinct—Stowe school building, New Duluth.
Eighth precinct—School house Fond du Lac.

By order of the board of education of the city of Duluth.

H. W. PEARSON,
Clerk.

MEMBERS OF THE DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

	Capital	Surplus
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	250,000
Marine National Bank	200,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	27,000
State Bank of Duluth	83,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	50,000	-----

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R

DULUTH SHORT LINE

Trains Leaving and Arriving Duluth.

9:00 *A. M. Daily Except Sunday.* Arriving St. Paul 2:50 p. m.; Minneapolis, 3:15 p. m.; Stillwater 3 p. m., making direct connections with all diverging lines east, south and west.

1:55 *P. M. Daily—The Fast Limited.* Arriving St. Paul 6:25 p. m.; Minneapolis, 6:40 p. m.; Stillwater, 7:10 p. m.; Chicago, 7 a. m.; Omaha, 9 a. m.; Kansas City, 4 p. m.; St. Louis, 8 p. m., connecting with all lines south, east and west. Parlor cars to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chicago, etc.

11:15 *P. M. Daily—Night Express.* Arriving St. Paul 7 a. m.; Minneapolis, 7:35 a. m.; Stillwater, 7:35 a. m.; with sleepers, Duluth and West Superior to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Direct connections with all morning trains east, south and west. Sleepers ready for occupancy at 9. p. m.

Trains Arrive Duluth—Day Express, 1:50 p. m.; Fast Limited 6:45 p. m.; Night Express, 6:30 a. m.

For tickets to any point in United States or Canada, sleeping car berths, call at city ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.
Baggage checked direct from residences.
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CABINETS

Review of the Records of the Counsellors of the Presidents.

Nine Cabinets Noted for the Importance of Their Work.

Mighty Representatives of Political Schools---Deeds of Noted Men.

The cabinets which take a high rank in the ability and standing of their members, the importance of the work which they did, or in both characteristics, were, according to a writer in the Globe-Democrat, those of Washington, Jefferson, Monroe, Harrison, Polk, Fillmore, Pierce, Lincoln and Hayes. In Washington's cabinet there were only two men—Jefferson, secretary of state, and Hamilton, secretary of the treasury—of pre-eminent ability, but that number was just half of the whole cabinet, the post of secretary of war and of the navy (both departments until near the middle of the first Adams presidency being under the same head), and that of the attorney general being the only other members of the president's official family at that time. A postmaster general existed from 1789, but he was not a cabinet officer until 1829, in the beginning of Jackson's presidential service. The cabinet post of secretary of the interior came into being in 1849, when Taylor was president, and that of secretary of agriculture in 1889, near the close of Cleveland's first term.

Henry Knox, the first secretary of war was a brave officer in the revolution, and a moderately capable and thoroughly conscientious official in the cabinet, but he made no especial mark in the latter. Edmund Randolph, the attorney general, who went to the head of the state department for a short time after the retirement of Jefferson, was the same Randolph who introduced what was called the "Virginia plan"—of government in the convention which framed the constitution, who refused to sign the completed charter, although it followed the general lines proposed in his scheme, but who turned over in favor of it in the Virginia convention which ratified it. His vacillation and timidity prevented him from taking advantage of his ability and opportunity, and he left the state department under a cloud, caused by something which looked like a political intrigue between him and the French minister to the United States. Within the past few years, however, documents have been made public which exonerate him from the charge of corruption.

JEFFERSON AND HAMILTON.

As the founders of the two schools of political thought into which the people of the country have been divided from the beginning, these two men are sure of a place among the immortals. Hamilton's, the treasury, was and is the more important post, although European usage and tradition assign superior rank to the other office, the head of the state department. As it requires greater ability to create than to save or to extend, Hamilton's pre-eminence among the nation's finance ministers is conceded. Webster's tribute to Hamilton exhausts eulogy, but it is not exaggerated: "He smote the rock of the national resources and abundant streams of revenue gushed forth; he touched the dead corpse of the public credit, and it sprang upon its feet."

Adams' cabinet, which consisted of the small men composing Washington's council at the time of his retirement, was inherently weak, and was rendered particularly inefficient by the circumstances that most of its members thought they owed allegiance to Hamilton. Adams' enemy, rather than to Adams, and because Adams seldom consulted them, leaving them to their own devices and to their intrigues against himself. Jefferson's cabinet, however, had two strong men—Madison, secretary of state, and Gallatin, secretary of the treasury—at the outset, and these were reinforced by a man of the first order of ability in Caesar A. Rodney, of Delaware, who was made attorney general early in 1807, two years before Jefferson's retirement. As part of the first administration under the new political dispensation, Jefferson's cabinet had a delicate and difficult task. It had to assist in laying down new political canons, which were to be the working principles of a great party ever afterward, and to take part in establishing the practices and precedents which were to be guides in governing the country during the greater part of the time between their date and 1861. Its share of this work the cabinet did intelligently and successfully. Both Jefferson and Madison as presidents were distinctively weaker in their foreign policy that their federalist predecessors, Washington and Adams, had been, but until the war of 1812-15 the Democratic regime conducted the government economically and in its purely domestic affairs efficiently and satisfactorily. Gallatin held the treasury portfolio for a few years in Madison's cabinet also, but he scarcely won the same measure of success that he gained in Jefferson's. Monroe, the secretary of state for six years under Madison, was not the equal of his great predecessors in that office. William H. Crawford, the secretary of war for a short time under Madison, won his laurels in the next cabinet.

MONROE'S CABINET.

With John Quincy Adams, secretary of state, W. H. Crawford, secretary of the treasury, John C. Calhoun, secretary of war, and William Wirt, attorney general, it will be seen that Monroe had a cabinet which reached as high a level in general ability as any which the country has known. The only other cabinet office in that age, that of secretary of the navy, was very acceptably filled by W. H. Crowninshield, Smith Thompson and Samuel L. Southard, successively. Monroe, in order to give the West recognition, selected Governor Isaac Shelby, of Kentucky, for the war office at first and he was confirmed, but Shelby declined on account of old age. He offered it to Clay, who refused it, and also had Jackson in mind, but discovered that the victor of New Orleans did not want it. It was then that Monroe turned to South Carolina, which had two distinguished and popular sons, William Lowndes and Calhoun, in public life at that time, and after Lowndes declined the office it was given to Calhoun. One of these four cabinet officers succeeded Monroe in the presidency, another, Crawford, was a candidate in the same election and secured many electoral votes, while Calhoun and Wirt were often conspicuously mentioned in connection with the presidency. Wirt got the nomination at one time, but it was from a "third" party, the anti-Masonic organization.

Adams' own cabinet did not stand as high in general ability as the one in which he served, although Wirt was retained in the post he held under Monroe and Clay was secretary of state. Adams asked Crawford to hold on to the treasury portfolio, which he had in the Monroe cabinet, but he was a physical wreck at the time and declined. The war office Adams intended to give to Jackson, but desisted on an intimation from one of Jackson's friends that the offer might give offense. But Jackson's cabinet stood lower than Adams. The "demos krateo," to employ Benton's jargon, run the country during Jackson's reign, and in harmony with this condition second-class men were the cort of officials whom Jackson in most cases appointed. A divergence from this principle was made in the case of Van Buren, who was secretary of state for two years. Lewis Cass, not yet known to fame, however, was secretary of war under Jackson for about six years, and Van Buren's friend, B. F. Butler, a first-class lawyer and an accomplished man, but not a national figure at that time, was attorney general for a time. Levi Woodbury, who held two posts in the cabinet and who served in congress before and after and on the supreme bench in the end, was a fairly capable official. Woodbury and Butler are the biggest names in Van Buren's cabinet.

TIPPECANOE'S COUNSELLORS.

W. H. Harrison, a third class man himself, had four first class men—Webster, Thomas Ewing, Bell and John J. Crittenden—in his cabinet, and the "Silver Gray" of a later date, Francis Granger, the postmaster general, whose office had been a cabinet post since 1829, was a personage of considerable ability and celebrity. This was one of the distinctively strong cabinets intellectually, and it deserved a better fate than the wreck which quickly overtook it in the feud on the bank question with Tyler, who went to the presidency on Harrison's death. The cabinet which Tyler got after this one left him was of a distinctively lower order, although it had Legare and Calhoun for a short time in the state department. Polk's cabinet, with Buchanan, Walker (the father of the celebrated "free trade" tariff of 1846, and subsequently one of the territorial governors of Kansas), Marcy and Bancroft (the historian), compares favorably with all except the very greatest before or since its day.

Some great names were on the cabinet rolls in the twelve years from the beginning of Taylor's service to the end of Buchanan's, but not many simultaneously. Taylor had two—Clayton and Ewing; Fillmore had three—Webster, Corwin and Crittenden; and Pierce had the same number—Marcy, Jefferson Davis and Caleb Cushing. Pierce's has the distinction of being the only cabinet which remained unbroken to the end of the presidential term. Buchanan had in Cass, the secretary of state, the most prominent and influential Democrat of that day except Douglas, and Jeremiah S. Black, attorney general, he had one of the most learned lawyers in the country. Howell Cobb, too, the secretary of the treasury, an ex-speaker and an ex-governor, was a man of some standing and power in his party. These were the biggest members of Buchanan's original cabinet. Dix, Stanton and Holt, unfortunately for Buchanan, came into his council near the end, instead of at the beginning. Had they been with him two or three years earlier probably he would have resisted the secession influence, which Cass was unable to brace him up against, and his administration might have found a way to crush the disunion spirit, as Jackson did thirty years earlier.

LINCOLN'S CABINET.

which holds a high place among presidential cabinets on account of the ability, political experience and distinction of several of its members, was also representative of the different localities of the loyal half of the country. Welles, the secretary of the navy, represented New England; Seward and Cameron (who preceded Stanton, the country's greatest war minister), the middle states; Chase and Caleb B. Smith, the West, and Montgomery Blair the eastern end and Edward Bates the western end of the border slave region. It is well known that Lincoln's early intention was to have the South and the party which opposed him in the election represented in the cabinet, but it is a mistake to suppose, as nearly all writers do, that in going outside of his party he would be following Washington's example. The case of Jefferson and Hamilton in this respect is misunderstood by most persons. Those men, at the time of their appointment to Washington's cabinet, did not belong in opposite partisan camps. The Federalists of 1789, the year when Washington's cabinet was formed, were the men who got the constitution ratified, and the anti-Federalists were those who tried to have it rejected. Federalism and anti-Federalism meant something different from this two or three years afterward, when, the constitution itself ceasing to be an issue, the powers of the government under it became the burning question. In 1789 Jefferson and Randolph were Federalists equally with Hamilton and Knox, the other members of the cabinet. That is, though opposed to the constitution when it first left the federal convention in 1787, Jefferson and Randolph turned around and worked in favor of it in 1788, and were glad in 1789 and afterward that they did this. The partisan divergence between Jefferson and Hamilton did not really begin until Hamilton's National bank scheme was brought up early in 1791.

Herndon, Lincoln's friend and biographer, mentions that soon after the election Lincoln said "he wanted to give the South, by way of placation, a place in the cabinet," and named "three persons who would be acceptable to him. They were Botts, of Virginia; Stephens, of Georgia; and Maynard, of Tennessee." (Herndon's "Abraham Lincoln," vol. 3, page 473.) From another source, which will here be quoted, this purpose will be more fully revealed. "The question of taking part of his constitutional advisers from among his political opponents and from the hostile or complaining Southern states had been thoroughly debated in his own mind. The conclusion arrived at is plainly evinced by the following, written by him and inserted as a short leading editorial in the Springfield (Ill.) Journal on the morning of Dec. 12 (or 13), 1860: "We hear such frequent allusion to a supposed purpose on the part of Mr. Lincoln to call into his cabinet two or three Southern gentlemen from the parties opposed to him politically that we are prompted to ask a few questions. (1) Is it known that any such gentleman of character would accept a place in the cabinet? (2) If yea, on what terms does he surrender to Mr. Lincoln or Mr. Lincoln to him on the political differences between them, or do they enter upon the administration in open opposition to each other?" (Nicolay and Hay's "Abraham Lincoln," vol. 3, page 348).

Seward, who soon after the election was offered and accepted the state portfolio, enlisted in the search for a Southern man for the cabinet, and he suggested Randall Hunt of Louisana; John A. Gilmer or Kenneth. Rayner, of North Carolina; Robert E. Scott, of Virginia; and Meredith P. Gentry, of Tennessee. Lincoln's preference, as he says in a note on Jan. 12, 1861, to Seward, printed (p. 364) in the Nicolay and Hay's volume, just mentioned, was for Gilmer over Hunt or Gentry, because, as he remarks, "he has a living position in the South, while they have not," and he adds that "I fear if we could get we could not safely take more than one such man, that is not more than one opposing us in the election, the danger being to lose the confidence of our own friends." All of these men, however, who were asked to enter the cabinet declined. A contest between the partisans of Montgomery Blair, a former Democrat, and Henry Winter Davis, a former Whig, for the place in the cabinet which was to be given to either one of them, both led Lincoln for awhile, and on determining to appoint Blair he was reminded that this would put four ex-Democrats and three ex-Whigs in the cabinet. To this he replied that he was himself an old-line Whig, and he should be there to make the parties even. This was the Jeffersonian idea of equality between president and cabinet members, indeed; but of course neither Jefferson nor Lincoln did or could carry it out very far.

The cabinets since the war, with the exception of that of Hayes, have been of a lower level than many of the earlier ones. Fish, Boutwell and Bristow of Grant's, Blaine of Garfield's and Harrison's, McCulloch of Arthur's, Bayard of Cleveland's and Windom of Harrison's comprise about all the members of the presidential councils of the past quarter of a century, except Hayes', who will be remembered. Hayes' cabinet had three first-class men—Evarts, Sherman and Schurz. In Sherman it had the greatest financier since Chase and one of the four greatest—Hamilton and Gallatin being the other two—whom the country has known.

ALL THE TIME "BLOKE."

Once upon a time in a country town, says Industry, a lady employed a Chinaman of whom she sought to make a Christian. She took him with her to church. He sat by her side very proudly until the usher came along with the contribution box. He gazed upon it and turned to his mistress with an inquiring look. She said: "Put in 10 cents, John." John said: "Wat for?" "For Jesus," said his mistress. John responded cheerfully. On the next Sabbath his experience was that of the previous Sunday. His mistress again said: "Put in 10 cents for Jesus, John." John dropped in his 10 cents. On the third Sunday there was a repetition of the same routine of the two preceding Sundays, and his mistress again said to him: "Put in 10 cents, John, for Jesus." John looked with great earnestness into the usher's face and remarked: "What the matter with Jesus Christ; him all time bloke?" How many of us if asked that question of ourselves would truthfully answer yes—all time bloke to stay bloke.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

BALTIMORE, MD., AND RETURN.

For the Baptist Young People's union at Baltimore, July 18 to 21, the North Pacific, Wisconsin Central lines, will sell on July 15 and 16, tickets to Baltimore and return at the one way rate, $28. Tickets good returning, including Aug. 8. No change of depots in Chicago.

For sleeping car accommodation through to destination, tickets and further information, call on

F. E. DONAVAN, C. P. & T. A.,
416 West Superior street,
Chamber of Commerce.

Mrs. Rhodie Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhoea set in. She took half a bottle of blackberry cordial but got no relief. She then sent to me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for about a week and had tried different remedies for diarrhoea but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sidney, Mich. For sale by all druggists.

BANFF, THE BEAUTIFUL.

There is no more fascinating resort on all this continent than Banff, on the line of the Canadian Pacific, and on every Monday in July and August the Soo Pacific line will sell round-trip first-class tickets, good for fifteen days, including double berth in the first-class sleeping car, Duluth to Banff and return, for the low price of $55.

For full particulars see or write

T. H. Larke,
426 Spalding house block.

HER LETTER

TELLS A WOMAN'S STORY.

Written for Eyes of Other Women.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

There is inestimable pleasure in doing good to others, and joy in a grateful recognition of the act.

On the old York Road, Huntington Park, Philadelphia, dwells Miss M. Downs, whose portrait we give. She desires that her case may be stated as a means of benefiting others. She says: "*Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound has cured me of Kidney trouble, painful menstruations, and headaches. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I cannot describe my feelings before I took it. The pain in my back was dreadful, and during menstruations the agony I suffered nearly drove me wild; and then my head would ache for a week, and now this is all over, thanks to your good remedy. I trust my testimonial will lead others to take it and be cured. They can find it at any drug store. Our druggist says the demand for it is very large, it is helping so many sickly women."



NOSES

Only Three Characteristic Noses---Roman, Greek and the Jewish.

Conquerors Have Roman Noses While Literary Men Have Greek.

Great Men Generally Have Prominent or Marked Nasal Organs.

If the nose of Cleopatra had been shorter, the whole face of the earth would have been changed.—Pascal.

All physiognomists agree in attaching the greatest importance to the nose, which has been called by one of them "the sign post that points to the character," and in reading your neighbor's disposition through his face you may consider that, with the exception of the nose, the weakness of every other feature may be balanced and redeemed by the strength and force of another; thus a weak mouth is controlled, as it were, by a strong, firm chin, a weak chin by a broad, intellectual forehead, and any or all features are in a way fortified by a strong, powerful nose. A noticeably small nose, however, is pronounced by all character readers from Lavater, the earliest of physiognomists, to the present day, as incompatible with any great moral, artistic or even physical accomplishment. Nosologists declare there are but three national noses—Roman or aquiline, Greek and Jewish; all others belong to the mixed classes and are known as angular, parrot-beak, bulbous, turned up and snub, says the Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Emperor Napoleon was a great believer in long noses, and of his own accord never intrusted a matter of importance to a weak-nosed man. "Give me," he would say, "officers with noses; I will do the rest." The emperor himself had a perfect Roman nose, with a most beautifully modelled mouth and chin, the whole imparting wonderful strength, dignity and force.

Byron describes Julius Caesar as the black-eyed Roman with the eagle's beak.

The duke of Wellington and George Washington had also Roman noses, as, indeed, had many famous commanders.

SOME FAMOUS NOSES.

In a company of men you may safely count on the Roman-nosed for leading in times of emergency. Among the public Roman-nosed men of our times are Evarts, Ambassador Bayard, Blaine, Lincoln, in politics, and in science it is to be noted that most of our great inventors are also endowed with generous noses. Romanesque in form. Frank Pulian Sprague, one of the youngest of the great electricians, has the Roman nose, broad, forceful chin, typical of the man bound if he lives to accomplish stupendous feats in addition to past wonders. Tesla is of the same type. Chauncey Depew has a marked Roman nose, so has Gen. Lew Wallace. Gladstone also in his youth had a clean-cut Roman nose. It has thickened with his years, as the noses of all deeply-thinking people do.

The well-proportioned nose should take up one-third of the profile from the commencement of the hair to the tip of the chin. The Roman nose must be at least this length to be classified with the conquering Roman. Napoleon created the saw aphorism, "A long nose means a long head," and it is historical that the longer-nosed race has, unless from climatic causes, always conquered the shorter-nosed nations.

Mary Anderson has a Roman nose and a slightly advancing chin, indicating prudence and economy. Queen Margherita of Italy has also the aquiline nose, but a more bountiful chin and a very human and responsive mouth. She is a woman of the most generous and loving nature, the Pearl of Savoy indeed and the idol of Italy. The duchess of Leinster has also a marked Roman nose. Her mouth, with its upward curves, in connection with the dominating nose, made her the haughtiest-looking woman of London.

THE JAPANESE NOSE.

Twenty years ago I heard a well known student of physiognomy declare that in case of war between China and Japan the Japanese would beyond peradventure conquer, because their longer noses were a proof of their superior intelligence. He also declared the noses of nations increased in length and improved in shape with the advance in arts and civilization, and cited as an example the historical fact that the typical nose of the Hungarians today is Roman, while their forefathers the Huns, had in their darkest times noses so hideously flattened that their possessors scarcely looked human.

The Roman nose is the nose of the conqueror. The Greek represents art, science and love of peace. It is preeminently the most beautiful nose. The Jewish nose signifies the power of acquiring wealth. The Greek for pure beauty stands first among noses. It is strength, and seen in profile the outline of the Greek nose forms a continuation almost without curve or deviation of the line of the forehead, straight, fine, delicate, but neither sharp nor blunted at the tip. The Greek nose denotes artistic taste, great refinement, love of the beautiful, a contented mind, a peaceful disposition. The Greek faced woman will suffer agonies before she rebels. Once, however, she does revolt, she is a very queen in her power of endurance, and will bear quietly the torture which quickly reduces the lower class of noses to cringing slavery. You need not look for slave's blood in the woman with a pure Greek profile; be sure after one glance that you are in the presence of royalty, no matter under what disguise. The Virgin Mother has always been depicted with a straight, delicate, Greek nose. Zenobia, the Niobe, Hygeia, goddess of health and beauty; Juno, all have the same straight Greek nose.

Among contemporaneous women H. R. H. the incomparable Alexandra, princess of Wales, has a Greek nose and an almost perfectly pure Greek profile. The Greek nose lacks the aggressive qualities of either the Roman or Jewish nose. In a man a Greek nose denotes love of art, poetry and frequently an exalted religious tendency. The Rev. Morgan Dix has the Greek nose, with the rather long upper lip and firmly closed mouth, indicating great refinement, leaning toward asceticism and capacity for great endurance. The upper part of Mr. Dix's face is strongly indicative of ideality. Martyrs have had this cast of features, and have died for a cause without a word. Phillips Brooks had a Greek nose, straight and clean cut as a Greek cameo. He, too, would have died for the cause he loved, if, indeed, he did not in the reckless pouring out of his strength which resulted in his too early death; but Bishop Brooks had the jaw and chin which could not let him be a passive force. Had he been martyred he would have spoken with his last breath in burning eloquence for his glorious cause.

GREEK NOSE WHEN SMALL

A small Greek nose upon a man's face always gives an expression of weakness, greatly intensified by an indifferently formed or retreating chin, and further weakened in indications for moral strength if there be a dimple. Byron had a Greek nose with a too yielding mouth and a dimpled chin. The small Greek nosed man of this type has little self-control. He is often brilliant, but will be apt to degenerate into a dissipated but usually gentlemanly failure. Byron and Raphael had Greek noses. The former had a yielding mouth and chin, the latter a much more determined base to his face. Byron was a genius, but he made a sad muddle of his own and many other lives. It is noted that a Greek nose is invariably in art common to pretty women, fairies, angels and saints—never to demons, witches or goblins. A number of actors have the Greek nose, which indicates love of art, and have undoubtedly chosen their proper vocation. Kelcey and Kyrle Bellew, for example. John Drew, on the contrary, has a Roman nose and the virility which usually accompanies that features. Kelcey and Bellew make quiet lovers, but John Drew in love is a real Shakespearean swain and "sighs like furnace."

The Jewish nose is the only national nose that has in its purity survived our time. The Jewish nose is by no means to be lightly estimated. It was extolled by King Solomon, and the most eminent character readers have declared that the owner o the Jewish nose possesses usually a philosophic and spiritual turn of mind, together with a penetration into the inner life that has been the envy of great thinkers. The Jews of old attached no little importance to their own nose development, and one of their laws read, "he that hath a flat nose" is ranked with the lame, blind, crooked back and scabbed, and like them prohibited from taking part in the service of the sanctuary. The Jewish nose denotes the acquisition of wealth, and inasmuch as wealth is what we are all more or less seeking, it is well to give the nose of wealth its real value. One thing must be said of the Jewish nation—they can bestow as abundantly as they can acquire. Look at the noble record of Jewish philanthropists whose boundless humanity refutes the idea that the terms Jew and miser are synonymous. Montefiore, Rothschild, Hirsch, all most lavish of benefactors. Simon Sterne, of the Committee of Seventy, has the Jewish nose and the rigid integrity of his people.

MIXED NOSES.

Among the mixed noses physiognomists have all agreed in regarding a broad nose seen full faced) whatever its outline in profile, as an indication of thought; and in drawing a countenance intended to show deep thought or profound wisdom one would instinctively refrain from depicting the thin, sharp nose, with narrow tip. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst has a nose which accounts for many of his characteristics to the reading of features. Its length from the lips outward indicates great inquisitiveness, the broad nostrils love of humanity, and the wide bridge magnanimity. It is the nose emphatically of the inquirer and the prosecutor. Goff, on the contrary, whose range naturally is associated these days with Mr. Parkhurst's, has not the nose of the jurist, but rather of the aesthete. It is almost a pure Grek in form—rather larger and more forceble than the usual Greek feature. Many distinguished authors and scientific men have the broad nose which accompanies deep thought and profound research. Max Muller, Professor John Tyndall, Huxley, all have this nose. Indeed, Campbell, a well known physiognomist, says there is no exception to this sign, and observes that no deep thinking man ever had a sharp nose. Sharpness is most undesirable in this feature of the face; it indicates a hateful temper and a disposition to peck and pull and vivisect one's fellow men. It is the bird of prey nose—the nose of Marat, of Carrier; and, indeed, history reveals that most of the instigators of the French revolution had these vulture shaped beaks. Judas Iscariot has set the betrayal of our Saviour was first depicted, been given, by common consent, this thin, curved nose. The sharp nosed woman is a good of a calamity, and a social disorganizer.

A thin nose and a pointed chin,
Looks for the devil, for he dwells therein.

is an old rhyme. If I knew of any contemperaneous men or women possessing such a nose I should not dare to give their names, for the less said on the subject in a personal way the better, I fancy, for all concerned.

A thin obtuse nose indicates a sensuous character, and is not to be confused with the contemplative or thoughtful feature above referred to. Voltaire's nose was of this latter cast.

Among mixed noses comes that of our reform mayor. His honor's nose bears out well Col. Strong's character as we have come to know it. It is thoughtful, very secretive and immovable. Oliver S. Teall would have captured the appointment he was after if his nose had been a little longer. The street sweeping claimant has a nose which lacks concentration and secretiveness. It started out to be a good old Roman, but failed to get there. Mr. Teall with a longer nose and an under jaw meeting the upper squarely, instead of receding as Oliver's does, would have got the plum he was after.

TURNED UP NOSES.

Last and least desirable of all are the turned up noses. The turned up nose denotes cheerfulness, sharpness, cruelty, love of gossip and of mischief, turning up and demoralizing everything it comes in contact with. I quote the following from one of the highest authorities on physiognomy: "The owner of the turn up has no real force of will, but an unjustifiable ambition and pride, which often gives an appearance of steadiness of purpose. He shows low cunning, and often parades an absurd self-confidence, while his low vanity and self-conceit prevent him from seeing how he is despised. A woman with a turn up nose is not to be trusted. She will always undermine and injure the very best of her friends. Snubs, pugs, and turn up noses are blacklisted by all readers of character. Paul of Russia and Robespierre, both tyrants, had pug noses."

There have been small nosed tyrants and pug nosed cocottes, but we look in vain for a pug nosed truly great man or woman, and so generally is this conceded that no painter or sculptor has ever dared to insult the world with a pug nosed Madonna, or attempted to force a button nosed saint on us. "A snub nose," says one writer, "is a catastrophe indeed, for which there is no redemption this side the grave." "I would not," says another, "trust a snub nosed woman in the habit of a nun. I should suspect her chastity the more she pretended to virtue." The snub nosed woman is crafty, dogmatic, sensual, often witty, sometimes mechanically clever, coldly and deliberately immoral and treacherous. She lives for flattery and popularity, with an insatiable desire for commendation and display, and if she be outwardly successful, as some pug nosed women have apparently been, there will be a secret history of moral perversion impossible to the Greek nosed or Roman nosed woman. The more I study the pug nosed woman the less desire I feel to name one in this paper. She would seem an excellent person to steer clear of both now and for evermore.

JUST WHAT'S NEEDED

Exclaims thousands of people who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla at this season of the year, and who have noted the success of the medicine in giving them relief from that tired feeling, waning appetite and state of extreme exhaustion after the close confinement of a long winter season, the busy time attendant upon a large and pressing business during the spring months and with vacation time yet some weeks distant. It is then that the building up powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla are fully appreciated. It seems perfectly adapted to overcome that prostration caused by change of season, climate or life, and while it tones and sustains the system, it purifies and vitalizes the blood.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR

And their friends should not decide on their route to the triennial conclave at Boston in August until they have read the beautiful illustrated itinerary issued by the Michigan Central. "The Niagara Falls Route." Address for copy O. W. Ruggles, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago.

CAMPERS.

Have your Herald delivered to your camp on Park Point.

Narcoti-Cure

CURES THE TOBACCO HABIT IN 4 TO 10 DAYS OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Use All the Tobacco You Want Till Your "Craving" is Gone.

NARCOTI-CURE is the only remedy in the world that acts directly on the nerves and drives the nicotine from the system in from four to ten days, It leaves the patient in better health than before taking, and is warranted free from any injurious ingredients.

NARCOTI-CURE is popular because it allows the patient to use all the tobacco he wants while under treatment, or until the "craving" and "hankering" are gone. It is then no sacrifice to throw away tobacco forever.

NARCOTI-CURE is sold at the uniform price of $5.00 a bottle, and one bottle cures.

Money refunded if a cure is not effected when taken according to the directions.

PROF. W. N. WAITE,
Of Amherst, Mass., Chewed Tobacco for 46 Years and was cured by Narcoti-Cure.

AMHERST, MASS., Feb. 8, 1895,
THE NARCOTI CHEMICAL CO.,
Springfield Mass.

Gentlemen—Replying to yours of the 1st, would say that I have used tobacco for 46 years, and of late have consumed a 10-cent plug a day, besides smoking considerably. I commenced to use tobacco when I was only 11 years old, and have never been able to give up the habit until I took NARCOTI-CURE, although I have tried other so-called remedies without effect. After using your remedy four days all "hankering" for chewing disappeared, and in four days more smoking became unpleasant. I have no further desire for the weed, and experienced no bad effects whatever. I am gaining in flesh and feel better than I have for a long time. To all who wish to be free from the tobacco habit I would say use NARCOTI-CURE.

Yours truly, W. N. WAITE.

IF YOUR DRUGGIST IS UNABLE TO GIVE YOU FULL PARTICULARS ABOUT NARCOTI-CURE SEND TO US FOR BOOK OF PARTICULARS FREE, OR SEND $5.00 FOR A BOTTLE BY MAIL.

The Narcoti Chemical Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.



Keep It Up

KEEP YOUR GOODS BEFORE THE PUBLIC. THE CONTINUOUS ADVERTISER GETS THE TRADE.

A LITTLE advertising, like a little knowledge, is a dangerous thing. A man who advertises a little bit and then quits is sure to lose his money, and is sure to get erroneous ideas into his head. The first advertising that is done is merely preparatory. It introduces the advertiser to his public; it gains acquaintance for him. After a while he becomes so well known that in reality he is talking to old friends. The words of old friends have much more weight than those of strangers. There is no doubt about that. Anyone can take it right home to himself.

The first few times you meet a man and talk with him, you are taking his measure. You are deciding in your own mind what manner of a man he may be; what he does; what line of business he is in, and whether he is honest or not. It is only after the acquaintance has progressed a little that you give his words much weight.

Advertisements are the representatives of their authors. People become acquainted with a man through his advertisements. Trade comes after acquaintance; not before. The first few ads serve only as a foundation. If you build the cellar walls and quit, you will only have made a hole into which you are pretty sure to fall. ALL THE SUCCESSFUL MERCHANTS OF DULUTH ADVERTISE IN THE EVENING HERALD.

NEW DULUTH NEWS.

Latest Happenings in the Suburb Up the River.

New Duluth, July 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ernest Hurd has gone to St. Paul and Chicago.

Miss Keyes has returned from a visit of several weeks at Olivet, Mich., where she went to attend the wedding of a friend, and is greatly improved in health.

Miss Louden, a former teacher in New Duluth, started Tuesday for New York, from whence she sails today for Europe for a three months' trip. She was accompanied by Miss Hurd.

Mr. and Mrs. Gallie were in Duluth Sunday.

George Keyes, thinking that New Duluth and Fond du Lac should be represented on the school board, has announced himself as a candidate, and all New Duluth voters should give him their earnest support.

Mrs. Everett has been ill the past week but is better now.

Miss Herman and daughter, Belle, visited Duluth Thursday.

There was an ice cream social at Brigham hall Thursday.

Mrs. Bartz has been visiting in Duluth the past week.

Mrs. Schaefer, who has been very low, is a little better, although by no means out of danger yet.

The Stevensons have left New Duluth for Eau Claire and the New Duluth hotel has been taken by Mrs. Jack, who will no doubt maintain the present high standard of the place.

Mrs. J. Herman and daughter, Della, were in Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. McNeil was in Duluth Friday.

Mrs. Ingham, principal of the school, left New Duluth Thursday for St. Paul, which she intends to make her future home.

LABOR

E. R. Cobb is Endorsed for Member of the School Board.

The Retail Clerks Have Been Organized Under Their New Charter.

Arrangements for the Labor Day Picnic on Fond du Lac Island.

E. R. Cobb wants to be a member of the board of education and will receive the support of the Federated Trades assembly in securing the office. His candidacy was announced at last night's meeting of the assembly in the course of an address by John S. Pardee. The organized men are going to do all in their power to elect Mr. Cobb, who is president of the State Federation of Labor and delegate from the assembly to the chamber of commerce.

When President McCallum called for reports on the conditions of the unions Delegate Harmon arose and made quite a lengthy address. Said he: "Business is poor and cheap labor is the cause of it. The bosses claim they are going to drive 'these labor agitators' out of town because they are holding wages up. The friends of the laboring men are still all in town, however, and don't intend to move. The ornice work on this new school is a rank piece of work and lighter iron is being used on the building than is called for by the contract. The Tinners' union is still fairly prosperous, although the elevators sent on to Minneapolis and imported a lot of men to work on some heavy rough piping."

The theatrical stage employes reported the addition of several new members to the union. Business in their line is fair. The typos expect a new job office in town in the near future. The men are now working about as usual. The Waiters' union is in good condition. The men are all working and three of the union cards have been hung in restaurants. Sympathizers with organized labor are requested to ask to see the cards and help on the work.

For the wood workers trade fails to show any improvement although the organization is continuing to grow. All the butchers are working and this same condition prevails in the plumbing trade. Work has been slack since the Fourth with the coopers. There is nothing doing in the painting and decorating line, although the union is growing stronger and making marvelous progress. An organization under the new charter was effected during the week with twenty-eight charter members.

The carpenters reported no change and the same conditions prevail with the cigarmakers, who are nearly all loafing. The prospects for the electrical workers are very good. At present all are working but one. The union held a rousing regular meeting Thursday night at Electrical Workers hall. The lathing trade is dull, but there are good prospects of an improvement. Two or three of the Scandinavian printers are out of work. The boycott against the Svenska Tribunen is proving very beneficial, it was reported. Both the steamfitters and stonecutters reported no change, while everything is lovely with the street car employees. All the tailors are at work with trade good. The Carrington boycott is being pushed.

Then August Saxine and Peter Hanson, of the tailors, and George C. Findley and Fred H. Lounsberry, of the typographical union, were obligated and reports of committees were called for. The committee on Federal labor union made no report, but asked to be continued, and the committee to assist the cigarmakers was similarly disposed of. The committee to visit unions on behalf of the coopers was continued. For the committee on organization, President McCallum reported that the clerks had been organized Tuesday night under their new charter with every prospect of success. The committee was continued, as was the committee to visit the Carrington tailoring company on behalf of the tailors. The dance committee also reported and was continued.

Then the committee having in charge the celebration of Labor day reported. For the picnic the island of Fond du Lac would be reserved exclusively on Monday, September 2. The capacity of the dancing pavilion would be enlarged, a ferry boat and scows in attendance, and a speakers' stand erected. An attendance of at least 4000 is expected and the St. Paul & Duluth will run special trains to accommodate the picnickers. The committee strongly favored the island, as they thought it offered splendid advantages for aquatic and athletic sports. Tickets will be fifty cents.

The committee to assist the Scandinavian printers reported that the boycott had worked so strongly against the Tribunen that the former proprietors had sold out. It was thought probable satisfactory arrangements could be made with the new management. Only one of the typesetters is out of work at present. The report was accepted and the committee continued.

The committee to assist the marble and tile workers had accomplished but little. That appointed to assist the plumbers had succeeded in straightening up matters. Resolutions of sympathy with Delegate Frank McDonald on the death of his father were adopted and after the discussion of some routine matters the assembly adjourned.

THE STATE FEDERATION.

Some of the Important Subjects Under Consideration.

"Really the most important thing done at the late meeting of the state federation," said Secretary W. B. Hammond to a Minneapolis Times reporter, "was the passage of a resolution calling upon the working people of the state to study social and economic questions. I mean to say that that resolution would be the most important business of the meeting, provided the working people of the state followed the suggestion. There is no doubt in my mind but that if wage earners would get down to an intelligent study of economic affairs they would soon arrive at the truths. The study should be honest and independent. If workingmen would give this line of thought and study more attention they would soon be intelligent men at the polls. The blind allegiance to party would soon be a thing of the past. There are altogether too many workingmen who worship party name."

Some of the important things done by the federation have not yet been made public. The federation was organized largely for the purpose of giving special attention to political matters—or, more properly speaking, to look after legislation. The idea of having a committee at St. Paul during the legislative sessions is thought to be a good one. The labor committee which looked after legislation last winter accomplished a good deal, both in forwarding legislation which was favorable to the working classes and in obstructing legislation which was unfavorable. The action calling for the enactment of a general federal lien law, which will prevent dishonest employers from taking advantage of state lines, and the other action asking for a federal law providing for trial by jury in contempt cases where the alleged contempt was committed outside the immediate presence of the court, were two other important features of the work of the meeting. Of course the federation gave the Debs case a good deal of attention. It developed in the course of the discussion upon this matter that every delegate present fully and heartily endorsed the A. R. U. leader in everything he has done, so far as last summer's strike is concerned, and his course since that time.

The meeting was in some respects a success, but on the whole it was hardly productive of as much good as some of the more enthusiastic delegates had hoped for. There was a feeling among the more intelligent delegates in the meeting that what was needed perhaps more than any other one thing was more intelligent and interested study of economic questions by working people generally. Of course there was a feeling that with the return of better times there would be a general bracing up of trades organizations. Still the revival will necessarily be somewhat slow, for there is no questioning the fact that the severe industrial conditions of the past two years have considerably demoralized labor organizations. The working people of the Twin Cities and the state have had a good many leaders, some of whom proved worthy of confidence, while others were a detriment to the cause for which they were engaged. This experience with leaders, together with the severe trials incident to hard times, will doubtless prove an educator and a purifier, and make organized labor in the state all the more intelligent and effective hereafter. There is a feeling among organized working people in Minneapolis, at least, that hereafter they should be careful in the selection of leaders. They admit that their present condition is due in no small degree to the fact that many of their leaders were men in whom the great mass of working people did not place confidence. It is thought by many there will be a sort of general awakening in this direction, and that organized labor will be all the better for the unpleasant experiences through which it has passed. It is entirely reasonable to say that hereafter a man will be pretty carefully scrutinized before he is given leadership among organized labor.

H. B. MARTIN'S SAY.

H. B. Martin, of Minneapolis, who is a member of the executive board of the Knights of Labor, allowed himself to be interviewed by a New York Star reporter the other day, after he had visited Minneapolis, and other points in the West, and Northwest, and here are some of the things he says:

"I found that between New York and the Mississippi river times have improved recently, but that west of the river the laboring people are still having a very tough time to get along. In Minneapolis for instance, the lumbermen have put down the wages of their workmen, but have put up the price of lumber. In Minnesota, Wisconsin, Nebraska, and the two Dakotas, in all of which the K. of L. is very strong, the members are taking a great interest in politics, and are really talking more about parties than they are about the industrial trades. The great majority of our members are in sympathy with the Populist party, and would vote for the candidate of that party if there was to be an election held this fall, but as this is an off year in politics in most of the states named the influence of the K. of L. there will not be felt so perceptibly as it would be were the case otherwise."

WHAT A STRIKE COSTS.

The advance sheets of the forthcoming report of the Illinois bureau of labor statistics contains some very interesting information in regard to the great coal strike in that state last year. There were 2520 miners engaged in the strike, working at 276 mines and operated by 209 owners. The coal reports establish the average daily wages of all the men in machine mines, also at all other mines where men are paid by the day, at about $2 per man per day. Hence it will be assumed in this estimate that $2 per day is a fair average daily wage per man. It is found that 25,207 men suspending work and losing an average of 33.6 days each, sustained the loss of a total of $46,955 days, aggregating the sum of $1,693,-910 as the total loss in wages. This gives a loss of $67.20 to each man.

FOOD FOR REFLECTION.

The San Francisco Star gives these statements as facts:

1. The railroads of this country are collecting $300,000,000 each year on fictitious bonds and stocks.

2. The Western Union Telegraph company is demanding and collecting high dividends on $42,000,000 of admittedly watered stock.

3. If the railroads were confined to 8 per cent dividends on the cost of construction, one-half the present passenger and freight tolls would pay such dividends and all running expenses.

4. The general government could duplicate the Western Union lines for one-fourth the amount on which it now pays dividends.

5. William L. Scott, the great coal baron, said that the proper way of controlling labor is to "make the laborer eat today what he can earn tomorrow." The New York Tribune says that the "small farmers must sell their farms to large land owners and become tenant farmers."

ARGUMENTS AGAINST STRIKES.

Carroll D. Wright, United States labor commissioner, is much pleased with the spectacle of many important manufacturers voluntarily raising wages. He thinks this marks a new era. "If manufacturers and other employers would raise wages whenever the trade conditions warrants, it would do away with strikes," says Mr. Wright. "It is a popular error to suppose that the strenuous opposition which craftsmen offer to a reduction of wages, even in times of financial depression, is simply from consideration of the amount of wages sacrificed by the cut. Often this is an entirely secondary consideration. Perhaps it might be said with approximate accuracy that such is generally the case, the main motive of their resistance to the reduction being the knowledge, gained by sad experience, that restored prosperity in their line of business doesn't mean a restoration of wages to the point from which they were reduced to meet the exigencies of trade depression."

LABOR GOSSIP.

The Order of Railway Conductors has appropriated $25,000 for the support of the Lehigh striking conductors of two years ago, who are still without employment.

New York city has 11,000 factories.

It is understood that while there were but 400 union men at Homestead when Carnegie strike of 1892 broke out, there are now 4000, a tenfold increase.

The labor department of the British board of trade has been gathering the statistics of strikes in England for a series of years. It is significant that the year of the greatest number of strikes, 1889, saw the largest percentage of them attain success. Another lesson is made quite plain, and that is the percentage of unsuccessful strikes has been growing greater. It has risen from 17 to 51, and the successful strikes have fallen from 48 in 1888 to 17 in 1894. In England, as in America, it has been demonstrated that the best way to settle industrial difficulties is not by physical force.

There is a movement among the railroad labor organizations to ally themselves more closely by means of federation, which bears more promise of success than any similar movement in the past. The present plan of federation is known as the Cedar Rapids agreement and has been in force something over a year. The organizations at present in the agreement are the Order of Railway Conductors, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, the Order of Railroad Telegraphers and the Switchmen's Mutual Aid association, all of which have in the past year worked in harmony and close understanding.

Molders, Lansing, Mich., won a strike.

Iron and steel workers report steady progress in organizing.

Brooklyn street railway strike cost the men nearly $14,000.

Co-operative mining is to be engaged in near Seattle, Wash.

United Garment Workers report that six new charters were issued last month and that established unions are gaining many new members. Also that all strikes during the month were won.

Carpenters voted overwhelmingly in favor of making a concerted move for eight hours on a given day in all cities where eight hours is now the rule. Twon't take place this year, however.

The United Garment Workers of America are out with a circular appealing to all organized labor and their friends to come to their assistance by purchasing only ready made clothing that bears the union label.

All barber shops in New York state must be closed on Sunday, except those in New York and Saratoga in the summer months.

A. R. U. organizers are at work in Ohio, and the order is gaining more strength each day. Workers are generally organizing secretly.

Wisconsin State Federation of Labor reaffirmed the A. F. of L. platform, including the famous tenth plank, which calls for collective ownership of the means of production and distribution, and denounced the supreme court for deciding against the A. R. U. leaders, characterizing the court as the "bulwark of tyranny," and also scathingly rebuked the governor for appointing a political heeler as labor's representative on the state board of arbitration. All unions of Wisconsin are urged not to call upon said board in case of difficulty.

General Secretary McGuire, in a recent number of the Carpenter, has this to say about his organization: "Within the past few months the United Brotherhood has shown a decidedly encouraging increase in membership in a number of localities. Fully 33 per cent of our unions have had gains, and it is due to the individual and collective activity of the members in such places, backed by public meetings or social gatherings or by the liberal distribution of 'appeals' and printed literature for non-union men, which we furnish free from this office."

At the convention of the National Association of Master Plumbers, held in Philadelphia, Pa., the treasurer reported the receipts for the year at $11,-125 and a balance on hand of $6297. Proposals were adopted requiring all local associations to be affiliated with the state associations of their respective states, in order to benefit by membership in the national association and be entitled to representation therein, and to boycott certain firms selling supplies to non-affiliated tradesmen.

Labor Commissioner Fitzgerald, of California, has found proof that the majority of the gaps in the state are virtually slaves to the contractors. He will prepare a memorial to congress asking for strict exclusion of the brownies. He will also open a free labor bureau in San Francisco in July, and is confident of finding work for a large number of men.

The printers of Rockford, Ill., are an energetic body of men. A few months ago they constituted the sole trade union in the city. Today the woodworkers, the painters, cigarmakers and carpenters are organized, and the last addition to the ranks of organized labor also chiefly due to the printers' efforts, is the bakers.

In order to bring about the equalization of miners' wages, Secretary McBride, of the United Mineworkers, union, had advised all miners in the Pittsburg region to go to work at 55 cents, instead of 65 cents, on the terms of the Pittsburg Railroad Coal Operators' association.

Unemployed men from all parts of the Pacific coast and many from the East are flocking to Stockton, Cal., in anticipation of work on the San Joaquin Valley railroad. There is no immediate prospect of work beginning.

The National Musicians' union has suspended Herr Fritz Scheel, the famous conductor of the San Francisco Golden Gate Park band, for debt due to the men whom he engaged in the East to play at the Midwinter fair.

The Pittsburg, Pa., semi-porcelain and white granite makers have decided to adopt the English price list which means a reduction of 6 to 10 per cent. Now, there is talk of reducing wages to meet the cut.

California carpenters' unions are reorganizing for the purpose of inaugurating the "Chicago agreement," which provides for o standard rate of wages and the employment of union men exclusively.

The new headquarters of the Machinists' International association will be in the Monon building, Chicago. The organization is now formally affiliated with the A. F. of L.

The Spanish minister at Washington, D. C., blames the Cuban "uprising" upon the cigarmakers of Florida and their sympathizers in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

The Philadelphia, Pa., United Labor league has petitioned the treasury department for the removal of Shipping Commissioner King for blacklisting union seamen.

The San Francisco Marine Firemen's union reports the loss by death of thirty-one members during the past year. Nineteen members were drowned in the Colima wreck.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Max Wirth.

DESTROY

Rosy Account of a Possible New Destroyer of Battle Ships.

Death Knell of Navies and End to the Game of War.

A Case of Great Scheme, Great Head and Great Wheels.

With the great empires of the world spending annually millions of money in the effort to fit them to defy all creation in the event of a general war, the United States government has been charged with being behind the age when it rests content with a few first-class ships of war, says the New York Mercury.

But the patriotic Americans, who well know what Yankee nerve and inventive genius can accomplish, have smiled at the howls of the timorous and smiled knowingly as they said: "Wait until the occasion arises and you will see Jonathan rise to the occasion." While mighty vessels of war are being constructed all over the world, science discovers that they would be about as harmful as toys if opposed to the tremendous destructive forces that could be brought to bear upon them by the use of modern explosives.

This is how the navies of the world could be wiped out of existence if they came steaming over here to capture the United States.

A hundred barrels of nitro-glycerine can be placed on board a vessel with all the necessary equipment, at a cost of $20,000. A vessel representing the proper construction needs to be on a flatboat order, somewhat long and wide, so as to rest well near the surface.

This light and inexpensively constructed craft is to be propelled by twin screws run at a high motion and operated by gasoline engines representing 300-horse power.

These engines belong to the class that have the piston-head operated by alternate explosions instead of steam, thus dispensing with much weight and machinery, and as fire-box, pumps, boiler, etc., are eliminated, when once set in motion, require no further attention than oiling. One barrel of gasoline would propel such a vessel as is under consideration 150 miles and there would be no difficulty whatever of attaining a speed of forty miles per hour. This is nearly double that of any iron-clad vessel afloat and should any of these unwieldy aggregations of steel approach within ten leagues, their doom would be sealed. The procedure would be very simple.

NO ESCAPE POSSIBLE.

Several of these nitro-destroyers may calmly await, along the line of stations, the approach of the hostile craft. These stations may be some distance to sea or near shore, as may be deemed best. If there be a fleet of menacing war vessels, from four to six of these boats may be started on somewhat diverging lines, as spokes radiate from a hub, thus anticipating any flank movement.

What shall it now signify whether there be one or 100 ironclad ships to do battle? What signifies it if their guns be capable of hurling their shell a dozen miles, and that their armour be absolutely invulnerable? What is now to come into play is the antithesis of the target principle wrought by tubular action. It is direct concussion, the first expansion, where all the explosive force is available and nothing need be substracted for friction, distance, recoil, etc., etc. There is absolutely no limit to the volume of explosive energy that may be generated, as it has not now to be resisted by a still stronger metallic chamber. The wide ocean has no haven to which these ironclads can retire from the swift pursuit of these merciless destroyers—these automatically flying messengers, each of which bears a dormant force capable of hurling the entire ironclad combination a thousand feet into the air.

Each of these vessels is speeding on its mission almost like the flight of an arrow; each is charged with a thousand times the intensified consequences of the earthquake, the volcano, the cyclone and the lightning; each carries a clock mechanism and in a fixed time is bound to let go!

SATAN UNDONE.

The descent of Satan, when, as in the Miltonian conception, he was ejected from the battlements of heaven, was a tame and spiritless phenomenon as compared with the mission of such an agent of destruction when, in the most infinitesimal part of a second, a volume of expansive energy that cubes more than 1100 feet, shall press the atmosphere as a solid rock and hurl it with inconceivable velocity.

Would the present type of war vessels have any recourse whatever? In this extremity, would modern guns be of one whit more consequence than the mere semblance painted on canvas?

There would not be one chance in thousands of hitting these fast vessels beyond the radius that would embrace the demolition of the ships themselves, and once inside of such area, to strike them could only hasten the universal catastrophe. Consider now the ratio of the cannon's destructive area to the area of the death radius wrought by this process.

The former is as only one to many tens of thousands of the latter.

But who shall describe the spectacle that for a few moments shall be on exhibition, when from 4000 to 20,000 gallons of this chemical combination shall leap into instantaneous expansion?

NOTHING COULD LIVE.

A pressure, sudden, intense and inimical to all life, the air practically a solid rock and moved as if impelled by lightning, the ocean as in terror leaping to the clouds, leaving a yawning abyss; a circular Niagara in defiance of gravitation, discharging into the sky, followed by a report as if all the earth and the heavens had been rent, such are the initial revelations that would be manifest. Acting and reacting waves, exceeding in altitude the high tides on the Bay of Fundy, churn the sea as the displaced waters seek their equilibrium.

But this is the effect of only one of the centers of explosion, and when this is intensified from four to six times, the demand that is made on the mind to conceive it entirely exceeds the capacity of the cerebral mechanism.

It is necessary to state that in this maelstrom of destruction— in this Hades of disintegration, not a vestige of any floating thing would be seen, when order had again succeeded chaos. One such exhibition will forever settle the status of modern warfare, and as sudden as was the conversion of Saul of Tarsus, will be the world's awakening to the transcendent folly of proceeding on the lines which human warfare has followed since the discovery of the chemical combinations known as gunpowder and the paleolithic conception of using its expansive action in hollow cylinders, in the propulsion of projectiles.

NO COAST DEFENSES NEEDED.

There is not a shadow of reason for a single dollar to be invested in coast defense as represented in modern masonry and modern ordnance.

A culdesac of submerged packages of the explosive that is being considered, in proper quantity and under electrical control—this placed sufficiently seaward from the entrance to a harbor—would be an effective protection—would mean the certain annihilation of any hostile vessels that would dare approach.

With this equipment 500 men could hold any three of the harbors on the coasts of the United States against the combined natives of the world. On this plan, with a few thousand dollars invested in nitric acid and grease, Nicaragua could have planted England's entire navy at the bottom of the sea, China could have swept the Japanese ironclads from the face of the deep and sounded the knell of death to every cannon and battleship afloat.

A most remarkable and supremely practical feature is this, that this explosive need not be an explosive until the moment that it is needed as such. The ingredients may be kept apart until the last hour and while separate are not more dangerous than any other liquids. The compounding is far less than the process of making common soap and requires no skilled labor whatever.

The acids and the grease could even be started on a nitro-destroyer, in separate vessels, to intermingle into this most satanic combination, en route, and herein lies a most potent advantage over all other explosives. It may be an explosive only when at the end of its mission and be entirely harmless as it reposes on the wharf of the harbor that is to be defended.

WE COULD DEFY THE WORLD.

In a few weeks the United States government could put its harbors in condition to defy all nations, so readily is the adaptation of this means of defensive warfare, and all this could be done without a naval officer, with common laymen, whose lessons could be learned in a week. The entire outlay should fall within the cost of a single first-class man-of-war.

These are facts that can be maintained and demonstrated both theoretically and practically, and the principle involved has been illustrated a hundred times, in nitro glycerine explosions, within the last twenty years.

There is nothing to hinder the United States government from testing this method of defense and demonstrating that all expenditure for ironclads, armor plate, shot and shells, repeating rifles, machine guns or anything whatever connected with modern gunnery and armament, is an expenditure that is worse than wasted.

The Monroe doctrine could be enforced as with the fiat of Omnipotence, and the United States could dictate the policy for the Western hemisphere and readily maintain it. Armies and navies alike, as now constituted, must vanish.

WAR AN IMPOSSIBILITY.

Men dare not be found massed to do war. The occupation of the warrior, either on land or water, may cease, and the sword, the epaulette, the shoulder strap and the cocked hat may be laid down to a final repose with the old helmet and the stone arrow point.

Should it become necessary to deal with an invading land force massed together, fleets of small balloons may be launched bearing nitro glycerine packages, equipped with clock work to drop them in a given time, and such area, containing such massed invaders, could be transformed into a veritable inferno.

All life, ordnance, equipment and discipline would be entirely unavailable in this devastation falling from the heavens, the air literally darkened with the disintegration of human, animal and mechanical structures.

The torment engendered by the sunken road near Ohain, into which Milhaud's French cavalry plunged on that final day of Waterloo, that wrought the setting of the Napoleonic star, was as nothing to the volcanic rending of the earth, among masses of men and horses, with atmospheric vibrations, such as no animate forms can endure.

UNIVERSAL PEACE.

From the arts of peace men would no longer be taken in their prime to be drilled and transformed into mere machines for pointing tubes charged with powder and loaded with leaden pellets, only to accomplish an execution so disappropriate to the attending "pomp and circumstance" that the climax is but little more than pathetic, bordering on the pltiful.

Once cheapen and so intensify the capacity for destruction that all governments are equalized—once make it so completely and so universally annihilatory that neither navy nor army dare be massed and all must perish that thus engage, then this unendurable extravagance and relic of barbarism will be banished from the earth.

The declaration of independence will then ring around the globe, men will rise to higher life, monarchies will vanish, and republicanism will become an international establishment.

READY TO HELP.

Detroit Free Press: I was sitting in a railroad depot in Buffalo waiting for a train when a stranger approached me and said:

"It's kinder queer how hard up the best of us may get sometimes, eh?"

"How do you mean?" I asked.

"Well, I just met the governor of New York out here, Levi P. Morton, and he asked me for the loan of $2.

"You don't say!"

"That's what the matter. Had his pocket picked and wanted to use $2 right away. He didn't know what to do about it till he saw me.

"You knew him, then?"

"Never sat eyes on him afore today. He jest picked me outer the crowd fur a man who'd do him a favor. He only wanted $2, but I made him take $3. He'll send it back in a day or two. Ever met the governor?

"I've seen him several times."

"Wonder how he got his nose broke?"

"His nose isn't broken. What sort of a man was the chap that you lent money to?"

"Red hair—side—whiskers—broken nose, and two teeth out in front."

"Governor Morton is no such looking man. You have been swindled by some sharper."

"It can't be! He said he was the governor?"

"I might say the same thing."

"And he called me by name?"

"So can I. You are James H. Johnson. There is your name on your satchel. Is the man around here, do you think?"

We went to the door of the depot and looked around and we went to the depot office and he looked around, but the "governor" had vanished, as might have been expected.

"You ought to have known better!" exclaimed the officer after giving up the search.

"How had I orter known beter?" demanded the victim. "Didn't he pick me out as a man who'd do him a favor? Didn't he say he was Governor Morton? Didn't he praise my confidence in human natur' when I made him take $3?"

"You'd better go and soak your head!"

"What fur? What good will soakin' my head do?"

The officer turned away with a tired look, and the old man sat down and thought it all over and then said to me:

"Yes, I guess I've bin swindled, and I guess I'm to blame fur it. It's a good experience, though. I felt so mighty proud about lendin' the governor of New York $3 that if a feller had come along and said he was president of the United States I'd a-handed him over my other $7 and walked sixty-two miles to git home."

WEAK, WEARY AND WASTED

People may become strong, vigorous and healthy by taking Foley's Sarsaparilla, a perfect blood purifier, a splendid tonic. Trial size 50 cents. Max Wirth.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10¢ and 25¢ a box. Book *free* at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

It Sets people Chewing— Lorillard's Climax Plug.

It is prepared with the utmost care and skill from the choicest leaf grown; possessing a flavor and substance that makes it dear to the heart of every tobacco chewer. It is made by the oldest tobacco manufacturers in America, and the largest in the world, and cannot be excelled. Try it. You'll agree with the many thousand discriminating chewers who use it exclusively, and pronounce it much the best. **It's Lorillard's.**

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to me by Christian Thoresen under the provisions of Chapter 42, General Statutes of Minnesota, for the year 1878, and acts amendatory thereof, for a deed of so much of lot 45 West Clifton street and lot 48, West Chestnut street in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof as lies within the limits of lots 10 and 11, in block 94, Portland Division of Duluth, in said county, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Said application will be heard by me at the court house in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 27th day of July, 1895, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon and,

It is ordered, that notice of such application and hearing be given to all persons in interest by the publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald, of Duluth, Minnesota, once in each week for three (3) successive weeks before said day of hearing.

Dated July 5th, 1895.

CHAS. L. LEWIS,
One of the judges of the Eleventh judicial district.
S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Applicant.
July-6-13-20-27-Aug-3-10.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court, of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district, and county of St. Louis, on the 27th day of June, 1895, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein City of Duluth for the use and benefit of Edward Carlson, Herman Carlson and L. E. Noren, co-partners as Carlson Bros. & Co., and John Anderson, Emil Borvig, Ben Borvig and Louis Hanstead, co-partners as Anderson & Co. were plaintiffs and Jeremiah H. Triggs and Henry H. Bell were defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants for the sum of seven hundred seventy-two and 11-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Tuesday, the 13th day of August, 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor, Jeremiah H. Triggs, had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 15th day of April, 1891, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment also all interest subsequently acquired therein by him, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

Lot twelve (12), in block ten (10), in Central Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 28th, 1895.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Judgment Creditor, 101-2- and 3 Security Building,
Duluth, Minn.
June-29-July-6-13-20-27-Aug-3.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

William Jackson, Plaintiff.
vs.
Oden T. Wick, E. T. Archibald, Morris O. Brooks, William C. Sherwood, The First National Bank of Duluth, Minnesota, Marine National Bank of Duluth, Minnesota, First National Bank of Wabasha, Minnesota, Sidney C. Eastman, L. A. Francisco, Henry Folz, Hanson E. Smith, and Amelia Sherwood, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 18th day of June, 1895, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the 5th day of August, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows, towit: Lot nine (9), block sixty-three (63), Oneota, according to the recorded plat in the office of the register of deeds for said St. Louis county.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

Dated June 19th, 1895.

S. T. AND WM. HARRISON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
June 22-29 July 6-13-20-27.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district, and county of St. Louis, on the 27th day of June, 1895, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein City of Duluth for the use and benefit of J. D. Reekie was plaintiff and J. H. Triggs, Henry H. Bell, William Forrestal and Forrestal Brothers were defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of five hundred and thirty-five and 24-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Tuesday, the 13th day of August, 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor, J. H. Triggs, had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 21st day of April, 1891, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, also all interest subsequently acquired therein by him, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

Lot eleven (11), block ten (10), Central Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 28th, 1895.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Judgment Creditor, 101-2- and 3 Security Building,
Duluth, Minn.
June-29-July-6-13-20-27-Aug-3.

SILVER

English Bimetallic League's Protest Against the Single Gold Standard.

Bimetallism Coexisted With a Period of the Greatest Prosperity.

Signatures That Indicate the Strength of the Movement in England.

The Bimetallic league of England has addressed the following memorial to the chancellor of the exchequer against the further continuance of the single gold standard of money. The signatures to the memorial indicate the strength of the bimetallic movement in Great Britain.

"To the Right Honorable the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

"Sir—The executive council of the Bimetallic league, observing that a memorial has been presented to you by certain 'merchants and bankers of the city of London in reference to the discussion which has lately taken place in parliament on the question of the currency,' beg leave to address you on the same subject.

"Differing altogether from these memorialists in the views which they express, we rejoice at that which they justly describe as 'the growing attention in favor of what is called bimetallism,' for the following reasons, which we have the honor to submit:

"It is true that our present system of currency has prevailed in the United Kingdom from 1816, without intermission, up to now. But we think it is misleading to assert, as the memorialists allege, that it was under the operation of that system that 'the commercial supremacy of Great Britain and the financial ascendancy of London have been established and maintained.'

"Those results were achieved before the adoption of the gold standard in this country. It must also be remembered that during the chief part of that period, for nearly sixty years after 1816, all the business of this country and the world was conducted under the dominating influence of the bimetallic system.

"So long as that system was maintained by the action of foreign countries there was little if any fluctuation or divergence in the relative value of gold and silver; the parity between the two metals, for all practical purposes, was steadily maintained; the standard of value was comparatively stable, and the commerce of this country was conducted with equal facility whether with gold or silver using countries, in all parts of the world.

"These results were of incalculable importance to a country such as ours, pre-eminent in commerce and endowed with vast colonial and Indian possessions.

"We acknowledge that so long as those conditions were maintained the gold standard sufficiently supplied our needs. But the experience of recent years has entirely convinced us that these important results were due, not to the operation of our single standard, but to the universal effect of the bimetallic law.

"We are confirmed in this opinion by the fact that with the abandonment of bimetallism the immense advantages we have referred to have entirely disappeared.

"Since that event occurred and silver has been dethroned an attempt has been made for the first time in history to conduct the business of the Western world upon a gold basis alone.

"This novel and great experiment has been followed by its natural results —a wide and increasing divergence, with constant fluctuations, in the value of the precious metals, which have hindered and embarrassed trade; and a progressive fall in prices, which has been seriously injurious to industrial undertakings.

"Under this experiment, it cannot be denied that we have been liable to all the evils which were indicated in the resolution accepted by the government and unanimously passed by the house of commons; or that, in some of the chief requirements which are expected of a standard of value, such, for instance, as stability, the single gold standard has lamentably failed.

"Moreover, it is a fact that most of the evils which the memorialists apprehend from any change or modification in our currency, have overtaken us already, under the operation of our present system.

"Contracts have been disturbed, the burden of the debtor has been increased, property has depreciated, and enterprise has been checked, with a corresponding loss of capital embarked in industry and of employment to the working classes.

"Surely these are matters of grave and serious importance, which deserve and should command attention, and yet they appear to be entirely ignored by the memorialists, and not even to have entered into their consideration.

"We think, with great respect, that in view of the general and widespread depression in the textile, the coal, the iron, the shipping and other great industries of the kingdom, with a parliamentary committee sitting even now to inquire into the condition of the unemployed; and with agriculture grievously affected, and in many districts well-nigh ruined, it may be well for the memorialists to remember that it is upon the welfare of her commerce and her industries, even more than on her banking interests, that the prosperity of a country, and its people, ultimately depends.

"We observe that they were not concerned to offer an opinion, so long as it was proposed to apply the bimetallic principle to foreign nations only. But the general effect of re-establishing bimetallism would be the same to us, with or without our concurrence with other nations.

"In view, however, of the vastness of our commerce, of the burden of indebtedness which is borne by our colonies in India, and of the fact that we have three distinct systems of currency within the empire at present, we think that no people in the world is more interested in this object than ourselves, and that we ought heartily to co-operate with foreign nations in the endeavor to achieve it.

"The experience of history, the teachings of science, and the conclusions of authority as expressed in the unanimous report of the gold and silver commission, unite in supporting the opinion that under the operation of this system the relative value of the metals was successfully maintained, and that under any conditions to be reasonably anticipated similar results must be expected in the future.

"The recent statements on behalf of the French government, the resolutions of the German reichstag and state council, as well as of both houses of the Prussian diet, and the emphatic declarations of the government of the United States in favor of international bimetallism, are proofs of the desire on the part of France, of Germany and the United States to join with the United Kingdom in a serious endeavor to accomplish this great end.

"None of the alarming consequences, which are foreshadowed by the memorialists, occurred under bimetallism in the past, and while experience proves that it has co-existed with a period of the greatest prosperity, no argument or reason has been hitherto adduced to warrant the assumption that these consequences would be likely to arise if it was adopted in the future.

"On the other hand, it is not denied that since the mints of foreign countries have been closed to the free coinage of silver new conditions have arisen which have seriously affected the operation of our single standard and all the business transacted by its means.

"In the presence of evils which cannot be denied we hope that her majesty's government will not suffer hypothetical danger to special interests, or prophetic but unsupported assertion of possible harm to industry and commerce to deter them from hearty co-operation with other powers in such measures as may seem to be desirable for securing a fixed par of exchange between the metals and a more stable standard of value that we possess at present, and we respectfully remind you of the resolution of the house of commons on Feb. 26 last, to which we have already referred, and to this resolution we ask you to adhere.

"In the list of our supporters are included not only merchants and bankers in the city of London, but representatives of nearly every industry in the country, besides well known leaders of the working classes, and recognized authorities on economic science, and for your information we append some representative names from among them.

"I have the honor to be, sir, on behalf of the executive council of the Bimetallic league, your obedient servant. Henry Hucks Gibbs,

"President Bimetallic League.

"June 22, 1895."

Bankers—Charles Hoare, of Charles Hoare & Co., bankers, London; Alfred Hoare, of Charles Hoare & Co., bankers, London; Thomas Sanderson, chairman of Lloyd's bank, London, and chairman of North Staffordshire Railway company; Sampson S. Lloyd, director of Lloyd's bank, Limited, London; John Nutt Bullen, Kettlewood, Bullen & Co., merchants, London, director of the London and Westminster bank, limited; E. F. Duncanson, of T. A. Gibbs & Co., merchants, London, director of the London and County Banking company, Limited, director of the P. & O. Steam Navigation company, chairman of the London committee of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking corporation; James Parlane and James Eckersley, directors of Williams, Deacon & Manchester and Salford bank, Limited; Sir Horace B. T. Farquhar, Bart., director of Parr's Baking company, and the Alliance bank; Sir Thomas Sutherland, K. C. M. G., M. P., chairman of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation company; director of the City bank, London, director of the Suez Canal company, director of the Bank of Australia; J. Howard Gwyther, director of the City bank, London, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Anglo-Egyptian bank, London, Paris and American bank, trustee of the Bankers' Guarantee and Trust Fund; Isaac Hoyle, director of the City bank, London; marquis of Allesbury; director of the Capital and Counties bank, Limited; Henry Wethered, director of the London and Southwestern bank; J. R. Heaven and Alfred Crewdson, directors of the Consolidated bank; Robert Neill, Jr., director of the Consolidated bank; Sir Samuel Montagu, Bart., M. P., of Samuel Montagu & Co., bankers, London; the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking corporation; the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, London; Sir Charles Tennant, Bart., Charles Tennant, Sons & Co., London, chairman of the Union Bank of Scotland; deputy chairman of the North British Railway company; director of the North British Steam Packet company, Ltd.; Hon. president of the United Alkali company, Ltd.; duke of Abercorn, K. G.; governor of the British Linen Company bank; president of British South African company, A. Von Andre, of Andre, Mendel & Co., merchants, London; director of the International Bank of London, Ltd.; the Bank of China, Japan and the Straits, London; F. B. Blake, of Blake, Boissevain & Co., bankers, London; Sir Henry Cunningham, K. C. I. E. director of the Chartered bank of India, Australia and China; The Delhi and London bank, Ltd., London; Henry Coke, of David Sassoon & Co., merchants, London, etc., etc., director of the Imperial Bank of Persia; Baron Emile D'Erlanger, of Emile Erlanger & Co., bankers, London; E. Robert P. Edgcumbe, of Eliot, Pierce & Co., bankers, Weymouth and Dorchester; Thomas Glaister, of Blair & Summerbleachers, Bolton, chairman of the Bank of Bolton, Limited; Sir Lepel H. Griffin, K. C. S. I., director of Imperial Bank of Persia; Alban G. H. Gibbs, M. P., of Antony Gibbs & Sons, merchants, London, director of the bank of Australasia; Vicary Gibbs, M. P., of Antony Gibbs & Sons, merchants, London, director of the Queensland National Bank; Augustus Helder, director of the Whitehaven Joint Stock Banking Company; J. F. Horley, manager of the Royal Bank of Scotland, London, and the Imperial Bank of Persia, London; William Jackson, director of the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., London; Andrew Kingsmill, manager British Linen Company bank, London; William Keswick, of Matheson & Co., merchants, London, chairman of the Imperial Bank of Persia, director of the Indo-China Steam Navigation company, Ltd., and the London Bank of Mexico; David McLean, director of the Imperial Bank of Persia and of the China Mutual Steam Navigation company, E. C. Morgan, director of the Agra Bank, Ltd., London, and the National Bank of New Zealand, Ltd.; Sir James MacKay, K. C. I. E., director of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, of the East Indian Railway company, of the British-India Steamship company; John Musgrave, chairman Whitehaven Joint Stock Banking company; J. A. Maitland, of Thorne & Co., Ltd., London, director of the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., of the China Mutual Steam Navigation Co. Ltd., of the British North Borneo Co., Ltd.; Herbert B. Praed, banker, London, director of the Bankers' Investment and Trust, Ltd.; William Paterson, of Paterson & Simons, East India merchants, London, chairman of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, chairman of the London, Paris and American bank, Ltd.; W. Pomfret-Pomfret, banker, Ashford, Kent; Henry M. Read, manager of the London Bank of Mexico, London; E. M. Hutton Riddell, banker, Newark; E. P. Squarey, of Rawlence & Squarey, Westminster, director of the Wilts and



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Merchants—Rt. Hon. William Lidderdale, London; Hon. Evelyn Hubbard, of John Hubbard & Co., merchants, London; Thomas Baring, director of Baring Bros. & Co., Limited, London; Herbert C. Gibbs, of Antony Gibbs & Sons, merchants, London; Sir Robert Jardine, Bart., of Mathesen & Co., merchants, London, etc.; Hugh M. Matheson, of Matheson & Co., merchants, London, etc.; Edward Howley Palmer, of Dent Palmer & Co., merchants, London; Reginald E. Johnson, of Ed Johnstone, Son & Co., merchants, London; Sir Albert A. David Sassoon, C. S. I., of David Sassoon & Co., merchants, London; Reuben Sassoon, of David Sassoon & Co., merchants, London; J. F. Ogilvy, of Ogilvy, Gillanders & Co., merchants, London, director of the National Discount company, Limited; W. Murray Guthrie, of Chalmers, Guthrie & Co., merchants, London; A. Zimmern, of L. Reiss, Brothers & Co., merchants, London; Sir John Mulir, of James Finlay & Co., merchants, London and Glasgow; Jasper Young, of E. Bousted & Co., merchant, London; W. M. Strachan, of W. M. Strachan & Co., merchants, London, director of the China Mutual Steam Navigation company, Limited; Henry G. Hayter, of Francis G. Hayter, merchants, London and Bradford; Francis G. Hayter, of Hayter & Hayter, merchants, Bradford; H. D. Stewart, of Stewart, Thompson & Co., merchants, London, director of the China Mutual Steam Navigation company, Limited; David Murray, of A. & W. Murray, merchants, London and Adelaide, S. A.; E. Iveson, of Iveson & Co., merchants, London; G. A. Batchelor, of Haines, Batchelor & Co., merchants, London; H. Bill, of Messrs. Clark, Wilson & Co., merchants, London Glasgow, Manchester and Calcutta; Alexander Adam, director of Adam, Sons &Co., Limited, Leith; John A. Beith, of Beith, Stevenson & Co., merchants, Glasgow and Manchester, director of Manchester Royal Exchange; Robert Barclay, of Robert Barclay & Co., merchants, Manchester; Arthur D. F. Culbard, of Hutton & Co., merchants, Liverpool; W. E. Dorrington, of George Fraser Sons & Co., Manchester, director of Manchester Royal Exchange; George Handasyde Dick & Co., merchants, Glasgow; John S. Dods, of Dods, Kerr & Co., Manchester; W. & C. Dunlop, Bradford; H. T. Gaddum, of H. T. Gaddum & Sons, merchants, Manchester; Robert Gladstone, Liverpool; Thomas Henthorne, Oldham, chairman Oldham Cotton Buying company; J. Arthur Hutton, of J. F. Hutton & Co., shippers, Manchester; Henry Lathbury, of Lathbury & Co., merchants, Manchester; J. M. McLaren, merchant, Bradford, Yorkshire; John W. Miller, oil merchant, Brighouse; Charles MacDonald, of MacDonald, Miller & Co. merchants, Manchester and Bombay; Duncan Matheson, of Messrs. D. Matheson & Co., shippers, Manchester; Samuel Ogden, of Samuel Ogden & Co., merchants, Manchester; T. O'Hanlon, Londonderry: A. E. Rodewald, of Rodewald & Co., merchants, Liverpool; Edward J. Reiss, of Reiss Brothers & Co., merchants, Manchester; T. W. Southern, timber merchant, Manchester; Walter A. Sandeman, of George G. Sandeman & Co., merchants, London; J. Schack Sommer, of Sommer & Co., merchants, Manchester; William Sargant, of W. T. Sargant & Co., colonial brokers, London.

Manufacturers, etc., not otherwise classified.)—Alfred Arnold, manufacturer, Halifax; Ely Andrew, manufacturer, Ashton-under-Lyne; Edward Cox, Cox Brothers, manufacturers, Dundee; Alfred Emmott, of Thomas Emmott & Sons, cotton spinners, Oldham; Sir Edward Green, Bt., of E. Green & Son, Wakefield; Edward H. Greg, of Robert Greg & Co., manufacturers, Manchester; George C. Haworth, of Richard Haworth & Co., Manchester and Salford, director of George Fowler, Son & Co., Limited; Frank Hardcastle, of Thomas Hardcastle & Son, bleachers and colliery proprietors, Bolton; Lewis Haslam, director of Haslams, Limited, and of John Haslam & Co., Limited, manufacturers, Bolton and London; Thomas Heginbottom, manufacturer, Ashton-under-Lyne; Walter J. Houldsworth, ironmaster, Coltness, N. B., director of the Caledonian Railway company; J. H. Howell, of Llewellin & James, engineers, Bristol; Howard Aste Aliport, colliery proprietor Barnsley; James Houldsworth, Coltness Iron works, Wishaw, N. B.; Joseph Jackman, Persberg Steel works, Sheffield; W. C. Jones, of Jones Bros. & Co., manufacturers and shippers, Manchester; John King, spinner and manufacturer, Manchester; Joseph Lees, manufacturer, Oldham, director of the Lancashire & Yorkshire Railway company; Charles H. Neville, of Strine's Printing company, Manchester; P. H. Normand, manufacturer, Aberdour-on-Forth; Percival Spence, of Peter Spence & Sons, chemical manufacturers, Manchester; W. A. Secretan, director of Horrockses, Crewdson & Co., Limited, manufacturers, Preston and London; J. L. Thackeray & Son, manufacturers, Nottingham; William Taylor, manufacturer, Blackburn; George Waithew, manufacturer, Stockport; Sir Thomas Wright, manufacturer, Leicester; I. Crewdson Waterhouse, director of Horrockses, Crewdson & Co., Limited, manufacturers, Manchester and Preston; E. W. Wrigley, of Lees & Wrigley, cotton spinners, Oldham; S. Bourne, manufacturer, Nottingham.

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Members of the house of commons (not otherwise classified)—John A. Addison, Q. C., M. P.; Gilbert Beith, M. P., of Beith, Stevenson & Co., merchants, Glasgow and Manchester; William Bowman Beach, M. P., director of London & Southwestern Railway company; Col. the Hon. F. C. Bridgeman, M. P.; Rt. Hon. Jacob Bright, M. P.; Gerald W. Balfour, M. P.; C. A. V. Coneybeare, M. P.; the marquis of Carmarthen, M. P.; Alexander Cross, M. P., of Alex Cross & Sons, Glasgow; C. W. Cayzer, M. P., of Cayzer, Irvine & Co., ship owners, Glasgow, Liverpool and London; R. Lacey Everett, M. P.; Lord Elcho, M. P.; Coningsby R. Disraeli, M. P.; Capt. H. T. Fenwick, M. P.; G. H. Finch, M. P.; marquis of Granby, M. P.; Rt. Hon. E. Heneage, M. P.; George Howell, M. P.; Sir W. H. Houldsworth, Bart., M. P.; J. Henniker Heaton, M. P.; Sir Henry H. Howorth, K. C. I. E., M. P.; Rt. Hon. A. Staveley Hill, M. P.; Sir Alfred Hickman, M. P.; Rt. Hon. Sir Henry James, M. P.; Sir F. Seager Hunt, Bt., M. P., chairman of Earle's Shipbuilding and Engineering company, limited; Lord F. Hamilton, M. P.; J. Jordan, M. P.; William Jacks, M. P., of Jacks & Co., iron and steel merchants, Glasgow and London; H. Kneschbull Hugessen, M. P.; H. Seton-Karr, M. P.; Edmund F. Vesey Knox, M. P.; Wilson Lloyd, M. P., deputy chairman Sandwell Park Colliery company, Limited; Sir Leonard Lyell, Bart., M. P.; Elliott Lees, M. P.; Sir H. M. Meysey Thompson, Bart., M. P., director of the Northeastern Railway company, director of the Barrow Haematite Steel company, Limited; A. E. Freeman Mitford, C. B., M. P.; John William MacLure, M. P., director Manchester, Sheffield & Lincolnshire Railway company; Cumming Macdona, M. P.; R. Jasper More, M. P.; Hon. J. Scott Montagu, M. P.; Sir Donald H. MacFarlane, M. P.; J. Pinkerton, M. P.; Sir Richard H. Paget, Bart., M. P.; A. D. Provand, M. P.; James Rankin, M. P.; Rt. Hon. Sir M. White Ridley, Bart., M. P.; Lord Stanley, M. P.; J. E. Spencer, M. P.; T. H. Sidebottom, M. P., of T. & W. Sidebottom, manufacturers, Hadfield; J. W. Sidebottom, M. P.; colliery proprietor; Sir George R. Stitwell, Bart., M. P.; Col. T. M. Sandys, M. P.; Sir Mark J. Stewart, Bart., M. P.; Samuel Smith, M. P., of Smith, Edward & Co., merchants, Liverpool; W. F. M. Tomlinson, M. P., colliery proprietor; Viscount Valentia, M. P.; C. E. Howard Vincent, C. B., M. P.; R. Grant Webster, M. P.; George Whiteley, M. P., Manchester, Blackburn; Stephen Williamson, M. P., of Balfour, Williamson & Co., merchants and ship owners, Liverpool; George Wyndham, M. P., director of the London, Chatham & Dover Railway company.

Economic authorities—Professor H. S. Foxwell, M. A.; F. J. Faraday, Professor E. C. K. Gonner, Professor Higgs, D. A., LL. D.; J. S. Mackenzie, M. A.; Professor Mayor, M. A.; Professor J. S. Nicholson, D. Sc., M. A.; L. L. Price, M. A.; Professor J. H. Poynting, F. R. S., D. Sc., etc.; Professor J. Ryan, D. Sc., M. A., L. L. M.; J. Barr Robertson, Professor Henry Sidgwick, D. Litt.; William Smart, M. A., LL. D.; Professor J. E. Symes, M. A., and Philip H. Wicksteed, M. A.

General—The Most Rev. Archbishop Walsh, Dublin; The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation company; Abraham Haworth, of James Dilworth & Son, Manchester; George W. Allen, C. I. E., London; W. Lockett Agnew, Manchester; John Andrews, proprietor Cotton Factory Times, Ashton-under-Lyne; Rev. Martin Anstey, M.A.; H. R. Beeton, of Woolston & Beeton, London; Walter M. Blackie, Glasgow; The Rt. Hon. Lord Charles Beresford; Rev. F. H. Burnaby, M.A.; Lord Henry Bentinck; Commander Hastings Berkeley, Royal Navy; Sir David Barbour, K. C. S. I., director of the East India Railway company; Col. Thomas Brooke, Huddersfield; Frederick S. Bishop, Swansea; Rev. C. A. Barlow, London; Sir W. J. Stomach Bitters, the primest of alteratives and anti-malarial specifics, particularly valuable for rheumatism, neuralgia, nervousness and debility, and a promoter of sleep and appetite beneficial to all chronic invalids.

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QUEER MESSENGER.

Cockroach Mail Carrier in the Ohio Penitentiary.

An interesting story is related by the Cincinnati Enquirer with reference to a scheme for the transmission of information in the Ohio penitentiary discovered years ago by Dr. Sid McClue, then resident physician at the prison. Confined in adjoining cells at the time were John Ryan, a Chicago thief, and Bill Rodifer, a desperate burglar, who was killed one night several years ago while going through a house at Indianapolis. Ryan labored along under the sobriquet of "Starlight Jack," and was as villainous a fellow as ever held up a stage coach.

His bravery in withstanding a flogging with the cat-o'-nine tails, and not uttering a sound brought him to the attention of Rodifer, who looked upon him as being made of the real stuff. Rodifer himself was undergoing punishment in his cell at the time, and while Starlight Jack's wounds were healing, he was locked up in his cell, which, as stated, adjoined that occupied by Rodifer. Though the door of the cell was locked and a great wall separated them, yet they were sufficiently close together to become acquainted. So well did they take advantage of the opportunity that they were soon upon the best of terms and arranged to make a break together for liberty. Each had friends upon the outside ready to assist him. Matters went along swimmingly until one day when Dr. McClure happened along and was the means of frustrating their plans. The doctor had occasion to visit a cell near that of Ryan. The heat drove him outside the cell and there, leaning up against the iron railing, he stood to cool off.

While standing there the convict whom he was attending, and who was a bitter enemy of Rodifer, told him to watch at the bottom of the doors to the cells in which Rodifer and Ryan were confined, and see whether an insect would not soon make its appearance and pass to and fro from each cell. Dr. McClure followed instructions, and in a little while was engaged in watching a cockroach which would come out of Ryan's cell and enter that occupied by Rodifer. Remaining there for a time, it would return. This it kept up.

"What does it mean?" asked the doctor of the convict.

"The next time it comes out of either cell catch it," was the answer, "and see what you will find."

Dr. McClure for the second time followed instructions, and was rewarded for his pains. Attached to one of the tiny wings of the cockroach he found a bit of paper, upon which were some queer characters. The paper he took to the warden's office, together with the insect. The characters deciphered showed there was a plot between Ryan and Rodifer to escape. Both men, seeing the jig was up, explained all. They had adopted a cipher in order to the better prevent their plans being discovered in the event of any of the their notes falling into the wrong, hands. While they were wondering how best to exchange confidences Ryan managed to espy a roach. Writing a note, he fastened it to a wing of the insect and shoved it out underneath the door of his cell. Rodifer's cell being the closest by, the roach made its way underneath the door to that. Rodifer, after reading the note, would send back an answer in the same way.

The roach was kept going and coming so frequently that Rodifer claimed it soon got to know its business, and would start at once for his cell as soon as Ryan took it from a collar box, in which he kept it when not acting as messenger, and fastened a note to one of its wings. The convict who tipped off the roach's work to Dr. McClure had been confined to his cell for some time, though having the liberty of the corridor. He had got onto the use that was being made of the insect, and seeing an opportunity to get Rodifer into trouble, lost no time in doing so.

THE OLD CURIOSITY SHOP.

Can ou locate it? You ought to be able to because you live in it. This world is the biggest curiosity shop that we have known anything about up to date. Jupiter or Saturn may be able to discount it. Perhaps, and perhaps not. It is pretty full of people who are continually tinkering with themselves—patching themselves up—so to speak, in a medicinal way. If they are constipated, bilious or dyspeptic they rush to the nearest druggist for a violent purgative. If they are malarious they fly for relief to that ancient but ineffectual reliance—the sulphate of quinine. That is what they shouldn't do. What they should is to begin and pursue a course of Hostetter's

Last summer one of our grand children was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Our doctor's remedies had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. We regard it as the best medicine ever put on the market for bowel complaints.—Mrs. E. G. Gregory, Fredericktown, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine ever put on the market for dysentery, summer complaint, colic and cholera infantum in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many mothers have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cures it has effected. For sale by all druggists.

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And that ought to be enough in itself to seal the doom of bar soap. This rubbing with soap may get clothes clean, if you work hard enough, but can't you see how it wears them out?

Follow the directions that come on every package of Pearline, and you'll find that you not only do away with the hard and ruinous work of rubbing—but that you save time, and actually get better results. At every point Pearline is better than soap. But the mere fact that Pearline saves the rubbing—that ought to settle it.

BEWARE Peddlers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled. If your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—*send it back.* 465



CHILDREN GROW

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Does not interest the individual who is suffering from colic or diarrhoea. What he wants and wants badly is Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. 25 and 50 cents. Max Wirth.

THE DOGS OF BRUSSELS.

In this country the dog is, in nine cases out of ten, the master of the man, says the Baltimore News. In continental Europe, the reverse is the case: the dog there being too often the martyr of the man. In Belgium is this especially noticeable: for one of the first things that impresses the stranger in Brussels is the immense number of dogs employed in drawing barrows and small carts about the streets. In this city alone over 10,000 dogs are so engaged; and the total number of draught dogs in the whole country is probably not less than 50,000.

Generations of servitude have made the Belgian dog a race apart. For his size he is said to possess the greatest pulling power of any animal, four times his own weight being considered a load well within his power. Taking his average weight as half a hundred weight this means that something like 5000 tons are daily dragged about by canine labor in Belgium.

The economic importance of the Belgium dog, and his inability to give effective expression to his own grievances, have caused the Royal Society for the Protection of animals to undertake an agitation for the amelioration of his lot. It is urged that the animals are frequently overloaded and often cruelly treated; and that in many cases they are given no opportunity for resting when the cart or barrow is not actually in motion. Among the reforms demanded are (1) the abolition of the whip, and severe penalties against the cruel practice of kicking ill-used dogs; (2) the raising of the minimum shoulder height for dogs of burden from twenty to twenty-two inches; (3) a penalty against drunkenness when in charge, and against the employment of children as drivers; and (4) the compulsory arrangement of harness and shafts so as permit the animals to lie down when the vehicle is at rest. Although there is no demand as yet, by either the dog or their biped friends, for an eight-hour law, there can be no doubt that the adoption of these planks in the platform of canine emancipation will be hailed with gratitude throughout weary dogdom in the domain of King Leopold.

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IN SUMMER

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FASHIONS

Woolen or Silk Underwear is Not as Stylish as Pure Linen.

Pretty But Expensive Paris Creations in Gowns for Summer.

Correct Notes About Gloves, Veils, Hats, and Fashion Notes.

In these days of heat and dust the subject of underwear is one not to be lightly put aside. Almost all women, at some time in their lives, decide to wear woolen, summer or winter, because they have been told that it is cooler, more healthful and altogether more comfortable than anything else in warm weather, and infinitely better in the winter time. The latter statement no one will attempt to confute, but to the first many a victim of t friend's common sense must say, "Not so."

Woolen undergarments are, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean, not the ideal wear for midsummer, neither are those made of silk. Gauze is fairly comfortable, but nothing will compare with sheer linen lawn or batiste. Old-fashioned people are fairly reveling in the knowledge that the chemise, so long discarded by fashionable women, is coming back. Indeed, that it has arrived and is booked to stay. It is of different shape from that worn by our mothers; dainty, narrow shoulder bands have taken the place of the ugly gusset sleeve, and the garment is fitted to the form.

All the shops show them in infinite variety, and with them drawers, skirts and night dresses to match. These sets are seen in colors, and someone must buy them, but who? The woman of taste now repudiates colored underwear, and puts on only the daintiest of white undergarments.

Lace is used in great profusion, both on the neck and skirt of the chemise and in ruffles for drawers and skirts. But the very elegant woman, the woman of the well-filled purse, will have nothing but the finest hand embroidery, and looks with horror upon the ruffled abominations which the ordinary woman delights in.

As a matter of fact—and becomingness—the ordinary woman has the better of it, for nothing is so femininely beautiful as the billows of lace from which she seems to rise, like another Venus from the foam.

The skirt of the chemise is made full enough to answer for an underskirt, and the chemise itself is rapidly taking the place of the corset cover. Corset covers, be it known, are seen in the daintiest shapes, something like pretty jackets, but they are not often bought. Modish women have discovered that the thin slip chemises can be worn over the corset, and that they are more comfortable than the corset body. Though loose, they are altogether too fine to affect the fit of the gown.

Drawers are worn very short, hardly to the knee, are full, and trimmed almost half their length with lace and insertion. Wash ribbon, in great rosettes, is also used as trimming.

The woman who can afford them is beginning to wear white skirts almost entirely. They are exceedingly elaborate, and have deep flounces of lace as well as clusters of tucks and rows of insertion.

The woman of ordinary means still cleaves to the silk skirt. It is to be commended for many reasons, and for none more than lightness and coolness. It is no longer as expensive as when first introduced, as many women are using brilliantine as a foundation and silk for the wide Spanish flounce, seen on under as well as outer skirts.

The latest in night gowns is the Trilby, though why Trilby is hardly to be imagined, as the garment in question is said to suggest anyone or anything rather than Du Maurier's strapping young heroine. But the model came from Trilby's own Paris, and Paris should know whether it would suit Trilby.

The one described is of batiste as pallid as cheesecloth, and of a veillike fineness, and in shape the gown borders somewhat on a painter's blouse and that of the French Pierrot. All the fullness hangs from the shoulder seams, and the bottom, which is short enough to escape the floor all around, is turned in a simple hem. The sleeves are bishop shape, held short at the inside seam with a narrow insertion of the yellow lace, running lengthwise; they fall in a loose puff to the elbow, where they are finished with a batiste flounce with edging of the lace and insertion let in. About the neck and shoulders the Trilby night dress is adorable. First, there is a vast sailor collar of the batiste, made vaster with rows of insertion and lace until it falls low on the arms like a cape, and inside this, again, there is a full ruche of the wide lace that hugs the throat with true clown effect. Wash ribbons in pale ecru fasten the ruche at the chin, and the collar is made to hang in heavy points at the sides, by being cut extra wide and the fullness plaited into the neck band, back and front.

DRESS CHANGES.

Women are ever on the alert for some radical change in styles, and there are already well-founded rumors of a decided revolution in dress. Parisians are at present devoting their energies to reviving the fashions which prevailed in the time of Louis XVI, and gowns with double puffed sleeves, skirts opening over a front panel of contrasting material, waists fitted in plain with the full complement of seams, and shirt box-plaited in the back are seen once more among the late importations.

The long shoulder seam, or rather the effect of it, brought about by the use of wide spreading collars, berthas, and Marie Antoinette fichus of silk and mull, which have been accepted fancies of fashion for some time, is a well-defined indication of the revival which seems imminent; but we can safely trust modern taste and ingenuity to improve on the old-time model with its close-fitting sleeves decked out with numerous frills. Fichus, says the New York Sun, are especially pretty and effective additions to all thin summer gowns, and if made after the latest models, they are cut a little low in the neck in front, V shape, but round and high in the back; and whether the fichu is made in the form of a full collar or a square shawl with rounded corners and long ends to cross in front, it follows the shape of the neck in the quaint pretty style of old. Lace ruffles or tiny frills of the same material are the usual finish for all fichus, and one particular advantage of this article of dress is that it is equally pretty for elderly and for young ladies. For the former it is made of black net, silk muslin, or grenadine, and draped soft over the shoulders, displaying a narrow V shaped neck of white lace or chiffon in front.

Dress as it was represented by the most fashionably dressed ladies at the Grand Prix was very simple in effect, but complicated enough when you consider it from a financial standpoint. Plain batiste in various colors was the material which prevailed in these race gowns, and although the skirts were simply hemmed, when batiste is made up over silk, and the waist is elaborately trimmed with lace and finished with ribbon, the necessary outlay is a sort of satire on the real meaning of simplicity as applied to gowns. Simple dresses gain some distinction for the wearer when all sorts and conditions of taste in dress are on parade, so the pink, white, blue and mauve batiste gowns were doubtless very effective among the more elaborate silk and satin dresses worn on this great fete day in Paris.

Blue was the dominant color in dress, and was worn in every possible shade from the darkest to the brightest; but yellow mauve, salmon and pink were also well represented. One striking combination which is popular in Paris is a vivid green velvet or satin on a dark blue gown. One pretty dress of pale green and white striped silk, made with a plain skirt, was finished at the neck and waist with white satin ribbon, and the bodice was made of pale green silk, covered with a blouse of alternate strips of India mull and yellow Valenciennes insertion. French women make their most simple costumes very chic by wearing a hat in decided contrast of color, and all black hats trimmed with black feathers and loops of white tulle are worn with very light pink, blue and white gowns.

Black and white striped silks, light-colored taffetas, glace silks, grenadines, crepons, pique, alpaca, canvas and dainty muslins of all kinds are the materials which make up the medley of dress in the Parisian world, and the American woman finds them all within her reach. Yellow piques, made with a plain skirt and coat with white satin revers, and worn over a white silk blouse inserted with yellow guipure, lined with pale green, is a novel costume quite beyond the ordinary pique dresses commonly seen. Muslin and batiste gowns are most interesting just at present, and here is one of the latest: models carried out in white organdy flannel in pink and green. Two narrow ruffles trim the skirt, which is very full and gored a very little. The sleeves are modernized editions of the Louis XVI style, with two puffs to the elbow. The plain, full bodice is cut with low, V shaped neck in front, and the Marie Antoinette fichu of muslin is trimmed like the gown, with ruffles of white point d'esprit lace. Pink ribbon forms the belt.

Another model which indicates the promised change in the modes of dress shows a tabbier front of white satin, veiled with dotted black net. Black satin or crepon may make the gown; and the waist, which is plain, is cut out in the neck, where it is filled in with black net over white, which also forms the puffed sleeves. A collar of velvet and black lace edge completes the round yoke effect. A blouse waist of accordion-plaited black chiffon over pale yellow satin has sleeves made in four puffs, the upper one being very flat, to give the effect of a cape. The yellow satin front and collar are ornamented with jet, and the chiffon is drawn down at either side to the belt, where t falls in scarf ends nearly to the knee. Another waist, which is a part of a white mull gown, made over pale green silk, has two wide frills of mull over the sleeves, and another frill of lace at the open neck forms the collar and the trimming down the front. Lace ruffles fall from the elbow sleeves. Still another thin gown designed especially for the races is of cream-colored embroidered batiste. Plain batiste, banded with three rows of embroidered insertion, forms a yoke around the hips, where the skirt falls on to the lower edge. Ruffles of plain material trimmed with insertion and cream Valenciennes lace, trim the bottom, and the full waist has a yoke of insertion, full epaulettes of lace over the elbow sleeves, and bows, collar and belt of flowered ribbon.

Yellow dotted muslin mounted over yellow silk makes a pretty garden party gown, with white Valenciennes lace to trim the ruffles and Vandyke collar of yellow batiste. Yellow ribbon forms the belt and sash ends in the back, while the collar band is of blue mauve velvet, giving the gown a very French appearance. A quaint gown of white crepe de chine, flowered in yellow and pink roses with green foliage, is cut with an almost straight skirt, which is finely shirred around the hips in the eighteenth century style, and trimmed at the hem with a wide flounce of fine yellow lace caught up at intervals with rosettes of white satin ribbon. The bodice of white silk is covered with yellow lace and finished at the neck and belt with white satin ribbon.

Among the thicker gowns is a violet crepon. The waist, which is illustrated, is of violet and black glace silk with a sash of violet and gold glace ribbon. The wide box plait in front is embroidered in an Oriental design in red, green, and gold thread, and has a white satin edge striped with mauve. This also forms a yoke and epaulets, which are edged with a knife-plaited ruffle of the glace silk. A gown of mauve shot silk is made very plain, with two panels of white satin down the front of the skirt, fastened at the top with two fancy buttons. The plain waist has for its only ornamentation a Marie Antoinette fichu of white mousseline de soie, which crosses in front, ties in a knot at the waist in the back, and falls in long ends nearly to the hem of the skirt. Knots of black satin ribbon decorate the sleeves.

The feature of dress in the fashionable race season is the long dust cloak, which if up to the standard in elegance is made of glace silk. The pretty example shown is made very full, with a Watteau back and a deep, full square collar edged with applique cream lace, and a wide ruffle of black striped tulle, which extends into long scarf ends in front.

SOME SUMMER DRESSES.

Summer dresses, as seen on the highways and byways of fashion, makes, on the subjective mind, the following impressions: Unless you have at least one linen gown, or linen accessories with which to smarten up a plain stuff frock, you are not in it at all this summer, says Nina Fitch in St. Louis Star Sayings.

The accessories, which are usually in the shape of vast spreading collars and neat, turn-over cuffs, at times with a "front" accompaniment, look simple, but are not always so.

The gowns are both plain and dressy, serious and frivolous, but the severe tailor-looking rig in pale brown linen, that is almost as heavy as duck—on the smooth, dark woman—is the one we most want.

Finally one concludes that though the chiffon girl has so lately died and been laid in her slender tomb, a new being, who might be called the linen girl, has taken her place.

In time the linen girl, too, will pass away, be known to us only through the medium of ridiculous old fashion plates and comic illustrations; in some of her portraits, perhaps, as a rather elegant person, neat-waisted, wide-shouldered, with a plain flared skirt and a bodice with fine embroideries—a dainty, exquisite, little lady, who was deserving of a longer life than she will probably enjoy.

Alas, that there is no law to prohibit the running of a good thing in the ground! No sooner is a desirable mode achieved than it is done to death by slanderous imitations, made to expire by the very movements meant to promote it. Linen being the textile of the hour, linen gowns, linen collars, linen cuffs and linen fronts may be picked on every tree. Not a fine lady passes you, not a stylish shop girl, but she is in some way linenized.

And though some of the things are most beautiful, others are less so; and not a few, especially certain great collars hung with coarse lace or trimmed with spangled galoon, show already fatal signs of the degeneracy that comes from over production. Alas! again, that this should be so, for it belittles the good things and makes one weaken at a point where both convenience and economy are at stake.

The serge, whipcord or other wool frock, is rare now-a-days that does not show somewhere some little touch of ecru linen.

Not the pale cream "ecru" suggests, but an unbleached flax shade, tinging on green, which is closely copied in a plain batiste that is likewise used for many of the big collars.

PRETTY COLLARS.

Other collars are linen grenadine, a deeper tinted and more open weave, and a favorite shape for simple morning wear, is a great sailor with square fronts, that has a three-inch hem headed by a line of white cambric hemstitching let in. A row of narrow valenciennes (yellow, for sure) or biscuit insertion trims others, and in these models collars with square turn-over cuffs are sold as low as $1.50 the set. Those with the cambric hemstitchings are more elegant and more expensive, running from $2 the set up and with this style, if a natty jacket or Eton is worn, a front of white mull is a desirable addition, as it does away with the neutral look the linen girl is apt to have when too much swathed in her favorite textile.

One of the sets bought and a pattern taken from it, other and more elaborate ones can be fashioned at home at a cost of little time or money. Two

This collar, which was made to button on, seemed a royal trapping. And through it alone the plain gown was made so splendid that one felt nothing could be finer or more desirable.

A morning costume of plain black linen, by Violet, had the daintiest collar of all. It was of white muslin embroidered with scattered black dots and with ruchings of yellow lace; the shape shoulder epaulets slashed toward the neck in triple Vs, the center one longer than the two others, and the bottom square.

A stock of mauve taffeta ribbon with a great black bow finishes the throat, and black and front the collar hangs open, showing V shaped views of the bodice.

Linen gowns, thick and thin, fixy and plain, abound. For fixy ones, linen grenadine, which is shown in plain and spotted weaves, and several beautiful tints, is a favorite material. A dim bottle blue embroidered with big dots in a deeper tint, is one elegant design, and with this black footing in tiny ruches was found to be an effective bodice garniture.

A COACHING TOILET.

A linen grenadine in pale ecru had trimmings of white embroideries and a stock collar and belt of corn flower blue velvet; and the hat worn with this costume—which first appeared coaching day on top of a drag—was a big, turban shape, with a rolled brim of course yellow straw and a crown of blue flowers. It came down almost to the tips of the wearer's pink ears, and over it was worn a loose veil in black net, with an appliqued border that made the lady look as if she had just stepped out of an old-fashioned plate.

With these frocks the wardrobe of the linen girl may be said to have been counted off. Only one costume remains, and this is a dressy afternoon toilet in batiste, that, together with a wide, pompadour stripe, introduces one in her favorite sage tint, and that, curiously enough, is trimmed with white swiss and yellow lace.

BLUE IS TRYING.

French women are wearing blue more than any other color, it is said. Chiefly because it is cool-looking.

Although this is stated by the very best authorities, it seems hard to believe that a whole nation of artistic dressers should all at once break out in the most trying of all colors.

For blue undoubtedly is trying to most complexions—to none more than the blonde. Still if fashion decrees that it must be worn, it undoubtedly will be, apart, and the most conspicuous one is sure to come directly over the tip of the nose. There is, however, a dainty and pretty Brussels net, finely dotted, which is becoming, and stamps the wearer as of refined taste. Unfortunately it is expensive. Expensive, too, are the borrors in real lace, which cost a good many more dollars than a woman likes to confess to her liege lord and master. They are sprigged and bordered, and are altogether suggestive of nightmare. But fashionable women are wearing them, and their poorer sisters regard them with a certain amount of envy.

Hats of gauze and such light materials are in great demand these warm days. They have a cool, summery appearance which even the lace straw cannot aspire to. It is a comparatively simple matter to make one of these alluring bonnets—so simple, in fact, that there is a possibility of their becoming common. The plaited mull for the brim may be bought by the yard. This varies in price, from 12 cents to 25 cents per yard, and is measured straight. Two and a half yards is enough to make a wide brim. Three concentric circular wires are held in place by about six others, which radiate from the center like the spokes of a wheel. When the brim is made the hat is practically done, and all that is then necessary is two and one-half yards of straw for a Tam o' Shanter crown. The straw may be of any color desired, but green is a favorite. The feathers to stand up at the side of the crown where the brim is slightly rolled, a small spray beneath the brim in front, where the brim turns almose straight up, and a smart bow of ribbon or some aigrettes are sufficient trimming.

To make the sailor hat of greater value to the summer wardrobe it is necessary to have several ribbon bands to match the various frocks. This is the clever idea of a young belle who is always well gowned, and who does this at a small expense. For instance, with a pure white toilet of duck a white sailor with a white band is correct, and with a pale or dark blue it is the same rule of fashion which applies. This changing of the band makes it appear as though it were a new hat, whereas the cost of the band is a small expense. Make the band with a piece of elastic inside of it, so that it will slip over the crown of the hat easily. The narrow corded ribbon is now most in vogue.

FASHIONABLE FADS.

Buttons, long discarded, are having their innings. At no time have they been in such great variety, or so costly, and they bid fair to make the life of the average woman miserable by reason of difficulty of choice. They come in all sorts of odd devices. Some are exceedingly handsome, in sets both large and small, made of gold and silver, and tinted in rich colorings or set with half-precious jewels. There are attractive buttons in moonstone and cut steel, faceted silver and bronze, mother-of-pearl and hammered gold, and onyx with solid gold carvings, and those showing heads of Greek gods and goddesses in finely cut cameos and enamel.

Studs for the summer girl's waist are shown in great variety. They are sold in sets of three, attached to a fine gold chain. For the sentimental young woman there are heart-shaped gold studs, with a tiny seed pearl in the center. Others show a very small green garnet, encased in gold, while still others are of white enamel, decorated in gold to match the link cuff butons. The most elaborate of these are of gold studded with jewels. The white and gold effects, with rococo decorations, cost $12. Silver link cuff buttons cater to all tastes. The young woman devoted to Yale may fasten her cuffs this summer with link buttons of silver, showing a blue enameled flag on which a "Y" in white enamel is conspicuous.

There is no doubt that nothing stands sea water and rough work so well as serge, either navy or black, so in this respect the yachts-woman has not much choice, but there is so much variety in the blouses and large sailor colars that can be worn with such a dress that the effect need never be monotonous. There are so many pretty new belts, too, to give a neat finish to the costume. The prettiest and newest were, perhaps, those in tan suede, with large initial letters boldly designed to form the clasp. These initials may be had in silver or gold, but those in oxidized metal look very nice also. Doeskin belts, with the clasps also covered with the white kid, would be very pretty with a white or light colored blouse; and a broad webbing belt is a marvel of comfort and ingenuity, and would make an untidy effect between shirt and skirt an utter impossibility. These webbing belts are made in all colors, and the large gilt hooks that fasten them in front give a nice finish. Leather belts, on which are reproduced the tooling and ornamentation of old books, and soft prepared chamois belts, hand painted, in a very quaint fashion, are also nice, and quite different from any other belt one has seen before.

A small leather jewel case, designed for the convenience of the summer girl, is made expressly for holding her cuff buttons, collar and shirt studs, and also her scarfpin. The inside of the cover is arranged by a series of narrow straps to hold the scarfpins in place, and is covered on the inside by a piece of fine chamois to prevent the pins from scratching. The box proper is divided into small partitions, chamois lined, for holding the cuff buttons and collar and shirt studs. These cases come in all shades of leather, and many of them have the monogram of the owner in silver on the top. They fasten with a tiny silver padlock and key.

After many experiments it has at length entered into the mind of those who provide for the summer girl that a union between her skirt and bodice is a possibility. Buttons and buttonholes meant a great deal of labor. A fresh shield pin every day meant the ruining of bands. The bejeweled and silver affairs used so frequently on the ribbon belt were, after all, too conspicuous. Now sets of strong hooks and eyes—giants of strength—may be purchased, each attached to a sturdy pin. The pin attaches the hook to the belt of the waist, and in a corresponding place the eye to the skirt. Hooks and eyes fasten, the ribbon goes on, and in serene consciousness of the union the summer girl goes forth.

The new plain and figured mohairs are gaining favor very rapidly. They are very silky in appearance, light in weight, and do not hold the dust. The new alpacas most approved of fashion are a widely meshed material, peculiarly glossy, but almost rough in finish.

It is refreshing to know that gloves must be worn loose fitting. Gloved hands will now appear to have some sort of form, and no longer be pudgy deformities. Pale blue pink is the popular color in undressed kid for evening wear, and pale yellow and very light tan are worn in the afternoon, with a darker shade of tan for morning and traveling. Summer gloves for bicycling purposes are of silk and lisle thread, with leather on the inside of the hand to make them serviceable.

Ostrich feathers were never so much in evidence as they are this season. But they are a delight to the wearer only as long as they are fresh, and a burden if they must be carried to the milliner every time they come out of curl. Therefore it is well to know how to treat them at home. When they begin to look shabby take a teakettle full of boiling water, shake the feather vigorously through the escaping steam, taking care that it does not get too damp. This livens up the plume and restores brilliancy if it has become dull and dusty. Next take a silver fruit knife and, beginning with the feathers nearest the quill, take a small bunch between thumb and forefinger and draw gently over the blade of the knife until they curl as closely as desired. Follow this process up each side of the tip; then take a very coarse comb, comb out carefully, and you have your plume as good as ever.

Very many of the beautiful flowered organdies, muslins and batistes have plain colored lawn or batiste for waist lining and foundation skirt instead of being mounted upon surah or taffeta silk. Much of the airy, delicate transparency of the dress material is preserved by this arrangement, and it makes a cooler gown for midsummer wear, while also forming a really prettier and less expensive dress. Plain batiste comes in all the delicate tints that form the background of figured organdies and batistes, so they can easily be matched when desired for linings.

Entire fronts of guipure or point de Gene lace are used in many of the silk waists.

Dressy sleeves for afternoon as well as evening wear are made quite short, reaching only to the elbow. From thence falls a very deep full frill of lace, covering the arm to the wrist. Sleeves of transparent material are lined with thinnest tarletan to keep them in place, and caught up with ribbon rosettes with pretty effect.

Perforated embroideries are following in the wake of last season's perforated cloths. Entire gowns are made of this material, as well as bodices. Perforated grass cloth over a bright tinted lining makes a particularly beautiful gown.

Buff linen is being much used for gowns. It is not the heavy linen of old times, warm and uncomfortable, but as light as muslin. Frocks made from it are of the coolest and sweetest appearance.

Never economize in the matter of braid. Coarse, stiff braid used on the bottom of skirts will go a long way toward ruining shoes, while finely finished braid not only wears longer, but does not injure the shoes.

A large bow placed at the waist line in the front of a bodice is very good style, and a series of bows from the bust to the waist is even newer, and expresses an idea borrowed from the Marie Antoinette period.



hours will be all the time needed by a fair needle woman for those described; and three-quarters of a yard of sage-tinted batiste at sixty cents a yard, and a yard and three-quarters of trimming, which in valenciennes, biscuit lace or cambric hemstitching can be had at eight cents, all the material necessary.

A becoming shape in these big sailor collars, and they could also be easily copied at home, is one with the front in two long strap pieces that run down each side of the bodice and end in the belt. With this a front box pleat of the same material is a frequent accompaniment, but other linen and batiste fronts are the usual loose affairs, gathered into a ribbon stock, and bagging at the waist.

Biscuit insertion, yellow valenciennes, or black footing trims them crossways, or is let in in perpendicular stripes, and a dainty and dressy fancy is to have the stripes of prim little ruches, that are made by gathering very narrow valenciennes of footing insertion down the middle.

OLD FASHIONS REVIVED

Linen fixings on important gowns show in their shapings a leaning toward old time models. Collars, bretelles and revers are all made to imitate as much as possible the styles of the long ago; and with the dressy frocks sometimes shoulders are so long that the seams may be said to extend over to the arm. With the cream tinted batistes, fichu effects, too, are sometimes seen, and on more than one skirt bottom will be found the tiny ruffle gathered through the middle that was also worn at the Louis XVI period.

One wonderful gown had a collar that ravished all beholders. The frock itself was of deep yellow linen that was as heavy as duck, yet was woven with a loose sort of hop-sacking grain; and white pique formed the collar, brown yellow lace in oblong medallions with a border continuation being let in.

A short open jacket and plain skirt composed the suit, and the collar, which hung with a deep round cape effect at the back, went down the fronts of the jacket to the bottom, turning back there with square effects, and in great pointed revers at the shoulders.

and as a result we will see a choice assortment of ugly women who will look just passing through a long and painful siege of yellow fever.

Don't wear blue, no matter how fashionable it may become, unless you are absolutely sure of its effect upon your complexion. There are other colors quite as cool looking. Green and lilac are far more becoming to most women, and are certainly as beautiful.

There never has been as wide an assortment of tinted organdies to choose from as there is this season, and it comes very near being a crime for a woman to look homely. In plain organdies there are, besides the conventional colors which years never change, flame color, canary yellow and faint, dull greens. Then there are delicate grays with dashes of scarlet, or pale blues and old rose. They are exquisite, and gowns are made of them which are perfect dreams of delight to the beholder, and a passport into an earthly paradise for the wearer.

VEILS AND HATS.

A great deal of advice is being written in regard to veils, but, after all, women must judge of themselves for themselves. They are a very trying article of wearing apparel, and the more sensible they are the more unbecoming they are as a rule, which is discouraging, to say the least.

If the eyes are held in any regard whatever, dots should not be worn; but, of all unbecoming things, there is nothing more unbecoming than a plain veil. Unless, indeed, it is of white chiffon, which will lend to any woman, however homely, a certain charm, so softening is it in its effect upon the skin. But white chiffon soils, and, although it washes like a bit of cotton cloth, it is not the veil for all occasions. Therefore women fall back upon black nets, and sometimes are insane enough to wear colored ones. The effect is awful, especially if the woman be more than usually sensible and strong-minded and chooses brown. Brown veils should be rigidly tabooed.

It is a wise woman who knows how to select a dotted veil. Let the dots be too close together and the effect is by no means pleasant; let them be too far

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